June 15, 2020

Dear Health Clinic Administrator:

Pursuant to our tribal consultation policy, enclosed please find a summary of each proposed amendment to the New York State Plan. We encourage you to review the enclosed information and use the link below to also view the plan pages and Federal Public Notices for each proposal. Please provide any comments or request a personal meeting to discuss the proposed changes within two weeks of the date of this letter.

https://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/tribal/

We appreciate the opportunity to share this information with you and if there are any comments or concerns please feel free to contact Regina Deyette, Medicaid State Plan Coordinator, Office of Health Insurance Programs at 518-473-3658.

Sincerely,

/s/

Donna Frescatore
Medicaid Director
Office of Health Insurance Programs

Enclosures

cc:   Sean Hightower
      US Dept. of Health and Human Services

      Nancy Grano
      CMS Native American Contact

      Michele Hamel
      NYSDOH American Indian Health Program
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0002

This State Plan Amendment proposes to implement initiatives included in the 2020-2021 Enacted State Budget to delay until April 1, 2022 the implementation of the following Community First Choice Option (CFCO) services: Skills Acquisition, Maintenance and Enhancement (SAME), home delivered meals, community transition services, moving services, assistive technology, environmental and vehicle modifications and make other clarifications.
State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act  
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cost of 1915(c) waiver services, to the cost of 1915(k) services. Therefore, excess income is applied to both 1915(c) waiver and 1915(k) services.

The State will ensure that a determination is made initially, and at least annually, that individuals require the Level of Care (LOC) provided in a hospital, a nursing facility, an intermediate care facility for Individuals with Intellectual Disabilities (ICF/IID), an institution providing psychiatric services for individuals under age 21, or an institution for mental diseases for individuals age 65 or over. LOC for individuals between ages 21 and 65 needing psychiatric services is determined using hospital, ICF or nursing facility LOC criteria. Various State-approved functional assessment tools that are applicable to the various populations served are in use across disability populations in New York State (NYS) will be used to inform development of a person-centered plan of care. Different tools are utilized in order to accurately assess an individual's specific needs based on the relevant institutional LOC being assessed (i.e., a skilled nursing facility, hospital, intermediate care facility, institute for mental disease, etc.).

A person-centered plan of care, also known as the Service Plan (SP) will be developed for CFCO-eligible individuals based on a comprehensive functional assessment that, in part, identifies the individual's needs and goals related to living independently in the community. The agent of state government ([i.e.] e.g., local district [for] of social services, [regional developmental disability office] Developmental Disabilities Regional Office (DDRO) care manager or service coordinator or their delegate, etc.) or managed care entity must review the individual's service needs at least annually, upon a significant change in the individual's condition or if requested by the individual. The date of review and signature is required on the SP. The update to the SP will occur no less than annually and as informed by the assessment. Also, annually a review is conducted to assure that the individual continues to meet the LOC criteria.

ii. Service Delivery Models

Service delivery model options under CFCO are described below. New York State will offer both an Agency Model and an Agency with Choice model. These are described in detail below.

X Agency Model – The Agency Model is based on the person-centered assessment of need. The Agency Model is a delivery method in which the services and supports are provided by personal care aides, personal attendants, home health aides, or direct service professionals (collectively referred to as direct care workers throughout the SPA pages) employed by a traditional agency or provider. CFCO participants will still exercise as much control over the selection, management and, if necessary, dismissal of their direct care worker as they desire. The Local Department of

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In addition, personal care services and supports will be available related to core IADLs including: managing finances; providing or assisting with transportation (in conjunction with approved service noted in service plan); shopping for food, clothes and other essentials; meal preparation; using the telephone and/or other communication devices; medication management; light housekeeping; and laundry.

Health-related tasks are specific tasks related to the needs of an individual, which can be delegated or assigned by licensed health-care professionals under State law to be performed by a direct care worker. Health-related tasks delegated to direct care workers must meet the applicable exemptions under the Nurse Practice Act. These tasks include, but are not limited to: performing simple measurements and tests; assisting with the preparation of complex modified diets; assisting with a prescribed exercise program; pouring, administering and recording the administration of medications; assisting with the use of prescribed medical equipment, supplies and devices; assisting with special skin care; assisting with a dressing change; and assisting with Ostomy Care.

CFCO participants will have continued access to other health-related services and long term services and supports through the State plan, waivers or demonstrations, for which the enhanced FMAP available under CFCO will not accrue.

**Providers:** Personal Care Aides, Personal Attendants, Personal Assistants, Home Health Aides, and Direct Service Professionals that meet the licensure and certification requirements under NYCCR Title 18 and the guidance of the Department of Health and/or the Office for People With Developmental Disabilities and the Office of Mental Health are qualified providers of personal care services and supports under CFCO.

2. **Skill Acquisition, [m]aintenance, and [e]nhancement [of skills] (SAME) necessary for the individual to accomplish ADLs, IADLs and health-related tasks.**

The State will cover services and supports related to assistance with functional skills training through hands-on assistance, supervision and/or cueing to accomplish the ADL, IADL and health-related tasks, effective 4/1/2022. These services and supports are referred to as the SAME service in non-OPWDD programs and as the Community Habilitation service within OPWDD programs, the differentiating factor being whether the service is provided to an OPWDD program participant or to a non-OPWDD program participant. The terms are used interchangeably within CFCO. The [S]ervice[s] will be specifically tied to the functional needs assessment and person-centered SP and [are] is a means to maximize independence and integration in the community, preserve functioning and defer or eliminate the likelihood of future institutional placement.
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These services may include: assessment, training, and supervision of, or assistance to, an individual with issues related to self-care, life safety, medication management, communication skills, mobility, community transportation skills, community integration, reduction/elimination of maladaptive behaviors including inappropriate social behaviors, problem solving skills, money management, and skills to maintain a household, as it relates to the provision of ADLs, IADLs, and health related tasks. The same service may include community transportation skills when the need for those skills is identified in the PCSP.

A direct care worker whose qualifications are approved by the Department of Health (DOH), the Office for People With Developmental Disabilities (OPWDD) or the Office of Mental Health (OMH) may provide training and maintenance activities under the following conditions:

- The need for skill training or maintenance activities has been determined through the assessment process and has been authorized as part of the person-centered SP;
- The activities are for the sole benefit of the individual and are only provided to the individual receiving CFCO services;
- The activities are designed to preserve or enhance independence or slow/reduce the loss of independence when the person has a progressive medical condition;
- The activities provided are consistent with the stated preferences and outcomes in the person-centered SP;
- The activities provided are concurrent with the performance of ADLs, IADLs and health-related tasks as described in the earlier section;
- Training and skill maintenance activities that involve the management of behavior during the training of skills must use positive reinforcement techniques; and
- The provider is authorized to perform these services for CFCO recipients and has met any required training, certification and/or licensure requirements.

**Providers:** Personal Care Aides, Personal Attendants, Personal Assistants, Home Health Aides, and Direct Service Professionals that meet the licensure and certification requirements under NYCCR Title 18 and the guidance of the Department of Health and/or the Office

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bachelor's degree and two years of related experience or someone with none of the educational requirements with three years of related experience. Service coordinators also include providers who contract with Health Homes to provide Health Home care management services. Individuals who do not meet the requirements may be supervised by those who meet both experience and educational requirements.

Care Managers typically have a background in nursing, social work and/or human services. Case Managers have similar backgrounds and the title is used interchangeably.

**Risk Management Plans**

An in-person risk assessment is conducted for all individuals during the person-centered care planning process. Based on the results of the risk assessment, a risk management plan is developed for each individual and is detailed in the SP.

Safeguards are supports needed to keep the participant safe from risk and harm and actions to be taken when the health or welfare of the participant is at risk.
Safeguards are significant issues discovered during the planning process that are individualized and specific to the participant. The SP includes a description of the supervision and oversight that may be required in such areas as fire safety, medication management, allergies, community inclusion activities, diet, behavioral concerns, financial transactions, natural disaster preparation, bathing safety and vulnerabilities at home and in the community. Providers monitor and document safeguards as services are provided and through routine checks by direct care workers and their supervisors in accordance with the schedule established by the local district or the (managed or managed long term care) plan. In addition, they must report incidents to state authorities.

Providers: The risk assessment is conducted by the [nurse or social worker] individual conducting the functional assessment and/or the individual developing the person-centered service plan.

v. The State elects to include the following CFCO permissible service(s), effective 4/1/2022:

1. Expenditures relating to a need identified in an individual's person-centered plan of services that increases an individual's independence or substitutes for human assistance, to the extent that expenditures would otherwise be made for human assistance. These include:

   Environmental Modifications: Modifications are provided in accordance with 441.520(b)(2).

   Assistive Devices: Any category of durable medical equipment, mechanical apparatus, electrical appliance, or instrument of technology used to assist and enhance an individual's independence in performing any activity of daily living. Examples of assistive technology include, but are not limited to: motion and sound sensors, two way communication systems, automatic faucet and soap dispensers, toilet flush sensors, incontinent sensors and fall sensors.

   [Congregate and/or h]ome delivered meal services: up to two meals per day for individuals who cannot prepare or access nutritionally adequate meals for themselves and the cost of this service is less than it would be to [have someone provide] pay for in-home meal preparation.

2. Expenditures for transition costs in accordance with 441.520(b)(1) such as rent and utility deposits, first month's rent and utilities, bedding, basic kitchen supplies, and other necessities required for an individual to make the transition from a nursing facility, institution for mental diseases, or intermediate care facility for individuals with developmental/intellectual disabilities, or a provider controlled residence certified by OPWDD to a community-based non-certified home setting where the individual resides. [These expenditures are limited to individuals transitioning from a nursing facility, IMD, or an ICF/IID to a home or community-based setting where the individual resides.]
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Community Transitional Services will be limited to necessary services for individuals transitioning from an institution [in]to a home in the community-based or in-home program. Services will be based on an assessed need, determined during the person-centered service planning process and will support the desires and goals of the individual receiving services and supports. [Costs will be limited to a one-time expense of up to $5,000 and service coordinators will fill out and maintain forms detailing the projected and final expenses and what items and/or services were purchased.]

Community Transitional Services for an individual to make the transition from a nursing facility, institution for mental disease, or intermediate care facility for individuals with developmental/intellectual disability, or a provider-controlled residence certified by OPWDD to a community-based non-certified home setting where the individual resides will be limited to[: moving and] move-in costs including; movers, cleaning and security deposits, payment for background/credit check (related to housing), initial deposits for apartments, heating, lighting and phone; and payment of previous utility bills that may prevent the individual from receiving utility services and basic household furnishing (i.e. bed) and other items necessary to re-establish a home. Costs for Community Transitional Services will be limited to a one-time expense of up to $5,000. Service coordinators or providers will fill out and maintain forms detailing the projected and final expenses, as well as the items and/or services that were purchased.

Moving Assistance is the transport of personal belongings from an institution to the individual's home in the community. Costs for Moving Assistance are limited to a one-time expense of up to $5,000.

Contracts for environmental modifications may not exceed $15,000 per year without prior approval of DOH or the managed care plan, as appropriate.

Contracts for vehicle modifications are limited to the primary vehicle of the recipient and may not exceed $15,000 per year without prior approval of DOH or the managed care plan, as appropriate.

Assistive Technology costs cannot exceed $15,000 per year without prior approval of DOH or the managed care plan, as appropriate. Items that cost up to $1,000 a year only require one bid; those over $1,000 a year require three bids. Coverage will be limited to assistive technology devices that are not available through the State Plan Durable Medical Equipment included in the eMedNY Manual at https://www.emedny.org/ProviderManuals/DME/index.aspx, and cannot duplicate a device purchased through a 1915(c) waiver.

In all cases, service limits are soft limits that may be exceeded due to medical necessity.

Individuals will work with their service planners and/or care managers to determine whether or not their needs can be met within the limits established under the Community First Choice Option as they are completing the person-centered service plan. If the individual's needs cannot be met within these limits, the individual may appeal to the Department of Health or their managed care plan, as appropriate, for consideration of the additional costs.

Distinct service elements, procedure codes and claim modifiers will differentiate whether the services are State plan services or other Medicaid Services under 1915(c) or other authorities. This will control and mitigate duplication of services.

vii. Use of Direct Cash Payments

__ a) The State elects to disburse cash prospectively to CFCO participants. The State assures that all Internal Revenue Service (IRS) requirements regarding payroll/tax filing functions will be followed, including when participants perform the payroll/tax filing functions themselves.

✓ b) The State elects not to disburse cash prospectively to CFCO participants.

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L. Non-Emergency Medical Transportation (NEMT) [services] is a discrete service and will only be available to [a] locations [that is] identified in the person-centered service plan pursuant to an assessed functional need [identified in the person's assessment]. The Medicaid payment made for NEMT only accounts for the transportation of the individual; it does not account for the transportation of an aide. Specifically, New York makes the following assurances:

i. The functional needs assessment and the person-centered service plan indicate the need for [a medical escort, the need for] transportation to medical appointments[ and traveling around and participating in the community];

ii. There is a checks and balances system in place to monitor services to ensure that duplicate billing doesn't take place; and

iii. CFCO SPAs that allow personal care attendants to provide transportation to medical appointments should follow the guidelines that Non-Emergency Medical Transportation (NEMT) uses to ensure the integrity of the transportation services.

ix. Assessment and the SP Assessment Process

Eligibility for New York State’s Medicaid-supported home and community based long term services and supports is determined by a number of federally-approved assessments. The State will not seek additional FMAP for this administrative function.

These assessment tools will assess individuals across dozens of critical domains such as: function, cognition, behavior, communication, informal supports, clinical, etc. While the UAS-NY determines LOC, not all functional needs assessments in use do, so it will be determined separately. All functional needs assessments will record the individual's needs, strengths, preferences and goals for maximizing their independence and community integration through questions geared to elicit this information, which is essential to the person-centered planning process. [They will be completed face-to-face with each individual by assessor(s) who are specifically trained in the use of the functional needs assessment.] The service recipient will be able to request the participation of any one he or she wants involved in the functional needs assessment and service planning process.

The functional needs assessment must be performed by a health care professional who is qualified to conduct the state-approved assessment in use for the individual's specific population. [Registered nurses or a Qualified Intellectual Disabilities Professional (QIDP) will conduct the functional needs assessment. The assessment will be conducted prior to the person centered planning process; in a face-to-face meeting with the individual; and in his or her home or chosen community or service setting, in an institutional setting from which he or she wishes to transfer to the community, or as part of his or her discharge from clinical or acute care. Depending on whether the individual is enrolled in a Care Management for All environment (managed care, managed long term care, health home, ACO, waiver, etc.) or is receiving or seeking fee-for-service assistance, the nurse or QIDP will be employed by a provider agency, the State, county or local government or designee, or the managed care entity.

Individuals will be reassessed at least annually, or as needed when the individual's support needs or...
x. HCBS Settings

All CFCO services will be provided in a home or community-based setting, which does not include a nursing facility, hospital providing long-term care services, institution for mental disease, intermediate care facility for individuals with an intellectual disability or related condition, or setting with the characteristics of an institution. All services will be provided in settings that will comply with 42 CFR § 441.530. The State has processes and procedures to ensure ongoing compliance with the setting requirements outlined in 42 CFR 441.530. Settings include the individual's own home or a family member's home that meets the settings criteria outlined in 42 CFR 441.530, as well as other settings identified as compliant according to the State's approved Statewide Transition Plan available at: https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/redesign/hcbs/docs/2018-11-07_hcbs_final_rule.pdf. This includes provider-owned and -controlled settings that have been assessed and determined to be compliant with the rule. [Settings do not include provider-owned or controlled residential settings. The State will amend this SPA once it determines that other settings meet the settings criteria outlined in 42 CFR 441.530.]

xi. Qualifications of Providers of CFCO Services

The State CFCO utilizes the agency-provider model for the provision of service delivery. As such, contracted entities must be approved by DOH, OPWDD or OMH. Approved agencies must meet and maintain standards for CFCO and all related state and federal regulations.

Personal Care Aides, also called personal care attendants, are certified by the State Education Department and must complete a minimum 40 hour training course with 6 hours of continuing education annually.

Home health aides are also certified by the State Education Department and must complete a minimum 75 hour training course with 12 hours of continuing education annually.

Aides in each of the above titles must meet the following minimum requirements in addition to the training requirements described above:

(i) maturity, emotional and mental stability, and experience in personal care or homemaking;
(ii) ability to read and write, understand and carry out directions and instructions, record messages, and keep simple records;
(iii) sympathetic attitude toward providing services for individuals at home who have medical problems;
(iv) good physical health, as indicated by the documentation in the personnel file of all persons providing personal care services;
(v) a criminal history record check to the extent required by 10 NYCRR Part 402; and
(vi) compliance with Part 403 of Title 10 NYCRR (Home Care Registry), as required in that Part.
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All of these aides provide personal care under the direction of a registered professional nurse or licensed practical nurse or therapist if the aide is to carry out simple procedures as an extension of physical, occupational, speech or language therapy. Supervising personnel visits are not eligible for the additional FMAP under CFCO.

Personal assistants are individuals that are directly hired by an individual in the agency with choice model. While they may be certified personal care or home health aides, they are not required to have these credentials. They must be adults that are not parent/guardians or spouses of the CFCO recipient. They are not required to undergo a criminal background check under state law unless they are certified aides.

Direct service professionals must be cleared through existing background check systems (ex. DOH, OPWDD and the Justice Center) where required by law and meet the additional qualifications listed below:

18 years or older and ability to:
• Follow both oral and written directions;
• Maintain simple records;
• Communicate effectively;
• Provide appropriate care;
• Safeguard personal information and maintain confidentiality; and
• Understand and follow emergency procedures.

Direct Service Professionals may work under the direction of supervising clinical personnel and these supervisory activities will not accrue the additional FMAP under CFCO.

Registered Nurses licensed by the State Education Department or Qualified Intellectual Disabilities Providers assessing individuals for services. The QIDP title is reserved for individuals with a bachelor’s degree in a human services field and one year experience working with people with developmental or intellectual disabilities.

[Medicaid Service Coordinators (who are involved in the person-centered planning process and development and monitoring of an individual’s service plan) must complete training in the individual service plan, and in three of the following areas: home and community based waiver, introduction to person centered planning, self advocacy/self determination, quality assurance, and benefits and entitlements. They also must complete professional development hours annually.]

Care Managers supporting individuals with intellectual and developmental disabilities (I/DD) must complete training requirements required by OPWDD and DOH as described in OPWDD regulations and policy guidance including but not limited to: 14 NYCRR regulations, Care Coordination Organization/Health Home (CCO/HH) Policy Manual, Managed Care Qualifications, Fully Integrated Duals Advantage for Individuals with Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities (FIDA-IDD) Three-Way Contract. Health Home care managers must complete any training required of the Health Home program.

New York State will also permit individuals to hire their own aide directly in addition to using agencies and/or the registry and in this case may waive the qualifications above to give the service recipient flexibility to hire a relative or someone in his or her personal network who can meet his or her needs without specific prior training.

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1. Consumer Satisfaction Survey

On an annual basis, a statistically significant number representing individuals in all level of care who receive CFCO services and supports will be surveyed. The survey will be a comprehensive tool employed to gain valuable information related to consumer satisfaction and quality of care. In addition, the survey will also include an assessment of the individual’s opinion in progress towards goals identified by the individual in their person-centered service plan. The State has chosen to implement the Money Follows the Person (MFP) Quality of Life survey amended with several questions from the Participant Experience Survey (PES). The State may use the services of an independent contractor to perform these surveys with CFC participants to address staff needs and objectivity. Upon completion of each survey, percentages will be calculated and reviewed, and the results analyzed to determine if CFCO recipients are indeed satisfied with their home and community-based service and support needs. Are their support needs being met by the program? Are they able to satisfactorily self-direct their services? A report of survey findings will be disseminated to all CFCO participants, contracted service providers, county departments of social services, relevant state agencies and offices, and lastly, posted on the state’s CFCO website.

2. [UAS-NY utilization] Assessment Tools

[The State has elected to use the Uniform Assessment System of New York (UAS-NY), a tool customized for the state’s aged and physically disabled population based on the InterRAI Suite, to measure the individual outcomes associated with the receipt of community-based attendant services and supports. The UAS-NY provides the State with access to quality data reports that will allow us to monitor and track pertinent information such as the individual’s needs, strengths, preferences and goals for maximizing their independence and community integration. We will also be able to generate reports to determine if these personal goals are being met related to living an independent life integrated to the fullest extent in the community. Because the UAS-NY assessment tool is equipped to track data across years and report based on aggregate data by jurisdiction or program, as well as tracking individual participant outcomes and changes throughout time, we will be able to monitor and track long term changes in the clinical/functional status and needs of CFCO participants.]

The assessment tools approved for use by the State provide data on the individual outcomes associated with receipt of community-based attendant services and supports. The State will be able to monitor pertinent information such as the individual’s needs, strengths, preferences and goals for maximizing their independence and community integration. Reports can be generated to determine if the goals related to living an independent life, integrated into the community to the fullest extent, are being met. Data, including long term changes in the clinical and functional status and needs of CFCO recipients, can be tracked across years, jurisdiction, or program.
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<th>Rate Code</th>
<th>State Program</th>
<th>Current Rate</th>
<th>Methodology</th>
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<td>[Or statewide fees based on the level of service provided as set forth in Appendix C of the OPWDD Comprehensive HCBS Waiver (NY 0238).]</td>
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[*Weighted average fee provided for informational purposes only. Actual payment rates will be the State established fee for each provider.*]
2. Acquisition, maintenance, and enhancement of skills necessary for the individual to accomplish ADLs, IADLs and health-related tasks. The State will use the current fee or methodology identified in the following programs for the providers listed in Attachment 3.1-K Supplement.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rate Code</th>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Current Rate</th>
<th>Methodology</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4722, 4723, 4724, 4741, 4742, 4743, 4744, 4755, 4756, [4757, 4758,] 4765, 4766, [4767, 4768,] 4796, 4797, [4798, 4799] 8012, 8013, 8014</td>
<td>Community Habilitation (SAME)</td>
<td>[N/A] Upstate: 1 to 1 $41.61 2 to 1 $26.01 3+ to 1 $19.67 Downstate: 1 to 1 $41.70 2 to 1 $26.04 3+ to 1 $20.78</td>
<td>[Regional Fee for Provider-Delivered Community Habilitation] [Region 1: $ 38.51 (1-to-1); $ 24.07 (Group)] [Region 2: $ 39.91 (1-to-1); $ 24.95 (Group)] [Region 3: $ 39.00 (1-to-1); $ 24.37 (Group)]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Community Habilitation rates were adjusted to account for two changes to the rate structure. First, a revision to the regional alignment of New York State counties from Regions 1, 2, and 3 to Upstate and Downstate. Second, a revision to the number of group rate tiers was changed from group sizes of 2, 3 and 4+ to be 2 and 3+ only. To develop the revised rates, a weighted average blending of previously approved Community Habilitation rates based on Calendar Year 2017 utilization experience at the county level and rate level was completed. No additional rate adjustments were applied at this time.

3. Back-up systems or mechanisms to ensure continuity of services and supports.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rate Code</th>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Current Rate</th>
<th>Methodology</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[2609, 2616,] [2809, 2818,] [3823, 3831,] [3858, 9981] 2513, 2514</td>
<td>Personal Emergency Response (PERS)</td>
<td>[$23.11/month*]</td>
<td>[Provider specific fees are established based on provider specific costs reported two years prior to the rate year and are posted at: <a href="http://www.health.ny.gov/facilities/long_term_care/reimbursement/hhc/2013-01-01_lthhc_rates.htm">http://www.health.ny.gov/facilities/long_term_care/reimbursement/hhc/2013-01-01_lthhc_rates.htm</a>]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[*Weighted average fee provided for informational purposes only. Actual payment rates will be the State established fee for each provider.]*

TN #20-0002 Approval Date April 2, 2020
Supersedes TN #13-0035 Effective Date
## New York
6(a)(viii)

4. Permissible services/Substitute for human assistance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rate Code</th>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Current Rate</th>
<th>Methodology</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3171</td>
<td>ADL/IDL Skill Acquisition</td>
<td>$5.50/NYC/Unit</td>
<td>ADL/IDL Skill Acquisition is an add-on for Personal Care and CDPAP services to support individuals in attaining non-home based life skills. <a href="https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/redesign/cfco/2019_ffs_rates.htm">https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/redesign/cfco/2019_ffs_rates.htm</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$11.00/Rest of State/Unit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[3143,]</td>
<td>Adaptive and Assistive Technology</td>
<td>[100% of claim determined reasonable by the state.]</td>
<td>AT is purchased through vendors who sell the needed medical, communication and adaptive equipment or supplies using a standard bidding process following the rules established by the Office of the State Comptroller. Under the process, items costing up to $1000 a year require only one bid, those over $1000 will require multiple bids. [<a href="https://www.health.ny.gov/facilities/long_term_care/waiver/nhtd_manual/section_06/assistive_technology.htm">https://www.health.ny.gov/facilities/long_term_care/waiver/nhtd_manual/section_06/assistive_technology.htm</a>]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3167,</td>
<td>Community Transitional Services (establishing a household in the community from an institutional setting)</td>
<td>100% of claim/approved cost</td>
<td>One-time payment not to exceed $5,000. Specific amount will be based on State review and approval of cost projections.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3168,</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>3169,</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>3170,</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8041,</td>
<td>Durable Medical Equipment</td>
<td></td>
<td>Fee schedule available at: <a href="https://www.emedny.org/ProviderManuals/DME/index.aspx">https://www.emedny.org/ProviderManuals/DME/index.aspx</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8042,</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>8043,</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>8044</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[3144,]</td>
<td>Environmental Modifications</td>
<td>100% of claim determined reasonable by the State Annual limit of $15,000</td>
<td>Qualified contractors are selected through a standard bidding process following the rules established by the Office of the State Comptroller. This process is described at: <a href="https://www.health.ny.gov/facilities/long_term_care/waiver/nhtd_manual/section_06/e-mods.htm">https://www.health.ny.gov/facilities/long_term_care/waiver/nhtd_manual/section_06/e-mods.htm</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4786,</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9758,</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>3187</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9867</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3192,</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TN #20-0002** Approval Date ________

Supersedes TN #13-0035 Effective Date __________

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**TN #20-0002** Approval Date ________

Supersedes TN #13-0035 Effective Date __________
4. Permissible services / Substitute for human assistance (continued):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rate Code</th>
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<th>Current Rate</th>
<th>Methodology</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[2682, 2685,]</td>
<td>Home Delivered Meals</td>
<td>[$5.79/Meal*]</td>
<td>[Provider specific fees are established based on reported costs and are posted on State website at: <a href="http://www.health.ny.gov/facilities/long_term_care/reimbursement/hhc/2013-01-01_lthhc_rates.htm">http://www.health.ny.gov/facilities/long_term_care/reimbursement/hhc/2013-01-01_lthhc_rates.htm</a>]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[2835, 3874,]</td>
<td></td>
<td>100% of contract amount</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9781, 3183, 3185</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[2638, 2830, 3872]</td>
<td>[Congregate Meals]</td>
<td>[$5.07/Meal*]</td>
<td>[Provider specific fees are established based on reported costs and are posted on State website at: <a href="http://www.health.ny.gov/facilities/long_term_care/reimbursement/hhc/2013-01-01_lthhc_rates.htm">http://www.health.ny.gov/facilities/long_term_care/reimbursement/hhc/2013-01-01_lthhc_rates.htm</a>]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>100% of contract amount</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>[2636, 2831,]</td>
<td>Moving Assistance (transport of personal belongings)</td>
<td>[$58.79/hr*]</td>
<td>[Provider specific fees are established based on reported costs and are posted on State website at: <a href="http://www.health.ny.gov/facilities/long_term_care/reimbursement/hhc/2013-01-01_lthhc_rates.htm">http://www.health.ny.gov/facilities/long_term_care/reimbursement/hhc/2013-01-01_lthhc_rates.htm</a>]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[3870,] 9787, 3188, 7449</td>
<td></td>
<td>100% of contract amount</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[*Weighted average fee provided for informational purposes only. Actual payment rates will be the State established fee for each provider.]

Payments made for State plan services under 1915(k) authority do not duplicate payments made for similar services under 1915(c), 1915(i), 1915(j), or 1115 authorities.
• Eliminating Prescriber Prevalence which applies to the Medicaid fee-for-service pharmacy program and to selected drug classes for managed care plans. Doing so would reduce inappropriate prescribing, remove barriers that limit the State’s ability to manage pharmacy programs, and minimize the inappropriate influence of pharmaceutical manufacturers in the prior authorization process.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020/2021 is $142 million and for SFY 2021/2022 is $428 million.

Transportation
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
• Transition the State to a single Medicaid Transportation Broker to ensure that consumers receive reliable, high quality transportation services using the mode that is appropriate for the consumer.
• Discontinue the Supplemental Ambulance Rebate Payments to emergency medical transportation (EMT) providers since updating and rationalized the ambulance fee schedule consistent with the Department of Health’s Ambulance Rate Adequacy Study.
• Carve transportation out of the MLTC Benefit (excluding PACE) and into fee-for-service to create efficiencies and consistency in purchasing, arranging and managing transportation services across the Medicaid program.
• Maximize Public Transit in New York City and other urban areas to encourage the use of public transportation as an alternative to livery when appropriate for the consumer.
• Reduce Taxi/Livery Rates and promoting other modes of transportation to reflect market rates for transportation services.
• Implement an ambulance diversion - Triage, Treat and Transport (ET3) - support program to reduce avoidable hospitalizations, subject to ensure that consumers receive reliable, high quality transportation services using the mode that is appropriate for the consumer.
• Develop standards and protocols to determine whether consumers are appropriately using those funds for the benefit home care aides.
• Reduce the ability of spouses living together in the community, and parents living with their child, to refuse to make their income and resources available during the determination of an applicant’s eligibility for Medicaid.
• Invert a Home and Community Based Services lookback period of 60 months for asset transfers in determining eligibility for Medicaid for those seeking home and community based long term care services and supports as currently applies to those seeking Medicaid eligibility for nursing home care.
• Eliminate the ability of spouses living together in the community, and parents living with their child, to refuse to make their income and resources available during the determination of an applicant’s eligibility for Medicaid.
• Utilize an independent clinician panel, similar to the State’s Conflict Free Evaluation and Enrollment Center, to assess patients and order PCS and CDAPAS under a clear set of standards and protocols.
• Implement an enhanced utilization review process by an independent assessor for any individuals who are assessed to need more than 12 hours per day on average in a given month (i.e., 360 hours per month for a 30-day month) to ensure that it remains safe for that individual to remain in the community.
• Change the frequency in which the Community Health Assessment is conducted from every six months to once annually, subject to requiring reassessments based on changes in health condition or status.
• Implement a uniform tasking tool for use by plans and Local Departments of Social Services (LDSS) to help determine service utilization, including the hours of Personal Care Services and CDAPAS required each day.
• Employ the provider “choice” model to proceed with the implementation and electronic visit verification (EVV) system, as required by the Federal 21st Century Cures Act.
• Eliminate requirements that plans and LDSS educate consumers about the availability of the CDAP program semi-annually Develop standards and protocols to determine whether consumers are self-directing and, if applicable, their designated representative is able to fulfill their obligations appropriately.
• Delay the implementation date of certain permissible Consumer First Choice Option Services (CFCO) services from January 1, 2020 to April 1, 2022.
• Incorporate additional transparency, compliance, and accountability standards to ensure that entities receiving wage parity payments are appropriately using those funds for the benefit home care aids.
• Reduce Workforce Recruitment and Retention funding for home health care workers.
• Migrate the completion of all Community Health Assessments (CHA) and reassessments to a single, statewide Independent Assessor (IA).
• Modify the minimum community spouse resource amount, which is used to determine the Medicaid eligibility of an applicant under spousal impoverishment budgeting.
• Reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reim-

NYS Register/April 1, 2020
Miscellaneous Notices/Hearings

Long Term Care Services
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
• Modify the current eligibility criteria for individuals to receive Personal Care Services and Consumer-Directed Personal Assistance Services (CDPAS) as a Medicaid benefit, regardless of whether such services are received through fee-for-service, Mainstream Managed Care plans, or Managed Long Term Care (MLTC) plans. In order to be eligible to receive such services, an individual must be assessed to need assistance with more than two activities of daily living (ADLs) (ranging from limited assistance to total dependence).
• Institute a Home and Community Based Services lookback period of 60 months for asset transfers in determining eligibility for Medicaid for those seeking home and community based long term care services and supports as currently applies to those seeking Medicaid eligibility for nursing home care.
• Eliminate the ability of spouses living together in the community, and parents living with their child, to refuse to make their income and resources available during the determination of an applicant’s eligibility for Medicaid.
• Utilize an independent clinician panel, similar to the State’s Conflict Free Evaluation and Enrollment Center, to assess patients and order PCS and CDAPAS under a clear set of standards and protocols.
• Implement an enhanced utilization review process by an independent assessor for any individuals who are assessed to need more than 12 hours per day on average in a given month (i.e., 360 hours per month for a 30-day month) to ensure that it remains safe for that individual to remain in the community.
• Change the frequency in which the Community Health Assessment is conducted from every six months to once annually, subject to requiring reassessments based on changes in health condition or status.
• Implement a uniform tasking tool for use by plans and Local Departments of Social Services (LDSS) to help determine service utilization, including the hours of Personal Care Services and CDAPAS required each day.
• Employ the provider “choice” model to proceed with the implementation and electronic visit verification (EVV) system, as required by the Federal 21st Century Cures Act.
• Eliminate requirements that plans and LDSS educate consumers about the availability of the CDAP program semi-annually Develop standards and protocols to determine whether consumers are self-directing and, if applicable, their designated representative is able to fulfill their obligations appropriately.
• Delay the implementation date of certain permissible Consumer First Choice Option Services (CFCO) services from January 1, 2020 to April 1, 2022.
• Incorporate additional transparency, compliance, and accountability standards to ensure that entities receiving wage parity payments are appropriately using those funds for the benefit home care aids.
• Reduce Workforce Recruitment and Retention funding for home health care workers.
• Migrate the completion of all Community Health Assessments (CHA) and reassessments to a single, statewide Independent Assessor (IA).
• Modify the minimum community spouse resource amount, which is used to determine the Medicaid eligibility of an applicant under spousal impoverishment budgeting.
• Reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reim-

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bursement by 5 percent and eliminate funding associated with return on equity payments to for-profit nursing homes.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020/2021 is $854 million and for SFY 2021/2022 is $1.672 billion.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

New York County
250 Church Street
New York, New York 10018

Queens County, Queens Center
3220 Northern Boulevard
Long Island City, New York 11101

Kings County, Fulton Center
114 Willoughby Street
Brooklyn, New York 11201

Bronx County, Tremont Center
1916 Monterey Avenue
Bronx, New York 10457

Richmond County, Richmond Center
95 Central Avenue, St. George
Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact: Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

PUBLIC NOTICE
New York City Deferred Compensation Plan & NYCE IRA

The New York City Deferred Compensation Plan & NYCE IRA (the "Plan") is seeking proposals from qualified vendors to provide master custodial services to the City of New York Deferred Compensation Plan. The Request for Proposals ("RFP") will be available beginning on Wednesday, March 18, 2020. Responses are due no later than 4:30 p.m. Eastern Time on Thursday, May 28, 2020. To obtain a copy of the RFP, please visit the Plan's website at www1.nyc.gov/site/olr/about/about-rfp.page and review the applicable documents.

If you have any questions, please submit them by fax to Georgette Gestely, Director, at (212) 306-7376.

Consistent with the policies expressed by the City, proposals from certified minority-owned and/or women-owned businesses or proposals that include partnering arrangements with certified minority-owned and/or women-owned firms are encouraged. Additionally, proposals from small and New York City-based businesses are also encouraged.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of State
F-2019-1176
Date of Issuance – April 1, 2020

The New York State Department of State (DOS) is required by Federal regulations to provide timely public notice for the activities described below, which are subject to the consistency provisions of the Federal Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972, as amended.

The applicant has certified that the proposed activity complies with and will be conducted in a manner consistent with the approved New York State Coastal Management Program.

In F-2019-1176 or the “Morgenstern Residence”, the applicant Richard Morgenstern, is proposing to maintain as completed 4’ x 100.5’ pier with 4’ x 15’ “T” and 3’6 x 10’ steps. Maintain as completed 4’8” of additional 4’ wide “T”, 6’ davit, 4’-5” x 31.6’ pier and 4’ x 32’6” pier, one boat lift, two boat whips and two safety ladders. The authorized work is located at 300 Riviera Drive, Town of Oyster Bay, Nassau County, Great South Bay.


Original copies of public information and data submitted by the applicant are available for inspection at the New York State Department of State offices located at One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Avenue, in Albany, New York.

Any interested parties and/or agencies desiring to express their views concerning any of the above proposed activities may so do by filing their comments, in writing, no later than 4:30 p.m., 30 days from the date of publication of this notice, or, May 1, 2020.

Comments should be addressed to: Consistency Review Unit, Department of State, Office of Planning, Development & Community Infrastructure, One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Ave., Albany, NY 12231, (518) 474-6000, Fax (518) 473-2464. Electronic submissions can be made by email at: CR@dos.ny.gov

This notice is promulgated in accordance with Title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 930.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of State
Uniform Code Variance / Appeal Petitions

Pursuant to 19 NYCRR Part 1205, the variance and appeal petitions below have been received by the Department of State. Unless otherwise indicated, they involve requests for relief from provisions of the New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code. Persons wishing to review any petitions, provide comments, or receive actual notices of any subsequent proceeding may contact Brian Tollisen or Neil Collier, Building Standards and Codes, Department of State, One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Ave., Albany, NY 12231, (518) 474-4073 to make appropriate arrangements.

2020-0134 Matter of William Szmalz, Nine Cedar Avenue, Medford, NY 11763, for a variance concerning safety requirements, including the height under a girder/soffit. Involved is an existing one family dwelling located at 269 Hampton Avenue, Town of Brookhaven, NY 11772, County of Suffolk, State of New York.

2020-0141 Matter of Nassau Expeditors Inc., Scott Tirone, 75 Albertson Avenue, Albertson, NY 11507, for a variance concerning safety requirements, including the heights under a girder/soffit. Involved is an existing one family dwelling located at 190 Stratford Road, Town of North Hempstead, NY 11040, County of Nassau, State of New York.

2020-0144 Matter of JL Drafting, John Lagoudes, 707 Route 110, Suite A, Farmingdale, NY 11735, for a variance concerning safety requirements, including the height under a girder/soffit. Involved is an existing one family dwelling located at 474 Wolf Hill Road, Town of Huntington, NY 11746, County of Suffolk, State of New York.

2020-0153 Matter of Todd Oconnell Architect PC, Todd Oconnell, 1200 Veteran Memorial Hwy. S120, Hauppauge, NY 11788, for a variance concerning safety requirements, including the height under a girder/soffit. Involved is an existing one family dwelling located at Six Whitney Court, Town of Huntington, NY 11746, County of Suffolk, State of New York.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of State
Uniform Code Variance / Appeal Petitions

Pursuant to 19 NYCRR Part 1205, the variance and appeal petitions below have been received by the Department of State. Unless other-
Notice of Abandoned Property
Received by the State Comptroller

Pursuant to provisions of the Abandoned Property Law and related laws, the Office of the State Comptroller receives unclaimed monies and other property deemed abandoned. A list of the names and last known addresses of the entitled owners of this abandoned property is maintained by the office in accordance with Section 1401 of the Abandoned Property Law. Interested parties may inquire if they appear on the Abandoned Property Listing by contacting the Office of Unclaimed Funds, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., at:

1-800-221-9311
or visit our web site at:
www.osc.state.ny.us

Claims for abandoned property must be filed with the New York State Comptroller’s Office of Unclaimed Funds as provided in Section 1406 of the Abandoned Property Law. For further information contact: Office of the State Comptroller, Office of Unclaimed Funds, 110 State St., Albany, NY 12236.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Civil Service

Pursuant to the Open Meetings Law, the New York State Civil Service Commission hereby gives public notice of the following:

Please take notice that the regular monthly meeting of the State Civil Service Commission for June 2020 will be conducted on June 10 and June 11 commencing at 10:00 a.m. This meeting will be conducted at NYS Media Services Center, Suite 146, South Concourse, Empire State Plaza, Albany, NY with live coverage available at https://www.cs.ny.gov/commission/.

For further information, contact: Office of Commission Operations, Department of Civil Service, Empire State Plaza, Agency Bldg. One, Albany, NY 12239 (518) 473-6598

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for all services to comply with enacted statutory provisions. The following changes are proposed:

All Services

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for the 1.875 percent uniformed reduction of state Medicaid funds. With clarification, effective for dates of service on or after April 2, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each State Fiscal Year (SFY) thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by an additional 0.5 percent to the December 31, 2019 noticed provision for the 1.0 percent uniform reduction. Also with clarification, Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction will also include Health Homes serving children.

The following is a clarification to the December 31, 2019 noticed provision for the estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to the 1.0 percent uniform reduction. With clarification, the estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures...

Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

New York County
250 Church Street
New York, New York 10018

Queens County, Queens Center
3220 Northern Boulevard
Long Island City, New York 11101

Kings County, Fulton Center
114 Willoughby Street
Brooklyn, New York 11201

Bronx County, Tremont Center
1916 Monterey Avenue
Bronx, New York 10457

Richmond County, Richmond Center
95 Central Avenue, St. George
Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact:
Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov
Medicaid expenditures is ($35,750,000) for State Fiscal Year 2019-20 and ($143,000,000) for each State Fiscal Year thereafter. The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to the additional 0.5 percent additional initiative contained in the budget for State Fiscal Year 2020-21 is ($71,600,000) and each State Fiscal Year thereafter.

Non-Institutional Services

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for converting the value of Upper Payment Limit (UPL) payments received by public hospitals in a city with a population over a million into Medicaid reimbursement rates. With clarification, this provision was published under Institutional Services only, but should’ve been published under Non-Institutional services, as well.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to delay the implementation date of certain permissible Consumer First Choice Options Services (CF COS) from January 1, 2020 to April 1, 2022. With clarification, this was incorrectly published under Long Term Care services. This should have been published under Non-Institutional services.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reimbursement by 5 percent and eliminate funding associated with residual equity payments to all nursing homes. With clarification, there is an Adult Day Health Care piece to this provision, to that, this should have been published under Non-instutional services as well as Long Term Care.

Institutional Services

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $75 million (State share); Eliminate the Indigent Care Pool “Transition Collar”, which generates an additional $12.5 million in State share savings; and Eliminate the Public Hospitals Indigent Care Pool, which generates $70 million in State savings. With clarification, the provision is to reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $150 million (gross); eliminate the Indigent Care Pool “Transition Collar”, which generates an additional $25 million in gross savings; and create an Enhanced Safety Net Transition Collar Pool for $64.6 million (gross).

Long Term Care Services

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for instituting a Home and Community Based services lookback period. With clarification, the lookback period is 30 months.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for modifying current eligibility criteria to receive Personal Care Services and Consumer Directed Personal Assistance as a Medicaid Benefit. With clarification, in order to be eligible to receive such services, an individual must be assessed to need assistance with more than two activities of daily living (ADLs) (ranging from limited assistance to total dependence) or, for individuals with a diagnosis of Alzheimer’s or dementia, that need at least supervision with more than one ADL.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reimbursement by 5 percent. With clarification, the proper wording is to reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reimbursement by 5 percent and eliminate funding associated with residual equity payments to all nursing homes.

The following is a clarification to the December 31, 2019 noticed provision to provide funding to support a two percent increase in annual salary and salary-related fringe benefits to direct case staff and direct support professions for all qualifying Mental Hygiene Services. With clarification, the estimated annual net aggregate increase to gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative for SFY 2019/2020 is $21 million. The impact published December 31, 2019, erroneously included $119 million for waivered services.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

- New York County
- 250 Church Street
- New York, New York 10018

- Queens County, Queens Center
- 3220 Northern Boulevard
- Long Island City, New York 11101

- Kings County, Fulton Center
- 114 Willoughby Street
- Brooklyn, New York 11201

- Bronx County, Tremont Center
- 1916 Monterey Avenue
- Bronx, New York 10457

- Richmond County, Richmond Center
- 95 Central Avenue, St. George
- Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact: Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

PUBLIC NOTICE

Department of State

F-2020-0195

Date of Issuance – June 3, 2020

The New York State Department of State (DOS) is required by Federal regulations to provide timely public notice for the activities described below, which are subject to the consistency provisions of the Federal Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA) of 1972, as amended.

The applicant has certified that the proposed activities comply with and will be conducted in a manner consistent with the federally approved New York State Coastal Management Program (NYSCMP). The applicant’s consistency certification and accompanying public information and data are available for inspection at the New York State Department of State offices located at One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Avenue, in Albany, New York.

In F-2020-0195, Diana Griffith is proposing to remove existing foat piers and install a 3’ x 30’ aluminum ramp, 5’ x 140’ and 8’ x 20’ wood foating docks with 16 new timber piers. The project on Lloyd Harbor at 9 Oak Hill Road, Lloyd Harbor, NY 11743 in Suffolk County.

The applicant’s consistency certification and supporting information are available for review at: http://www.dos.ny.gov/opd/programs/pdfs/Consistency/F-2020-0195Griffith.pdf

Any interested parties and/or agencies desiring to express their views concerning any of the above proposed activities may do so by filing their comments, in writing, no later than 4:30 p.m., 30 days from the date of publication of this notice or July 3, 2020.

Comments should be addressed to: Department of State, Office of Planning and Development and Community Infrastructure, Consistency Review Unit, One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1010, 99 Washington Ave., Albany, NY 12231, (518) 474-6000. Electronic submissions can be made by email at: CR@dos.ny.gov

This notice is promulgated in accordance with Title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 930.
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0020

This State Plan Amendment proposes to remove course of treatment and annual limitations on partial hospitalization services. All Medicaid recipients receiving partial hospitalization services can receive these services based on medical necessity and without such limitations, effective April 1, 2020.
New York
2(a)(vi)

Screening; Symptom Management; Medication Therapy; Medication Skill-Building; Verbal Therapy; Rehabilitation Readiness Assessment and Development; Crisis Intervention Services; Functional Skill Development; Clinical Support Services; and Discharge Planning Services.

Partial Hospitalization services are provided in preadmission visits for individuals prior to formal enrollment. Preadmission visits are limited to a maximum of three visits which must occur over a period of time not to exceed the remaining days of the month in which the first preadmission visit occurred and the next full calendar month.

Clinical Support Services may also be provided to collaterals, who are members of the individual's family or household, or others who regularly interact with the individual and are directly affected by or can affect the individual's condition and are identified in the treatment plan as having a role in the individual's treatment. Clinical support services that are provided to collaterals are for the direct benefit of the Medicaid beneficiary. Collateral and group collateral visits are limited to two hours per day.

Other limitations on amount and duration of Partial Hospitalization Services include:

i. Reimbursement is limited to no more than 180 hours per course of treatment. A course of treatment shall not exceed six calendar weeks, unless during the course of treatment the recipient is admitted to an inpatient psychiatric facility. Such course of treatment may be extended to include the number of days of inpatient treatment, up to a maximum of 30 days. Partial Hospitalization Services provided during crisis, collateral or group collateral visits do not count towards the 180 hour maximum.

ii. Reimbursement is limited to 360 hours per calendar year. Services provided during crisis, collateral or group collateral visits do not count towards the 360 hour maximum.

[iii.] Reimbursement is limited to one visit, including preadmission visits (of up to 7 hours) and one individual or group collateral visit (of up to 2 hours) per individual per day. Additional Partial Hospitalization Services may be provided on the same day during a crisis visit.

3. Continuing Day Treatment Services

Continuing Day Treatment Services are mental health preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic, and rehabilitative services. Continuing Day Treatment Services are provided based upon the clinical assessment of an individual’s mental, physical and behavioral condition and history, which is the basis for establishing the individual’s diagnosis, functional deficits, and recovery goals. Medically necessary Continuing Day Treatment Services are documented in a treatment plan which is signed by a physician and reviewed on a periodic basis. Medically necessary Continuing Day
Screening; Symptom Management; Medication Therapy; Medication Skill-Building; Verbal Therapy; Rehabilitation Readiness Assessment and Development; Crisis Intervention Services; Functional Skill Development; Clinical Support Services; and Discharge Planning Services.

Partial Hospitalization services are provided in preadmission visits for individuals prior to formal enrollment. Preadmission visits are limited to a maximum of three visits which must occur over a period of time not to exceed the remaining days of the month in which the first preadmission visit occurred and the next full calendar month.

Clinical Support Services may also be provided to collaterals, who are members of the individual’s family or household, or others who regularly interact with the individual and are directly affected by or can affect the individual’s condition and are identified in the treatment plan as having a role in the individual’s treatment. Clinical support services that are provided to collaterals are for the direct benefit of the Medicaid beneficiary. Collateral and group collateral visits are limited to two hours per day.

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ii. Reimbursement is limited to 360 hours per calendar year. Services provided during crisis, collateral or group collateral visits do not count towards the 360 hour maximum. 

[ iii. ] i. Reimbursement is limited to one visit, including preadmission visits (of up to 7 hours) and one individual or group collateral visit (of up to 2 hours) per individual per day. Additional Partial Hospitalization Services may be provided on the same day during a crisis visit.

3. Continuing Day Treatment Services

Continuing Day Treatment Services are mental health preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic, and rehabilitative services. Continuing Day Treatment Services are provided based upon the clinical assessment of an individual’s mental, physical and behavioral condition and history, which is the basis for establishing the individual’s diagnosis, functional deficits, and recovery goals. Medically necessary Continuing Day Treatment Services are documented in a treatment plan which is signed by a physician and reviewed on a periodic basis. Medically necessary Continuing Day

TN #20-0020 Approval Date ____________________

Supersedes TN #10-0018 Effective Date April 1, 2020
pursuant to section 6056.4(c)(4) or 6056.4(c)(5) of this Title, may apply to the commissioner for leave to substitute satisfactory completion of a course of basic training completed in such other jurisdiction or may apply to the commissioner for leave to substitute satisfactory completion of the pre-employment police basic training program in satisfaction of all or part of the requirements of an approved basic course for peace officers imposed under section 2.30 of the Criminal Procedure Law. The commissioner shall review and evaluate all such applications and may require the applicant to submit such additional documentation as he or she shall deem necessary. If, upon review and evaluation of such application, the commissioner determines that a program of peace officer basic training completed by the applicant in another jurisdiction or the pre-employment police basic training program completed by the application meets or exceeds all or part of the minimum standards prescribed in section 6025.3 of this Part, the commissioner may authorize such training to be substituted for such requirements of the basic course as he or she shall deem appropriate. The commissioner shall certify, in writing, the extent to which all or part of the curriculum of the basic course may be waived and any noted deficiencies must be satisfactorily completed at a basic course approved by the commissioner, within the period of time prescribed in section 6025.7 of this Part. Applicants for equivalency certificat es shall be subject to the same limitations and requirements as prescribed in sections 6025.6 and 6025.7 of this Part and section 2.30 of the Criminal Procedure Law.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Division of Criminal Justice Services

I, Andrew M. Cuomo, Governor of the State of New York, do hereby adopt and promulgate the following regulations that have been recommended by the Municipal Police Training Council pursuant to the provisions of section eight hundred forty of the Executive Law. This action is taken pursuant to the authority vested in me by section eight hundred sixty-four of the Executive Law, as appropriate.

NOW, THEREFORE, be it known that the amendments to Part 6024 of Title 9 of the New York State Official Compilation of Codes, Rules and Regulations is hereby adopted and promulgated, and shall be effective upon publication in the State Register.

1. Subdivision (d) of Section 6024.1 of Title 9 of NYCRR is renumbered to be subdivision (e). A new subdivision (d) is added to section 6024.1 to read as follows:

(d) The term federal law enforcement officer shall have the same meaning as set forth in section 2.15 of the Criminal Procedure Law.

2. Subdivisions (b) and (c) of Section 6024.2 of Title 9 of NYCRR are amended to read as follows:

(b) Have a minimum of three years of police or, federal law enforcement officer experience. The peace officer and federal law enforcement officer experience requirement can only be satisfied by those persons who have earned a firearm in the course of their official duties and have so done for the prescribed period of time.

(c) Successfully complete a Municipal Police Training Council approved basic course for police officers or basic course for peace officers, as appropriate, or a requisite basic training course prescribed by a federal law enforcement officer employer.

3. Section 6024.4 of Title 9 of NYCRR is amended to read as follows:

Firearms instructor certification shall be valid from the date of issuance and shall remain valid during the holder’s continuous service as a police officer or, federal law enforcement officer, or while the holder is employed by a sponsoring police or peace officer agency, unless revoked by the commissioner.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Division of Criminal Justice Services

I, Andrew M. Cuomo, Governor of the State of New York, do hereby adopt and promulgate the following regulations that have been recommended by the Law Enforcement Agency Accreditation Council pursuant to Executive Law § 846-h(1)(c). This action is taken pursuant to the authority vested in me by such law, and, as such, it is exempted from the rule making provisions of the State Administrative Procedure Act.

NOW, THEREFORE, be it known that the amendment to section 6035.1(a) of Title 9 of the New York State Official Compilation of Codes, Rules and Regulations is hereby adopted and promulgated, and shall be effective upon publication in the State Register.

Subdivision (a) of section 6035.1 of Title 9 NYCRR is amended to read as follows:

(a) The term law enforcement agency shall mean any law enforcement agency or department of any municipality, any police district, or any agency, department, commission, authority or public benefit corporation of the state of New York employing a police officer or police officers as that term is defined in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (j), (k), (l), (o), (p) and, subdivsions thirty-four of section 1.20 of the Criminal Procedure Law. For the purposes of this definition, the term shall not include any entity that employs police officers in a capacity which may require the use of their law enforcement authority but is supplementary to the primary official responsibilities for which they have been hired.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Office of General Services

Pursuant to Section 33 of the Public Lands Law, the Office of General Services hereby gives notice to the following:

Notice is hereby given that the New York State Department of Transportation has determined that:

Address: 3628 NYS Route 281, Town of Cortlandville, Cortland County, N.Y. 13045 DOT Map 118-D, Parcel 119

a.23 acre lot, is surplus and no longer useful or necessary for state program purposes and has abandoned the property to the Commissioner of General Services for sale or other disposition as Unappropriated State land.

For further information, please contact: Thomas Pohl, Esq., Office of General Services, Legal Services, 41st Fl., Coming Tower, Empire State Plaza, Albany, NY 12242, (518) 474-8831, (518) 473-4973 fax

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional, non-institutional and long-term care services to comply with enacted statutory provisions. The following changes are proposed:

Non-Institutional Services

Effective for days of service on or after April 1, 2020, The Department of Health will eliminate the limitations on amount and duration of partial hospitalization services. The State Plan Amendment is necessary to comply with the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008.

There is no additional estimated annual change to gross Medicaid expenditures as a result of this proposed amendment.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, continues the supplemental upper payment limit payments made to general hospitals, other than major public general hospitals under non-institutional services of $339 million annually.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, continues hospital outpatient payment adjustments that increase the operating cost components of rates of payment for hospital outpatient and emergency departments on and after April 1, 2011, for public general hospitals other than those operated by the State of New York or the State University of New York, which are located in a city with a population of over one million. The amount to be paid will be up to $287 million annually based on criteria and methodology set by the Commissioner of Health, which the Commissioner may periodi-
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0022

This State Plan Amendment proposes to extend supplemental payments made for inpatient hospital services in non-state public hospitals in cities with more than one million persons. These payments reflect adjustments to qualifying hospitals.
Additional Inpatient Governmental Hospital Payments

For the period beginning state fiscal year April 1, [2019] 2020 and ending March 31, [2020] 2021, the State will provide a supplemental payment for all inpatient services provided by eligible government general hospitals located in a city with a population over one million and not operated by the State of New York or the State University of New York. The amount of the supplemental payment will be $362,512,355 and paid semi-annually in September and March. It will be distributed to hospitals proportionately using each hospital’s proportionate share of total Medicaid days reported for the base year two years prior to the rate year. Such payments, aggregated with other medical assistance payments will not exceed 100% of a reasonable estimate of the amount that would be paid for such services under Medicare payment principles for non-state government owned or operated government general hospitals for the respective period.
proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional services related to temporary rate adjustments to long term care providers that are undergoing closure, merger, consolidation, acquisition or restructuring themselves or other health care providers. These payments are authorized by current State statutory and regulatory provisions. The temporary rate adjustments will be reviewed and approved by the CINERGY Collaborative.

The estimated net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2020-2021 is $30 million.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the Department of Health (DOH) will continue the nursing home advanced training program, aimed at teaching staff how to detect early changes in a resident’s physical and mental or functional status that could lead to hospitalization. Clinical findings show early detection of patient decline by front line workers, coupled with clinical care models aimed at fostering consistent and continuous care between care givers and patients/families result in better care outcomes. Similarly, nursing homes with higher staff retention rates correlate with better care outcomes and avoided hospital stays. This training program will be developed in cooperation between Nursing Home providers and union representatives offering training opportunities for staff or other qualifying training programs.

These programs and their curricula will be submitted to DOH for review. In addition to offering a training program, eligible facilities must have direct care staff retention rates above the state median. However, hospital-based nursing homes and free standing nursing homes already receiving VAP payments would not be eligible to participate.

The estimated annual net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2020/2021 is $46 million.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. In addition, approved SPA’s beginning in 2011 are also available for viewing on this website.

Copies of the proposed State Plan Amendments will be on file in each local (county) social services district and available for public review.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

New York City
250 Church Street
New York, New York 10018

Queens County, Queens Center
3220 Northern Boulevard
Long Island City, New York 11101

Kings County, Fulton Center
114 Willoughby Street
Brooklyn, New York 11201

Bronx County, Tremont Center
1916 Monterey Avenue
Bronx, New York 10457

Richmond County, Richmond Center
95 Central Avenue, St. George
Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact: Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0023

This State Plan Amendment proposes to extend supplemental upper payment limit distributions for inpatient hospital services to voluntary sector hospitals excluding government general hospitals, not to exceed in aggregate $339M annually in combination with the outpatient voluntary hospital UPL SPA.
Voluntary Supplemental Inpatient Payments

Effective for the period July 1, 2010 through March 31, 2011, additional inpatient hospital payments are authorized to voluntary sector hospitals, excluding government general hospitals, for inpatient hospital services after all other medical assistance payments, of $235,500,000 for the period July 1, 2010 through March 31, 2011; $314,000,000 for the period April 1, 2011 through March 31, 2012; $281,778,852 for the period April 1, 2012 through March 31, 2013; $298,860,732 for the period April 1, 2013 through March 31, 2014; and $226,443,721 for the period April 1, 2014 through March 31, 2015; and $264,916,150 for the period April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2016; and $271,204,805 for the period of April 1, 2016 through March 31, 2017; and $319,459,509 for the period of April 1, 2017 through March 31, 2018; and $362,865,600 for the period of April 1, 2018 through March 31, 2019; and $182,541,796 for the period of April 1, 2019 through March 31, 2020; and $264,916,150 for the period of April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021 subject to the requirements of 42 CFR 447.272 (upper payment limit). Such payments are paid monthly to eligible voluntary sector owned or operated general hospitals, excluding government general hospitals.

Eligibility to receive such additional payments, and the allocation amount paid to each hospital, will be based on data from the period two years prior to the rate year, as reported on the Institutional Cost Report (ICR) submitted to the Department as of October 1 of the prior rate year.

(a) Thirty percent of such payments will be allocated to safety net hospitals based on each eligible hospital's proportionate share of all eligible safety net hospitals' Medicaid discharges for inpatient hospital services, including both Medicaid fee-for-service and managed care discharges for acute and exempt services;

(i) Safety net hospitals are defined as non-government owned or operated hospitals which provide emergency room services having either: a Medicaid share of total inpatient hospital discharges of at least 35%, including both fee-for-service and managed care discharges for acute and exempt services; or a Medicaid share of total discharges of at least 30%, including both fee-for-service and managed care discharges for acute and exempt services, and also providing obstetrical services.

(b) Seventy percent of such payments will be allocated to eligible general hospitals, which provide emergency room services, based on each such hospital's proportionate share of all eligible hospitals' Medicaid discharges for inpatient hospital services, including both Medicaid fee-for-service and managed care discharges for acute and exempt services;

(c) No payment will be made to a hospital described in (i) and (ii). Payment amounts will be reduced as necessary not to exceed the limitations described in (iii).

(i) did not receive an Indigent Care Pool (ICP) payment;
(ii) the hospital's facility specific projected disproportionate share hospital payment ceiling is zero; or,
(iii) the annual payments amount to eligible hospitals exceeds the Medicaid customary charge limit at 42 CFR 447.271.

(d) Any amounts calculated under paragraphs (a) and (b) but not paid to a hospital because of the requirements in paragraph (c) will be allocated proportionately to those eligible general hospitals that provide emergency room services and which would not be precluded by paragraph (c) from receiving such additional allocations.
cally set through a memorandum of understanding with the New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation. Such adjustments shall be paid by means of one or more estimated payments. Payments may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, continues upon the election of the social services district in which an eligible diagnostic and treatment center (DTC) is physically located, up to $12.6 million in additional annual Medicaid payments may be paid to public DTCs operated by the New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation. Such payments will be based on each DTC’s proportionate share of the sum of all clinic visits for all facilities eligible for an adjustment for the base year two years prior to the rate year. The proportionate share payments may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments to eligible DTCs.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, continues up to $5.4 million in additional annual Medicaid payments may be paid to county operated free-standing clinics, not including facilities operated by the New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation, for services provided by such DTC and those provided by a county operated freestanding mental health or substance abuse DTC. Distributions shall be based on each eligible facility’s proportionate share of the sum of all DTC and clinic visits for all eligible facilities receiving payments for the base year two years prior to the rate year. The proportionate share payments may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments to eligible facilities.

Institutional Services

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the temporary rate adjustment has been reviewed and approved for the St. Joseph’s Hospital Health Center with aggregate payment amounts totaling up to $4,000,000 for the period April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, continues the supplemental upper payment limit payments made to general hospitals, other than major public general hospitals under institutional services of $339 million annually.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, continues adjustments for hospital inpatient services provided on and after April 1, 2012, to public general hospitals, other than those operated by the State of New York or the State University of New York, located in a city with a population of over one million and receiving reimbursement of up to $1.08 billion annually based on criteria and methodology set by the Commissioner of Health, which the Commissioner may periodically set through a memorandum of understanding with the New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation. Such adjustments shall be paid by means of one or more estimated payments. Payments to eligible public general hospitals may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, supplemental payments will be made to State government-owned hospitals. These payments will not exceed the upper payment limit for inpatient services provided by state government-owned hospitals when aggregated with other Medicaid payments.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the temporary rate adjustment has been reviewed and approved for Long Island Jewish Medical Center with aggregate payment amounts totaling up to $1,000,000 for the period April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021.

Long Term Care Services

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, continues additional payments to non-state government operated public residential health care facilities, including public residential health care facilities located in Nassau, Westchester, and Erie Counties, but excluding public residential health care facilities operated by a town or city within a county, in aggregate amounts of up to $500 million. The amount allocated to each eligible public RHCF will be in accordance with the previously approved methodology, provided, however that patient days shall be utilized for such computation reflecting actual reported data for 2018 and each representative succeeding year as applicable. Payments to eligible RHCF’s may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional services related to temporary rate adjustments to long term care providers that are undergoing closure, merger, consolidation, acquisition or restructuring themselves or other health care providers. These payments are authorized by current State statutory and regulatory provisions. The temporary rate adjustments will be reviewed and approved by the CINERGY Collaborative.

The estimated net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2020-2021 is $30 million.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the Department of Health (DOH) will continue the nursing home advanced training program, aimed at teaching staff how to detect early changes in a resident’s physical and mental or functional status that could lead to hospitalization. Clinical findings show early detection of patient decline by front line workers, coupled with clinical care models aimed at fostering consistent and continuous care between care givers and patients/families result in better care outcomes. Similarly, nursing homes with higher staff retention rates correlate with better care outcomes and avoided hospital stays. This training program will be developed in cooperation between Nursing Home providers and union representatives offering training opportunities for staff or other qualifying training programs.

These programs and their curricula will be submitted to DOH for review. In addition to offering a training program, eligible facilities must have direct care staff retention rates above the state median. However, hospital-based nursing homes and free standing nursing homes already receiving VAP payments would not be eligible to participate.

The estimated annual net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2020/2021 is $46 million.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. In addition, approved SPA’s beginning in 2011 are also available for viewing on this website.

Copies of the proposed State Plan Amendments will be on file in each local (county) social services district and available for public review.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

- New York County
  250 Church Street
  New York, New York 10018

- Queens County, Queens Center
  3220 Northern Boulevard
  Long Island City, New York 11101

- Kings County, Fulton Center
  114 Willoughby Street
  Brooklyn, New York 11201

- Bronx County, Tremont Center
  1916 Monterey Avenue
  Bronx, New York 10457

- Richmond County, Richmond Center
  95 Central Avenue, St. George
  Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact: Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0024

This State Plan Amendment proposes to extend supplemental payments made for outpatient hospital services to non-state public hospitals in cities with more than one million persons. These payments reflect specialty adjustments to qualifying hospitals.
Hospital Outpatient Supplemental Payment Adjustment – Public General Hospitals

The State will provide a supplemental payment for hospital outpatient and emergency room services provided by eligible public general hospitals. To be eligible, the hospital must (1) be a public general hospital, (2) not be operated by the State of New York or the State University of New York, and (3) be located in a city with a population over one million.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2011 and ending March 31, 2012, the amount of the supplemental payment will be $98,610,666. For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2012 and ending March 31, 2013, the amount of the supplemental payment will be $107,953,672. For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2013 and ending March 31, 2014, the amount of the supplemental payment will be $22,101,480. For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2014 and ending March 31, 2015, the amount of the supplemental payment will be $26,898,232. For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2015 and ending March 31, 2016, the amount of the supplemental payment will be $161,521,405. For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2016 and ending March 31, 2017, the amount of the supplemental payment will be $113,305,328. For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2017 and ending March 31, 2018, the amount of the supplemental payment will be $105,303,666. For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2019 and ending March 31, 2020, the amount of the supplemental payment will be $106,131,529. Medical assistance payments will be made for outpatient services for patients eligible for federal financial participation under Title XIX of the Federal Social Security Act based on each such hospital's proportionate share of the sum of all Medicaid outpatient visits for all facilities eligible for an adjustment for the base year two years prior to the rate year. Such supplemental payments under this section will be made in a single lump-sum payment.
pursuant to section 6056.4(c)(4) or 6056.4(c)(5) of this Title, may apply to the commissioner for leave to substitute satisfactory completion of a course of basic training completed in such other jurisdiction or may apply to the commissioner for leave to substitute satisfactory completion of the pre-employment police basic training program in satisfaction of all or part of the requirements of an approved basic course for peace officers imposed under section 2.30 of the Criminal Procedure Law. The commissioner shall review and evaluate all such applications and may require the applicant to submit such additional documentation as he or she shall deem necessary. If, upon review and evaluation of such application, the commissioner determines that a program of peace officer basic training completed by the applicant in another jurisdiction or the pre-employment police basic training program completed by the application meets or exceeds all or part of the minimum standards prescribed in section 6025.3 of this Part, the commissioner may authorize such training to be substituted for such requirements of the basic course as he or she shall deem appropriate. The commissioner shall certify, in writing, the extent to which all or part of the curriculum of the basic course may be waived and any noted deficiencies must be satisfactorily completed at a basic course approved by the commissioner, within the period of time prescribed in section 6025.7 of this Part. Applicants for equivalency certificat certificates shall be subject to the same limitations and requirements as prescribed in sections 6025.6 and 6025.7 of this Part and section 2.30 of the Criminal Procedure Law.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Division of Criminal Justice Services

I, Andrew M. Cuomo, Governor of the State of New York, do hereby adopt and promulgate the following regulations that have been recommended by the Municipal Police Training Council pursuant to the provisions of section eight hundred forty of the Executive Law. This action is taken pursuant to the authority vested in me by such law, and, as such, it is exempted from the rule making provisions of the State Administrative Procedure Act.

NOW, THEREFORE, be it known that the amendment to section 6035.1 of Title 9 of the New York State Offcial Compilation of Codes, Rules and Regulations is hereby adopted and promulgated, and shall be effective upon publication in the State Register.

Subdivision (a) of section 6035.1 of Title 9 NYCRR is amended to read as follows:

(a) The term law enforcement agency shall mean any law enforcement agency or department of any municipality, any police district, or any agency, department, commission, authority or public benefit corporation of the state of New York employing a police officer or police officers as that term is defined in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (j), (k), (l), (o), (p) [and] (s), and (u) of subdivision thirty-four of section 1.20 of the Criminal Procedure Law. For the purposes of this definition, the term shall not include any entity that employs police officers in a capacity which may require the use of their law enforcement authority but is supplementary to the primary official responsibilities for which they have been hired.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Office of General Services

Pursuant to Section 33 of the Public Lands Law, the Office of General Services hereby gives notice to the following:

Notice is hereby given that the New York State Department of Transportation has determined that:

Address: 3628 NYS Route 281, Town of Cortlandville, Cortland County, N.Y. 13045 DOT Map 118-D, Parcel 119

a.23 acre lot, is surplus and no longer useful or necessary for state program purposes and has abandoned the property to the Commissioner of General Services for sale or other disposition as Unappropriated State land.

For further information, please contact: Thomas Pohl, Esq., Office of General Services, Legal Services, 41st Fl., Coming Tower, Empire State Plaza, Albany, NY 12242, (518) 474-8831, (518) 473-4973 fax

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional, non-institutional and long-term care services to comply with enacted statutory provisions. The following changes are proposed:

Non-Institutional Services

Effective for days of service on or after April 1, 2020, The Department of Health will eliminate the limitations on amount and duration of partial hospitalization services. The State Plan Amendment is necessary to comply with the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008.

There is no additional estimated annual change to gross Medicaid expenditures as a result of this proposed amendment.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, continues the supplemental upper payment limit payments made to general hospitals, other than major public general hospitals under non-institutional services of $339 million annually.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, continues hospital outpatient payment adjustments that increase the operating cost components of rates of payment for hospital outpatient and emergency departments on and after April 1, 2011, for public general hospitals other than those operated by the State of New York or the State University of New York, which are located in a city with a population of over one million. The amount to be paid will be up to $287 million annually based on criteria and methodology set by the Commissioner of Health, which the Commissioner may periodi-
Proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional services related to temporary rate adjustments to long term care providers that are undergoing closure, merger, consolidation, acquisition or restructuring themselves or other health care providers. These payments are authorized by current State statutory and regulatory provisions. The temporary rate adjustments will be reviewed and approved by the CINERGY Collaborative.

The estimated net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2020-2021 is $30 million.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the Department of Health (DOH) will continue the nursing home advanced training program, aimed at teaching staff how to detect early changes in a resident’s physical and mental or functional status that could lead to hospitalization. Clinical findings show early detection of patient decline by front line workers, coupled with clinical care models aimed at fostering consistent and continuous care between care givers and patients/families result in better care outcomes. Similarly, nursing homes with higher staff retention rates correlate with better care outcomes and avoided hospital stays. This training program will be developed in cooperation between Nursing Home providers and union representatives offering training opportunities for staff or other qualifying training programs.

These programs and their curricula will be submitted to DOH for review. In addition to offering a training program, eligible facilities must have direct care staff retention rates above the state median. However, hospital-based nursing homes and free standing nursing homes already receiving VAP payments would not be eligible to participate.

The estimated annual net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2020/2021 is $46 million.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

- New York County
  250 Church Street
  New York, New York 10018

- Queens County, Queens Center
  3220 Northern Boulevard
  Long Island City, New York 11101

- Kings County, Fulton Center
  114 Willoughby Street
  Brooklyn, New York 11201

- Bronx County, Tremont Center
  1916 Monterey Avenue
  Bronx, New York 10457

- Richmond County, Richmond Center
  95 Central Avenue, St. George
  Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact: Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov
This State Plan Amendment proposes to extend supplemental upper payment limit distributions for outpatient hospital services to voluntary sector hospitals, excluding government general hospitals, not to exceed in aggregate $339 million annually in combination with the inpatient voluntary hospital Upper Payment Limit SPA.
Hospital Outpatient Supplemental Payments - Non-government Owned or Operated General Hospitals


To receive payment under this provision, a general hospital, as defined in Attachment 4.19-A of the state plan, must meet all of the following:

(i) must be non-government owned or operated;
(ii) must operate an emergency room; and
(iii) must have received an Indigent Care Pool payment for the [2019] 2020 rate year; and/or must have a facility specific projected disproportionate share hospital payment ceiling for the [2019] 2020 rate year that is greater than zero.

The amount paid to each eligible hospital will be determined based on an allocation methodology utilizing data reported in eligible hospitals' most recent Institutional Cost Report submitted to the New York State Department of Health as of October 1, [2018] 2019:

(a) Thirty percent of the payments under this provision will be allocated to eligible general hospitals classified as a safety net hospital, based on each hospital's proportionate share of all safety net hospitals' Medicaid discharges for inpatient hospital services, including both Medicaid fee-for-service and managed care discharges for acute and exempt services.

For this purpose, a safety net hospital is defined as an eligible general hospital having either: a Medicaid share of total inpatient hospital discharges of at least 35%, including both fee-for-service and managed care discharges for acute and exempt services; or a Medicaid share of total discharges of at least 30%, including both fee-for-service and managed care discharges for acute and exempt services, and also providing obstetrical services.

(b) Seventy percent of the payments under this provision will be allocated to eligible general hospitals based on each hospital's proportionate share of all eligible hospitals' Medicaid discharges for inpatient hospital services, including both Medicaid fee-for-service and managed care discharges for acute and exempt services.

[Eligible Hospitals will receive payment under (a) and/or (b), as eligible, with each hospital's payment made in a lump sum distribution that is proportionately allocable across the hospital's share of the $327,847,406 in outpatient services reimbursed all eligible hospitals in the 2019 calendar year.]
pursuant to section 6056.4(c)(4) or 6056.4(c)(5) of this Title, may apply to the commissioner for leave to substitute satisfactory completion of a course of basic training completed in such other jurisdiction or may apply to the commissioner for leave to substitute satisfactory completion of the pre-employment police basic training program in satisfaction of all or part of the requirements of an approved basic course for peace officers imposed under section 2.30 of the Criminal Procedure Law. The commissioner shall review and evaluate all such applications and may require the applicant to submit such additional documentation as he or she shall deem necessary. If, upon review and evaluation of such application, the commissioner determines that a program of peace officer basic training completed by the applicant in another jurisdiction or the pre-employment police basic training program completed by the application meets or exceeds all or part of the minimum standards prescribed in section 6025.3 of this Part, the commissioner may authorize such training to be substituted for such requirements of the basic course as he or she shall deem appropriate. The commissioner shall certify, in writing, the extent to which all or part of the curriculum of the basic course may be waived and any noted deficiencies must be satisfactorily completed at a basic course approved by the commissioner, within the period of time prescribed in section 6025.7 of this Part. Applicants for equivalency certificats shall be subject to the same limitations and requirements as prescribed in sections 6025.6 and 6025.7 of this Part and section 2.30 of the Criminal Procedure Law.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Division of Criminal Justice Services

I, Andrew M. Cuomo, Governor of the State of New York, do hereby adopt and promulgate the following regulations that have been recommended by the Municipal Police Training Council pursuant to the provisions of section eight hundred forty of the Executive Law. This action is taken pursuant to the authority vested in me by section eight hundred forty-two of such law and, as such, it is exempted from the rule making provisions of the State Administrative Procedure Act.

NOW, THEREFORE, be it known that the amendments to Part 6024 of Title 9 of the New York State Official Compilation of Codes, Rules and Regulations are hereby adopted and promulgated and shall be effective upon publication in the State Register.

Subdivision (a) of section 6035.1 of Title 9 NYCRR is amended to read as follows:

(a) The term law enforcement agency shall mean any law enforcement agency or department of any municipality, any police district, or any agency, department, commission, authority or public benefit corporation of the state of New York employing a police officer or police officers as that term is defined in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (k), (l), (o), (p) and section three-fourth of section 1.20 of the Criminal Procedure Law. For the purposes of this definition, the term shall not include any entity that employs police officers in a capacity which may require the use of their law enforcement authority but is supplementary to the primary off cial responsibilities for which they have been hired.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Office of General Services

Pursuant to Section 33 of the Public Lands Law, the Office of General Services hereby gives notice to the following:

Notice is hereby given that the New York State Department of Transportation has determined that:

Address: 3628 NYS Route 281, Town of Cortlandville, Cortland County, N:V 13045 DOT Map 118-D, Parcel 119

a.23 acre lot, is surplus and no longer useful or necessary for state program purposes and has abandoned the property to the Commissioner of General Services for sale or other disposition as Unappropriated State land.

For further information, please contact: Thomas Pohl, Esq., Office of General Services, Legal Services, 41st Fl., Coming Tower, Empire State Plaza, Albany, NY 12242, (518) 474-8831, (518) 473-4973 fax

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional, non-institutional and long-term care services to comply with enacted statutory provisions. The following changes are proposed:

Non-Institutional Services

Effective for days of service on or after April 1, 2020, The Department of Health will eliminate the limitations on amount and duration of partial hospitalization services. The State Plan Amendment is necessary to comply with the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008.

There is no additional estimated annual change to gross Medicaid expenditures as a result of this proposed amendment.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, continues the supplemental upper payment limit payments made to general hospitals, other than major public general hospitals under non-institutional services of $339 million annually.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020, the Department of Health estimates that it will continue to have no change in the national average rate payments made to general hospitals, other than major public general hospitals under non-institutional services of $339 million annually.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020, March 31, 2021, continues hospital outpatient payment adjustments that increase the operating cost components of rates of payment for hospital outpatient and emergency departments on and after April 1, 2011, for public general hospitals other than those operated by the State of New York or the State University of New York, which are located in a city with a population of over one million. The amount to be paid will be up to $287 million annually based on criteria and methodology set by the Commissioner of Health, which the Commissioner may periodi-
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0026

This State Plan Amendment proposes to authorize adjustments that increase the operating cost components of rates of payment for the diagnostic and treatment centers (DTC) of the New York City Health and Hospital Corporation and county operated freestanding clinics licensed under Article 31 and 32 of the NYS Mental Hygiene Law, for the period April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021.
New York
2(v)

Upper Payment Limit (UPL) Payments for Diagnostic and Treatment Centers (DTCs)

1. New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation (HHC) operated DTCs

Effective for the period April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, the Department of Health will increase medical assistance rates of payment for diagnostic and treatment center (DTC) services provided by public DTCs operated by the New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation (HHC), at the annual election of the social services district in which an eligible DTC is physically located. The amount to be paid will be $12.6 million on an annualized basis.

Medical assistance payments will be made for patients eligible for federal financial participation under Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act based on each diagnostic and treatment center's proportionate share of the sum of all clinic visits for all facilities eligible for an adjustment for the base year two years prior to the rate year. Such proportionate share payments may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments to each eligible HHC diagnostic and treatment center.

2. County Operated DTCs and mental hygiene clinics

Effective for the period April 1, 2019 through March 31, 2020, the Department of Health will increase the medical assistance rates of payment for county operated DTCs and mental hygiene clinics, excluding those facilities operated by the New York City HHC. Local social services districts may, on an annual basis, decline such increased payments within thirty days following receipt of notification. The amount to be paid will be $5.4 million on an annualized basis.

Medical assistance payments will be made for patients eligible for federal financial participation under Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act based on each diagnostic and treatment center's proportionate share of the sum of all clinic visits for all facilities eligible for an adjustment for the base year two years prior to the rate year. Such proportionate share payments may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments to each eligible county operated diagnostic and treatment center and mental hygiene clinic.

TN #20-0026 Approval Date
Supersedes TN #19-0022 Effective Date April 1, 2020
For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, continues the supplemental upper payment limit adjustment for inpatient services provided by state government-owned hospitals when aggregated with other Medicaid payments. These payments will not exceed the upper payment limit for inpatient services provided by state government-owned hospitals when aggregated with other Medicaid payments.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the Department of Health (DOH) proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional services related to temporary rate adjustments to long term care providers that are undergoing closure, merger, consolidation, acquisition or restructuring themselves or other health care providers. These payments are authorized by current State statutory and regulatory provisions. The temporary rate adjustments will be reviewed and approved by the CINERGY Collaborative.

The estimated net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2020-2021 is $30 million.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the Department of Health (DOH) will continue the nursing home advanced training program, aimed at teaching staff how to detect early changes in a resident’s physical and mental or functional status that could lead to hospitalization. Clinical findings show early detection of patient decline by front line workers, coupled with clinical care models aimed at fostering consistent and continuous care between care givers and patients/families result in better care outcomes. Similarly, nursing homes with higher staff retention rates correlate with better care outcomes and avoided hospital stays. This training program will be developed in cooperation between Nursing Home providers and union representatives offering training opportunities for staff or other qualifying training programs.

These programs and their curricula will be submitted to DOH for review. In addition to offering a training program, eligible facilities must have direct care staff retention rates above the state median. However, hospital-based nursing homes and free standing nursing homes already receiving VAP payments would not be eligible to participate.

The estimated annual net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2020/2021 is $46 million.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, the temporary rate adjustment has been reviewed and approved for the St. Joseph’s Hospital Health Center with aggregate payment amounts totaling up to $4,000,000 for the period April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the temporary rate adjustment has been reviewed and approved for Long Island Jewish Medical Center with aggregate payment amounts totaling up to $1,000,000 for the period April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021.

The estimated annual net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2020/2021 is $46 million.

The estimated net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2020-2021 is $30 million.
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0027

This State Plan Amendment proposes to revise the State Plan to provide additional payments to non-state government public residential health care facilities in aggregate amounts of up to $500 million.
New York
47(x)(2)(b)

For the period April 1, 1997 through March 31, 1999, proportionate share payments in an annual aggregate amount of $631.1 million will be made under the medical assistance program to non-state public operated residential health care facilities, excluding public residential health care facilities operated by a town or city within a county. For the period April 1, 1999 through March 31, 2000, proportionate share payments in an annual aggregate amount of $982 million will be made under the medical assistance program to non-state operated public residential health care facilities, excluding public residential health care facilities operated by a town or city within a county. For annual state fiscal year periods commencing April 1, 2000 and ending March 31, 2005, and April 1, 2005, through March 31, 2009, proportionate share payments in an annual aggregate amount of up to $991.5 million and $150.0 million, respectively, for state fiscal year April 1, 2009 through March 31, 2010, $167 million, and for state fiscal years commencing April 1, 2010 through March 31, 2011, $189 million in an annual aggregate amount, and for the period April 1, 2011 through March 31, 2012 an aggregate amount of $172.5 million and for state fiscal years commencing April 1, 2012 through March 31, 2013, an aggregate amount of $293,147,494, and for the period April 1, 2013 through March 31, 2014, $246,522,355, and for the period April 1, 2014 through March 31, 2015, $305,254,832, and for the period April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2016, $255,208,911, for the period April 1, 2016 through March 31, 2017, $198,758,133 in an annual aggregate amount, and for the period April 1, 2017 through March 31, 2018, the aggregate amount of $167,600,071, will be paid semi-annually in September and March, and for the period April 1, 2018 through March 31, 2019, the aggregate amount of $225,104,113, will be paid semi-annually in September and March, and for the period April 1, 2019 through March 31, 2020, the aggregate amount of $196,055,358 will be paid semi-annually in September and March, and for the period April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, the aggregate amount of $500,000,000 will be paid semi-annually in September and March, which will be made under the medical assistance program to non-state operated public residential health care facilities, including public residential health care facilities located in the counties of Erie, Nassau and Westchester, but excluding public residential health care facilities operated by a town or city within a county.

The amount allocated to each eligible public residential health care facility for the period April 1, 1997 through March 31, 1998 will be calculated as the result of $631.1 million multiplied by the ratio of their 1995 Medicaid days relative to the sum of 1995 Medicaid days for all eligible public residential health care facilities. The amount allocated to each eligible public residential health care facility for the period April 1, 1998 through March 31, 1999 will be calculated as the result of $631.1 million multiplied by the ratio of their 1996 Medicaid days relative to the sum of 1996 Medicaid days for all eligible public residential health care facilities. The amount allocated to each public residential health care facility for the period April 1, 1999 through March 31, 2000 will be calculated as the result of $982 million multiplied by the ratio of their 1997 Medicaid days relative to the sum of 1997 Medicaid days for all eligible public residential health care facilities. The amount allocated to each public residential health care facility for annual state fiscal year periods commencing April 1, 2000 and ending March 31, 2005, and for annual state fiscal year periods commencing April 1, 2005 through March 31, 2011; April 1, 2011 through March 31, 2012; April 1, 2012 through March 31, 2013; April 1, 2013 through March 31, 2014; and April 1, 2014 through March 31, 2015; April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2016; April 1, 2016 through March 31, 2017; April 1, 2017 through March 31, 2018; and April 1, 2018 through March 31, 2019; and April 1, 2019 through March 31, 2020; and April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021 will be calculated as the result of the respective annual aggregate amount multiplied by the ratio of their Medicaid days relative to the sum of Medicaid days for all eligible public residential health care facilities for the calendar year period two years prior provided, however, that an additional amount of $26,531,995 for the April 1, 2013 through March 2014 period will be distributed to those public residential health care facilities in the list which follows.

TN #20-0027
Supersedes TN #19-0025MA
Approval Date ________________
Effective Date __April 1, 2020__
proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional services related to temporary rate adjustments to long term care providers that are undergoing closure, merger, consolidation, acquisition or restructuring themselves or other health care providers. These payments are authorized by current State statutory and regulatory provisions. The temporary rate adjustments will be reviewed and approved by the CINERGY Collaborative.

The estimated net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2020-2021 is $30 million.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the Department of Health (DOH) will continue the nursing home advanced training program, aimed at teaching staff how to detect early changes in a resident’s physical and mental or functional status that could lead to hospitalization. Clinical findings show early detection of patient decline by front line workers, coupled with clinical care models aimed at fostering consistent and continuous care between care givers and patients/families result in better care outcomes. Similarly, nursing homes with higher staff retention rates correlate with better care outcomes and avoided hospital stays. This training program will be developed in cooperation between Nursing Home providers and union representatives offering training opportunities for staff or other qualifying training programs.

These programs and their curricula will be submitted to DOH for review. In addition to offering a training program, eligible facilities must have direct care staff retention rates above the state median. However, hospital-based nursing homes and free standing nursing homes already receiving VAP payments would not be eligible to participate.

The estimated annual net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2020/2021 is $46 million.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/ regulations/state_plans/status. In addition, approved SPA’s beginning in 2011 are also available for viewing on this website.

Copies of the proposed State Plan Amendments will be on file in each local (county) social services district and available for public review.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

New York County
250 Church Street
New York, New York 10018

Queens County, Queens Center
3220 Northern Boulevard
Long Island City, New York 11101

Kings County, Fulton Center
114 Willoughby Street
Brooklyn, New York 11201

Bronx County, Tremont Center
1916 Monroe Avenue
Bronx, New York 10457

Richmond County, Richmond Center
95 Central Avenue, St. George
Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact: Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0028

This State Plan Amendment proposes to revise the State Plan to assist safety net hospitals by providing a temporary rate adjustment under the closure, merger, consolidation, acquisition, or restructuring of a health care provider.
### Hospitals (Continued):

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<th>Provider Name</th>
<th>Gross Medicaid Rate Adjustment</th>
<th>Rate Period Effective</th>
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<td>St. Barnabas Hospital</td>
<td>$ 2,588,278</td>
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pursuant to section 6056.4(c)(4) or 6056.4(c)(5) of this Title, may apply to the commissioner for leave to substitute satisfactory completion of a course of basic training completed in such other jurisdiction or may apply to the commissioner for leave to substitute satisfactory completion of the pre-employment police basic training program in satisfaction of all or part of the requirements of an approved basic course for peace officers imposed under section 2.30 of the Criminal Procedure Law. The commissioner shall review and evaluate all such applications and may require the applicant to submit such additional documentation as he or she shall deem necessary. If, upon review and evaluation of such application, the commissioner determines that a program of peace officer basic training completed by the applicant in another jurisdiction or the pre-employment police basic training program completed by the application meets or exceeds all or part of the minimum standards prescribed in section 6025.3 of this Part, the commissioner may authorize such training to be substituted for such requirements of the basic course as he or she shall deem appropriate. The commissioner shall certify, in writing, the extent to which all or part of the curriculum of the basic course may be waived and any noted deficiencies must be satisfactorily completed at a basic course approved by the commissioner, within the period of time prescribed in section 6025.7 of this Part. Applicants for equivalency certicate shall be subject to the same limitations and requirements as prescribed in sections 6025.6 and 6025.7 of this Part and section 2.30 of the Criminal Procedure Law.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Division of Criminal Justice Services

I, Andrew M. Cuomo, Governor of the State of New York, do hereby adopt and promulgate the following regulations that have been recommended by the Municipal Police Training Council pursuant to the provisions of section eight hundred forty of the Executive Law. This action is taken pursuant to the authority vested in me by section eight hundred forty-two of such law and, as such, it is exempted from the rule making provisions of the State Administrative Procedure Act.

NOW, THEREFORE, be it known that the amendments to Part 6024 of Title 9 of the New York State Official Compilation of Codes, Rules and Regulations are hereby adopted and promulgated, and shall be effective upon publication in the State Register.

Subdivision (a) of section 6035.1 of Title 9 NYCRR is amended to read as follows:

(a) The term law enforcement agency shall mean any law enforcement agency or department of any municipality, any police district, or any agency, department, commission, authority or public benevolent corporation of the state of New York employing a police officer or police officers as that term is defined in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), (j), (k), (l), (o), (p) [and] (s), and (u) of subdivision thirty-four of section 1.20 of the Criminal Procedure Law. For the purposes of this definition, the term shall not include any entity that employs police officers in a capacity which may require the use of their law enforcement authority but is supplementary to the primary offciale responsibilties for which they have been hired.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Office of General Services

Pursuant to Section 33 of the Public Lands Law, the Office of General Services hereby gives notice to the following:

Notice is hereby given that the New York State Department of Transportation has determined that:

Address: 3628 NYS Route 281, Town of Cortlandville, Cortland County, N.Y. 13045 DOT Map 118-D, Parcel 119

a.23 acre lot, is surplus and no longer useful or necessary for state program purposes and has abandoned the property to the Commissioner of General Services for sale or other disposition as Unappropriated State land.

For further information, please contact: Thomas Pohl, Esq., Office of General Services, Legal Services, 41st Fl., Coming Tower, Empire State Plaza, Albany, NY 12242, (518) 474-8831, (518) 473-4973 fax

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional, non-institutional and long-term care services to comply with enacted statutory provisions. The following changes are proposed:

Non-Institutional Services

Effective for days of service on or after April 1, 2020, The Department of Health will eliminate the limitations on amount and duration of partial hospitalization services. The State Plan Amendment is necessary to comply with the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008.

There is no additional estimated annual change to gross Medicaid expenditures as a result of this proposed amendment.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, continues the supplemental upper payment limit payments made to general hospitals, other than major public general hospitals under non-institutional services of $339 million annually.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, continues hospital outpatient payment adjustments that increase the operating cost components of rates of payment for hospital outpatient and emergency departments on and after April 1, 2011, for public general hospitals other than those operated by the State of New York or the State University of New York, which are located in a city with a population of over one million. The amount to be paid will be up to $287 million annually based on criteria and methodology set by the Commissioner of Health, which the Commissioner may periodi-
proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional services related to temporary rate adjustments to long term care providers that are undergoing closure, merger, consolidation, acquisition or restructuring themselves or other health care providers. These payments are authorized by current State statutory and regulatory provisions. The temporary rate adjustments will be reviewed and approved by the CINERGY Collaborative.

The estimated net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2020-2021 is $30 million.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the Department of Health (DOH) will continue the nursing home advanced training program, aimed at teaching staff how to detect early changes in a resident’s physical and mental or functional status that could lead to hospitalization. Clinical findings show early detection of patient decline by front line workers, coupled with clinical care models aimed at fostering consistent and continuous care between care givers and patients/families result in better care outcomes. Similarly, nursing homes with higher staff retention rates correlate with better care outcomes and avoided hospital stays. This training program will be developed in cooperation between Nursing Home providers and union representatives offering training opportunities for staff or other qualifying training programs.

These programs and their curricula will be submitted to DOH for review. In addition to offering a training program, eligible facilities must have direct care staff retention rates above the state median. However, hospital-based nursing homes and free standing nursing homes already receiving VAP payments would not be eligible to participate.

The estimated annual net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2020/2021 is $46 million.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. In addition, approved SPA’s beginning in 2011 are also available for viewing on this website.

Copies of the proposed State Plan Amendments will be on file in each local (county) social services district and available for public review.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

- New York County
  250 Church Street
  New York, New York 10018

- Queens County, Queens Center
  3220 Northern Boulevard
  Long Island City, New York 11101

- Kings County, Fulton Center
  114 Willoughby Street
  Brooklyn, New York 11201

- Bronx County, Tremont Center
  1916 Monterey Avenue
  Bronx, New York 10457

- Richmond County, Richmond Center
  95 Central Avenue, St. George
  Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact: Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0029

This State Plan Amendment proposes to provide temporary rate adjustments to long term care providers that are undergoing closure, merger, consolidation, acquisition or restructuring themselves or other health care providers. These payments are authorized by current State statutory and regulatory provisions. The temporary rate adjustments will be reviewed and approved by the CINERGY Collaborative.
### Nursing Homes (Continued):

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* Denotes provider is part of CINERGY Collaborative.
### Nursing Homes (Continued):

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Nursing Homes (Continued):

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Nursing Homes (Continued):

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<th>Provider Name</th>
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*Denotes provider is part of CINERGY Collaborative.
### New York 47(aa)(6.2) Nursing Homes (Continued):

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<th>Provider Name</th>
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**Nursing Homes (Continued):**

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*Denotes provider is part of CINERGY Collaborative.
### Nursing Homes (Continued):

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**TN _____ #20-0029__________**  **Approval Date ________________**

**Supersedes TN ____ #NEW__________**  **Effective Date _April 1, 2020__________**
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### Nursing Homes (Continued):

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### TN #20-0029

Supersedes TN #New

Approval Date

Effective Date April 1, 2020
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Reserved
proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional services related to temporary rate adjustments to long term care providers that are undergoing closure, merger, consolidation, acquisition or restructuring themselves or other health care providers. These payments are authorized by current State statutory and regulatory provisions. The temporary rate adjustments will be reviewed and approved by the CINERGY Collaborative.

The estimated net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2020-2021 is $30 million.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the Department of Health (DOH) will continue the nursing home advanced training program, aimed at teaching staff how to detect early changes in a resident’s physical and mental or functional status that could lead to hospitalization. Clinical findings show early detection of patient decline by front line workers, coupled with clinical care models aimed at fostering consistent and continuous care between care givers and patients/families result in better care outcomes. Similarly, nursing homes with higher staff retention rates correlate with better care outcomes and avoided hospital stays. This training program will be developed in cooperation between Nursing Home providers and union representatives offering training opportunities for staff or other qualifying training programs.

These programs and their curricula will be submitted to DOH for review. In addition to offering a training program, eligible facilities must have direct care staff retention rates above the state median. However, hospital-based nursing homes and free standing nursing homes already receiving VAP payments would not be eligible to participate.

The estimated annual net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2020-2021 is $46 million.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. In addition, approved SPA’s beginning in 2011 are also available for viewing on this website.

Copies of the proposed State Plan Amendments will be on file in each local (county) social services district and available for public review.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

New York County
250 Church Street
New York, New York 10018

Queens County, Queens Center
3220 Northern Boulevard
Long Island City, New York 11101

Kings County, Fulton Center
114 Willoughby Street
Brooklyn, New York 11201

Bronx County, Tremont Center
1916 Monterey Avenue
Bronx, New York 10457

Richmond County, Richmond Center
95 Central Avenue, St. George
Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact: Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0030

This state plan amendment proposes to continue the Advanced Training Program (ATI), first introduced in State fiscal year 2015/2016. ATI is a training program aimed at teaching staff to detect early changes in a resident’s physical, mental, or functional status that could lead to hospitalization. Clinical findings show early detection of patient decline by front line workers, coupled with clinical care models aimed at fostering consistent and continuous care between care givers and patients results in better care outcomes.

Training programs and their curricula from the previous ATI program may be used by facilities, new training programs must be submitted for Department review before implementation. In addition to offering a training program, eligible facilities must also have direct care staff retention above the statewide median. Hospital-based facilities and those receiving VAP funds will not be eligible to participate.

The estimated net aggregate cost contained in the budget for the continuation of the ATI program for State fiscal year 2020/2021 is $46 million.
New York
110(d)(29)

Nursing Home Advanced Training Incentive Payments

Advanced Training Incentive Payments to Eligible Facilities. Effective June 1, 2015, the state will annually distribute $46 million to eligible nursing facilities in State Fiscal Years 2016, [and in] 2017, 2020 and thereafter. The purpose of these incentive payments is to reduce avoidable hospital admissions for nursing home residents. New York will incentivize and encourage facilities to develop training programs aimed at early detection of patient decline. Such programs will allow frontline caregivers to provide staff with the training/tools needed to identify resident characteristics that may signify clinical complications. A comprehensive training program will lead to consistent staff assignment to ensure that families and residents can rely on highly trained caregivers to provide effective, high quality, individualized care.

Patient decline detection programs will assist caregivers with identifying residents who are exhibiting warning signs for worsening clinical conditions and allow for rapid intervention to avoid the decline and possible hospitalization. The goal of such training programs will be to reign in the high costs of avoidable hospitalizations, improving the quality of life for New York’s nursing home residents. This initiative will reward eligible nursing home providers who are those that have shown a commitment to giving direct care staff the tools to help lower resident hospitalization rates.

The annual amount will be distributed proportionally to each eligible facility based on its relative share of Medicaid bed days to total Medicaid bed days of all such eligible facilities. Incentive payments will be paid in two lump sum adjustments to supplement nursing facility rates. 75% will be paid in the October - December quarter and the 25% will be paid in the January - March quarter.

To be eligible for this incentive payment, in each state fiscal year a facility must:

1) Provide a training program to direct care staff that has been reviewed and approved by the Department to assist direct care staff identify changes in a resident's physical, mental, or functional status that could lead to hospitalization. The training program will be subject to Department of Health oversight; and

2) Have a direct care staff retention rate above the statewide median; and

3) Not be excluded from participating in this program.
Nursing Home Advanced Training Incentive Payments (cont’d)

Excluded Facilities are:

- Hospital based nursing facilities; and
- Nursing Facilities that have been approved to receive Vital Access Provider (VAP) payments during the same state fiscal year the incentive payment is available.

Calculation Statewide Median and Staff Retention Percentage: Data from Schedule P (Staff Turnover) of the most recently filed Cost Report will be used to measure staff turnover and retention rates for direct care staff. For the [2016] current payment, the State will use the [2014] latest available cost report. For example, for the 2017 payment, the state will use the 2015 cost report. The staff retention percentage will be equal to the number of employees retained as of December 31, who were employed on January 1 of the same year by the number of staff as of January 1 of that year.

\[
\frac{\text{(# of Employees Retained as of December 31, 20XX, who were Employed on January 1, 20XX)}}{\text{(Number of Staff as of January 1, 20XX)}} = \text{Staff Retention %}
\]

XX = [2014 or 2015] latest available cost report as applicable.

A statewide staff retention median was derived by sorting the provider percentages from high to low and selecting the percentage in the middle of the range.

Restorative (Intensive) Care in a Nursing Home

Effective December 1, 2016 NYSDOH will implement a Restorative Care Unit Program to reduce hospital admissions and readmissions from residential health care facilities through the establishment of restorative care units. These restorative care units will provide higher-intensity treatment services to residents who are at risk of hospitalization upon an acute change in condition and seeks to improve the capacity of nursing facilities to identify and treat higher acuity patients with multiple co-morbidities as effectively as possible in place, rather than through admission to an acute care facility. Eligible facilities are required to institute new programs through which residents normally transported to hospital will be cared for in the nursing facility through the use of more intensive nursing home units.

The targeted population receiving restorative care unit services are participating in the restorative care program, post hospital admission and have an overall goal of discharging to the community.

Rate payments will be provided, semi-annually, to eligible residential health care facilities which meet the criteria of providing intensive treatments to nursing home residents in the facility and thereby avoid hospitalization. The rate adjustment is intended to:

TN #20-0030 Approval Date
Supersedes TN #16-0051 Effective Date April 1, 2020
Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the temporary rate adjustment has been reviewed and approved for the St. Joseph's Hospital Health Center with aggregate payment amounts totaling up to $4,000,000 for the period April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the temporary rate adjustment has been reviewed and approved for the Kings County, Brooklyn with aggregate payment amounts totaling up to $4,000,000 for the period April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, continuing the supplemental upper payment limit payments made to general hospitals, other than major public general hospitals under institutional services of $339 million annually.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, continuing adjustments for hospital inpatient services provided on and after April 1, 2012, to public general hospitals, other than those operated by the State of New York or the State University of New York, located in a city with a population of over one million and receiving reimbursement of up to $1.08 billion annually based on criteria and methodology set by the Commissioner of Health, which the Commissioner may periodically set through a memorandum of understanding with the New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation. Such adjustments shall be paid by means of one or more estimated payments. Payments to eligible public general hospitals may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, continuing additional payments to non-state government operated public residential health care facilities, including public residential health care facilities located in Nassau, Westchester, and Erie Counties, but excluding public residential health care facilities operated by a town or city within a county, in aggregate amounts of up to $500 million. The amount allocated to each eligible RHC福 will be in accordance with the previously approved methodology, provided, however that patient days shall be utilized for such computation reflecting actual reported data for 2018 and each representative succeeding year as applicable. Payments to eligible RHC福’s may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, continues up to $5.4 million in additional annual Medicaid payments may be added to county operated freestanding clinics, not including facilities operated by the New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation, for services provided by such DTC and those provided by a county operated freestanding mental health or substance abuse DTC. Distributions shall be based on each eligible facility’s proportionate share of the sum of all clinic visits for all facilities eligible for an adjustment for the base year two years prior to the rate year. The proportionate share payments may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments to eligible DTCs.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, continues up to $5.4 million in additional annual Medicaid payments may be paid to county operated free-standing clinics, not including facilities operated by the New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation, for services provided by such DTC and those provided by a county operated freestanding mental health or substance abuse DTC. Distributions shall be based on each eligible facility’s proportionate share of the sum of all clinic visits for all eligible facilities receiving payments for the base year two years prior to the rate year. The proportionate share payments may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments to eligible facilities.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the temporary rate adjustment has been reviewed and approved for the Long Island Jewish Medical Center with aggregate payment amounts totaling up to $62.6 million in additional annual Medicaid payments may be paid to public DTCs operated by the New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation. Such payments will be based on each DTC’s proportionate share of the sum of all clinic visits for all facilities eligible for an adjustment for the base year two years prior to the rate year. The proportionate share payments may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments.

The estimated net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2020-2021 is $30 million.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the Department of Health (DOH) will continue the nursing home advanced training program, aimed at teaching staff how to detect early changes in a resident’s physical and mental or functional status that could lead to hospitalization. Clinical findings show early detection of patient decline by front line workers, coupled with clinical care models aimed at fostering consistent and continuous care between caregivers and residents, result in better care outcomes. Similarly, nursing homes with higher staff retention rates correlate with better care outcomes and avoided hospital stays. This training program will be developed in cooperation between Nursing Home providers and union representatives offering training opportunities for staff or other qualifying training programs.

These programs and their curricula will be submitted to DOH for review. In addition to offering a training program, eligible facilities must have direct care staff retention rates above the state median. However, hospital-based nursing homes and free standing nursing homes already receiving VAP payments would not be eligible to participate.

The estimated annual net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2020-2021 is $46 million.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. In addition, approved SPA's beginning in 2011 are also available for viewing on this website.

Copies of the proposed State Plan Amendments will be on file in each local (county) social services district and available for public review.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

- New York County
  - 250 Church Street
  - New York, New York 10018
- Queens County, Queens Center
  - 3220 Northern Boulevard
  - Long Island City, New York 11101
- Kings County, Fulton Center
  - 114 Willoughby Street
  - Brooklyn, New York 11201
- Bronx County, Tremont Center
  - 1916 Monterey Avenue
  - Bronx, New York 10457
- Richmond County, Richmond Center
  - 95 Central Avenue, St. George
  - Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact: Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0031

This State Plan Amendment proposes to revise the State Plan to assist safety net hospitals by providing a temporary rate adjustment under the closure, merger, consolidation, acquisition, or restructuring of a health care provider.
### Hospitals (Continued):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Provider Name</th>
<th>Gross Medicaid Rate</th>
<th>Adjustment</th>
<th>Rate Period Effective</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Lewis County General Hospital</strong>*</td>
<td></td>
<td>$65,564</td>
<td>01/01/2014 - 03/31/2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$262,257</td>
<td>04/01/2014 - 03/31/2015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$262,257</td>
<td>04/01/2015 - 03/31/2016</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$963,687</td>
<td>04/01/2013 - 03/31/2014</td>
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<td><strong>Little Falls Hospital</strong>*</td>
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<td></td>
<td>$86,688</td>
<td>04/01/2014 - 03/31/2015</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$86,688</td>
<td>04/01/2015 - 03/31/2016</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Long Island Jewish Medical Center</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td>$750,000</td>
<td>10/01/2016 - 03/31/2017</td>
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<td></td>
<td>$454,545</td>
<td>04/01/2017 - 03/31/2018</td>
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<td></td>
<td>$454,546</td>
<td>04/01/2018 - 03/31/2019</td>
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<td>$340,909</td>
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<td><strong>New York Methodist Hospital</strong></td>
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<td>$2,201,500</td>
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<td>$3,118,500</td>
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<td><strong>Nassau University Medical Center</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>$7,000,000</td>
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<td>$9,869,000</td>
<td>04/01/2019 - 03/31/2020</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$9,711,500</td>
<td>04/01/2020 - 03/31/2021</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Denotes this provider is a Critical Access Hospital (CAH)
pursuant to section 6056.4(c)(4) or 6056.4(c)(5) of this Title, may apply to the commissioner for leave to substitute satisfactory completion of a course of basic training completed in such other jurisdiction or may apply to the commissioner for leave to substitute satisfactory completion of the pre-employment police basic training program in satisfaction of all or part of the requirements of an approved basic course for peace officers imposed under section 2.30 of the Criminal Procedure Law. The commissioner shall review and evaluate all such applications and may require the applicant to submit such additional documentation as he or she shall deem necessary. If, upon review and evaluation of such application, the commissioner determines that a program of peace officer basic training completed by the applicant in another jurisdiction or the pre-employment police basic training program completed by the application meets or exceeds all or part of the minimum standards prescribed in section 6025.3 of this Part, the commissioner may authorize such training to be substituted for such requirements of the basic course as he or she shall deem appropriate. The commissioner shall certify, in writing, the extent to which all or part of the curriculum of the basic course may be waived and any noted deficiencies must be satisfactorily completed at a basic course approved by the commissioner, within the period of time prescribed in section 6025.7 of this Part. Applicants for equivalency certificare shall be subject to the same limitations and requirements as prescribed in sections 6025.6 and 6025.7 of this Part and section 2.30 of the Criminal Procedure Law.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Division of Criminal Justice Services

I, Andrew M. Cuomo, Governor of the State of New York, do hereby adopt and promulgate the following regulations that have been recommended by the Municipal Police Training Council pursuant to the provisions of section eight hundred forty of the Executive Law. This action is taken pursuant to the authority vested in me by section eight hundred forty-two of such law and, as such, it is exempted from the rule making provisions of the State Administrative Procedure Act.

NOW, THEREFORE, be it known that the amendments to Part 6024 of Title 9 of the New York State Official Compilation of Codes, Rules and Regulations are hereby adopted and promulgated, and shall be effective upon publication in the State Register.

Subdivision (a) of section 6035.1 of Title 9NYCRR is amended to read as follows:

(a) The term law enforcement agency shall mean any law enforcement agency or department of any municipality, any police district, or any agency, department, commission, authority or public benefit corporation of the state of New York employing a police officer or police officers as that term is defined in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), (j), (k), (l), (o), (p) [and], (s), and (u) of subdivision thirty-four of section 1.20 of the Criminal Procedure Law. For the purposes of this definition, the term shall not include any entity that employs police officers in a capacity which may require the use of their law enforcement authority but is supplementary to the primary offciial responsibilities for which they have been hired.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Office of General Services

Pursuant to Section 33 of the Public Lands Law, the Office of General Services hereby gives notice to the following:

Notice is hereby given that the New York State Department of Transportation has determined that:

Address: 3628 NYS Route 281, Town of Cortlandville, Cortland County, N.Y. 13045 DOT Map 118-D, Parcel 119

a.23 acre lot, is surplus and no longer useful or necessary for state program purposes and has abandoned the property to the Commissioner of General Services for sale or other disposition as Unappropriated State land.

For further information, please contact: Thomas Pohl, Esq., Office of General Services, Legal Services, 41st Fl., Coming Tower, Empire State Plaza, Albany, NY 12242, (518) 474-8831, (518) 473-4973 fax

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional, non-institutional and long-term care services to comply with enacted statutory provisions. The following changes are proposed:

Non-Institutional Services

Effective for days of service on or after April 1, 2020, The Department of Health will eliminate the limitations on amount and duration of partial hospitalization services. The State Plan Amendment is necessary to comply with the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008.

There is no additional estimated annual change to gross Medicaid expenditures as a result of this proposed amendment.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, continues the supplemental upper payment limit payments made to general hospitals, other than major public general hospitals under non-institutional services of $339 million annually.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, continues hospital outpatient payment adjustments that increase the operating cost components of rates of payment for hospital outpatient and emergency departments on and after April 1, 2011, for public general hospitals other than those operated by the State of New York or the State University of New York, which are located in a city with a population of over one million. The amount to be paid will be up to $287 million annually based on criteria and methodology set by the Commissioner of Health, which the Commissioner may periodi-
cally set through a memorandum of understanding with the New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation. Such adjustments shall be paid by means of one or more estimated payments. Payments may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, new the election of the social services district in which an eligible diagnostic and treatment center (DTC) is physically located, up to $12.6 million in additional annual Medicaid payments may be paid to public DTCs operated by the New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation. Such payments will be based on each DTC’s proportionate share of the sum of all clinic visits for all facilities eligible for an adjustment for the base year two years prior to the rate year. The proportionate share payments may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments to eligible DTCs.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, continues up to $5.4 million in additional annual Medicaid payments may be paid to county operated free-standing clinics, not including facilities operated by the New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation, for services provided by such DTC and those provided by a county operated freestanding mental health or substance abuse DTC. Distributions shall be based on each eligible facility’s proportionate share of the sum of all DTC and clinic visits for all eligible facilities receiving payments for the base year two years prior to the rate year. The proportionate share payments may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments to eligible facilities.

Institutional Services

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the temporary rate adjustment has been reviewed and approved for the St. Joseph’s Hospital Health Center with aggregate payment amounts totaling up to $4,000,000 for the period April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, continues the supplemental upper payment limit payments made to general hospitals, other than major public general hospitals under institutional services of $339 million annually.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, continues adjustments for hospital inpatient services provided on and after April 1, 2012, to public general hospitals, other than those operated by the State of New York or the State University of New York, located in a city with a population of over one million and receiving reimbursement of up to $1.08 billion annually based on criteria and methodology set by the Commissioner of Health, which the Commissioner may periodically set through a memorandum of understanding with the New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation. Such adjustments shall be paid by means of one or more estimated payments. Payments to eligible public general hospitals may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, supplemental payments will be made to State government-owned hospitals. These payments will not exceed the upper payment limit for inpatient services provided by state government-owned hospitals when aggregated with other Medicaid payments.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the temporary rate adjustment has been reviewed and approved for Long Island Jewish Medical Center with aggregate payment amounts totaling up to $1,000,000 for the period April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021.

Long Term Care Services

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, continues additional payments to non-state government operated public residential health care facilities, including public residential health care facilities located in Nassau, Westchester, and Erie Counties, but excluding public residential health care facilities operated by a town or city within a county, in aggregate amounts of up to $500 million. The amount allocated to each eligible public RHCF will be in accordance with the previously approved methodology, provided, however that patient days shall be utilized for such computation reflecting actual reported data for 2018 and each representative succeeding year as applicable. Payments to eligible RHCF’s may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional services related to temporary rate adjustments to long term care providers that are undergoing closure, merger, consolidation, acquisition or restructuring themselves or other health care providers. These payments are authorized by current State statutory and regulatory provisions. The temporary rate adjustments will be reviewed and approved by the CINERGY Collaborative.

The estimated net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2020-2021 is $30 million.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the Department of Health (DOH) will continue the nursing home advanced training program, aimed at teaching staff how to detect early changes in a resident’s physical and mental or functional status that could lead to hospitalization. Clinical findings show early detection of patient decline by front line workers, coupled with clinical care models aimed at fostering consistent and continuous care between care givers and patients/families result in better care outcomes. Similarly, nursing homes with higher staff retention rates correlate with better care outcomes and avoided hospital stays. This training program will be developed in cooperation between Nursing Home providers and union representatives offering training opportunities for staff or other qualifying training programs.

These programs and their curricula will be submitted to DOH for review. In addition to offering a training program, eligible facilities must have direct care staff retention rates above the state median. However, hospital-based nursing homes and free standing nursing homes already receiving VAP payments would not be eligible to participate.

The estimated annual net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2020/2021 is $46 million.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at [http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status](http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status). In addition, approved SPA’s beginning in 2011 are also available for viewing on this website.

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New York, New York 10018

Queens County, Queens Center
3220 Northern Boulevard
Long Island City, New York 11101

Kings County, Fulton Center
114 Willoughby Street
Brooklyn, New York 11201

Bronx County, Tremont Center
1916 Monroe Avenue
Bronx, New York 10457

Richmond County, Richmond Center
95 Central Avenue, St. George
Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact:
Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0032

This State Plan Amendment proposes to provide a supplemental payment to State government-owned hospitals which are below for the upper payment limit for inpatient services.
VI I. ADDITIONAL INPATIENT STATE PUBLIC HOSPITAL UPPER PAYMENT LIMIT (UPL) ADJUSTMENTS

1. Effective for State UPL demonstrations for calendar year 2019 and after, if CMS determines that payments for inpatient hospital services provided by State government-owned hospitals exceed the UPL, the State will remit such amount in excess of the UPL as follows: The State will process a lump sum reduction equivalent to the value of the UPL excess upon approval of the UPL.

2. For the period beginning January 1, 2019 and each calendar year thereafter, the State will provide a supplemental payment for all inpatient services provided by State government-owned hospitals. The amount of the supplemental payment, when aggregated with other Medical assistance payments, will not exceed 100% of a reasonable estimate of the amount that would be paid for such services under Medicare payment principles for State government-owned hospitals. Such a supplemental payment will be allocated and paid to OMH-operated hospitals based on the proportionate share of total base year Medicaid days used for the inpatient rate calculation and will be factored into facility-specific Disproportionate Share (DSH) limit calculations.

For the period January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2021, the supplemental payment will be $5,046,499 and will be payable as a one-time lump sum.
cally set through a memorandum of understanding with the New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation. Such adjustments shall be paid by means of one or more estimated payments. Payments may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, continues upon the election of the social services district in which an eligible diagnostic and treatment center (DTC) is physically located, up to $12.6 million in additional annual Medicaid payments may be paid to public DTCs operated by the New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation. Such payments will be based on each DTC’s proportionate share of the sum of all clinic visits for all facilities eligible for an adjustment for the base year two years prior to the rate year. The proportionate share payments may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments to eligible DTCs.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, continues up to $5.4 million in additional annual Medicaid payments may be paid to county operated free-standing clinics, not including facilities operated by the New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation, for services provided by such DTC and those provided by a county operated freestanding mental health or substance abuse DTC. Distributions shall be based on each eligible facility’s proportionate share of the sum of all DTC and clinic visits for all eligible facilities receiving payments for the base year two years prior to the rate year. The proportionate share payments may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments to eligible facilities.

Institutional Services

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the temporary rate adjustment has been reviewed and approved for the St. Joseph’s Hospital Health Center with aggregate payment amounts totaling up to $4,000,000 for the period April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, continues the supplemental upper payment limit payments made to general hospitals, other than major public general hospitals under institutional services of $339 million annually.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, continues adjustments for hospital inpatient services provided on and after April 1, 2012, to public general hospitals, other than those operated by the State of New York or the State University of New York, located in a city with a population of over one million and receiving reimbursement of up to $1.08 billion annually, based on criteria and methodology set by the Commissioner of Health, which the Commissioner may periodically set through a memorandum of understanding with the New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation. Such adjustments shall be paid by means of one or more estimated payments. Payments to eligible general hospitals may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments.

For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, supplemental payments will be made to State government owned hospitals. These payments will not exceed the upper payment limit for inpatient services provided by state government-owned hospitals when aggregated with other Medicaid payments.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the temporary rate adjustment has been reviewed and approved for Long Island Jewish Medical Center with aggregate payment amounts totaling up to $1,000,000 for the period April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021.

Long Term Care Services

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, continues additional payments to non-state government operated public residential health care facilities, including public residential health care facilities located in Nassau, Westchester, and Erie Counties, but excluding public residential health care facilities operated by a town or city within a county, in aggregate amounts of up to $500 million. The amount allocated to each eligible public RHCF will be in accordance with the previously approved methodology, provided, however that patient days shall be utilized for such computation reflecting actual reported data for 2018 and each representative succeeding year as applicable. Payments to eligible RHCF’s may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional services related to temporary rate adjustments to long term care providers that are undergoing closure, merger, consolidation, acquisition or restructuring themselves or other health care providers. These payments are authorized by current State statutory and regulatory provisions. The temporary rate adjustments will be reviewed and approved by the CINERGY Collaborative.

The estimated net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2020-2021 is $30 million.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, the Department of Health (DOH) will continue the nursing home advanced training program, aimed at teaching staff how to detect early changes in a resident’s physical and mental or functional status that could lead to hospitalization. Clinical findings show early detection of patient decline by front line workers, coupled with clinical care models aimed at fostering consistent and continuous care between care givers and patients/families result in better care outcomes. Similarly, nursing homes with higher staff retention rates correlate with better care outcomes and avoided hospital stays. This training program will be developed in cooperation between Nursing Home providers and union representatives offering training opportunities for staff or other qualifying training programs.

These programs and their curricula will be submitted to DOH for review. In addition to offering a training program, eligible facilities must have direct care staff retention rates above the state median. However, hospital-based nursing homes and free standing nursing homes already receiving VAP payments would not be eligible to participate.

The estimated annual net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2020-2021 is $46 million.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. In addition, approved SPA’s beginning in 2011 are also available for viewing on this website.

Copies of the proposed State Plan Amendments will be on file in each local (county) social services district and available for public review.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

- New York County
  250 Church Street
  New York, New York 10018

- Queens County, Queens Center
  3220 Northern Boulevard
  Long Island City, New York 11101

- Kings County, Fulton Center
  114 Willoughby Street
  Brooklyn, New York 11201

- Bronx County, Tremont Center
  1916 Monterey Avenue
  Bronx, New York 10457

- Richmond County, Richmond Center
  95 Central Avenue, St. George
  Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review comment, please contact:
Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

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SUMMARY
SPA #20-0033

This State Plan Amendment proposes to reduce Worker Recruitment and Retention by 25 percent for Certified Home Health Agencies (CHHA) and Hospice programs effective April 2, 2020.
For the rate periods on and after January 1, 2005 through December 31, 2006, and April 1, 2007 through March 31, 2009, there will be no such reconciliation of the amount of savings in excess of or lower than one million five hundred thousand dollars.

In addition, separate payment rates for nursing services provided to patients diagnosed with Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) will be established based upon regional services prices. Such prices will be computed based upon average nursing costs per visit calculated by aggregating base year allowable costs and statistics reported by certified home health agencies within each of four state regions, and increased by a case mix adjustment factor which represents the relative ratio of additional resources needed to provide home care nursing services to AIDS patients when compared to the average case mix of home care patients. Such AIDS regional nursing prices will be trended annually.

Effective for services provided on and after April 1, 2011, separate payment rates will no longer be established for nursing services provided to patients diagnosed with AIDS; the rate for nursing services provided to patients diagnosed with AIDS will be the prospective certified home health agency rate for nursing services established for the effective period.

The Commissioner will adjust medical assistance rates of payment for services provided by AIDS home care programs for purposes of improving recruitment and retention of non-supervisory home care services workers or any worker with direct patient care responsibility in the following amounts for services provided on and after December first, two thousand two.

Rates of payment by governmental agencies for AIDS home care programs (including services provided through contracts with licensed home care services agencies) will be increased by up to three percent.

Providers which have their rates adjusted for this purpose will use such funds solely for the recruitment and retention of non-supervisory home care services workers or any worker with direct patient care responsibility. Providers are prohibited from using such funds for any other purpose.

The Commissioner is authorized to audit each provider to ensure compliance with this purpose and will recoup any funds determined to have been used for purposes other than recruitment and retention of non-supervisory home care services workers or any worker with direct patient care responsibility.

In the case of services provided by providers through contracts with licensed home care services agencies, rate increases received by providers will be reflected in either the fees paid or benefits or other supports provided to non-supervisory home care services workers or any worker with direct patient care responsibility of such contracted licensed home care services agencies and such fees, benefits or other supports will be proportionate to the contracted
volume of services attributable to each contracted agency. Such agencies will submit to providers with which they contract written certifications attesting that such funds will be used solely for the purposes of recruitment and retention of non-supervisory home care services workers or any worker with direct patient care responsibility and will maintain in their files expenditure plans specifying how such funds will be used for such purposes. The Commissioner is authorized to audit such agencies to ensure compliance with such certifications and expenditure plans and will recoup any funds determined to have been used for purposes other than those set forth in this section.

The Commissioner of Health will additionally adjust rates of payment for AIDS home care service providers, for the purpose of improving recruitment and retention of home health aides or non-supervisory personnel with direct patient care responsibility.

These additional adjustments to rates of payments will be calculated by allocating the available funding proportionally based on each AIDS home care service provider’s, home health aide or other direct care services total annual hours of service provided to Medicaid patients, as reported in each such agency’s most recently available cost report as submitted to the Department. The total aggregate available funding for AIDS home care service providers is as follows:

For the period June 1, 2006 through December 31, 2006 - $540,000.
For the period January 1, 2007 through June 30, 2007 - $540,000.
For the period July 1, 2007 through March 31, 2008 - $1,080,000.
For the period April 1, 2008 through March 31, 2009 - $1,080,000.
For the period April 1, 2009 through March 31, 2010 - $1,080,000.
For the period April 1, 2010 through March 31, 2011 - $1,080,000.
For the period April 1, 2011 through March 31, 2012 - $1,080,000.
For the period April 1, 2012 through March 31, 2013 - $1,080,000.
For the period April 1, 2013 through March 31, 2014 - $1,080,000.
For the period May 1, 2014 through March 31, 2015 - $1,080,000.
For the period April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2016 - $1,080,000.
For the period April 1, 2016 through March 31, 2017 - $1,080,000.
For the period April 1, 2017 through March 31, 2018 - $1,080,000.
For the period April 1, 2018 through March 31, 2019 - $1,080,000.
For the period April 1, 2019 through March 31, 2020 - $1,080,000.
For the period April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and thereafter - $1,080,000.

Payments made pursuant to this section will not be subject to subsequent adjustment or reconciliation.

For providers established after November 1, 2005, the Department utilizes Medicaid data from the initial cost report submitted to the Department, which would allow the inclusion of those providers in the distribution.
New York
4(a)(vii)

The Commissioner of Health is authorized to require group health insurance plans and employer based group health plans to report to the Department, insofar as such reporting does not violate any provisions the Federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA), at such times and in such manner as the Commissioner [shall] will decide, any information needed, including but not limited to, the number of people in such plans who become ineligible each month for the continuation coverage described herein. In addition, every certified health maintenance organization and every insurer licensed by the Superintendent of Insurance will submit reports in such form and at such times as may be required.

Recruitment And Retention

The Commissioner will adjust medical assistance rates of payment for services provided by certified home health agencies for purposes of improving recruitment and retention of non-supervisory home care services workers or any worker with direct patient care responsibility in the following amounts for services provided on and after December 1, 2002.

Rates of payment by governmental agencies for certified home health agency services (including services provided through contracts with licensed home care services agencies) will be increased by up to three percent.

Providers, which have their rates adjusted for this purpose will use such funds solely for the recruitment and retention of non-supervisory home care services workers or any worker with direct patient care responsibility. Providers are prohibited from using such funds for any other purpose.

The Commissioner is authorized to audit each provider to ensure compliance with this purpose and will recoup any funds determined to have been used for purposes other than recruitment and retention of non-supervisory home care services workers or any worker with direct patient care responsibility.

In the case of services provided by providers through contracts with licensed home care services agencies, rate increases received by providers will be reflected in either the fees paid or benefits or other supports provided to non-supervisory home care services workers or any worker with direct patient care responsibility of such contracted licensed home care services agencies and such fees, benefits or other supports will be proportionate to the contracted volume of services attributable to each contracted agency. Such agencies will submit to providers with which they contract written certifications attesting that such funds will be used solely for the purposes of recruitment and retention of non-supervisory home care services workers or any worker with direct patient care responsibility and will maintain in their files expenditure plans specifying how such funds will be used for such purposes. The Commissioner is authorized to audit such agencies to ensure compliance with such certifications and expenditure plans and will recoup any funds determined to have been used for purposes other than those set forth in this section.
Recruitment and Retention of Direct Patient Care Personnel

The Commissioner of Health will additionally adjust rates of payment for certified home health agencies, for purposes of improving recruitment and retention of home health aides or non-supervisory personnel with direct patient care responsibility.

These additional adjustments to rates of payments [shall] will be calculated by allocating the available funding proportionally based on each certified home health agency's, home health aide or other direct care services total annual hours of service provided to Medicaid patients, as reported in each such agency's most recently available cost report as submitted to the Department. For home health services paid under the episodic payment system, allocation of the recruitment and retention payment is included in episodic payment prices paid under that system. The total aggregate available funding for all eligible certified home health agency providers is as follows:

For the period June 1, 2006 through December 31, 2006 - $20,100,000.
For the period January 1, 2007 through June 30, 2007 - $20,100,000.
For the period July 1, 2007 through March 31, 2008 - $40,200,000.
For the period April 1, 2008 through March 31, 2009 - $40,200,000.
For the period April 1, 2009 through March 31, 2010 - $40,200,000.
For the period April 1, 2010 through March 31, 2011 - $40,200,000.
For the period April 1, 2011 through March 31, 2012 - $40,200,000.
For the period April 1, 2012 through March 31, 2013 - $40,200,000.
For the period April 1, 2013 through March 31, 2014 - $40,200,000.
For the period June 5, 2014 through March 31, 2015 - $26,736,000.
For the period April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2016 - $26,736,000.
For the period April 1, 2016 through March 31, 2017 - $26,736,000.
For the period April 1, 2017 through March 31, 2018 - $26,736,000.
For the period April 1, 2018 through March 31, 2019 - $26,736,000.
For the period April 1, 2019 through March 31, 2020 - $26,736,000.
For the period April 2, 2020 through March 31, 2021 and thereafter - $26,736,000.

Payments made pursuant to this section will not be subject to subsequent adjustment or reconciliation.

For providers established after November 1, 2005, the Department utilizes Medicaid data from the initial cost report submitted to the Department, which would allow the inclusion of those providers in the distribution.
Hospice Services: Routine Home Care, Continuous Home Care, Inpatient Respite Care, And General Inpatient Care

Medicaid payment for hospice care will be in amounts no lower than the Medicare rates for: general inpatient, inpatient respite, routine home care and continuous home care using the same methodology as used under Part A of Title XVIII Annual adjustments [shall] will be made to these rates commencing October 1, 1990, using inflation factors developed by the State.

The Commissioner of Health will increase medical assistance rates of payment by up to three percent for hospice services provided on and after December first, two thousand two, for purposes of improving recruitment and retention of non-supervisory workers or workers with direct patient care responsibility.

Rates of payment will be additionally adjusted for the purpose of further enhancing the provider’s ability to recruit and retain non-supervisory workers or workers with direct patient care responsibility. These additional adjustments to rates of payment will be allocated proportionally based on each hospice provider’s non-supervisory workers’ or direct patient care workers’ total annual hours of service provided to Medicaid patients as reported in each such provider’s most recently available cost report as submitted to the Department. The total aggregate available funding for all eligible hospice providers is as follows:

For the period June 1, 2006 through December 31, 2006 - $730,000.
For the period January 1, 2007 through June 30, 2007 - $730,000.
For the period July 1, 2007 through March 31, 2008 - $1,460,000.
For the period April 1, 2008 through March 31, 2009 - $1,460,000.
For the period April 1, 2009 through March 31, 2010 - $1,460,000.
For the period April 1, 2010 through March 31, 2011 - $1,460,000.
For the period April 1, 2011 through March 31, 2012 - $1,460,000.
For the period April 1, 2012 through March 31, 2013 - $1,460,000.
For the period April 1, 2013 through March 31, 2014 - $1,460,000.
For the period June 5, 2014 through March 31, 2015 - $1,460,000.
For the period April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2016 - $1,460,000.
For the period April 1, 2016 through March 31, 2017 - $1,460,000.
For the period April 1, 2017 through March 31, 2018 - $1,460,000.
For the period April 1, 2018 through March 31, 2019 - $1,460,000.
For the period April 1, 2019 through March 31, 2020 - $1,460,000.
For the period April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021 and thereafter - $1,460,000.

For providers established after November 1, 2005, the Department utilizes Medicaid data from the initial cost report submitted to the Department, which would allow the inclusion of those providers in the distribution.

Hospice services providers that have their rates adjusted for this purpose [shall] will use such funds solely for the purposes of recruitment and retention of non-supervisory workers or workers with direct patient care responsibility and are prohibited from using such funds for any other purposes. Each hospice provider receiving funds [shall] will submit, at a time and in a manner determined by the Commissioner, a written certification attesting that such funds will be used solely for the purpose of recruitment and retention of non-supervisory workers or workers with direct patient care responsibility.

TN #20-0033 Approval Date April 2, 2020
Supersedes TN #14-0025 Effective Date April 2, 2020
Notice of Abandoned Property
Received by the State Comptroller

Pursuant to provisions of the Abandoned Property Law and related laws, the Office of the State Comptroller receives unclaimed monies and other property deemed abandoned. A list of the names and last known addresses of the entitled owners of this abandoned property is maintained by the office in accordance with Section 1401 of the Abandoned Property Law. Interested parties may inquire if they appear on the Abandoned Property Listing by contacting the Office of Unclaimed Funds, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., at:

1-800-221-9311
or visit our web site at:
www.osc.state.ny.us

Claims for abandoned property must be filed with the New York State Comptroller’s Office of Unclaimed Funds as provided in Section 1406 of the Abandoned Property Law. For further information contact: Office of the State Comptroller, Office of Unclaimed Funds, 110 State St., Albany, NY 12236.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional, non-institutional or long term care services to comply with recently proposed statutory provisions. The following significant changes are proposed:

**All Services**

Effective for dates of service April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each state fiscal year thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by $2.5 billion. Such reductions will be applied only to the extent that alternative methods that achieve Medicaid state share savings annually are not implemented. Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction include:

1. Payments whereby federal law precludes such reduction, including:
   - Federally Qualified Health Center services;
   - Indian Health Services and services provided to Native Americans;
   - Supplemental Medical Insurance – Part A and Part B;
   - State Contribution for Prescription Drug Benefit (aka Medicare Part D payments);
   - Any local share cap payment required by the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) increase legislation;
   - Services provided to American citizen repatriates; and
   - Hospice Services.
2. Payments funded exclusively with federal and/or local funds include, but are not limited to, the following:
   - Upper payment limit payments to non-state owned or operated governmental providers certified under Article 28 of the NYS Public Health Law;
   - Certifed public expenditure payments to the NYC Health and Hospital Corporation;
   - Certain disproportionate share payments to non-state operated or owned governmental hospitals;
   - Certain managed care payments pursuant to section 3-d of Part B of the Chapter 58 of the Laws of 2010; and
   - Services provided to inmates of local correctional facilities.
3. Other Payments that are not subject to the reduction include:
   - Payments pursuant to Article 32, Article 31 and Article 16 of the Mental Hygiene Law;
   - Required payments related to the School Supportive Health Services Program and Preschool Supportive Health Services Program;
   - Early Intervention;
   - Payments for services provided by Other State Agencies including Office of Children and Family Services, State Education Department, and the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision.
   - Vital Access Providers and Vital Access Provider Assurance Program;
   - Physician Administered Drugs;
   - Court orders and judgments; and
   - Family Planning services.

Copies of the proposed state plan amendments will be on file in each local (county) social services district and available for public review.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional, non-institutional or long term care services to comply with proposed Medicaid Redesign Team II (MRT) initiatives. The following changes are proposed:

**All Services**

Effective for dates of service April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each State Fiscal Year (SFY) thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by 1.875 percent. Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction include:

- Payments whereby federal law precludes such reduction, including:
  - Federally Qualified Health Center services;
  - Indian Health Services and services provided to Native Americans;
  - Supplemental Medical Insurance – Part A and Part B;
  - State Contribution for Prescription Drug Benefit (aka Medicare Part D payments);
  - Any local share cap payment required by the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) increase legislation;
  - Services provided to American citizen repatriates; and
  - Hospice Services.
- Payments funded exclusively with federal and/or local funds include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - Upper payment limit payments to non-state owned or operated governmental providers certified under Article 28 of the NYS Public Health Law;
  - Certifed public expenditure payments to the NYC Health and Hospital Corporation;
  - Certain disproportionate share payments to non-state operated or owned governmental hospitals;
• Eliminating Prescriber Prevails which applies to the Medicaid fee-for-service pharmacy program and to selected drug classes for managed care plans. Doing so would reduce inappropriate prescribing, remove barriers that limit the State’s ability to manage pharmacy programs, and minimize the inappropriate influence of pharmaceutical manufacturers in the prior authorization process.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020/2021 is $142 million and for SFY 2021/2022 is $428 million.

Transportation
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
• Transition the State to a single Medicaid Transportation Broker to ensure that consumers receive reliable, high quality transportation services using the mode that is appropriate for the consumer.
• Discontinue the Supplemental Ambulance Rebate Payments to emergency medical transportation (EMT) providers since updating and rationalized the ambulance fee schedule consistent with the Department of Health’s Ambulance Rate Adequacy Study.
• Carve transportation out of the MLTC Benefit (excluding PACE) and into fee-for-service to create efficiencies and consistency in purchasing, arranging and managing transportation services across the Medicaid program.
• Maximize Public Transit in New York City and other urban areas to encourage the use of public transportation as an alternative to livery when appropriate for the consumer.
• Reduce Taxi/Livery Rates and promoting other modes of transportation to reflect market rates for transportation services.
• Implement an ambulance diversion - Triage, Treat and Transport (ET3) - support program to reduce avoidable hospitalizations, subject to any necessary federal approvals.
• Pursue a Certified Public Expenditure program to maximize federal reimbursement for NEMT services incurred by municipalities.
• Create a Community Paramedicine Program to expand the roles of Emergency Medical Technicians (EMTs) and Paramedics by providing medical care to patients at home to avoid unnecessary trips to the Emergency Department (ED). EMTs and Paramedics would provide additional patient health and safety services (e.g., food, medications, fall precautions) and clinical assessment and diagnostic testing in consultation with online medical control/telemedicine physicians/advanced practitioners to avoid unnecessary trips to the hospital.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $188 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $488 million.

Telehealth
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
• Expand Utilization of Telehealth services and reimbursement models, specifically to address behavioral health, oral health, maternity care and other high-need populations. The proposal contemplates a state-wide, hosted telehealth platform to help mitigate interoperability barriers, as well as to enhance broadband to ensure telehealth connectivity in rural areas.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $15 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $25.4 million.

Institutional Services
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
• Reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $75 million (State share);
• Eliminate the Indigent Care Pool “Transition Collar”, which generates an additional $12.5 million in State share savings; and
• Eliminate the Public Hospitals Indigent Care Pool, which generates $70 million in State savings;
• Convert the value of Upper Payment Limit (UPL) payments received by public hospitals in a city with a population over a million into Medicaid reimbursement rates;
• Reduce hospital inpatient capital rate add-on by 5 percent and capital reconciliation payments by 10 percent.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $728 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $743 million.

Long Term Care Services
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
• Modify the current eligibility criteria for individuals to receive Personal Care Services and Consumer Directed Personal Assistance Services (CDPAS) as a Medicaid benefit, regardless of whether such services are received through fee-for-service, Mainstream Managed Care plans, or Managed Long Term Care (MLTC) plans. In order to be eligible to receive such services, an individual must be assessed to need assistance with more than two activities of daily living (ADLs) (ranging from limited assistance to total dependence).
• Institute a Home and Community Based Services lookback period of 60 months for asset transfers in determining eligibility for Medicaid for those seeking home and community based long term care services and supports as currently applies to those seeking Medicaid eligibility for nursing home care.
• Eliminate the ability of spouses living together in the community, and parents living with their child, to refuse to make their income and resources available during the determination of an applicant’s eligibility for Medicaid.
• Utilize an independent clinician panel, similar to the State’s Conflict Free Evaluation and Enrollment Center, to assess patients and order PCS and CDPAS under a clear set of standards and protocols.
• Implement an enhanced utilization review process by an independent assessor for any individuals who are assessed to need more than 12 hours per day on average in a given month (i.e., 360 hours per month for a 30-day month) to ensure that it remains safe for that individual to remain in the community.
• Change the frequency in which the Community Health Assessment is conducted from every six months to once annually, subject to requiring reassessments based on changes in health condition or status.
• Implement a uniform tasking tool for use by plans and Local Departments of Social Services (LDSS) to help determine service utilization, including the hours of Personal Care Services and CDPAS required each day.
• Employ the provider “choice” model to proceed with the implementation and electronic visit verification (EVV) system, as required by the Federal 21st Century Cures Act.
• Eliminate requirements that plans and LDSS educate consumers about the availability of the CDPAP program semi-annually. Develop standards and protocols to determine whether consumers are self-directing and, if applicable, their designated representative is able to fulfill their obligations appropriately.
• Delay the implementation date of certain permissible Consumer First Choice Option Services (FCFO) services from January 1, 2020 to April 1, 2022.
• Incorporate additional transparency, compliance, and accountability standards to ensure that entities receiving wage parity payments are appropriately using those funds for the benefit of home care aides.
• Reduce Workforce Recruitment and Retention funding for home health care workers.
• Migrate the completion of all Community Health Assessments (CHA) and reassessments to a single, statewide Independent Assessor (IA).
• Modify the minimum community spouse resource amount, which is used to determine the Medicaid eligibility of an applicant under spousal impoverishment budgeting.
• Reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reim-
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0034

This State Plan Amendment proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan Amendment for non-institutional services to comply with enacted statutory provisions. The changes proposed in this State Plan Amendment will eliminate separate per member per month payments for outreach to Health Homes Serving Adults and Health Homes Serving Children.
### Package Information

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Submission - Summary
MEDICAID | Medicaid State Plan | Health Homes | NY2020MS0004O | NY-20-0034 | NYS Health Home Program

Package Header
- **Package ID**: NY2020MS0004O
- **SPA ID**: NY-20-0034
- **Submission Type**: Official
- **Initial Submission Date**: N/A
- **Approval Date**: N/A
- **Effective Date**: N/A
- **Superseded SPA ID**: N/A

State Information
- **State/Territory Name**: New York
- **Medicaid Agency Name**: Department of Health

Submission Component
- State Plan Amendment
- Medicaid
- CHIP
Submission - Summary
MEDICAID | Medicaid State Plan | Health Homes | NY2020MS0004O | NY-20-0034 | NYS Health Home Program

Package Header

Package ID NY2020MS0004O
SPA ID NY-20-0034
Submission Type Official
Initial Submission Date N/A
Approval Date N/A
Effective Date N/A
Superseded SPA ID N/A

SPA ID and Effective Date

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Submission - Summary

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan Amendment for non-institutional services to comply with enacted statutory provisions. The changes proposed in this State Plan Amendment will eliminate separate per member per month payments for outreach to Health Homes Serving Adults and Health Homes Serving Children.

Federal Budget Impact and Statute/Regulation Citation

Federal Statute / Regulation Citation

$1902(a) of the Social Security Act and 42 CFR 447

Supporting documentation of budget impact is uploaded (optional).

Federal Budget Impact

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Supporting documentation of budget impact is uploaded (optional).

Name                        Date Created
- Fiscal Calculations SPA 20-0034_5-8-20 (1) 6/9/2020 1:36 PM EDT
Submission - Summary
MEDICAID | Medicaid State Plan | Health Homes | NY2020MS0004O | NY-20-0034 | NYS Health Home Program

Package Header

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Governor's Office Review

- □ No comment
- ○ Comments received
- ○ No response within 45 days
- ○ Other
Submission - Medicaid State Plan

The submission includes the following:

- Administration
- Eligibility
- Benefits and Payments
- Health Homes Program

Do not use "Create New Health Homes Program" to amend an existing Health Homes program. Instead, use "Amend existing Health Homes program," below.

- Create new Health Homes program
- Amend existing Health Homes program
- Terminate existing Health Homes program

Health Homes SPA - Reviewable Units

Only select Reviewable Units to include in the package which you intend to change.

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<thead>
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<td>Health Homes Geographic Limitations</td>
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<tr>
<td>Health Homes Population and Enrollment Criteria</td>
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<td>Health Homes Providers</td>
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https://macpro.cms.gov/suite/tempo/records/item/lUBGxuxnAYNcw8V8rAl1iLjGcRpO0... 6/12/2020
| Health Homes Monitoring, Quality Measurement and Evaluation | APPROVED |

1 – 8 of 8
Submission - Public Notice/Process

MEDICAID | Medicaid State Plan | Health Homes | NY2020MS0004O | NY-20-0034 | NYS Health Home Program

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Name of Health Homes Program

NYS Health Home Program

☐ Public notice was provided due to proposed changes in methods and standards for setting payment rates for services, pursuant to 42 CFR 447.205.

Upload copies of public notices and other documents used

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# Submission - Tribal Input

**MEDICAID | Medicaid State Plan | Health Homes | NY2020MS0004O | NY-20-0034 | NYS Health Home Program**

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**Name of Health Homes Program:**

NYS Health Home Program

**One or more Indian Health Programs or Urban Indian Organizations furnish health care services in this state:**

- Yes
- No

**This state plan amendment is likely to have a direct effect on Indians, Indian Health Programs or Urban Indian Organizations, as described in the state consultation plan:**

- Yes
- No

**Explain why this SPA is not likely to have a direct effect on Indians, Indian Health Programs or Urban Indian Organizations:**

Indian Health Programs and Urban Indian Organizations are encouraged, but not required, to participate in health home delivery as a care management agency or network provider to provide culturally competent care for tribe members, and so would not be impacted by the elimination of the outreach rate.
Submission - Other Comment
MEDICAID | Medicaid State Plan | Health Homes | NY2020MS0004O | NY-20-0034 | NYS Health Home Program

Package Header

- **Package ID**: NY2020MS0004O
- **SPA ID**: NY-20-0034
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- ** Approval Date**: N/A
- **Effective Date**: N/A
- **Superseded SPA ID**: N/A

SAMHSA Consultation

Name of Health Homes Program

- NYS Health Home Program

The State provides assurance that it has consulted and coordinated with the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) in addressing issues regarding the prevention and treatment of mental illness and substance abuse among eligible individuals with chronic conditions.

Date of consultation

11/20/2014
Health Homes Intro

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Program Authority

1945 of the Social Security Act

The state elects to implement the Health Homes state plan option under Section 1945 of the Social Security Act.

Name of Health Homes Program

NYS Health Home Program

Executive Summary

Provide an executive summary of this Health Homes program including the goals and objectives of the program, the population, providers, services and service delivery model used

Summary description including goals and objectives

New state plan amendment supersedes transmittal# 19-0007

Transmittal# 20-0034

Part I: Summary of new State Plan Amendment (SPA) #20-0034

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan Amendment for non-institutional services to comply with enacted statutory provisions. The following changes are proposed:

- Effective July 1, 2020, eliminate the Health Home per member per month (pmpm) "outreach" payment for all members (adults and children) in the case finding group from $75 pmpm to a rate of $0 pmpm.

General Assurances

☑ The state provides assurance that eligible individuals will be given a free choice of Health Homes providers.

☑ The state provides assurance that it will not prevent individuals who are dually eligible for Medicare and Medicaid from receiving Health Homes services.

☑ The state provides assurance that hospitals participating under the state plan or a waiver of such plan will be instructed to establish procedures for referring eligible individuals with chronic conditions who seek or need treatment in a hospital emergency department to designated Health Homes providers.

☑ The state provides assurance that FMAP for Health Homes services shall be 90% for the first eight fiscal quarters from the effective date of the SPA. After the first eight quarters, expenditures will be claimed at the regular matching rate.

☑ The state provides assurance that it will have the systems in place so that only one 8-quarter period of enhanced FMAP for each health homes enrollee will be claimed.

☑ The state provides assurance that there will be no duplication of services and payment for similar services provided under other Medicaid authorities.
Health Homes Population and Enrollment Criteria

Categories of Individuals and Populations Provided Health Homes Services

The state will make Health Homes services available to the following categories of Medicaid participants:

- Categorically Needy (Mandatory and Options for Coverage) Eligibility Groups
  - Mandatory Medically Needy
    - Medically Needy Pregnant Women
  - Optional Medically Needy (select the groups included in the population)
    - Medically Needy Children under Age 18
    - Medically Needy Aged, Blind or Disabled
    - Medically Needy Blind or Disabled Individuals Eligible in 1973

- Medically Needy Eligibility Groups
  - Medically Needy Children Age 18 through 20
  - Medically Needy Parents and Other Caretaker Relatives

- Families and Adults
  - Medically Needy Adults Age 18 through 20
  - Medically Needy Parents and Other Caretaker Relatives

- Aged, Blind and Disabled
  - Medically Needy Aged, Blind or Disabled
  - Medically Needy Blind or Disabled Individuals Eligible in 1973
Health Homes Population and Enrollment Criteria

The state elects to offer Health Homes services to individuals with:

- Two or more chronic conditions
  - Mental Health Condition
  - Substance Use Disorder
  - Asthma
  - Diabetes
  - Heart Disease
  - BMI over 25
  - Other (specify):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BMI over 25</td>
<td>BMI is defined as, at or above 25 for adults, and BMI at or above the 85 percentile for children.</td>
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- One chronic condition and the risk of developing another
  - Mental Health Condition
  - Substance Use Disorder
  - Asthma
  - Diabetes
  - Heart Disease
  - BMI over 25
  - Other (specify):

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tr>
<td>HIV/AIDS</td>
<td>see description below</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One Serious Mental Illness</td>
<td>see description below</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SED/Complex Trauma</td>
<td>see description below</td>
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Specify the criteria for at risk of developing another chronic condition:

HIV, Serious Mental Illness (SMI) and Serious Emotional Disturbance (SED) and complex trauma are each single qualifying conditions for which NYS was approved. Providers do not need to document a risk of developing another condition in these cases.

New York’s Medicaid program serves over 5 million enrollees with a
broad array of health care needs and challenges. While many Medicaid enrollees are relatively healthy and access practitioners to obtain episodic and preventive health care, the Medicaid program also has several population groups who have complex medical, behavioral, and long term care needs that drive a high volume of high cost services including inpatient and long term institutional care.

Of the 5.4M Medicaid enrollees who access services on a fee for service or managed care basis, 975,000 (including dual eligibles) have been identified as high cost/high need enrollees with two or more chronic conditions and/or a Serious Persistent Mental Illness. These high cost/high need enrollees are categorized into four groups representing enrollees with intellectual disabilities, enrollees in need of long term care services, enrollees with behavioral health issues, and enrollees with two or more chronic medical conditions. One of NY’s first health home initiatives will focus on enrollees with behavioral health and/or chronic medical conditions.

The NYS Medicaid program plans to certify health homes that build on current provider partnerships. Applicant health home providers will be required to meet State defined health home requirements that assure access to primary, specialty and behavioral health care that support the integration and coordination of all care. Recently passed New York State Law provides the Commissioners of Health, Mental Health, Alcoholism and Substance Abuse Services, and People with Developmental Disabilities the authority to integrate care delivery by synching health care, substance abuse services, and mental health certification requirements for health homes. Approved health homes will directly provide, or contract for, health home services to the identified eligible beneficiaries. To meet this goal, it is expected that health home providers will develop health home networks with primary, medical, specialty and mental health providers, substance abuse service providers, community based organizations, managed care plans and others to provide enrollees access to needed services.

To facilitate the use of health information technology by health homes to improve service delivery and coordination across the care continuum, NY has developed initial and final HIT standards for health homes that are consistent with NYS’ Operational Plan for Health Information Technology and Exchange approved by CMS. Providers must meet initial HIT standards to implement a health home. Furthermore, applicants must provide a plan to achieve the final standards within eighteen months of program initiation in order to be approved as a health home provider.

To the extent possible health home providers will be encouraged to utilize regional health information organizations or qualified entities to access patient data and to develop partnerships that maximize the use of HIT across providers (i.e., hospitals, TCMs). Health home providers will be encouraged to utilize HIT as feasible to create, document, execute and update a plan of care that is accessible to the interdisciplinary team of providers for every patient. Health home providers will also be encouraged to utilize HIT as feasible to process and follow up on patient testing, treatments, community based services and provider referrals.

NY will target populations for health homes services in the major categories and the associated 3M Clinical Risk Group categories of chronic behavioral and medical conditions listed below.

Major Category: Alcohol and Substance Abuse
3M Clinical Risk Group (3M CRGs) Category
1. Alcohol Liver Disease
2. Chronic Alcohol Abuse
3. Cocaine Abuse
4. Drug Abuse - Cannabis/NOS/NEC
5. Substance Abuse
6. Opioid Abuse
7. Other Significant Drug Abuse

Major Category: Mental Health
3M Clinical Risk Group (3M CRGs) Category
1. Bi-Polar Disorder
2. Conduct, Impulse Control, and Other Disruptive Behavior Disorders
3. Dementing Disease
4. Depressive and Other Psychoses
5. Eating Disorder
6. Major Personality Disorders
7. Psychiatric Disease (Except Schizophrenia)
8. Schizophrenia

Major Category: Cardiovascular Disease
3M Clinical Risk Group (3M CRGs) Category
1. Advanced Coronary Artery Disease
2. Cerebrovascular Disease
3. Congestive Heart Failure
4. Hypertension
5. Peripheral Vascular Disease

Major Category: HIV/AIDS
3M Clinical Risk Group (3M CRGs) Category
1. HIV Disease

Major Category: Metabolic Disease
3M Clinical Risk Group (3M CRGs) Category
1. Chronic Renal Failure
2. Diabetes

Major Category: Respiratory Disease
3M Clinical Risk Group (3M CRGs) Category
1. Asthma
2. Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease

Major Category: Other
3M Clinical Risk Group (3M CRGs) Category
1. Other Chronic Disease -conditions listed above as well as other specific diagnoses of the population.

Description of population selection criteria

The target population to receive health home services under this amendment includes categorically needy and medically needy beneficiaries served by Medicaid managed care or fee for service and Medicare/Medicaid dual eligible beneficiaries who meet health home selection criteria. NY will offer Health Home Services to individuals with two or more chronic conditions, individuals with HIV/AIDS, individuals with one serious mental illness, individuals with SED, and individuals with complex trauma.

Enrollees in the behavioral health category have been identified through claims and encounter data analysis as having received mental health or substance abuse services and/or having select mental health diagnoses. These enrollees often have co-morbid chronic, medical conditions. In addition, based on experience in working with this population, many of these enrollees have social issues, such as lack of permanent housing, that take priority to these individuals over their health care conditions. Enrollees in the chronic medical condition category have been identified through claims and encounter data analysis as having two or three chronic medical conditions.

Complex trauma exposure in childhood has been shown to impair brain development and the ability to learn and develop social and emotional skills during childhood, consequently increasing the risks of developing serious or chronic diseases in adolescence and adulthood. Children who have experienced complex trauma and who are not old enough to have experienced long-term impacts are uniquely vulnerable. Childhood exposure to child maltreatment, including emotional abuse and neglect, exposure to violence, sexual and physical abuse are often traumatic events that continue to be distressing for children even after the maltreatment has ceased, with negative physical, behavioral, and/or psychological effects on the children. Since child maltreatment occurs in the context of the child’s relationship with a caregiver, the child’s ability to form secure
attachment bonds, sense of safety and stability are disrupted. Without timely and effective intervention during childhood, a growing body of research shows that a child's experience of these events (simultaneous or sequential maltreatment) can create wide-ranging and lasting adverse effects on developmental functioning, and physical, social, emotional or spiritual well-being. Enrolling children who are experiencing complex trauma in Health Homes will work to prevent, while an individual is still in childhood, the development of other more complex chronic conditions in adulthood.

Enrollees in the complex trauma category will be identified for referral to Health Homes by various entities, including child welfare systems (i.e., foster care and local departments of social services), health and behavioral health care providers, and other systems (e.g., education) that impact children.

Enrollees in the behavioral health category have been identified through claims and encounter data analysis as having received mental health or substance abuse services and/or having select mental health diagnoses. These enrollees often have co-morbid chronic, medical conditions. In addition, based on experience in working with this population, many of these enrollees have social issues, such as lack of permanent housing, that take priority to these individuals over their health care conditions. Enrollees in the chronic medical condition category have been identified through claims and encounter data analysis as having two or three chronic medical conditions.

Specify the criteria for a serious and persistent mental health condition:

The guidance on complex trauma draws upon the domains within the definition of serious emotional disturbance (SED). While there may be similarities in the condition(s)and symptoms that arise in either complex trauma or SED, the therapeutic approaches associated with the same diagnoses may vary significantly when the symptoms arising from traumatic experiences are identified as such. Trauma experts indicate that with complex trauma, the clinical diagnoses may be more severe and typically present as comorbidities or multiple diagnoses. 1. Definition of Complex Trauma a. The term complex trauma incorporates at least:
   i. Infants/children/or adolescents' exposure to multiple traumatic events, often of an invasive, interpersonal nature, and ii. the wide ranging long-term impact of this exposure. b. Nature of the traumatic events: i. often is severe and pervasive, such as abuse or profound neglect ii. usually begins early in life iii. can be disruptive of the child's development and the formation of a healthy sense of self (with self-regulatory, executive functioning, self-perceptions, etc.) iv. often occur in the context of the child's relationship with a caregiver, and v. can interfere with the child's ability to form a secure attachment bond, which is considered a prerequisite for healthy social-emotional functioning. c. Many aspects of a child's healthy physical and mental development rely on this secure attachment, a primary source of safety and stability. d. Wide-ranging, long-term adverse effects can include impairments in i. physiological responses and related neurodevelopment ii. emotional responses iii. cognitive processes including the ability to think, learn, and concentrate iv. impulse control and other self-regulating behavior v. self-image, and vi. relationships with others and vii. dissociation. Effective October 1, 2016 complex trauma and SED will each be a single qualifying condition.
Health Homes Population and Enrollment Criteria

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Enrollment of Participants

Participation in a Health Homes is voluntary. Indicate the method the state will use to enroll eligible Medicaid individuals into a Health Home:

- [ ] Opt-In to Health Homes provider
- [x] Referral and assignment to Health Homes provider with opt-out
- [ ] Other (describe)

Describe the process used:

Any Individual, including those for which consent to enroll in a health home will be provided by a parent or guardian, will be referred to health homes by health homes, care managers, managed care plans and other providers and entities, including local departments of social services, and local government units. Referrals will be processed for assignment, and such assignments will take into account existing relationships with health care providers or health care delivery system relationships, geography, and/or qualifying condition. Such individuals/parents/guardians will be given the option to choose another health home when available, or opt out of enrollment of a health home.

The state provides assurance that it will clearly communicate the individual's right to opt out of the Health Homes benefit or to change Health Homes providers at any time and agrees to submit to CMS a copy of any letter or communication used to inform the individuals of the Health Homes benefit and their rights to choose or change Health Homes providers or to elect not to receive the benefit.
Health Homes Providers

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**SPA ID** NY-20-0034

**Initial Submission Date** N/A

**Effective Date** 7/1/2020

**System-Derived**

**Types of Health Homes Providers**

- Designated Providers

- **Other (Specify)**

  - Physicians
  - Clinical Practices or Clinical Group Practices
  - Rural Health Clinics
  - Community Health Centers
  - Community Mental Health Centers
  - Home Health Agencies
  - Case Management Agencies
  - Community/Behavioral Health Agencies
  - Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHC)
  - Please see text below

- Teams of Health Care Professionals

- Health Teams

**Provider Infrastructure**

**Describe the infrastructure of provider arrangements for Health Home Services**

New York’s health home provider infrastructure will include designated providers working with multidisciplinary teams as described below. NYS Medicaid providers eligible to become health homes include managed care plans; hospitals; medical, mental and chemical dependency treatment clinics; primary care practitioner practices; PCMHs; FQHCs; Targeted Case Management (TCM) providers; certified home health care agencies and any other Medicaid enrolled provider that meet health home provider standards. To assure that NY health homes meet the proposed federal health home model of service delivery and NYS standards, health home provider qualification standards were developed. The standards were developed with input from a variety of stakeholders including hospitals, clinics, physicians, mental health experts, chemical dependency treatment experts and housing providers. Representatives from the Department of Health’s Offices of Health Systems Management, Health IT Transformation, and the AIDS Institute and the NYS Offices of Mental Health and Office of Addiction Services and Supports also participated in the development of these standards. The standards set the ground work for assuring that health home enrollees will receive appropriate, and timely access to medical, behavioral, and social services in a coordinated and integrated manner.

NY health homes will use multidisciplinary teams of medical, mental health, chemical dependency treatment providers, social workers, nurses and other care providers led by a dedicated care manager who will assure that enrollees receive needed medical, behavioral, and social services in accordance with a single plan of care. Optional team members may include nutritionists/dieticians, pharmacists, outreach workers including...
peer specialists and other representatives as appropriate to meet the enrollee needs (housing representatives, entitlement, employment). All members of the team will be responsible for reporting back to the care manager on patient status, treatment options, actions taken and outcomes as a result of those interventions. All members of the team will also be responsible for ensuring that care is person-centered, culturally competent and linguistically capable.

A single care management record will be agreed to and shared by all team professionals and case reviews will be conducted on a regular basis. The care manager will be responsible for overall management and coordination of the enrollee’s care plan which will include both medical/behavioral health and social service needs and goals.

In order to ensure the delivery of quality health home services, the State will provide educational opportunities for health home providers, such as webinars, regional meetings and/or learning collaboratives to foster shared learning, information sharing and problem solving. Educational opportunities will be provided to support the provision of timely, comprehensive, high-quality health homes services that are whole person focused and that integrate medical, behavioral health and other needed supports and social services. The State will maintain a highly collaborative and coordinated working relationship with individual health home providers through frequent communication and feedback. Learning activities and technical assistance will also support providers of health home services to address the following health home functional components:

1. Provide quality-driven, cost-effective, culturally appropriate, and person- and family-centered health home services;
2. Coordinate and provide access to high-quality health care services informed by evidence-based clinical practice guidelines;
3. Coordinate and provide access to preventive and health promotion services, including prevention of mental illness and substance use disorders;
4. Coordinate and provide access to mental health and substance abuse services;
5. Coordinate and provide access to comprehensive care management, care coordination, and transitional care across settings. Transitional care includes appropriate follow-up from inpatient to other settings, such as participation in discharge planning and facilitating transfer from a pediatric to an adult system of health care;
6. Coordinate and provide access to chronic disease management, including self-management support to individuals and their families;
7. Coordinate and provide access to individual and family supports, including referral to community, social support, and recovery services;
8. Coordinate and provide access to long-term care supports and services;
9. Develop a person-centered care plan for each individual that coordinates and integrates all of his or her clinical and non-clinical health-care related needs and services;
10. Demonstrate a capacity to use health information technology to link services, facilitate communication among team members and between the health team and individual and family caregivers, and provide feedback to practices, as feasible and appropriate; and
11. Establish a continuous quality improvement program, and collect and report on data that permits an evaluation of increased coordination of care and chronic disease management on individual-level clinical outcomes, experience of care outcomes, and quality of care outcomes at the population level.

The Department of Health in partnership with the Office of Mental Health and the Office of Addiction Services and Supports will closely monitor health home providers to ensure that health home services are being provided that meet the NYS health home provider standards and CMS’ health home core functional requirements. Oversight activities will include, but not be limited to: medical chart and care management record review, site audits, team composition analysis, and review of types and number of contacts, etc.

**Supports for Health Homes Providers**

Describe the methods by which the state will support providers of Health Homes services in addressing the following components

1. Provide quality-driven, cost-effective, culturally appropriate, and person- and family- centered Health Homes services
2. Coordinate and provide access to high quality health care services informed by evidence-based clinical practice guidelines
3. Coordinate and provide access to preventive and health promotion services, including prevention of mental illness and substance use disorders
4. Coordinate and provide access to mental health and substance abuse services
5. Coordinate and provide access to comprehensive care management, care coordination, and transitional care across settings. Transitional care includes appropriate follow-up from inpatient to other settings, such as participation in discharge planning and facilitating transfer from a pediatric to an adult system of health care
6. Coordinate and provide access to chronic disease management, including self-management support to individuals and their families
7. Coordinate and provide access to individual and family supports, including referral to community, social support, and recovery services
8. Coordinate and provide access to long-term care supports and services
9. Develop a person-centered care plan for each individual that coordinates and integrates all of his or her clinical and non-clinical health-care related needs and services
10. Demonstrate a capacity to use health information technology to link services, facilitate communication among team members and between the health team and individual and family caregivers, and provide feedback to practices, as feasible and appropriate
11. Establish a continuous quality improvement program, and collect and report on data that permits an evaluation of increased coordination of care and chronic disease management on individual-level clinical outcomes, experience of care outcomes, and quality of care outcomes at the population level

**Description**

**Other Health Homes Provider Standards**

The state’s requirements and expectations for Health Homes providers are as follows
The state's minimum requirements and expectations for Health Home providers are as follows: Under New York State's approach to health home implementation, a health home provider is the central point for directing patient-centered care and is accountable for reducing avoidable health care costs, specifically preventable hospital admissions/readmissions and avoidable emergency room visits; providing timely post discharge follow-up, and improving patient outcomes by addressing primary medical, specialist and behavioral health care through direct provision, or through contractual arrangements with appropriate service providers, of comprehensive, integrated services.

General Qualifications

1. Health home providers/plans must be enrolled (or be eligible for enrollment) in the NYS Medicaid program and agree to comply with all Medicaid program requirements.

2. Health home providers can either directly provide, or subcontract for the provision of, health home services. The health home provider remains responsible for all health home program requirements, including services performed by the subcontractor.

3. Care coordination and integration of health care services will be provided to all health home enrollees by an interdisciplinary team of providers, where each individual's care is under the direction of a dedicated care manager who is accountable for assuring access to medical and behavioral health care services and community social supports as defined in the enrollee care plan.

4. Hospitals that are part of a health home network must have procedures in place for referring any eligible individual with chronic conditions who seek or need treatment in a hospital emergency department to a DOH designated health home provider.

5. Health home providers must demonstrate their ability to perform each of the eleven CMS health home core functional components. (Refer to section iii. Provider Infrastructure) Including:

i. Indian Health Home providers must meet the following core health home requirements in the manner described below. Health home providers must provide written documentation that clearly demonstrates how the requirements are being met.

ii. The individual's plan of care must include outreach and engagement activities that will support engaging patients in care and promoting interventions that will produce this effect.

iii. The individual's plan of care must include goals and timeframes for improving the patient's health and health care status and the processes used to perform these functions.

iv. The processes and timeframes used to assure service delivery takes place in the described manner; and
v. Description of multifaceted health home service interventions that will be provided to promote patient engagement, participation in their plan of care and that ensures patients appropriate access to the continuum of physical and behavioral health care and social services.

6. Health home providers must meet the following core health home requirements in the manner described below. Health home providers must provide written documentation that clearly demonstrates how the requirements are being met.

* Please note whenever the individual/patient/enrollee is stated when applicable, the term is interchangeable with guardian.

I. Comprehensive Care Management

Policies and procedures are in place to create, document, execute and update an individualized, patient centered plan of care for each individual.

1a. A comprehensive health assessment that identifies medical, mental health, chemical dependency and social service needs is developed.

1b. The individual's plan of care integrates the continuum of medical, behavioral health services, rehabilitative, long term care and social service needs and clearly identifies the primary care physician/nurse practitioner, specialist(s), behavioral health care provider(s), care manager and other providers directly involved in the individual's care.

1c. The individual (or their guardian) play a central and active role in the development and execution of their plan of care and should agree with the goals, interventions and time frames contained in the plan.

1d. The individual's plan of care clearly identifies primary, specialty, behavioral health and community networks and supports that address their needs.

1e. The individual's plan of care clearly identifies family members and other supports involved in the patient's care. Family and other supports are included in the plan and execution of care as requested by the individual.

1f. The individual's plan of care clearly identifies goals and timeframes for improving the patient's health and health care status and the interventions that will produce this effect.

1g. The individual's plan of care must include outreach and engagement activities that will support engaging patients in care and promoting continuity of care.

1h. The individual's plan of care includes periodic reassessment of the individual needs and clearly identifies the patient's progress in meeting goals and changes in the plan of care based on changes in patient's need.

II. Care Coordination and Health Promotion

2a. The health home provider is accountable for engaging and retaining health home enrollees in care; coordinating and arranging for the provision of services; supporting adherence to treatment recommendations; and monitoring and evaluating a patient's needs, including prevention, wellness, medical, specialist and behavioral health treatment, care transitions, and social and community services where appropriate through the creation of an individual plan of care.

2b. The health home provider will assign each individual a dedicated care manager who is responsible for overall management of the patient's care plan. The health home care manager is clearly identified in the patient record. Each individual enrolled with a health home will have one dedicated care manager who has overall responsibility and accountability for coordinating all aspects of the individual's care. The individual cannot be enrolled in more than one care management program funded by the Medicaid program.

2c. The health home provider must describe the relationship and communication between the dedicated care manager and the treating clinicians that assure that the care manager can discuss with clinicians on an as needed basis, changes in patient condition that may necessitate treatment change (i.e., written orders and/or prescriptions).

2d. The health home provider must define how patient care will be directed when conflicting treatment is being provided.

2e. The health home provider has policies, procedures and accountabilities (contractual agreements) to support...
effective collaborations between primary care, specialist and behavioral health providers, evidence-based referrals and follow-up and consultations that clearly define roles and responsibilities.

2f. The health home provider supports continuity of care and health promotion through the development of a treatment relationship with the individual and the interdisciplinary team of providers.

2g. The health home provider supports care coordination and facilitates collaboration through the establishment of regular case review meetings, including all members of the interdisciplinary team on a schedule determined by the health home provider. The health home provider has the option of utilizing technology conferencing tools including audio, video and/or web deployed solutions when security protocols and precautions are in place to protect PHI.

2h. The health home provider ensures 24 hours/seven days a week availability to a care manager to provide information and emergency consultation services.

2i. The health home provider will ensure the availability of priority appointments for health home enrollees to medical and behavioral health care services within their health home provider network to avoid unnecessary, inappropriate utilization of emergency room and inpatient hospital services.

2j. The health home provider promotes evidence based wellness and prevention by linking health home enrollees with resources for smoking cessation, diabetes, asthma, hypertension, self help recovery resources, and other services based on individual needs and preferences.

2k. The health home provider has a system to track and share patient information and care needs across providers and to monitor patient outcomes and initiate changes in care, as necessary, to address patient need.

III. Comprehensive Transitional Care

3a. The health home provider has a system in place with hospitals and residential/rehabilitation facilities in their network to provide the health home prompt notification of an individual's admission and/or discharge to/from an emergency room, inpatient, or residential/rehabilitation setting.

3b. The health home provider has policies and procedures in place with local practitioners, health facilities including emergency rooms, hospitals, and residential/rehabilitation settings, providers and community-based services to help ensure coordinated, safe transitions in care for its patients who require transfers in the site of care.

3c. The health home provider utilizes HIT as feasible to facilitate interdisciplinary collaboration among all providers, the patient, family, caregivers, and local supports.

3d. The health home provider has a systematic follow-up protocol in place to assure timely access to follow-up care post discharge that includes at a minimum receipt of a summary care record from the discharging entity, medication reconciliation, timely scheduled appointments at recommended outpatient providers, care manager verification with outpatient provider that the patient attended the appointment, and a plan to outreach and reengage the patient if care if the appointment was missed.

IV. Patient and Family Support

4a. Patient's individualized plan of care reflects patient and family or caregiver preferences, education and support for self-management; self help recovery, and other resources as appropriate.

4b. Patient's individualized plan of care is accessible to the individual and their families or other caregivers based on the individual's preference.

4c. The health home provider utilizes peer supports, support groups and self-care programs to increase patients' knowledge about their disease, engagement and self management capabilities, and to improve adherence to prescribed treatment.

4d. The health home provider discusses advance directives with enrollees and their families or caregivers.

4e. The health home provider communicates and shares information with individuals and their families and other caregivers with appropriate consideration for language, literacy and cultural preferences.

4f. The health home provider gives the patient access to care plans and options for accessing clinical information.

V. Referral to Community and Social Support Services

5a. The health home provider identifies available community-based resources and actively manages appropriate referrals, access, engagement, follow-up and coordination of services.

5b. The health home provider has policies, procedures and accountabilities (contractual agreements) to support effective collaborations with community-based resources, which clearly define roles and responsibilities.

5c. The plan of care should include community-based and other social support services as well as healthcare services that respond to the patient's needs and preferences and contribute to achieving the patient's goals.

VI. Use of Health Information Technology to Link Services

Health home providers will make use of available HIT and accesses data through the regional health information organization (RHIOs)/Qualified Entities (QE) to conduct these processes as feasible, to comply with the initial standards cited in items 6a.-6d for implementation of health homes. In order to be approved as health home provider, applicants must provide a plan to achieve the final standards cited in items 6e.-6i within eighteen (18) months of program initiation.

Initial Standards

6a. Health home provider has structured information systems, policies, procedures and practices to create, document, execute, and update a plan of care for every patient.

6b. Health home provider has a systematic process to follow-up on tests, treatments, services and, and referrals which is incorporated into the patient's plan of care.

6c. Health home provider has a health record system which allows the patient's health information and plan of care to be accessible to the interdisciplinary team of providers and which allows for population management and identification of gaps in care including preventive services.

6d. Health home provider makes use of available HIT and accesses data through the RHIO/QE to conduct these processes, as feasible.

Final Standards

6e. Health home provider has structured interoperable health information technology systems, policies, procedures and practices to support the creation, documentation, execution, and ongoing management of a plan of care for every patient.
6f. Health home provider uses an electronic health record system that qualifies under the Meaningful Use provisions of the HITECH Act, which allows the patient's health information and plan of care to be accessible to the interdisciplinary team of providers. If the provider does not currently have such a system, they will provide a plan for when and how they will implement it.

6g. Health home provider will be required to comply with the current and future version of the Statewide Policy Guidance (http://health.ny.gov/technology/statewide_policy_guidance.htm) which includes common information policies, standards and technical approaches governing health information exchange.

6h. Health home provider commits to joining regional health information networks or qualified health IT entities for data exchange and includes a commitment to share information with all providers participating in a care plan. RHIOs/QE provides policy and technical services required for health information exchange through the Statewide Health Information Network of New York (SHIN-NY).

6i. Health home provider supports the use of evidence based clinical decision making tools, consensus guidelines, and best practices to achieve optimal outcomes and cost avoidance. One example of such a tool is PSYCKES.

VII. Quality Measures Reporting to State

7a. The health home provider has the capability of sharing information with other providers and collecting and reporting specific quality measures as required by NYS and CMS.

7b. The health home provider is accountable for reducing avoidable health care costs specifically preventable hospital admissions/readmissions and avoidable emergency room visits; providing timely post discharge follow up, and improving patient outcomes as measured by NYS and CMS required quality measures.

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Health Homes Payment Methodologies

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Payment Methodology

The State's Health Homes payment methodology will contain the following features

- Fee for Service

- Individual Rates Per Service

- Per Member, Per Month Rates

- Fee for Service Rates based on Severity of each individual's chronic conditions

- Capabilities of the team of health care professionals, designated provider, or health team

- Other

Describe below

see text box below regarding rates

- Comprehensive Methodology Included in the Plan

- Incentive Payment Reimbursement

see text below
Describe any variations in payment based on provider qualifications, individual care needs, or the intensity of the services provided

☐ PCCM (description included in Service Delivery section)

☐ Risk Based Managed Care (description included in Service Delivery section)

☐ Alternative models of payment, other than Fee for Service or PMPM payments (describe below)
Health Homes Payment Methodologies

MEDICAID | Medicaid State Plan | Health Homes | NY2020MS0004O | NY-20-0034 | NYS Health Home Program

Package Header

- **Package ID**: NY2020MS0004O
- **SPA ID**: NY-20-0034
- **Submission Type**: Official
- **Approval Date**: N/A
- **Superseded SPA ID**: NY-19-0007
- **Effective Date**: 7/1/2020
- **Initial Submission Date**: N/A

Agency Rates

**Describe the rates used**

- FFS Rates included in plan
- Comprehensive methodology included in plan

- The agency rates are set as of the following date and are effective for services provided on or after that date

  - **Effective Date**: 7/1/2020

**Website where rates are displayed**

Health Homes Payment Methodologies

Rate Development

Provide a comprehensive description in the SPA of the manner in which rates were set
1. In the SPA please provide the cost data and assumptions that were used to develop each of the rates
2. Please identify the reimbursable unit(s) of service
3. Please describe the minimum level of activities that the state agency requires for providers to receive payment per the defined unit
4. Please describe the state's standards and process required for service documentation, and
5. Please describe in the SPA the procedures for reviewing and rebasing the rates, including
   • the frequency with which the state will review the rates, and
   • the factors that will be reviewed by the state in order to understand if the rates are economic and efficient and sufficient to ensure quality services.

Comprehensive Description

Provide a comprehensive description of the rate-setting policies the State will use to establish Health Homes provider reimbursement fee for service or PMPM rates. Explain how the methodology is consistent with the goals of efficiency, economy, and quality of care. Within your description, please explain: the reimbursable unit(s) of service, the cost assumptions and other relevant factors used to determine the payment amounts, the minimum level of activities that the state agency requires for providers to receive payment per the defined unit, and the state's standards and process required for service documentation.

Provider Type

NYS Medicaid providers eligible to become health homes include managed care plans; hospitals; medical, mental and chemical dependency treatment clinics; primary care practitioner practices; PCMHs; FQHCs; Targeted Case Management (TCM) providers; certified home health care agencies and any other Medicaid enrolled providers that meet health home provider standards.

Care Management Fee:

Health Homes meeting State and Federal standards will be paid a per member per month care management fee that is adjusted based on region and case mix method for adults, or the Child and Adolescent Needs and Strength Assessment of New York (CANS-NY) for children age 0 through 20. The total cost relating to a care manager (salary, fringe benefits, non-personal services, capital and administration costs) in conjunction with caseload assumptions were used to develop the Health Home rates. The state periodically reviews the Health Home payments in conjunction with Department of Labor salary data to ensure that the Health Home rates are sufficient to ensure quality services.

Effective May 1, 2018, the per member per month care management fee for adults will be based on region and case mix defined by populations as indicated below. Health Home rates for children will continue to be determined by an algorithm applied to the CANS-NY assessment. The risk adjusted payments will allow providers to receive a diverse population of patients and assign patients to various levels of care management intensity without having to meet preset standards for contact counts. Providers will be able to respond to and adjust the intensity and frequency of intervention based on patient's current condition and needs (from tracking to high touch). All rates will be published on the DOH website. Except as otherwise noted in the plan, state developed fee schedule rates are the same for both governmental and private providers. Rates for Health Home services to children are effective October 1, 2016 and apply to services furnished on and after such dates.

For dates of service beginning June 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018, the per member per month care management fee for adults will be based on region and case mix defined by populations as indicated below. Health Home rates for children will continue to be determined by an algorithm applied to the CANS-NY assessment. The risk adjusted payments will allow providers to receive a diverse population of patients and assign patients to various levels of care management intensity without having to meet preset standards for contact counts. Providers will be able to respond to and adjust the intensity and frequency of intervention based on patient's current condition and needs (from tracking to high touch). All rates will be published on the DOH website. Except as otherwise noted in the plan, state developed fee schedule rates are the same for both governmental and private providers. Rates for Health Home services to children are effective October 1, 2016 and apply to services furnished on and after such dates.

For dates of service beginning June 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018, the per member per month care management fee for Health Homes that are, as of June 1, 2018, designated to serve children only, or designated to serve children in 43 counties and adults and children in one county, shall be adjusted to provide $4 million in payments to supplement care management fees. The supplemental payments shall be paid no later than March 31, 2019 and will be allocated proportionately among such Health Homes based on services provided between June 1, 2018 and December 1, 2018. The supplement shall be a lump sum payments.

Rates for Health Home services furnished to other populations are effective as noted below and apply to services furnished on and after such dates.
State Health Home Rates and Rate Codes Effective October 1, 2017 can be found at:
https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/program/medicaid_health_homes/docs/hh_rates_effective_october_2017.xlsx

State Health Home Rates and Rate Codes Effective May 1, 2018 can be found at:
https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/program/medicaid_health_homes/docs/hh_rates_effective_may_2018.xlsx

State Health Home Rates and Rate Codes Effective October 1, 2018 can be found at:
https://health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/program/medicaid_health_homes/billing/docs/hh_rates_effective_october_2018.xlsx

State Health Home Rates and Rate Codes Effective July 1, 2020, can be found at:

Population Case Mix Definitions for Health Home Adult Rates

Health Home Plus/Care Management Rates include adults with active AOT order or expired AOT order within last year; adults stepping down from State PC and ACT; Health and Recovery Plan (HARP) members that meet high risk criteria (recent incarceration, homelessness, multiple hospital admissions, etc.); and members identified at the discretion of the Medicaid Managed Care Plan or state designated entity for adults not currently enrolled in a Medicaid Managed Care Plan.

Health Home High Risk/Need Care Management Rates, include adults that are HARP enrolled members not included in the Health Home Plus/Care Management; any adult member meeting high risk criteria based on the high, medium and low, Clinical and Functional Assessment; and members identified at the discretion of the Medicaid Managed Care Plan or state designated entity for adults not currently enrolled in a Medicaid Managed Care Plan.

Health Home Care Management Rates, include all other adults not meeting criteria for Health Home Services Adult Home Transition Rates, Health Home Plus/Care Management or High Risk /High Need Care Management Rates.

Health Home Services Adult Home Transition Rates apply to individuals, under the terms of a Stipulation and Order of Settlement between the U.S. Department of Justice and New York State, that are Adult Home Residents with serious mental illness (SMI) that are required to transition from Adult Homes located in New York City to the community.

Effective July 1, 2020, the PMPM for case finding will be reduced to $0 as indicated in the State Health Home Rates and Rate Codes posted to the State’s website as indicated above.

A unit of service will be defined as a billable unit per service month. In order to be reimbursed for a billable unit of service per month health home providers must, at a minimum, provide one of the core health home services per month. The monthly payment will be paid via the active care management PMPM. Once a patient has consented to received services and been assigned a care manager and is enrolled in the health home program the active care management PMPM may be billed. Care managers must document all services provided to the member in the member’s care plan.

Managed Care Considerations:

Similar to the NY patient centered Medical Home program, it is the intention of the State to coordinate and pay for health home services through health plans but at State set rates for the service. The State will address any existing care management resources in the current plan premium for health home enrollees under CMS guidelines (bring this resource out of the capitation and create federal matching for those resources under the health home payment). Plans will pay health home providers State set rates when providers are contracted to provide all health home services. In the case where the plan does a portion of the health home service (e.g. telephonic post discharge tracking) and downstream providers do a separate portion (e.g. face to face care management) the plan will then split the State generated PMPM proportional to the contracted effort.

The Medicaid/FHP Model Contract has been modified to include language similar to that outlined below which addresses any duplication of payment between the MCO capitation payments and health home payments. The delivery design and payment methodology will not result in any duplication of payment between Health Homes and managed care.

• The managed care plan is not required to provide services that would duplicate the CMS reimbursed Health Home services for members participating in the State’s Health Home program.
• The managed care organization will be informed of members assigned to a Health Home or will assign its members to a Health Home for health home services. Plans may need to expand their networks to include additional State designated health home providers to ensure appropriate access.
• Plans will need to have signed contracts including clearly established responsibilities with the provider
based health homes.

• The managed care plan will be required to inform either the individual’s Health Home or the State of any inpatient admission or discharge of a Health Home member that the plan learns of through its inpatient admission initial authorization and concurrent review processes as soon as possible to promote appropriate follow-up and coordination of services.

• Plans will assist State designated Health Home providers in their network with coordinating access to data, as needed.

• Plans will, as appropriate, assist with the collection of required care management and patient experience of care data from State designated Health Home providers in its’ network.

The State has a health home advisory committee of providers and managed care plans through which any issues with payment would be raised and addressed. Directions have been given to health plans to match health home payment to providers based on relative health home care management effort. Further information on specific construction on health home rates includes specific administration compensation to guide rate differential construct.

Targeted Case Management (TCM) Conversion Considerations:

The State envisions that eventually all targeted case management programs operating in New York will convert to or become part of health homes, and these providers will require time to meet State and Federal health home standards. The State will allow TCM providers that can meet health home standards to convert to health homes or join with larger health homes. TCM providers that convert to health homes will be governed under NYS Health Home Provider Qualification Standards, not TCM standards. The payment method will be designed to transition all existing TCM capacity from the current rates to the new Health Home payment structure. Effective January 1, 2015 TCM programs for adults will be paid their existing TCM rates until November 30, 2016. Effective October 1, 2016 through September 30, 2018 TCM programs for children will be paid a transitional rate that is as financially equivalent as practicable to their current rate.

Health Home care management services may be provided to children that are eligible and enrolled in both the Early Intervention Program and Health Home, and will meet and fulfill the requirements of the ongoing service coordination required to be provided to children enrolled in the Early Intervention Program.

All payments will be made under the health home payment detailed above in the care management fee section unless they convert to or become part of a health home. Effective October 1, 2017, the case finding PMPM will be paid under the provisions described in the care management fee section.

Children's Transitional Rates:

Providers delivering Individualized Care Coordination (ICC) under the 1915c SED or Health Care Integration (HCI) under the 1915c S2H waivers, who shall provide Health Home Care Management services in accordance with this section effective on January 1, 2019, shall be eligible for a transition rate add-on for two years to enable providers to transition to Health Home rates. Health Home Care Management Services eligible for the transition rate add-on shall be limited to services provided to the number of children such providers served as of December 31, 2018. Services provided to a greater number of children than such providers served as of December 31, 2018 shall be reimbursed the Health Home rate without the add-on. The transition methodology is set forth in the transitional rate chart.

Children's Health Home Transition Rates

January 1, 2019 through June 30, 2019

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<td>$750.00</td>
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July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020

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<tr>
<th>Health Home</th>
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<tr>
<td>1869: Low</td>
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<td>1870: Medium</td>
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<tr>
<td>1871: High</td>
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<td>$750.00</td>
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**Assurances**

- The State provides assurance that it will ensure non-duplication of payment for services similar to Health Homes services that are offered/covered under a different statutory authority, such as 1915(c) waivers or targeted case management.
  
  **Describe below how non-duplication of payment will be achieved**
  
  All rates are published on the DOH website. Except as otherwise noted in the plan, state developed fee schedule rates are the same for both governmental and private providers. All of the above payment policies have been developed to assure that there is no duplication of payment for health home services.
  

- The state has developed payment methodologies and rates that are consistent with section 1902(a)(30)(A).

- The State provides assurance that all governmental and private providers are reimbursed according to the same rate schedule, unless otherwise described above.

- The State provides assurance that it shall reimburse providers directly, except when there are employment or contractual arrangements consistent with section 1902(a)(32).

**Optional Supporting Material Upload**

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PRA Disclosure Statement: According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-1188. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 40 hours per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources, gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collection. If you have comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate(s) or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.

This view was generated on 6/12/2020 1:21 PM EDT
ated or owned governmental hospitals;

- Certain managed care payments pursuant to section 3-d of Part B of the Chapter 58 of the Laws of 2010; and

- Services provided to inmates of local correctional facilities.

- Other Payments that are not subject to the reduction include:
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- Vital Access Providers and Vital Access Provider Assurance Program;

- Physician Administered Drugs;

- Children and Family Treatment and Support Services (CFTSS);

- Court orders and judgments; and

- Family Planning services.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for SFY 2020-21 is ($438 million).

**Non-Institutional Services**

**Care Management**

Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:

- Implement Health Home Improvement, Efficiency, Consolidation and Standardization: These efficiencies include eliminating outreach payments, reducing unnecessary documentation, revising the criteria for admission, and re-evaluating the benchmarks for stepping patients down to lower levels of care management or graduation from a Health Home. Finally, placing the most seriously mentally ill clients in care management arrangements with appropriate caseload sizes – overseen by the Office of Mental Health – while moving lower acuity members into less intensive care management arrangements will both improve program quality and achieve efficiencies.

- Promote Further Adoption of Patient-Centered Medical Homes (PCMH): Continues incentive payments at current levels for lower cost, higher value PCMH programs while incorporating a tiered quality component into the incentive payments to align with other State initiatives such as the Prevention Agenda.

- Comprehensive Prevention and Management of Chronic Disease: Advances the use of evidence-based prevention strategies to manage highly prevalent chronic diseases, including diabetes, hypertension, asthma, smoking, osteoarthritis, chronic kidney disease, HIV/AIDS, and sickle cell disease. Specifically, the proposal will: (1) promote the use of evidence-based, self-care education, and prevention strategies; (2) implement an awareness campaign to educate Medicaid Managed Care (MMC) Plans, providers, and Medicaid members on the various resources and programs that are available; (3) educate the provider community relative to adherence to established evidence-based practice guidelines; (4) optimize services that are already covered by Medicaid, including expanding who can provide services; (5) optimize pharmacist services and leverage the frequency of patient visits to the pharmacy by expanding Collaborative Drug Therapy Management (CDTM) to the community setting, enable pharmacists to administer point-of-care testing for designated CLIA-waived tests and to initiate prescriptions for certain medications; (6) focus on chronic condition management within Patient-Centered Medical Homes (PCMHs) and Health Homes; initially, focus treatment and care management resources on adults with diabetes and hypertension, and children with asthma.

- Children’s Preventive Care and Care Transitions: Promotes behavioral health integration in pediatrics by continuing ongoing pilot work focused on pregnancy and early childhood (e.g., preschool screening and universal, light-touch home visits) and leverages participation in CMMI’s Integrated Care for Kids (InCK) model of integration of medical and behavioral health care, using resources already available in the community. In addition, this proposal improves care transitions for children with chronic medical and behavioral conditions, with a special focus on children with sickle cell disease (SCD) moving from pediatric to adult care settings.

- Children and Family Treatment and Support Services (CFTSS): Restores specialized transition rates for CFTSS.

- Invest in Medically Fragile Children: Invests Medicaid resources to improve access to private duty nursing (PDN) for medically fragile children in order to prevent hospitalization and emergency visits, by leveraging additional utilization of telehealth, commercial insurance coverage for PDN, further PDN network development and enhanced rates. Specifically, the proposal would increase fee-for-service PDN rates over a three year period to benchmark to the current Medicaid Managed Care rates; create a PDN Network whereby PDN providers would receive a negotiated enhanced rate of payment for PDN services.

- Preventive Dentistry: Promotes evidence-based preventative dentistry using fluoride varnish and silver diamine fluoride. Specifically, the proposal increases the application of fluoride varnish by primary care providers, including Registered Nurses, which will decrease early childhood decay and associated restorative costs. In addition, the proposal expands Medicaid dental coverage to include silver diamine fluoride which stops tooth decay and prevents additional oral complications.

- Emergency Room Avoidance and Cost Reductions: This proposal reduces unnecessary Emergency Department (ED) utilization and/or cost by redesigning care pathways for high ED utilizing patients and transitions navigation to community services by: allowing sharing of individualized patient treatment plans for chronic conditions (through Qualified Entity (QEs)); expanding access to Urgent Care Centers by increasing co-location with Emergency Rooms; requiring Urgent Care Centers to accept Medicaid; and exploring a lower ED triage fee for non-emergency conditions.

- Addressing Barriers to Opioid Care: Implements a series of Opioid related interventions to address certain barriers to care for Medicaid members, including but not limited to, better bundled payments that support opiate treatment through the adjustment of Ambulatory Patient Groups (APG) payments to eliminate unnecessary volume incentive and to promote more appropriate access including take home medication, when clinically appropriate; reduced Medicaid Coverage Limits for Rehabilitation Services as pathway to nonpharmacologic treatment alternative for pain management, and increased utilization of the Opioid Medical Maintenance (OMM) Model.

- Promote Maternal Health to Reduce Maternal Mortality: Focuses on optimizing the health of individuals of reproductive age, including discussions on comprehensive family planning and patient centered primary and preventive care. The proposal aims to improve access to quality prenatal care, free from implicit bias, and ensuring postpartum home visits are available to all individuals who agree have a home visit after giving birth, by working with Medicaid Managed Care plans to identify and address the barriers to achieving these goals. The proposal also includes ensuring all pregnant individuals have access to childbirth education and supports the participation of birthing centers in the Perinatal Quality Collaborative.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $86 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $140 million.

**Pharmacy**

Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:

- Reduce Drug Cap Growth by Enhancing Purchasing Power to Lower Drug Costs by providing the ability to negotiate supplemental rebates for new blockbuster drugs and gene therapies that do not yet have utilization; and the authority to negotiate value-based agreements with manufacturers.

- Reducing coverage of certain OTC products and increasing copayments (with exceptions for the most vulnerable populations).
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0035

This State Plan Amendment proposes to:

1) Apply a 5% reduction to both the budgeted and actual inpatient capital add-ons for rates beginning on or after April 2, 2020; and

2) For all inpatient rate add-ons reconciled on or after April 2, 2020, if the difference between the budgeted and actual capital add-on results in a positive add-on, the positive add-on will be reduced by 10%. Conversely, if the difference results in a negative add-on, the negative add-on will be increased by 10%.
5. **Payment for budgeted allocated capital costs.**

   a. Capital per diems for exempt units and hospitals [shall will be calculated by dividing the budgeted capital costs allocated to such rates pursuant to paragraph (4) above by budgeted exempt unit days, reconciled to rate year days and actual rate year exempt unit or hospital-approved capital expense. Effective on or after April 2, 2020, the budgeted and actual capital per diem rates will be reduced by five percent (5%). Additionally, for capital per diem rates reconciled on or after April 2, 2020, if the difference between the budgeted and actual capital per diem rate results in a positive rate adjustment, that rate adjustment will be reduced by ten percent (10%). Conversely, if the difference between the budgeted and actual capital per diem rate results in a negative rate adjustment, that rate adjustment will be increased by ten percent (10%).

   b. Capital payments for APR-DRG case rates [shall will be determined by dividing the budgeted capital allocated to such rates pursuant to paragraph (4) above by the hospital's budgeted, nonexempt unit discharges, reconciled to rate year discharges and actual rate year nonexempt unit or hospital-approved capital expense. Effective on or after April 2, 2020, the budgeted and actual capital per APR-DRG case rates will be reduced by five percent (5%). Additionally, for capital per APR-DRG case rates reconciled on or after April 2, 2020, if the difference between the budgeted and actual capital per APR-DRG case rate results in a positive rate adjustment, that rate adjustment will be reduced by ten percent (10%). Conversely, if the difference between the budgeted and actual capital per APR-DRG case rate results in a negative rate adjustment, that rate adjustment will be increased by ten percent (10%).

   c. Capital payments for transferred patients [shall will be the determined by dividing the budgeted capital allocated to the APR-DRG case rate by the hospital's budgeted non-exempt unit days, reconciled to rate year days and actual rate year non-exempt unit or hospital approved capital expense.

6. **Depreciation.**

   a. Reported depreciation based on historical cost is recognized as a proper element of cost. Useful lives [shall will be the higher of the reported useful life or those useful lives from the Estimated Useful Lives of Depreciable Hospital Assets, American Hospital Association, consistent with title XVIII provisions. Copies of this publication are available from the American Hospital Association, 840 North Lake Shore Drive, Chicago, IL 60611, and a copy is available for inspection and copying at the offices of the Records Access Officer of the Department of Health, Corning Tower, Empire State Plaza, Albany, NY 12237.

   b. In the computation of rates for voluntary facilities, depreciation [shall will be included on a straight line method on plant and non-movable equipment.

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TN #20-0035 Approval Date April 2, 2020
Supersedes TN #09-0034 Effective Date April 2, 2020
Depreciation on movable equipment may be computed on a straight line method, or accelerated under a double declining balance, or sum-of-the-years’ digit method. Depreciation [shall] will be funded unless the Commissioner determines, upon application by the facility, and after inviting written comments from interested parties, that the requested waiver of the requirements for funding is a matter of public interest and necessity. In instances where funding is required, such fund may be used only for capital expenditures with approval as required for the amortization of capital indebtedness. Funding for plant and fixed equipment [shall] will mean that the transfer of monies to the funded accounts [shall] will occur by the end of the fiscal period in which the depreciation is recorded. Board-designated funds and the accrual of liabilities to the funded depreciation accounts (due to/from accounts) [shall] will not be recognized as funding of depreciation. Deposits to the funded depreciation accounts must remain in such accounts to be considered as valid funding transactions unless expended for the purpose for which it was funded. Failure to meet the funding requirements will result in a reduction amount reimbursed for depreciation equal to the unfunded amount.

c. In the computation of rates for public facilities, depreciation is to be included on a straight-line method on plant and non-movable equipment. Depreciation on movable equipment may be computed on a straight-line method, or accelerated under a double declining balance or sum-of-the-years’ digits method.

d. Medical facilities financed by mortgage loans pursuant to the Nursing Home Companies Law or the Hospital Mortgage Loan Construction Law [shall] will conform to the requirements of this Subpart. In lieu of depreciation and interest, on the loan-financed portion of the facilities, the Commissioner [shall] will allow level debt service on the mortgage loan, for all loans approved for financing prior to January 1, 1990, together with such required fixed charges, sinking funds and reserves as may be determined by the Commissioner as necessary to assure repayment of the mortgage indebtedness. For loans approved for financing on or after January 1, 1990, medical facilities [shall] will receive reimbursement in the form of interest and depreciation in accordance with the remainder of this Attachment.
MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES/HEARINGS

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for inpatient, long term care, and non-institutional services to comply with recently proposed statutory provisions. The following significant changes are proposed:

All Services

Effective for dates of service April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each state fiscal year thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by $2.5 billion. Such reductions will be applied only to the extent that alternative methods that achieve Medicaid state share savings annually are not implemented. Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction include:

1. Payments whereby federal law precludes such reduction, including:
   - Federally Qualified Health Center services;
   - Indian Health Services and services provided to Native Americans;
   - Supplemental Medical Insurance – Part A and Part B;
   - State Contribution for Prescription Drug Benefit (aka Medicare Part D payments);
   - Any local share cap payment required by the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) increase legislation;
   - Services provided to American citizen repatriates; and
   - Hospice Services.

2. Payments funded exclusively with federal and/or local funds include, but are not limited to, the following:
   - Upper payment limit payments to non-state owned or operated governmental providers certified under Article 28 of the NYS Public Health Law;
   - Certified public expenditure payments to the NYC Health and Hospital Corporation;
   - Certain disproportionate share payments to non-state operated or owned governmental hospitals;
   - Certain managed care payments pursuant to section 3-d of Part B of the Chapter 58 of the Laws of 2010; and
   - Services provided to inmates of local correctional facilities.

3. Other Payments that are not subject to the reduction include:
   - Payments pursuant to Article 32, Article 31 and Article 16 of the Mental Hygiene Law;
   - Required payments related to the School Supportive Health Services Program and Preschool Supportive Health Services Program;
   - Early Intervention;
   - Payments for services provided by Other State Agencies including Offce of Children and Family Services, State Education Department, and the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision.
   - Vital Access Providers and Vital Access Provider Assurance Program;
   - Physician Administered Drugs;
   - Court orders and judgments; and
   - Family Planning services.

Copies of the proposed state plan amendments will be on file in each local (county) social services district and available for public review.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional, non-institutional or long term care services to comply with proposed Medicaid Redesign Team II (MRT) initiatives. The following changes are proposed:

All Services

Effective for dates of service April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each State Fiscal Year (SFY) thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by 1.875 percent. Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction include:

- Payments whereby federal law precludes such reduction, including:
  - Federally Qualified Health Center services;
  - Indian Health Services and services provided to Native Americans;
  - Supplemental Medical Insurance – Part A and Part B;
  - State Contribution for Prescription Drug Benefit (aka Medicare Part D payments);
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Notice of Abandoned Property
Received by the State Comptroller

Pursuant to provisions of the Abandoned Property Law and related laws, the Office of the State Comptroller receives unclaimed monies and other property deemed abandoned. A list of the names and last known addresses of the entitled owners of this abandoned property is maintained by the office in accordance with Section 1401 of the Abandoned Property Law. Interested parties may inquire if they appear on the Abandoned Property Listing by contacting the Office of Unclaimed Funds, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., at:

1-800-221-9311
or visit our web site at:
www.osc.state.ny.us

Claims for abandoned property must be filed with the New York State Comptroller’s Office of Unclaimed Funds as provided in Section 1406 of the Abandoned Property Law. For further information contact: Office of the State Comptroller, Office of Unclaimed Funds, 110 State St., Albany, NY 12236.

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The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for inpatient, long term care, and non-institutional services to comply with recently proposed statutory provisions. The following significant changes are proposed:

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The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for SFY 2020-21 is ($438 million).

Non-Institutional Services

Care Management

Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:

- Implement Health Home Improvement, Efficiency, Consolidation and Standardization: These efficiencies include eliminating outreach payments, reducing unnecessary documentation, revising the criteria for admission, and re-evaluating the benchmarks for stepping patients down to lower levels of care management or graduation from a Health Home. Finally, placing the most seriously mentally ill clients in care management arrangements with appropriate caseload sizes – overseen by the Office of Mental Health – while moving lower acuity members into less intensive care management arrangements will both improve program quality and achieve efficiencies.

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The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $86 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $140 million.

Pharmacy

Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:

- Reduce Drug Cap Growth by Enhancing Purchasing Power to Lower Drug Costs by providing the ability to negotiate supplemental rebates for new blockbuster drugs and gene therapies that do not yet have utilization; and the authority to negotiate value-based agreements with manufacturers.

- Reducing coverage of certain OTC products and increasing copayments (with exceptions for the most vulnerable populations).
• Eliminating Prescriber Prevails which applies to the Medicaid fee-for-service pharmacy program and to selected drug classes for managed care plans. Doing so would reduce inappropriate prescribing, remove barriers that limit the State’s ability to manage pharmacy programs, and minimize the inappropriate influence of pharmaceutical manufacturers in the prior authorization process.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020/2021 is $142 million and for SFY 2021/2022 is $428 million.

Transportation
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
• Transition the State to a single Medicaid Transportation Broker to ensure that consumers receive reliable, high quality transportation services using the mode that is appropriate for the consumer.
• Discontinue the Supplemental Ambulance Rebate Payments to emergency medical transportation (EMT) providers since updating and rationalized the ambulance fee schedule consistent with the Department of Health’s Ambulance Rate Adequacy Study.
• Carve out transportation out of the MLTC Benefit (excluding PACE) and into fee-for-service to create efficiencies and consistency in purchasing, arranging and managing transportation services across the Medicaid program.
• Maximize Public Transit in New York City and other urban areas to encourage the use of public transportation as an alternative to livery when appropriate for the consumer.
• Reduce Taxi/Livery Rates and promoting other modes of transportation to reflect market rates for transportation services.
• Implement an ambulance diversion - Triage, Treat and Transport (ET3) - support program to reduce avoidable hospitalizations, subject to any necessary federal approvals.
• Pursue a Certified Public Expenditure program to maximize federal reimbursement for NEMT services incurred by municipalities.
• Create a Community Paramedicine Program to expand the roles of Emergency Medical Technicians (EMTs) and Paramedics by providing medical care to patients at home to avoid unnecessary trips to the Emergency Department (ED). EMTs and Paramedics would provide additional patient health and safety services (e.g., food, medications, fall precautions) and clinical assessment and diagnostic testing in consultation with online medical control/telemedicine physicians/advanced practitioners to avoid unnecessary trips to the hospital.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $188 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $488 million.

Telehealth
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
• Expand Utilization of Telehealth services and reimbursement models, specifically to address behavioral health, oral health, maternity care and other high-need populations. The proposal contemplates a state-wide, hosted telehealth platform to help mitigate interoperability barriers, as well as to enhance broadband to ensure telehealth connectivity in rural areas.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $15 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $25.4 million.

Institutional Services
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
• Reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $75 million (State share);
• Eliminate the Indigent Care Pool “Transition Collar”, which generates an additional $12.5 million in State share savings; and
• Eliminate the Public Hospitals Indigent Care Pool, which generates $70 million in State savings.

• Convert the value of Upper Payment Limit (UPL) payments received by public hospitals in a city with a population over a million into Medicaid reimbursement rates;
• Reduce hospital inpatient capital rate add-on by 5 percent and capital reconciliation payments by 10 percent.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $728 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $743 million.

Long Term Care Services
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
• Modify the current eligibility criteria for individuals to receive Personal Care Services and Consumer Directed Personal Assistance Services (CDPAS) as a Medicaid benefit, regardless of whether such services are received through fee-for-service, Mainstream Managed Care plans, or Managed Long Term Care (MLTC) plans. In order to be eligible to receive such services, an individual must be assessed to need assistance with more than two activities of daily living (ADLs) (ranging from assisted living to total dependence).
• Institute a Home and Community Based Services lookback period of 60 months for assets transfers in determining eligibility for Medicaid for those seeking home and community based long term care services and supports as currently applies to those seeking Medicaid eligibility for nursing home care.
• Eliminate the ability of spouses living together in the community, and parents living with their child, to refuse to make their income and resources available during the determination of an applicant’s eligibility for Medicaid.
• Utilize an independent clinician panel, similar to the State’s Conflict Free Evaluation and Enrollment center, to assess patients and order PCS and CDPAS under a clear set of standards and protocols.
• Implement an enhanced utilization review process by an independent assessor for any individuals who are assessed to need more than 12 hours per day on average in a given month (i.e., 360 hours per month for a 30-day month) to ensure that it remains safe for that individual to remain in the community.
• Change the frequency in which the Community Health Assessment is conducted from every six months to once annually, subject to requiring reassessments based on changes in health condition or status.
• Implement a uniform tasking tool for use by plans and Local Departments of Social Services (LDSS) to help determine service utilization, including the hours of Personal Care Services and CDPAS required each day.
• Employ the provider “choice” model to proceed with the implementation and electronic visit verification (EVV) system, as required by the Federal 21st Century Cures Act.
• Eliminate requirements that plans and LDSS educate consumers about the availability of the CDPAP program semi-annually. Develop standards and protocols to determine whether consumers are self-directing and, if applicable, their designated representative is able to fulfill their obligations appropriately.
• Delay the implementation date of certain permissible Consumer First Choice Option Services (CFCSO) services from January 1, 2020 to April 1, 2022.
• Incorporate additional transparency, compliance, and accountability standards to ensure that entities receiving wage parity payments are appropriately using those funds for the benefit of home care aides.
• Reduce Workforce Recruitment and Retention funding for home health care workers.
• Migrate the completion of all Community Health Assessments (CHA) and reassessments to a single, statewide Independent Assessor (IA).
• Modify the minimum community spouse resource amount, which is used to determine the Medicaid eligibility of an applicant under spousal impoverishment budgeting.
• Reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reim-
bursamento by 5 percent and eliminate funding associated with return on equity payments to for-profit nursing homes.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020/2021 is $854 million and for SFY 2021/2022 is $1.672 billion.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

- New York County
  250 Church Street
  New York, New York 10018

- Queens County, Queens Center
  3220 Northern Boulevard
  Long Island City, New York 11101

- Kings County, Fulton Center
  114 Willoughby Street
  Brooklyn, New York 11201

- Bronx County, Tremont Center
  1916 Monterey Avenue
  Bronx, New York 10457

- Richmond County, Richmond Center
  95 Central Avenue, St. George
  Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact:
Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

PUBLIC NOTICE
New York City Deferred Compensation Plan & NYCE IRA

The New York City Deferred Compensation Plan & NYCE IRA (the “Plan”) is seeking proposals from qualified vendors to provide master custodial services to the City of New York Deferred Compensation Plan. The Request for Proposals (“RFP”) will be available beginning on Wednesday, March 18, 2020. Responses are due no later than 4:30 p.m. Eastern Time on Thursday, May 28, 2020. To obtain a copy of the RFP, please visit the Plan’s website at www1.nyc.gov/site/olr/about-rfp.page and download and review the applicable documents.

If you have any questions, please submit them by fax to Georgette Gestely, Director, at (212) 306-7376.

Consistent with the policies expressed by the City, proposals from certified minority-owned and/or women-owned businesses or proposals that include partnering arrangements with certified minority-owned and/or women-owned firms are encouraged. Additionally, proposals from small and New York City-based businesses are also encouraged.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of State
F-2019-1176
Date of Issuance – April 1, 2020

The New York State Department of State (DOS) is required by Federal regulations to provide timely public notice for the activities described below, which are subject to the consistency provisions of the Federal Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972, as amended.

The applicant has certified that the proposed activity complies with and will be conducted in a manner consistent with the approved New York State Coastal Management Program.

In F-2019-1176 or the “Morgenstern Residence”, the applicant Richard Morgenstern, is proposing to maintain as completed 4' x 100.5' pier with 4' x 15' “T” and 3'6" x 10' steps. Maintain as completed 4'8" of additional 4' wide “T”, 6' davit, 4'-5" x 31.6" pier and 4' x 32'6" pier, one boat lift, two boat whips and two safety ladders. The authorized work is located at 300 Riviera Drive, Town of Oyster Bay, Nassau County, Great South Bay.

The applicant’s consistency certification and supporting information are available for review at: http://www1.nyc.gov/site/olr/pdfs/Consistency/F-2019-1176_Morgenstern_App.pdf

Original copies of public information and data submitted by the applicant are available for inspection at the New York State Department of State offices located at One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Avenue, in Albany, New York.

Any interested parties and/or agencies desiring to express their views concerning any of the above proposed activities may do so by filing their comments, in writing, no later than 4:30 p.m., 30 days from the date of publication of this notice, or, May 1, 2020.

Comments should be addressed to: Consistency Review Unit, Department of State, Office of Planning, Development & Community Infrastructure, One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Ave., Albany, NY 12231, (518) 474-6000, Fax (518) 473-2464. Electronic submissions can be made by email at: CR@dos.ny.gov

This notice is promulgated in accordance with Title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 930.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of State
Uniform Code Variance / Appeal Petitions

Pursuant to 19 NYCRR Part 1205, the variance and appeal petitions below have been received by the Department of State. Unless otherwise indicated, they involve requests for relief from provisions of the New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code. Persons wishing to review any petitions, provide comments, or receive actual notices of any subsequent proceeding may contact Brian Tollisen or Neil Collier, Building Standards and Codes, Department of State, One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Ave., Albany, NY 12231, (518) 474-2464. Electronic submissions can be made by email at: CR@dos.ny.gov

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Department of State
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This notice is promulgated in accordance with Title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 930.

This notice is promulgated in accordance with Title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 930.
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0036

This State Plan Amendment proposes to continue additional 11% enhanced transition rate to the following Children and Family Treatment and Support Services (CFTSS) as follows:

- Other Licensed Practitioner (OLP), Community Psychiatric Support and Treatment (CPST) and Psychosocial Rehabilitation (PSR), April 2, 2020 through March 31, 2021.
- Crisis Intervention (CI) and Youth Peer Supports (YPS) January 1, 2021 – March 31, 2021

All of the above will return to Base Rate effective April 1, 2021 and forward.
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

STATE: New York

METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES - OTHER TYPES OF CARE

Non-Physician Licensed Behavioral Health Practitioner Services (EPSDT only)

Reimbursement for EPSDT NP-LBHP as outlined in Item 6.d(i). per Attachment 3.1-A, are paid based upon Medicaid rates established by the State of New York.

Except as otherwise noted in the State Plan, the State-developed rates are the same for both governmental and private providers. The provider agency’s rates were set as of January 1, 2019 for Other Licensed Practitioner, Community Psychiatric Support and Treatment, and Psychosocial Rehabilitation Supports, and are effective for these services provided on or after that date. Provider agency’s rates were set as of July 1, 2019 for Family Peer Support Services and are effective for these services provided on or after that date. Additionally, the agency’s rates were set as of January 1, 2020 for Crisis Intervention and Youth Peer Supports and Training are effective for these services provided on or after that date.

As of April 2, 2020 the rates will be updated to reflect changes in reimbursements for the following services:

- Other Licensed Practitioner
- Community Psychiatric Support and Treatment
- Psychosocial Rehabilitation Supports
- Family Peer Support Services
- Crisis Intervention
- Youth Peer Supports and Training

All rates are published on the Department of Health website:


[Crisis Intervention Rates]

[Family Peer Supports Services and Youth Peer Supports Rates]

[Other Licensed Practitioner, Community Psychiatric Support and Treatment, and Psychosocial Rehabilitation Supports Rates]
STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

STATE: New York

METHODS AND STANDARDS FOR ESTABLISHING PAYMENT RATES - OTHER TYPES OF CARE

Rehabilitative Services (EPSDT only)

Reimbursement for EPSDT Rehabilitative Services as outlined in item 13.d per Attachment 3.1-A, are paid based upon Medicaid rates established by the State of New York.

Except as otherwise noted in the State Plan, the State-developed rates are the same for both governmental and private providers. The provider agency’s rates were set as of January 1, 2019 for Other Licensed Practitioner, Community Psychiatric Support and Treatment, and Psychosocial Rehabilitation Supports, and are effective for these services provided on or after that date. Provider agency’s rates were set as of July 1, 2019 for Family Peer Support Services and are effective for these services provided on or after that date. Additionally, the agency’s rates were set as of January 1, 2020 for Crisis Intervention and Youth Peer Supports and Training and are effective for these services provided on or after that date.

As of April 2, 2020 the rates will be updated to reflect changes in reimbursements for the following services:

- Other Licensed Practitioner
- Community Psychiatric Support and Treatment
- Psychosocial Rehabilitation Supports
- Family Peer Support Services
- Crisis Intervention
- Youth Peer Supports and Training

All rates are published on the Department of Health website:
[Crisis Intervention Rates]
[Family Peer Supports Services and Youth Peer Supports Rates]

The rate development methodology will primarily be composed of provider cost modeling, through New York provider compensation studies and cost data. Rates from similar State Medicaid programs may be considered, as well. The following list outlines the major components of the cost model to be used in rate development.

- Staffing assumptions and staff wages.
- Employee-related expenses — benefits, employer taxes (e.g., Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA), unemployment, and workers compensation).
- Program-related expenses (e.g., supplies).
- Provider overhead expenses.
- Program billable units.

The rates will be developed as the ratio of total annual modeled provider costs to the estimated annual billable units.

TN # __#20-0036________ Approval Date ____________________

Supersedes TN # 20-0001________ Effective Date April 2, 2020________
Notice of Abandoned Property
Received by the State Comptroller

Pursuant to provisions of the Abandoned Property Law and related laws, the Office of the State Comptroller receives unclaimed monies and other property deemed abandoned. A list of the names and last known addresses of the entitled owners of this abandoned property is maintained by the office in accordance with Section 1401 of the Abandoned Property Law. Interested parties may inquire if they appear on the Abandoned Property Listing by contacting the Office of Unclaimed Funds, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., at:

1-800-221-9311
or visit our web site at:
www.osc.state.ny.us

Claims for abandoned property must be filed with the New York State Comptroller’s Office of Unclaimed Funds as provided in Section 1406 of the Abandoned Property Law. For further information contact: Office of the State Comptroller, Office of Unclaimed Funds, 110 State St., Albany, NY 12236.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for inpatient, long term care, and non-institutional services to comply with recently proposed statutory provisions. The following significant changes are proposed:

All Services

Effective for dates of service April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each state fiscal year thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by $2.5 billion. Such reductions will be applied only to the extent that alternative methods that achieve Medicaid state share savings annually are not implemented. Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction include:

1. Payments whereby federal law precludes such reduction, including:
   - Federally Qualified Health Center services;
   - Indian Health Services and services provided to Native Americans;
   - Supplemental Medical Insurance – Part A and Part B;
   - State Contribution for Prescription Drug Benefit (aka Medicare Part D payments);
   - Any local share cap payment required by the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) increase legislation;
   - Services provided to American citizen repatriates; and
   - Hospice Services.

2. Payments funded exclusively with federal and/or local funds include, but are not limited to, the following:
   - Upper payment limit payments to non-state owned or operated governmental providers certified under Article 28 of the NYS Public Health Law;
   - Certificed public expenditure payments to the NYC Health and Hospital Corporation;
   - Certain disproportionate share payments to non-state operated or owned governmental hospitals;
   - Certain managed care payments pursuant to section 3-d of Part B of the Chapter 58 of the Laws of 2010; and
   - Services provided to inmates of local correctional facilities.

3. Other Payments that are not subject to the reduction include:
   - Payments pursuant to Article 32, Article 31 and Article 16 of the Mental Hygiene Law;
   - Required payments related to the School Supportive Health Services Program and Preschool Supportive Health Services Program;
   - Early Intervention;
   - Payments for services provided by Other State Agencies including Office of Children and Family Services, State Education Department, and the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision.
   - Vital Access Providers and Vital Access Provider Assurance Program;
   - Physician Administered Drugs;
   - Court orders and judgments; and
   - Family Planning services.

Copies of the proposed state plan amendments will be on file in each local (county) social services district and available for public review.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional, non-institutional or long term care services to comply with proposed Medicaid Redesign Team II (MRT) initiatives. The following changes are proposed:

All Services

Effective for dates of service April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each State Fiscal Year (SFY) thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by 1.875 percent. Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction include:

- Payments whereby federal law precludes such reduction, including:
  - Federally Qualified Health Center services;
  - Indian Health Services and services provided to Native Americans;
  - Supplemental Medical Insurance – Part A and Part B;
  - State Contribution for Prescription Drug Benefit (aka Medicare Part D payments);
  - Any local share cap payment required by the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) increase legislation;
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- Payments funded exclusively with federal and/or local funds include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - Upper payment limit payments to non-state owned or operated governmental providers certified under Article 28 of the NYS Public Health Law;
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  - Certain disproportionate share payments to non-state operated or owned governmental hospitals;
  - Certain managed care payments pursuant to section 3-d of Part B of the Chapter 58 of the Laws of 2010; and
  - Services provided to inmates of local correctional facilities.

- Other Payments that are not subject to the reduction include:
  - Payments pursuant to Article 32, Article 31 and Article 16 of the Mental Hygiene Law;
  - Required payments related to the School Supportive Health Services Program and Preschool Supportive Health Services Program;
  - Early Intervention;
  - Payments for services provided by Other State Agencies including Office of Children and Family Services, State Education Department, and the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision.
  - Vital Access Providers and Vital Access Provider Assurance Program;
  - Physician Administered Drugs;
  - Court orders and judgments; and
  - Family Planning services.

Copies of the proposed state plan amendments will be on file in each local (county) social services district and available for public review.
Medical Homes (PCMHs) and Health Homes; initially, focus treat-... on chronic condition management within Patient-Centered Therapy Management (CDTM) to the community setting, enable of patient visits to the pharmacy by expanding Collaborative Drug services; (5) optimize pharmacist services and leverage the frequency ready covered by Medicaid, including expanding who can provide participation in CMMI’s Integrated Care for Kids (InCK) model of screening and universal, light-touch home visits) and leverages behavioral health integration in pediatrics by continuing ongoing pilot hypertension, and children with asthma.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for SFY 2020-21 is ($438 million).

Non-Institutional Services

Care Management

Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these propos-als will:

- Implement Health Home Improvement, Efficiency, Consolidation and Standardization: These eff ciencies include eliminating outreach payments, reducing unnecessary documentation, revising the criteria for admission, and re-evaluating the benchmarks for stepping patients down to lower levels of care management or graduation from a Health Home. Finally, placing the most seriously mentally ill clients in care management arrangements with appropriate caseload sizes – overseen by the Office of Mental Health – while moving lower acuity members into less intensive care management arrangements will both improve program quality and achieve efficiencies.
- Promote Further Adoption of Patient-Centered Medical Homes (PCMH): Continues incentive payments at current levels for lower cost, higher value PCMH programs while incorporating a tiered quality component into the incentive payments to align with other State initiatives such as the Prevention Agenda.
- Comprehensive Prevention and Management of Chronic Disease: Advances the use of evidence-based prevention strategies to manage highly prevalent chronic diseases, including diabetes, hypertension, asthma, smoking, osteoarthritis, chronic kidney disease, HIV/AIDS, and sickle cell disease. Specifically, the proposal will: (1) promote the use of evidence-based, self-care education, and prevention strategies; (2) implement an awareness campaign to educate Medicaid Managed Care (MMC) Plans, providers, and Medicaid members on the various resources and programs that are available; (3) educate the provider community relative to adherence to established evidence-based practice guidelines; (4) optimize services that are already covered by Medicaid, including expanding who can provide services; (5) optimize pharmacist services and leverage the frequency of patient visits to the pharmacy by expanding Collaborative Drug Therapy Management (CDTM) to the community setting, enabling pharmacists to administer point-of-care testing for designated CLIA-waived tests and to initiate prescriptions for certain medications; (6) focus on chronic condition management within Patient-Centered Medical Homes (PCMHs) and Health Homes; initially, focus treat-ment and care management resources on adults with diabetes and hypertension, and children with asthma.
- Children’s Preventive Care and Care Transitions: Promotes behavioral health integration in pediatrics by continuing ongoing pilot work focused on pregnancy and early childhood (e.g., preschool screening and universal, light-touch home visits) and leverages participation in CMMI’s Integrated Care for Kids (InCK) model of integration of medical and behavioral health care, using resources already available in the community. In addition, this proposal improves care transitions for children with chronic medical and behavioral conditions, with a special focus on children with sickle cell disease (SCD) moving from pediatric to adult care settings.
- Children and Family Treatment and Support Services (CFTSS) - Restores specialized transition rates for CFTSS.
- Invest in Medically Fragile Children: Invests Medicaid re-sources to improve access to private duty nursing (PDN) for medically fragile children in order to prevent hospitalization and emer-gency visits, by leveraging additional utilization of telehealth, commercial insurance coverage for PDN, further PDN network development and enhanced rates. Specifically, the proposal would increase fee-for-service PDN rates over a three year period to benchmark to the current Medicaid Managed Care rates; create a PDN Network whereby PDN providers would receive a negotiated enhanced rate of payment for PDN services.
- Preventive Dentistry: Promotes evidence-based preventative dentistry using f uoride varnish and silver diamine f uoride. Specifi-cally, the proposal increases the application of f uoride varnish by primary care providers, including Registered Nurses, which will decrease early childhood decay and associated restorative costs. In addition, the proposal expands Medicaid dental coverage to include silver diamine f uoride which stops tooth decay and prevents additional oral complications.
- Emergency Room Avoidance and Cost Reductions: This proposal reduces unnecessary Emergency Department (ED) utilization and/or cost by redesigning care pathways for high ED utilizing patients and transitions navigation to community services by: allowing sharing of individualized patient treatment plans for chronic conditions (through Qualified Entity (QEs)); expanding access to Urgent Care Centers by increasing co-location with Emergency Rooms; requiring Urgent Care Centers to accept Medicaid; and exploring a lower ED triage fee for non-emergency conditions.
- Addressing Barriers to Opioid Care: Implements a series of Opioid related interventions to address certain barriers to care for Medicaid members, including but not limited to, better bundled pay-ments that support opiate treatment through the adjustment of Ambula-tory Patient Groups (APG) payments to eliminate unnecessary volume incentive and to promote more appropriate access including take home medication, when clinically appropriate; reduced Medicaid Coverage Limits for Rehabilitation Services as pathway to nonphar-macologic treatment alternative for pain management, and increased utilization of the Opioid Medical Maintenance (OMM) Model.
- Promote Maternal Health to Reduce Maternal Mortality: Focuses on optimizing the health of individuals of reproductive age, including discussions on comprehensive family planning and patient centered primary and preventive care. The proposal aims to improve access to quality prenatal care, free from implicit bias, and ensuring postpartum home visits are available to all individuals who agree have a home visit after giving birth, by working with Medicaid Managed Care plans to identify and address the barriers to achieving these goals. The proposal also includes ensuring all pregnant individuals have access to childbirth education and supports the participation of birthing centers in the Perinatal Quality Collaborative.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $86 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $140 million.

Pharmacy

Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these propos-als would:
- Reduce Drug Cap Growth by Enhancing Purchasing Power to Lower Drug Costs by providing the ability to negotiate supplemental rebates for new blockbuster drugs and gene therapies that do not yet have utilization; and the authority to negotiate value-based agree-ments with manufacturers.
- Reducing coverage of certain OTC products and increasing copayments (with exceptions for the most vulnerable populations).
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0037

This State Plan Amendment proposes to eliminate the reimbursement of residual equity for all nursing facilities.
factor for any facility for which he determines that continued capital cost reimbursement is appropriate; provided, however, that such payment factor [shall] will not exceed one half of the capital cost reimbursement received by such facility in the final year of useful facility life.

Effective on April 2, 2020, and thereafter, the capital cost component of the rate for all residential health care facilities will be adjusted to reflect the removal of residual equity reimbursement.

(8) Capital improvement cost reimbursement.

(i) The capital improvement cost [shall] will be reimbursed by adjusting the initial allowed facility cost, capital indebtedness, equity determinations and limitations as stated in paragraph (5) of this subdivision, to include the capital improvement cost.

(ii) Adjustments in accordance with subparagraph (i) of this paragraph [shall] will be made in the following manner:

(a) if the cost of an improvement is $100,000 or more, and certificate of need approval has been granted by the commissioner, then component useful life for the improvement will be permitted. Such component useful life will be equivalent to the estimated asset life in accordance with the Medicare Provider Reimbursement Manual or the remaining useful life of the facility, whichever is less. Where a capital improvement adjusts the expected useful life of the facility beyond the remaining portion of the original useful facility life, the limitation set
Notice of Abandoned Property
Received by the State Comptroller

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   • Indian Health Services and services provided to Native Americans;
   • Supplemental Medical Insurance – Part A and Part B;
   • State Contribution for Prescription Drug Benefit (aka Medicare Part D payments);
   • Any local share cap payment required by the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) increase legislation;
   • Services provided to American citizen repatriates; and
   • Hospice Services.

2. Payments funded exclusively with federal and/or local funds include, but are not limited to, the following:
   • Upper payment limit payments to non-state owned or operated governmental providers certified under Article 28 of the NYS Public Health Law;
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3. Other Payments that are not subject to the reduction include:
   • Payments pursuant to Article 32, Article 31 and Article 16 of the Mental Hygiene Law;
   • Required payments related to the School Supportive Health Services Program and Preschool Supportive Health Services Program;
   • Early Intervention;
   • Payments for services provided by Other State Agencies including Office of Children and Family Services, State Education Department, and the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision.
   • Vital Access Providers and Vital Access Provider Assurance Program;
   • Physician Administered Drugs;
   • Court orders and judgments; and
   • Family Planning services.

Copies of the proposed state plan amendments will be on file in each local (county) social services district and available for public review.

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Department of Health

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The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional, non-institutional or long term care services to comply with proposed Medicaid Redesign Team II (MRT) initiatives. The following changes are proposed:

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• Payments whereby federal law precludes such reduction, including:
  • Federally Qualified Health Center services;
  • Indian Health Services and services provided to Native Americans;
  • Supplemental Medical Insurance – Part A and Part B;
  • State Contribution for Prescription Drug Benefit (aka Medicare Part D payments);
  • Any local share cap payment required by the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) increase legislation;
  • Services provided to American citizen repatriates; and
  • Hospice Services.

• Payments funded exclusively with federal and/or local funds include, but are not limited to, the following:
  • Upper payment limit payments to non-state owned or operated governmental providers certified under Article 28 of the NYS Public Health Law;
  • Certified public expenditure payments to the NYC Health and Hospital Corporation;
  • Certain disproportionate share payments to non-state operated or owned governmental hospitals;
• Eliminating Prescriber Prevails which applies to the Medicaid fee-for-service pharmacy program and to selected drug classes for managed care plans. Doing so would reduce inappropriate prescribing, remove barriers that limit the State’s ability to manage pharmacy programs, and minimize the inappropriate influence of pharmaceutical manufacturers in the prior authorization process.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020/2021 is $142 million and for SFY 2021/2022 is $488 million.

Transportation
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:

• Transition the State to a single Medicaid Transportation Broker to ensure that consumers receive reliable, high-quality transportation services using the mode that is appropriate for the consumer.
• Discontinue the Supplemental Ambulance Rebate Payments to emergency medical transportation (EMT) providers since updating and rationalized the ambulance fee schedule consistent with the Department of Health’s Ambulance Rate Adequacy Study.
• Carve-out transportation out of the MLTC Benefit (excluding PACE) and into fee-for-service to create efficiencies and consistency in purchasing, arranging and managing transportation services across the Medicaid program.
• Maximize Public Transit in New York City and other urban areas to encourage the use of public transportation as an alternative to a fixed daily service when appropriate for the consumer.
• Reduce Taxi/Livery Rates and promoting other modes of transportation to reflect market rates for transportation services.
• Implement an ambulance diversion - Triage, Treat and Transport (ET3) - support program to reduce avoidable hospitalizations, subject to any necessary federal approvals.
• Pursue a Certified Public Expenditure program to maximize federal reimbursement for NEMT services incurred by municipalities.
• Create a Community Paramedicine Program to expand the roles of Emergency Medical Technicians (EMTs) and Paramedics by providing medical care to patients at home to avoid unnecessary trips to the Emergency Department (ED). EMTs and Paramedics would provide additional patient health and safety services (e.g., food, medications, fall precautions) and clinical assessment and diagnostic testing in consultation with online medical control/telemedicine physicians/advanced practitioners to avoid unnecessary trips to the hospital.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $188 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $488 million.

Telehealth
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:

• Expand Utilization of Telehealth services and reimbursement models, specifically to address behavioral health, oral health, maternity care and other high-need populations. The proposal contemplates a state-wide, hosted telehealth platform to help mitigate interoperability barriers, as well as to enhance broadband to telehealth connectivity in rural areas.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $15 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $25.4 million.

Institutional Services
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:

• Reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $75 million (State share);
• Eliminate the Indigent Care Pool “Transition Collar”, which generates an additional $12.5 million in State share savings; and
• Eliminate the Public Hospitals Indigent Care Pool, which generates $70 million in State savings;

• Convert the value of Upper Payment Limit (UPL) payments received by public hospitals in a city with a population over a million into Medicaid reimbursement rates;
• Reduce hospital inpatient capital rate add-on by 5 percent and capital reconciliation payments by 10 percent.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $728 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $743 million.

Long Term Care Services
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:

• Modify the current eligibility criteria for individuals to receive Personal Care Services and Consumer Directed Personal Assistance Services (CDPAS) as a Medicaid benefit, regardless of whether such services are received through fee-for-service, Mainstream Managed Care plans, or Managed Long Term Care (MLTC) plans. In order to be eligible to receive such services, an individual must be assessed to need assistance with more than two activities of daily living (ADLs) (ranging from limited assistance to total dependence).
• Institute a Home and Community Based Services lookback period of 60 months for assets transfers in determining eligibility for Medicaid for those seeking home and community based long term care services and supports as currently applies to those seeking Medicaid eligibility for nursing home care.
• Eliminate the ability of spouses living together in the community, and parents living with their child, to refuse to make their income and resources available during the determination of an applicant’s eligibility for Medicaid.
• Utilize an independent clinician panel, similar to the State’s Conflict Free Evaluation and Enrollment Center, to assess patients and order PCS and CDPAS under a clear set of standards and protocols.
• Implement an enhanced utilization review process by an independent assessor for any individuals who are assessed to need more than 12 hours per day on average in a given month (i.e., 360 hours per month for a 30-day month) to ensure that it remains safe for that individual to remain in the community.
• Change the frequency in which the Community Health Assessment is conducted from every six months to once annually, subject to requiring reassessments based on changes in health condition or status.
• Implement a uniform tasking tool for use by plans and Local Departments of Social Services (LDSS) to help determine service utilization, including the hours of Personal Care Services and CDPAS required each day.
• Employ the provider “choice” model to proceed with the implementation and electronic visit verification (EVV) system, as required by the Federal 21st Century Cures Act.
• Eliminate requirements that plans and LDSS educate consumers about the availability of the CDPAP program semi-annually Develop standards and protocols to determine whether consumers are self-directing and, if applicable, their designated representative is able to fulfill their obligations appropriately.
• Delay the implementation date of certain permissible Consumer First Choice Option Services (CFCO) services from January 1, 2020 to April 1, 2022.
• Incorporate additional transparency, compliance, and accountability standards to ensure that entities receiving wage parity payments are appropriately using those funds for the benefit of home care aides.
• Reduce Workforce Recruitment and Retention funding for home health care workers.
• Migrate the completion of all Community Health Assessments (CHA) and reassessments to a single, statewide Independent Assessor (IA).
• Modify the minimum community spouse resource amount, which is used to determine the Medicaid eligibility of an applicant under spousal impoverishment budgeting.
• Reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reim-
The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020/2021 is $854 million and for SFY 2021/2022 is $1.672 billion.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

- New York County
  - 250 Church Street
  - New York, New York 10018

- Queens County
  - 3220 Northern Boulevard
  - Long Island City, New York 11101

- Kings County
  - 114 Willoughby Street
  - Brooklyn, New York 11201

- Bronx County
  - 1916 Monterey Avenue
  - Bronx, New York 10457

- Richmond County
  - 95 Central Avenue, St. George
  - Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact:

- Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

PUBLIC NOTICE

New York City Deferred Compensation Plan & NYCE IRA

The New York City Deferred Compensation Plan & NYCE IRA (the “Plan”) is seeking proposals from qualified vendors to provide master custodial services to the City of New York Deferred Compensation Plan. The Request for Proposals (“RFP”) will be available beginning on Wednesday, March 18, 2020. Responses are due no later than 4:30 p.m. Eastern Time on Thursday, May 28, 2020. To obtain a copy of the RFP, please visit the Plan’s website at www1.nyc.gov/site/olr/about-rfp.page and download and review the applicable information.

If you have any questions, please submit them by fax to Georgette Gestely, at (212) 306-7376.

Consistent with the policies expressed by the City, proposals from certified minority-owned and/or women-owned businesses or proposals that include partnering arrangements with certified minority-owned and/or women-owned firms are encouraged. Additionally, proposals from small and New York City-based businesses are also encouraged.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Department of State

F-2019-1176

Date of Issuance – April 1, 2020

The New York State Department of State (DOS) is required by Federal regulations to provide timely public notice for the activities described below, which are subject to the consistency provisions of the Federal Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972, as amended.

The applicant has certified that the proposed activity complies with and will be conducted in a manner consistent with the approved New York State Coastal Management Program.

In F-2019-1176 or the “Morgenstern Residence”, the applicant Richard Morgenstern, is proposing to maintain as completed 4’ x 100.5’ pier with 4’ x 15” “T” and 3’6” x 10’ steps. Maintain as completed 4’8” of additional 4’ wide “T”, 6’ davit, 4’5” x 31.6” pier and 4’ x 32’6” pier, one boat lift, two boat whips and two safety ladders. The authorized work is located at 300 Riviera Drive, Town of Oyster Bay, Nassau County, Great South Bay.

The applicant’s consistency certification and supporting information are available for review at: http://www.dos.ny.gov/odp/programs/pdfs/Consistency/F-2019-1176_Morgenstern_App.pdf

Original copies of public information and data submitted by the applicant are available for inspection at the New York State Department of State offices located at One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Avenue, in Albany, New York.

Any interested parties and/or agencies desiring to express their views concerning any of the above proposed activities may do so by filing their comments, in writing, no later than 4:30 p.m., 30 days from the date of publication of this notice, or, May 1, 2020.

Comments should be addressed to: Consistency Review Unit, Department of State, Office of Planning, Development & Community Infrastructure, One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Ave., Albany, NY 12231, (518) 474-6000, Fax (518) 473-2464. Electronic submissions can be made by email at: CR@dos.ny.gov

This notice is promulgated in accordance with Title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 930.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Department of State

Uniform Code Variance / Appeal Petitions

Pursuant to 19 NYCRR Part 1205, the variance and appeal petitions below have been received by the Department of State. Unless otherwise indicated, they involve requests for relief from provisions of the New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code. Persons wishing to review any petitions, provide comments, or receive actual copies of any subsequent proceeding may contact Brian Tollisen or Neil Collier, Building Standards and Codes, Department of State, One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Ave., Albany, NY 12231, (518) 474-4073 to make appropriate arrangements.

2020-0134 Matter of William Szmalza, Nine Cedar Avenue, Medford, NY 11763, for a variance concerning safety requirements, including the heights under a girder/soffit. Involved is an existing one family dwelling located at 269 Hampton Avenue, Town of Brookhaven, NY 11772, County of Suffolk, State of New York.

2020-0141 Matter of Nassau Expeditors Inc., Scott Tirone, 75 Albertson Avenue, Albertson, NY 11507, for a variance concerning safety requirements, including the heights under a girder/soffit. Involved is an existing one family dwelling located at 190 Stratford Road, Town of North Hempstead, NY 11040, County of Nassau, State of New York.

2020-0144 Matter of J.L. Drafting, John Lagoudes, 707 Route 110, Suite A, Farmingdale, NY 11735, for a variance concerning safety requirements, including the height under a girder/soffit. Involved is an existing one family dwelling located at 474 Wolf Hill Road, Town Of Huntington, NY 11746, County of Suffolk, State of New York.

2020-0153 Matter of Todd Oconnell Architect PC, Todd Oconnell, 1200 Veteran Memorial Hvy. S120, Hauppauge, NY 11788, for a variance concerning safety requirements, including the height under a girder/soffit. Involved is an existing one family dwelling located at 6 Whitney Court, Town of Huntington, NY 11746, County of Suffolk, State of New York.
NOTICES/HEARINGS

Notice of Abandoned Property Received by the State Comptroller

Pursuant to provisions of the Abandoned Property Law and related laws, the Office of the State Comptroller receives unclaimed monies and other property deemed abandoned. A list of the names and last known addresses of the entitled owners of this abandoned property is maintained by the Office in accordance with Section 1401 of the Abandoned Property Law. Interested parties may inquire if they appear on the Abandoned Property Listing by contacting the Office of Unclaimed Funds, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., at:

1-800-221-9311
or visit our web site at:
www.osc.state.ny.us

Claims for abandoned property must be filed with the New York State Comptroller’s Office of Unclaimed Funds as provided in Section 1406 of the Abandoned Property Law. For further information contact: Office of the State Comptroller, Office of Unclaimed Funds, 110 State St., Albany, NY 12236.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Civil Service

Pursuant to the Open Meetings Law, the New York State Civil Service Commission hereby gives public notice of the following:

Please take notice that the regular monthly meeting of the State Civil Service Commission for June 2020 will be conducted on June 10 and June 11 commencing at 10:00 a.m. This meeting will be conducted at NYS Media Services Center, Suite 146, South Concourse, Empire State Plaza, Albany, NY with live coverage available at https://www.cs.ny.gov/commission/.

For further information, contact: Office of Commission Operations, Department of Civil Service, Empire State Plaza, Agency Bldg. One, Albany, NY 12239 (518) 473-6598

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for non-institutional services to comply with Section 1927 of the Social Security Act. The following changes are proposed:

Non-Institutional Services
Effective on or after July 1, 2020, to allow supplemental rebates on MCO and FFS utilization, the State will implement a single statewide formulary for opioid dependence agents and opioid antagonists, the purpose of which is to standardize preferred products across Medicaid Fee-for-Service and Managed Care. The National Medicaid Pooling Initiative (NMPI) Supplemental Drug Rebate Agreement will be used for both FFS and MCO utilization.

There is no additional estimated annual change to gross Medicaid expenditures as a result of the proposed amendment.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

New York County
250 Church Street
New York, New York 10018

Queens County, Queens Center
3220 Northern Boulevard
Long Island City, New York 11101

Kings County, Fulton Center
114 Willoughby Street
Brooklyn, New York 11201

Bronx County, Tremont Center
1916 Monterey Avenue
Bronx, New York 10457

Richmond County, Richmond Center
95 Central Avenue, St. George
Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact:
Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for all services to comply with enacted statutory provisions. The following changes are proposed:

All Services
The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for the 1.875 percent uniformed reduction of state Medicaid funds. With clarification, effective for dates of service on or after April 2, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each State Fiscal Year (SFY) thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by an additional 0.5 percent to the December 31, 2019 noticed provision for the 1.0 percent uniform reduction. Also with clarification, Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction will also include Health Homes serving children.

The following is a clarification to the December 31, 2019 noticed provision for the estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to the 1.0 percent uniform reduction. With clarification, the estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross expenditures attributable to the 1.0 percent uniform reduction will also include Health Homes serving children.
Medicaid expenditures is ($35,750,000) for State Fiscal Year 2019-20 and ($143,000,000) for each State Fiscal Year thereafter. The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to the additional 0.5 percent additional initiative contained in the budget for State Fiscal Year 2020-21 is ($71,600,000) and each State Fiscal Year thereafter. 

Non-Institutional Services 
The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for converting the value of Upper Payment Limit (UPL) payments received by public hospitals in a city with a population over one million into Medicaid reimbursement rates. With clarification, this provision was published under Institutional Services only, but should’ve been published under Non-Institutional services, as well. 
The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to delay the implementation date of certain permissible Consumer First Choice Options Services (CFCO) from January 1, 2020 to April 1, 2022. With clarification, this was incorrectly published under Long Term Care services. This should have been published under Non-Institutional services. 
The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reimbursement by 5 percent and eliminate funding associated with residual equity payments to all nursing homes. With clarification, there is an Adult Day Health care piece to this provision, to that, this should have been published under Non-institutional services as well as Long Term Care.

Institutional Services 
The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $75 million (State share); Eliminate the Indigent Care Pool “Transition Collar”, which generates an additional $12.5 million in State share savings; and Eliminate the Public Hospitals Indigent Care Pool, which generates $70 million in State savings. With clarification, the provision is to reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $150 million (gross); eliminate the Indigent Care Pool “Transition Collar”, which generates an additional $25 million in gross savings; and create an Enhanced Safety Net Transition Collar Pool for $64.6 million (gross).

Long Term Care Services 
The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for instituting a Home and Community Based services lookback period. With clarification, the lookback period is 30 months.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for modifying current eligibility criteria to receive Personal Care Services and Consumer Directed Personal Assistance as a Medicaid benefit. With clarification, in order to be eligible to receive such services, an individual must be assessed to need assistance with more than two activities of daily living (ADLs) (ranging from limited assistance to total dependence) or, for individuals with a diagnosis of Alzheimer’s or dementia, that need at least supervision with more than one ADL.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reimbursement by 5 percent. With clarification, the proper wording is to reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reimbursement by 5 percent and eliminate funding associated with residual equity payments to all nursing homes.

The following is a clarification to the December 31, 2019 noticed provision to provide funding to support a two percent increase in annual salary and salary-related fringe benefits to direct case staff and direct support professions for all qualifying Mental Hygiene Services. With clarification, the estimated annual net aggregate increase to gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative for SFY 2019/2020 is $21 million. The impact published December 31, 2019, erroneously included $119 million for waivered services.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

New York County
250 Church Street
New York, New York 10018

Queens County, Queens Center
3220 Northern Boulevard
Long Island City, New York 11101

Kings County, Fulton Center
114 Willoughby Street
Brooklyn, New York 11201

Bronx County, Tremont Center
1916 Monterey Avenue
Bronx, New York 10457

Richmond County, Richmond Center
95 Central Avenue, St. George
Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact:
Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of State
F-2020-0195
Date of Issuance – June 3, 2020

The New York State Department of State (DOS) is required by Federal regulations to provide timely public notice for the activities described below, which are subject to the consistency provisions of the Federal Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA) of 1972, as amended.

The applicant has certified that the proposed activities comply with and will be conducted in a manner consistent with the federally approved New York State Coastal Management Program (NYSCMP). The applicant’s consistency certification and accompanying public information and data are available for inspection at the New York State Department of State offices located at One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Avenue, in Albany, New York.

In F-2020-0195, Diana Griffith is proposing to removal existing float piers and install a 3’ x 30’ aluminum ramp, 5’ x 140’ and 8’ x 20’ wood floating docks with 16 new timber piers. The project on Lloyd Harbor at 9 Oak Hill Road, Lloyd Harbor, NY 11743 in Suffolk County.

The applicant’s consistency certification and supporting information are available for review at: http://www.dos.ny.gov/opd/programs/pdfs/Consistency/F-2020-0195Griffith.pdf

Any interested parties and/or agencies desiring to express their views concerning any of the above proposed activities may do so by filing their comments, in writing, no later than 4:30 p.m., 30 days from the date of publication of this notice or July 3, 2020.

Comments should be addressed to: Department of State, Office of Planning and Development and Community Infrastructure, Consistency Review Unit, One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1010, 99 Washington Ave., Albany, NY 12231, (518) 474-6000. Electronic submissions can be made by email at: CR@dos.ny.gov

This notice is promulgated in accordance with Title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 930.
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0038

This State Plan Amendment proposes to reduce the capital component of the Medicaid rates for all residential health care facilities by 5%.
xii. Utilization Review

xiii. Other Ancillary

xiv. Plant Operations and maintenance – (cost for facilities and real estate and occupancy taxes only).

(3) The allowable facility specific non-comparable component of the rate [shall] will be reimbursed at a payment rate equal to adjusted reported non-comparable costs, after first deducting capital costs and allowable items not subject to trending, divided by the facility’s total 1983 patient days.

(g) Capital Component of the Rate.

The allowable facility specific capital component of the rate [shall] will include allowable capital costs determined in accordance with section 86-2.19, 86-2.20, 86-2.21 and 86-2.22 of this Subpart and costs of other allowable items determined by the department to be non-trendable divided by the facility’s patient days in the base year determined applicable by the department.

(g)(1) Effective on April 2, 2020, the capital component of all Medicaid rates for residential health care facilities will be reduced by 5%.

(h) A facility’s payment rate for 1986 and subsequent rate years [shall] will be equal to the sum of the operating portion of the rate as defined in paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of this section and the capital component as defined in subdivision (g) of this section.

(i) Specialty Facilities.

Facilities which provide extensive nursing, medical, psychological and counseling support services to children with diverse and complex medical, emotional and social problems [shall] will be considered
Notice of Abandoned Property
Received by the State Comptroller

Pursuant to provisions of the Abandoned Property Law and related laws, the Office of the State Comptroller receives unclaimed monies and other property deemed abandoned. A list of the names and last known addresses of the entitled owners of this abandoned property is maintained by the office in accordance with Section 1401 of the Abandoned Property Law. Interested parties may inquire if they appear on the Abandoned Property Listing by contacting the Office of Unclaimed Funds, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., at:

1-800-221-9311
or visit our web site at:
www.osc.state.ny.us

Claims for abandoned property must be filed with the New York State Comptroller’s Office of Unclaimed Funds as provided in Section 1406 of the Abandoned Property Law. For further information contact: Office of the State Comptroller, Office of Unclaimed Funds, 110 State St., Albany, NY 12236.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for inpatient, long term care, and non-institutional services to comply with recently proposed statutory provisions. The following significant changes are proposed:

All Services

Effective for dates of service April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each state fiscal year thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by $2.5 billion. Such reductions will be applied only to the extent that alternative methods that achieve Medicaid state share savings annually are not implemented. Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction include:

1. Payments whereby federal law precludes such reduction, including:
   • Federally Qualified Health Center services;
   • Indian Health Services and services provided to Native Americans;
   • Supplemental Medical Insurance – Part A and Part B;
   • State Contribution for Prescription Drug Benefit (aka Medicare Part D payments);
   • Any local share cap payment required by the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) increase legislation;
   • Services provided to American citizen repatriates; and
   • Hospice Services.

2. Payments funded exclusively with federal and/or local funds include, but are not limited to, the following:
   • Upper payment limit payments to non-state owned or operated governmental providers certificed under Article 28 of the NYS Public Health Law;
   • Certificed public expenditure payments to the NYC Health and Hospital Corporation;
   • Certain disproportionate share payments to non-state operated or owned governmental hospitals;
   • Certain managed care payments pursuant to section 3-d of Part B of the Chapter 58 of the Laws of 2010; and
   • Services provided to inmates of local correctional facilities.

3. Other Payments that are not subject to the reduction include:
   • Payments pursuant to Article 32, Article 31 and Article 16 of the Mental Hygiene Law;
   • Required payments related to the School Supportive Health Services Program and Preschool Supportive Health Services Program;
   • Early Intervention;
   • Payments for services provided by Other State Agencies including Office of Children and Family Services, State Education Department, and the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision.
   • Vital Access Providers and Vital Access Provider Assurance Program;
   • Physician Administered Drugs;
   • Court orders and judgments; and
   • Family Planning services.

Copies of the proposed state plan amendments will be on file in each local (county) social services district and available for public review.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional, non-institutional or long term care services to comply with proposed Medicaid Redesign Team II (MRT) initiatives. The following changes are proposed:

All Services

Effective for dates of service April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each State Fiscal Year (SFY) thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by 1.875 percent. Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction include:

• Payments whereby federal law precludes such reduction, including:
  • Federally Qualified Health Center services;
  • Indian Health Services and services provided to Native Americans;
  • Supplemental Medical Insurance – Part A and Part B;
  • State Contribution for Prescription Drug Benefit (aka Medicare Part D payments);
  • Any local share cap payment required by the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) increase legislation;
  • Services provided to American citizen repatriates; and
  • Hospice Services.

• Payments funded exclusively with federal and/or local funds include, but are not limited to, the following:
  • Upper payment limit payments to non-state owned or operated governmental providers certificed under Article 28 of the NYS Public Health Law;
  • Certificed public expenditure payments to the NYC Health and Hospital Corporation;
  • Certain disproportionate share payments to non-state operated or owned governmental hospitals;
• Eliminating Prescriber Prevails which applies to the Medicaid fee-for-service pharmacy program and to selected drug classes for managed care plans. Doing so would reduce inappropriate prescribing, remove barriers that limit the State’s ability to manage pharmacy programs, and minimize the inappropriate influence of pharmaceutical manufacturers in the prior authorization process.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020/2021 is $142 million and for SFY 2021/2022 is $428 million.

Transportation
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
• Transition the State to a single Medicaid Transportation Broker to ensure that consumers receive reliable, high quality transportation services using the mode that is appropriate for the consumer.
• Discontinue the Supplemental Ambulance Rebate Payments to emergency medical transportation (EMT) providers since updating and rationalized the ambulance fee schedule consistent with the Department of Health’s Ambulance Rate Adequacy Study.
• Carve-out transportation out of the MLTC Benefit (excluding PACE) and into fee-for-service to create efficiencies and consistency in purchasing, arranging and managing transportation services across the Medicaid program.
• Maximize Public Transit in New York City and other urban areas to encourage the use of public transportation as an alternative to those when appropriate for the consumer.
• Reduce Taxi/Livery Rates and promoting other modes of transportation to reflect market rates for transportation services.
• Implement an ambulance diversion - Triage, Treat and Transport (ET3) - support program to reduce avoidable hospitalizations, subject to any necessary federal approvals.
• Pursue a certified Public Expenditure program to maximize federal reimbursement for NEMT services incurred by municipalities.
• Create a Community Paramedicine Program to expand the roles of Emergency Medical Technicians (EMTs) and Paramedics by providing medical care to patients at home to avoid unnecessary trips to the Emergency Department (ED). EMTs and Paramedics would provide additional patient health and safety services (e.g., food, medications, fall precautions) and clinical assessment and diagnostic testing in consultation with online medical control/telemedicine physicians/advanced practitioners to avoid unnecessary trips to the hospital.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $188 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $488 million.

Telehealth
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
• Expand Utilization of Telehealth services and reimbursement models, specifically to address behavioral health, oral health, maternity care and other high-need populations. The proposal contemplates a state-wide, hosted telehealth platform to help mitigate interoperability barriers, as well as to enhance broadband to ensure telehealth connectivity in rural areas.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $15 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $25.4 million.

Institutional Services
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
• Reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $75 million (State share);
• Eliminate the Indigent Care Pool “Transition Collar”, which generates an additional $12.5 million in State share savings; and
• Eliminate the Public Hospitals Indigent Care Pool, which generates $70 million in State savings;

Miscellaneous Notices/Hearings
• Convert the value of Upper Payment Limit (UPL) payments received by public hospitals in a city with a population over a million into Medicaid reimbursement rates;
• Reduce hospital inpatient capital rate add-on by 5 percent and capital reconciliation payments by 10 percent.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $728 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $743 million.

Long Term Care Services
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
• Modify the current eligibility criteria for individuals to receive Consumer First Choice Option Services and Consumer Directed Personal Assistance Services (CDPAS) as a Medicaid benefit, regardless of whether such services are received through fee-for-service, Mainstream Managed Care plans, or Managed Long Term Care (MLTC) plans. In order to be eligible to receive such services, an individual must be assessed to need assistance with more than two activities of daily living (ADLs) (ranging from limited assistance to total dependence).
• Institute a Home and Community Based Services lookback period of 60 months for asset transfers in determining eligibility for Medicaid for those seeking home and community based long term care services and supports as currently applies to those seeking Medicaid eligibility for nursing home care.
• Eliminate the ability of spouses living together in the community, and parents living with their child, to refuse to make their income and resources available during the determination of an applicant’s eligibility for Medicaid.
• Utilize an independent clinician panel, similar to the State’s Conflict Free Evaluation and Enrollment Center, to assess patients and order PCS and CDPAS under a clear set of standards and protocols.
• Implement an enhanced utilization review process by an independent assessor for any individuals who are assessed to need more than 12 hours per day on average in a given month (i.e., 360 hours per month for a 30-day month) to ensure that it remains safe for that individual to remain in the community.
• Change the frequency in which the Community Health Assessment is conducted from every six months to once annually, subject to requiring reassessments based on changes in health condition or status.
• Implement a uniform tasking tool for use by plans and Local Departments of Social Services (LDSS) to help determine service utilization, including the hours of Personal Care Services and CDPAS required each day.
• Employ the provider “choice” model to proceed with the implementation and electronic visit verification (EVV) system, as required by the Federal 21st Century Cures Act.
• Eliminate requirements that plans and LDSS educate consumers about the availability of the CDPAP program semi-annually Develop standards and protocols to determine whether consumers are self-directing and, if applicable, their designated representative is able to fulfill their obligations appropriately.
• Delay the implementation date of certain permissible Consumer First Choice Option Services (CFCO) services from January 1, 2020 to April 1, 2022.
• Incorporate additional transparency, compliance, and accountability standards to ensure that entities receiving wage parity payments are appropriately using those funds for the benefit home care aides.
• Reduce Workforce Recruitment and Retention funding for home health care workers.
• Migrate the completion of all Community Health Assessments (CHA) and reassessments to a single, statewide Independent Assessor (IA).
• Modify the minimum community spouse resource amount, which is used to determine the Medicaid eligibility of an applicant under spousal impoverishment budgeting.
• Reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reim-
The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020/2021 is $854 million and for SFY 2021/2022 is $1.672 billion.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

- New York County
  250 Church Street
  New York, New York 10018

- Queens County, Queens Center
  3220 Northern Boulevard
  Long Island City, New York 11101

- Kings County, Fulton Center
  114 Willoughby Street
  Brooklyn, New York 11201

- Bronx County, Tremont Center
  1916 Monterey Avenue
  Bronx, New York 10457

- Richmond County, Richmond Center
  95 Central Avenue, St. George
  Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact:
Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., Albany, NY 12231, (518) 474-6000, Fax (518) 473-2464. Electronic submissions can be made by email at: CR@dos.ny.gov

This notice is promulgated in accordance with Title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 930.
This State Plan Amendment proposes extending the Indigent Care Pool (ICP) Methodology through March 31, 2023 and implement the following changes included in the FY 2021 Enacted Budget:

- Eliminate the ‘Transition Collar’ and corresponding $25 million (gross) in funding;
- Implement a $150 million (gross) reduction in ICP Payments to Voluntary hospitals; and,
- Implement a $64.6 million (gross) Safety Net transition collar for Enhanced Safety Net hospitals who have a year over year reduction in ICP payments as a result of the elimination of the transition collar.
Indigent Care Pool Reform - effective [January 1] April 2, [2013] 2020

The provisions of this section will be effective for the period [January 1] April 2, [2013] 2020 through December 31, [2020] 2022.

(a) Indigent Care Pool Reform Methodology. Each hospital’s uncompensated care nominal need will be calculated in accordance with the following:

1. **Inpatient Uncompensated Care.** Inpatient units of service for uninsured (self-pay and charity) patients, as reported in Exhibit 32 of the Institutional Cost Report (ICR) for the calendar year two years prior to the distribution year for each inpatient service area which has a distinct reimbursement rate, excluding hospital-based residential health care facility (RHCF) and hospice units of service, will be multiplied by the applicable Medicaid inpatient rates in effect for January 1 of the distribution year.

   Medicaid inpatient rates for acute and psychiatric services will be the statewide base price adjusted for hospital-specific factors including an average case mix adjustment plus all rate add-ons except the public goods surcharge. Medicaid inpatient rates for all other inpatient services will be the per diem rate, excluding the public goods surcharge add-on. Units of service for acute care services will be uninsured patient discharges; units of service for all other inpatient services will be uninsured patient days, not including alternate level of care (ALC) days.

2. **Outpatient Uncompensated Care.** Outpatient units of service for those uninsured (self-pay and charity) patients reported in Exhibit 33 of the ICR for the calendar year two years prior to the distribution year, excluding referred ambulatory services and home health units of service, will be multiplied by the average paid Medicaid outpatient rates that reflect the exclusive utilization of the ambulatory patient groups (APG) rate-setting methodology; however, for those services for which APG rates are not available the applicable Medicaid rate in effect for January 1 of the distribution year will be utilized. The outpatient rates used are exclusive of the public goods surcharge.

   Units of service for ambulatory surgery services will be uninsured procedures, not including those which result in inpatient admissions; units of service for all other outpatient services will be uninsured visits, not including those which result in inpatient admissions.

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**TN #20-0040** Approval Date  
Supersedes TN #19-0001 Effective Date  April 2, 2020
(b) **Indigent Care Pool.** Indigent care pool distributions will be made to eligible hospitals in the following amounts, which will be paid in twelve, approximately equal lump sum, monthly installments:

1. **Major Government General Hospital Pool Distributions.** $139.4 million, less the amount allocated pursuant to the Financial Assistance Compliance Pool section in subparagraph (7) below, will be distributed as Medicaid disproportionate share hospital (DSH) payments to major government general hospitals, including the hospitals operated by public benefit corporations, on the basis of each hospital's relative share of uncompensated care nominal need to the aggregate uncompensated care nominal need for all major government general hospitals determined in accordance with the Indigent Care Pool Reform methodology described in [sub]paragraph [3] (a) of this section.

   Major government general hospitals are defined as all State-operated general hospitals, all general hospitals operated by the New York City Health and Hospital Corporation, and all other government general hospitals having annual inpatient operating costs in excess of $25 million. Hospitals eligible for distributions from this pool will be all such major government general hospitals which are open for all or part of the distribution year. Hospitals open for a partial year will receive a pro-rated share based on the number of months open.

2. **Voluntary General Hospital Pool Distributions.** $969.9 million, less the amount allocated pursuant to the Financial Assistance Compliance Pool section in subparagraph (7) below and the Voluntary ICP Reduction in subparagraph (3) below, plus the Enhanced Safety Net Transition Collar Pool in subparagraph (4) below will be distributed as Medicaid disproportionate share hospital (DSH) payments to eligible voluntary general hospitals, other than major public general hospitals, on the basis of each hospital's relative share of uncompensated care nominal need to the aggregate uncompensated care nominal need for all eligible voluntary general hospitals as determined in accordance with the Indigent Care Pool Reform methodology described in [sub]paragraph [3] (a) of this section.

   Voluntary general hospitals are defined as all voluntary non-profit, private proprietary, and government general hospitals other than major government general hospitals. Hospitals eligible for distributions from this pool will be all such voluntary hospitals which are open for all or part of the distribution year. Hospitals open for a partial year will receive a pro-rated share based on the number of months open.
A transition pool is established to help hospitals avoid large funding swings. The transition pool funding will be generated through a redistribution of dollars from those hospitals which experience an increase in distributions using the new Indigent Care Reform Methodology to those that experience a decrease. Transition amounts will be determined based on a comparison of the distributions for the applicable calendar year 2013 through 2020 to an average of the annual distributions for the three year period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2012.

A separate transition pool will be established for major government general hospitals and voluntary general hospitals. Individual hospital gains and losses in each pool will be capped by means of the following transition adjustments.

a. **Distribution Amount.** A hospital's distribution will be determined by means of a comparison between their allocation as calculated in accordance with the Indigent Care Reform Methodology described in section (a)(1) through (a)(7), the Floor Amount in 3(c) below, and the Ceiling Amount in 3(d) below. If the Indigent Care Reform Methodology allocation is:
   i. less than or equal to the Floor Amount, the hospital will receive the Floor Amount.
   ii. greater than or equal to the Ceiling Amount, the hospital will receive the Ceiling Amount.
   iii. greater than the Floor Amount but less than the Ceiling Amount, the hospital will receive the Indigent Care Reform Methodology allocation payment.

b. **Separate uniform Floor percentages and uniform Ceiling percentages are calculated for each of the major governmental and voluntary pools.**

c. **The Floor Amount for each hospital is equal to the average payment received in the three year period between 1/1/10 and 12/31/12 multiplied by the Floor Percentage for its respective pool. The Floor percentage is:**
   i. 97.5% for 2013
   ii. 95.0% for 2014
   iii. 92.5% for 2015
   iv. 90.0% for 2016
   v. 87.5% for 2017
   vi. 85.0% for 2018
   vii. 82.5% for 2019
   viii. 80.0% for 2020

d. **The Ceiling Amount for each hospital is equal to the average payment received in the three year period between 1/1/10 and 12/31/12 multiplied by the Ceiling Percentage for its respective pool. The ceiling percentage is calculated using an iterative process to obtain the unique percentage value such that:**
   i. The total payments to all providers in each pool equals the amount of the respective pool in subdivision (b)(1) or (b)(2) and
   ii. The individual hospital payments will comply with the requirements described in paragraphs 3(a) through (c) above

e. **For 2014 through 2020, these amounts will be further adjusted to carve out amounts used to fund the Financial Assistance Compliance Pool payments in paragraph 6**
### Sample Transition Period DSH Pool Payment Calculations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hospital Name</th>
<th>Adjustment</th>
<th>Three Year Historical Average of Pool Payments (2010-2012)</th>
<th>Floor Amount</th>
<th>Ceiling Amount</th>
<th>Tentative Transition Period Payment as Pct of Three Year Avg</th>
<th>Actual Transition Period Payment as Pct of Three Year Avg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hospital A</td>
<td>$25,000,000</td>
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<td>Hospital C</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hospital D</td>
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<td>$30,400,000</td>
<td>$28,880,000</td>
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<td>$28,880,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hospital E</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hospital F</td>
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<td>$21,850,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hospital G</td>
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<td>$4,130,000</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Statewide Totals</strong></td>
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<td>$132,430,000</td>
<td>$132,430,000</td>
<td>$132,430,000</td>
<td>$132,430,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Tentative Transition Period Payment:**

(a) Hospital name

(b) The unadjusted amount that would otherwise be paid to each hospital under the new DSH pool allocation methodology beginning 1/1/2013

(c) The actual average amount paid to each hospital under the prior DSH pool allocation methodology in CYs 2010 - 2012

(d) The amount for each hospital in (c) multiplied by the Floor Percentage in (i)

(e) The amount for each hospital in (c) multiplied by the Ceiling Percentage in (ii)

(f) For each individual hospital, if the Indigent Care Pool Actual Transition Period Payment is:

(1) < the Floor Amount, the Transition Period Payment is the Floor Amount

(2) > the Ceiling Amount, the Transition Period Payment is the Ceiling Amount

(3) Otherwise it is the amount in (b) calculated using the new DSH pool allocation methodology effective 1/1/2013.

**Percentages:**

(i) The Floor Percentage equals 97.5% in 2013, 95.0% in 2014, and 92.5% in 2015

(ii) A unique Ceiling Percentage is calculated using an iterative set of calculations where both:

(1) the total transition payments equal the respective pool amounts, and

(2) all the constraints in (f) are respected

For instance, using the Excel Goal Seek data tool:

`[Excel Formula]: =IF(Bn<Dn,Dn,IF(Bn>En,En,Bn))`

### Financial Assistance Compliance Pool Carve-out for 2014 & 2015:

The carve out will be calculated by using each hospital’s share of the $139.4M allocation and applying that percentage to the $3.2M in compliance pool funds.

(4) This same process would apply to the Voluntary Allocations of $994.9M

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**DRAFT**

**Attachment 4.19-A**

**New York 161(i)**

**RESERVED**

**TN #20-0040**

**Approval Date**

**Supersedes TN __ #13-0013__**

**Effective Date**

April 2, 2020
3. **Voluntary ICP Pool Reduction.** For the calendar years 2020 through 2022, the total distributions to eligible voluntary general hospitals will be reduced by one hundred fifty million dollars annually. Hospitals that qualify as Enhanced Safety Net hospitals are exempt from such reductions. The methodology to allocate the reduction may take into account the payor mix of each voluntary hospital, including the percentage of inpatient days paid by Medicaid.

4. **Enhanced Safety Net Transition Collar Pool.** For the calendar years 2020 through 2022, sixty-four million six hundred thousand dollars will be distributed to hospitals qualifying as Enhanced Safety Net Hospitals who experience a reduction in their distribution year Indigent Care Pool payments when compared to their 2019 ICP payments. The methodology to allocate this funding will be proportional to the reduction received by the facility.

5. **Voluntary UPL Payment Reductions.** The distributions in this section will be reduced by the final payment amounts paid to the eligible voluntary general hospitals, excluding government general hospitals, made in accordance with the Voluntary Supplemental Inpatient and Outpatient Payments section.

6. **DSH Payment Limits.** The distributions in this section are subject to the provisions of the Disproportionate share limitations section.

7. **Financial Assistance Compliance Pool.** For calendar year 2014 through 2022, an amount equivalent to one percent of total DSH funds will be segregated into the Financial Assistance Compliance Pool (FACP) and allocated to all hospitals which prior to December 31, 2015 demonstrate substantial compliance with §2807-k(5-d)(b)(iv) of the Public Health Law (New York State Financial Aid Law) as in effect on January 1, 2013. There will be separate pool amounts for major governmental and voluntary hospitals.

The DSH funds in the FACP will be proportionately allocated to all compliant hospitals using the Indigent Care Reform Methodology described in [sub]paragraph [(3)](a) of this section. Compliance will be on a pass/fail basis. When a hospital is deemed compliant, one hundred percent of its share of the FACP funds will be released; there will be no partial payment for partial compliance. Any unallocated funds resulting from hospitals being non-compliant will be proportionally reallocated to compliant hospitals in each respective group based on their relative share of the distributions calculated in [sub]paragraph [(3)](a).

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**TN #20-0040 Approval Date April 2, 2020**

**Supersedes TN #19-0001 Effective Date**
Notice of Abandoned Property
Received by the State Comptroller

Pursuant to provisions of the Abandoned Property Law and related laws, the Office of the State Comptroller receives unclaimed monies and other property deemed abandoned. A list of the names and last known addresses of the entitled owners of this abandoned property is maintained by the office in accordance with Section 1401 of the Abandoned Property Law. Interested parties may inquire if they appear on the Abandoned Property Listing by contacting the Office of Unclaimed Funds, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., at:

1-800-221-9311
or visit our web site at:
www.osc.state.ny.us

Claims for abandoned property must be filed with the New York State Comptroller’s Office of Unclaimed Funds as provided in Section 1406 of the Abandoned Property Law. For further information contact: Office of the State Comptroller, Office of Unclaimed Funds, 110 State St., Albany, NY 12236.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for inpatient, long term care, and non-institutional services to comply with recently proposed statutory provisions. The following significant changes are proposed:

All Services

Effective for dates of service April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each state fiscal year thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by $2.5 billion. Such reductions will be applied only to the extent that alternative methods that achieve Medicaid state share savings annually are not implemented. Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction include:

1. Payments whereby federal law precludes such reduction, including:
   - Federally Qualified Health Center services;
   - Indian Health Services and services provided to Native Americans;
   - Supplemental Medical Insurance – Part A and Part B;
   - State Contribution for Prescription Drug Benefit (aka Medicare Part D payments);
   - Any local share cap payment required by the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) increase legislation;
   - Services provided to American citizen repatriates; and
   - Hospice Services.

2. Payments funded exclusively with federal and/or local funds include, but are not limited to, the following:
   - Upper payment limit payments to non-state owned or operated governmental providers certified under Article 28 of the NYS Public Health Law;
   - Certified public expenditure payments to the NYC Health and Hospital Corporation;
   - Certain disproportionate share payments to non-state operated or owned governmental hospitals;
   - Certain managed care payments pursuant to section 3-d of Part B of the Chapter 58 of the Laws of 2010; and
   - Services provided to inmates of local correctional facilities.

3. Other Payments that are not subject to the reduction include:
   - Payments pursuant to Article 32, Article 31 and Article 16 of the Mental Hygiene Law;
   - Required payments related to the School Supportive Health Services Program and Preschool Supportive Health Services Program;
   - Early Intervention;
   - Payments for services provided by Other State Agencies including Office of Children and Family Services, State Education Department, and the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision.
   - Vital Access Providers and Vital Access Provider Assurance Program;
   - Physician Administered Drugs;
   - Court orders and judgments; and
   - Family Planning services.

Copies of the proposed state plan amendments will be on file in each local (county) social services district and available for public review.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional, non-institutional or long term care services to comply with proposed Medicaid Redesign Team II (MRT) initiatives. The following changes are proposed:

All Services

Effective for dates of service April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each State Fiscal Year (SFY) thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by 1.875 percent. Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction include:

- Payments whereby federal law precludes such reduction, including:
  - Federally Qualified Health Center services;
  - Indian Health Services and services provided to Native Americans;
  - Supplemental Medical Insurance – Part A and Part B;
  - State Contribution for Prescription Drug Benefit (aka Medicare Part D payments);
  - Any local share cap payment required by the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) increase legislation;
  - Services provided to American citizen repatriates; and
  - Hospice Services.

- Payments funded exclusively with federal and/or local funds include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - Upper payment limit payments to non-state owned or operated governmental providers certified under Article 28 of the NYS Public Health Law;
  - Certifed public expenditure payments to the NYC Health and Hospitals Corporation;
  - Certain disproportionate share payments to non-state operated or owned governmental hospitals;
  - Certain managed care payments pursuant to section 3-d of Part B of the Chapter 58 of the Laws of 2010; and
  - Services provided to inmates of local correctional facilities.

- Other Payments that are not subject to the reduction include:
  - Payments pursuant to Article 32, Article 31 and Article 16 of the Mental Hygiene Law;
  - Required payments related to the School Supportive Health Services Program and Preschool Supportive Health Services Program;
  - Early Intervention;
  - Payments for services provided by Other State Agencies including Office of Children and Family Services, State Education Department, and the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision.
  - Vital Access Providers and Vital Access Provider Assurance Program;
  - Physician Administered Drugs;
  - Court orders and judgments; and
  - Family Planning services.

Copies of the proposed state plan amendments will be on file in each local (county) social services district and available for public review.
Medical Homes (PCMHs) and Health Homes; initially, focus treatment of chronic care management (CDTM) to the community setting, enabling patients to visit the pharmacy by expanding Collaborative Drug Therapy Management (CFTSS) to the community setting, including Medicaid, including expanding who can provide the service. Participants in CFTSS’s Integrated Care for Kids (InCK) model for screening and universal, light-touch home visits) and leverages work focused on pregnancy and early childhood (e.g., preschool behavioral health integration in pediatrics by continuing ongoing pilot programs). (3) Medicaid Managed Care (MMC) Plans, providers, and Medicaid promote the use of evidence-based, self-care education, and prevention strategies to manage highly prevalent chronic diseases, including diabetes, hypertension, asthma, smoking, osteoarthritis, chronic kidney disease, HIV/AIDS, and sickle cell disease. Specifically, the proposal will: (1) promote the use of evidence-based, self-care education, and prevention strategies; (2) implement an awareness campaign to educate Medicaid Managed Care (MMC) Plans, providers, and Medicaid members on the various resources and programs that are available; (3) educate the provider community relative to adherence to established evidence-based practice guidelines; (4) optimize services that are already covered by Medicaid, including expanding who can provide the service; (5) optimize pharmacist services and leverage the frequency of patient visits to the pharmacy by expanding Collaborative Drug Therapy Management (CDTM) to the community setting, enabling pharmacists to administer point-of-care testing for designated CLIA-waived tests and to initiate prescriptions for certain medications; (6) focus on chronic condition management within Patient-Centered Medical Homes (PCMHs) and Health Homes; initially, focus treatment and care management resources on adults with diabetes and hypertension, and children with asthma.

- Children’s Preventive Care and Care Transitions: Promotes behavioral health integration in pediatrics by continuing ongoing pilot work focused on pregnancy and early childhood (e.g., preschool screening and universal, light-touch home visits) and leverages participation in CMMI’s Integrated Care for Kids (InCK) model of integration of medical and behavioral health care, using resources already available in the community. In addition, this proposal improves care transitions for children with chronic medical and behavioral conditions, with a special focus on children with sickle cell disease (SCD) moving from pediatric to adult care settings.

- Children and Family Treatment and Support Services (CFTSS): Restores specialized transition rates for CFTSS.
- Invest in Medically Fragile Children: Invests Medicaid resources to improve access to private duty nursing (PDN) for medically fragile children in order to prevent hospitalization and emergency visits, by leveraging additional utilization of telehealth, commercial insurance coverage for PDN, further PDN network development and enhanced rates. Specifically, the proposal would increase fee-for-service PDN rates over a three year period to benchmark to the current Medicaid Managed Care rates; create a PDN Network whereby PDN providers would receive a negotiated enhanced rate of payment for PDN services.
- Preventive Dentistry: Promotes evidence-based preventative dentistry using fluoride varnish and silver diamine fluoride. Specifically, the proposal increases the application of fluoride varnish by primary care providers, including Registered Nurses, which will decrease early childhood decay and associated restorative costs. In addition, the proposal expands Medicaid dental coverage to include silver diamine fluoride which stops tooth decay and prevents additional oral complications.
- Emergency Room Avoidance and Cost Reductions: This proposal reduces unnecessary Emergency Department (ED) utilization and/or cost by redesigning care pathways for high ED utilizing patients and transitions navigation to community services by: allowing sharing of individualized patient treatment plans for chronic conditions (through Qualified Entity (QEs)); expanding access to Urgent Care Centers by increasing co-location with Emergency Rooms; requiring Urgent Care Centers to accept Medicaid; and exploring a lower ED triage fee for non-emergency conditions.
- Addressing Barriers to Opioid Care: Implements a series of Opioid related interventions to address certain barriers to care for Medicaid members, including but not limited to, better bundled payments that support opiate treatment through the adjustment of Ambulatory Patient Groups (APG) payments to eliminate unnecessary volume incentive and to promote more appropriate access including take home medication, when clinically appropriate; reduced Medicaid coverage limits for Rehabilitation Services as pathway to nonpharmacologic treatment alternative for pain management, and increased utilization of the Opioid Medical Maintenance (OMM) Model.

- Promote Maternal Health to Reduce Maternal Mortality: Focuses on optimizing the health of individuals of reproductive age, including discussions on comprehensive family planning and patient centered primary and preventive care. The proposal aims to improve access to quality prenatal care, free from implicit bias, and ensuring postpartum home visits are available to all individuals who agree have a home visit after giving birth, by working with Medicaid Managed Care plans to identify and address the barriers to achieving these goals. The proposal also includes ensuring all pregnant individuals have access to child birth education and supports the participation of birthing centers in the Perinatal Quality Collaborative.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for SFY 2020-21 is ($438 million).

Non-Institutional Services

Care Management
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals include:

- Implement Health Home Improvement, Efficiency, Consolidation and Standardization: These efficiencies include eliminating outreach payments, reducing unnecessary documentation, revising the criteria for admission, and re-evaluating the benchmarks for stepping patients down to lower levels of care management or graduation from a Health Home. Finally, placing the most seriously mentally ill clients in care management arrangements with appropriate caseload sizes – overseen by the Office of Mental Health – while moving lower acuity members into less intensive care management arrangements will both improve program quality and achieve efficiencies.
- Promote Further Adoption of Patient-Centered Medical Homes (PCMH): Continues incentive payments at current levels for lower cost, higher value PCMH programs while incorporating a tiered quality component into the incentive payments to align with other State initiatives such as the Prevention Agenda.
- Comprehensive Prevention and Management of Chronic Disease: Advances the use of evidence-based prevention strategies to manage highly prevalent chronic diseases, including diabetes, hypertension, asthma, smoking, osteoarthritis, chronic kidney disease, HIV/AIDS, and sickle cell disease. Specifically, the proposal will: (1) promote the use of evidence-based, self-care education, and prevention strategies; (2) implement an awareness campaign to educate Medicaid Managed Care (MMC) Plans, providers, and Medicaid members on the various resources and programs that are available; (3) educate the provider community relative to adherence to established evidence-based practice guidelines; (4) optimize services that are already covered by Medicaid, including expanding who can provide the service; (5) optimize pharmacist services and leverage the frequency of patient visits to the pharmacy by expanding Collaborative Drug Therapy Management (CDTM) to the community setting, enabling pharmacists to administer point-of-care testing for designated CLIA-waived tests and to initiate prescriptions for certain medications; (6) focus on chronic condition management within Patient-Centered Medical Homes (PCMHs) and Health Homes; initially, focus treatment and care management resources on adults with diabetes and hypertension, and children with asthma.
- Children’s Preventive Care and Care Transitions: Promotes behavioral health integration in pediatrics by continuing ongoing pilot work focused on pregnancy and early childhood (e.g., preschool screening and universal, light-touch home visits) and leverages participation in CMMI’s Integrated Care for Kids (InCK) model of integration of medical and behavioral health care, using resources already available in the community. In addition, this proposal improves care transitions for children with chronic medical and behavioral conditions, with a special focus on children with sickle cell disease (SCD) moving from pediatric to adult care settings.
- Children and Family Treatment and Support Services (CFTSS): Restores specialized transition rates for CFTSS.
- Invest in Medically Fragile Children: Invests Medicaid resources to improve access to private duty nursing (PDN) for medically fragile children in order to prevent hospitalization and emergency visits, by leveraging additional utilization of telehealth, commercial insurance coverage for PDN, further PDN network development and enhanced rates. Specifically, the proposal would increase fee-for-service PDN rates over a three year period to benchmark to the current Medicaid Managed Care rates; create a PDN Network whereby PDN providers would receive a negotiated enhanced rate of payment for PDN services.
- Preventive Dentistry: Promotes evidence-based preventative dentistry using fluoride varnish and silver diamine fluoride. Specifically, the proposal increases the application of fluoride varnish by primary care providers, including Registered Nurses, which will decrease early childhood decay and associated restorative costs. In addition, the proposal expands Medicaid dental coverage to include silver diamine fluoride which stops tooth decay and prevents additional oral complications.
- Emergency Room Avoidance and Cost Reductions: This proposal reduces unnecessary Emergency Department (ED) utilization and/or cost by redesigning care pathways for high ED utilizing patients and transitions navigation to community services by: allowing sharing of individualized patient treatment plans for chronic conditions (through Qualified Entity (QEs)); expanding access to Urgent Care Centers by increasing co-location with Emergency Rooms; requiring Urgent Care Centers to accept Medicaid; and exploring a lower ED triage fee for non-emergency conditions.
- Addressing Barriers to Opioid Care: Implements a series of Opioid related interventions to address certain barriers to care for Medicaid members, including but not limited to, better bundled payments that support opiate treatment through the adjustment of Ambulatory Patient Groups (APG) payments to eliminate unnecessary volume incentive and to promote more appropriate access including take home medication, when clinically appropriate; reduced Medicaid coverage limits for Rehabilitation Services as pathway to nonpharmacologic treatment alternative for pain management, and increased utilization of the Opioid Medical Maintenance (OMM) Model.
- Promote Maternal Health to Reduce Maternal Mortality: Focuses on optimizing the health of individuals of reproductive age, including discussions on comprehensive family planning and patient centered primary and preventive care. The proposal aims to improve access to quality prenatal care, free from implicit bias, and ensuring postpartum home visits are available to all individuals who agree have a home visit after giving birth, by working with Medicaid Managed Care plans to identify and address the barriers to achieving these goals. The proposal also includes ensuring all pregnant individuals have access to child birth education and supports the participation of birthing centers in the Perinatal Quality Collaborative.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $86 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $140 million.

Pharmacy
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:

- Reduce Drug Cap Growth by Enhancing Purchasing Power to Lower Drug Costs by providing the ability to negotiate supplemental rebates for new blockbuster drugs and gene therapies that do not yet have utilization; and the authority to negotiate value-based agreements with manufacturers.

- Reducing coverage of certain OTC products and increasing copayments (with exceptions for the most vulnerable populations).
• Eliminating Prescriber Prevails which applies to the Medicaid fee-for-service pharmacy program and to selected drug classes for managed care plans. Doing so would reduce inappropriate prescribing, remove barriers that limit the State’s ability to manage pharmacy programs, and minimize the inappropriate influence of pharmaceutical manufacturers in the prior authorization process.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020/2021 is $142 million and for SFY 2021/2022 is $428 million.

Transportation
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
• Transition the State to a single Medicaid Transportation Broker to ensure that consumers receive reliable, high quality transportation services using the mode that is appropriate for the consumer.
• Discontinue the Supplemental Ambulance Rebate Payments to emergency medical transportation (EMT) providers since updating and rationalized the ambulance fee schedule consistent with the Department of Health’s Ambulance Rate Adequacy Study.
• Carve transportation out of the MLTC Benefit (excluding PACE) and into fee-for-service to create efficiencies and consistency in purchasing, arranging and managing transportation services across the Medicaid program.
• Maximize Public Transit in New York City and other urban areas to encourage the use of public transportation as an alternative to driving when appropriate for the consumer.
• Reduce Taxi/Livery Rates and promoting other modes of transportation to reflect market rates for transportation services.
• Implement an ambulance diversion - Triage, Treat and Transport (ET3) - support program to reduce avoidable hospitalizations, subject to any necessary federal approvals.
• Pursue a Certified Public Expenditure program to maximize federal reimbursement for NEMT services incurred by municipalities.
• Create a Community Paramedicine Program to expand the roles of Emergency Medical Technicians (EMTs) and Paramedics by providing medical care to patients at home to avoid unnecessary trips to the Emergency Department (ED). EMTs and Paramedics would provide additional patient health and safety services (e.g., food, medications, falls precautions) and clinical assessment and diagnostic testing in consultation with online medical control/telemedicine physicians/advanced practitioners to avoid unnecessary trips to the hospital.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $188 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $488 million.

Telehealth
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
• Expand Utilization of Telehealth services and reimbursement models, specifically to address behavioral health, oral health, maternity care and other high-need populations. The proposal contemplates a state-wide, hosted telehealth platform to help mitigate interoperability barriers, as well as to enhance broadband to ensure telehealth connectivity in rural areas.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $15 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $25.4 million.

Institutional Services
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
• Reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $75 million (State share);
• Eliminate the Indigent Care Pool “Transition Collar”, which generates an additional $12.5 million in State share savings; and
• Eliminate the Public Hospitals Indigent Care Pool, which generates $70 million in State savings;

• Convert the value of Upper Payment Limit (UPL) payments received by public hospitals in a city with a population over a million into Medicaid reimbursement rates;
• Reduce hospital inpatient capital rate add-on by 5 percent and capital reconciliation payments by 10 percent.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $728 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $743 million.

Long Term Care Services
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
• Modify the current eligibility criteria for individuals to receive Personal Care Services and Consumer Directed Personal Assistance Services (CDPAS) as a Medicaid benefit, regardless of whether such services are received through fee-for-service, Mainstream Managed Care plans, or Managed Long Term Care (MLTC) plans.

In order to be eligible to receive such services, an individual must be assessed to need assistance with more than two activities of daily living (ADLs) (ranging from limited assistance to total dependence).
• Institute a Home and Community Based Services lookback period of 60 months for asset transfers in determining eligibility for Medicaid for those seeking home and community based long term care services and supports as currently applies to those seeking Medicaid eligibility for nursing home care.
• Eliminate the ability of spouses living together in the community, and parents living with their child, to refuse to make their income and resources available during the determination of an applicant’s eligibility for Medicaid.
• Utilize an independent clinician panel, similar to the State’s Conflict Free Evaluation and Enrollment Center, to assess patients and order PCS and CDPAS under a clear set of standards and protocols.

Incorporate additional transparency, compliance, and accountability standards to ensure that entities receiving wage parity payments are appropriately using those funds for the benefit of home care aides.
• Reduce Workforce Recruitment and Retention funding for home health care workers.
• Migrate the completion of all Community Health Assessments (CHA) and reassessments to a single, statewide Independent Assessor (IA).
• Modify the minimum community spouse resource amount, which is used to determine the Medicaid eligibility of an applicant under spousal impoverishment budgeting.
• Reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reim-
MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES/HEARINGS

Notice of Abandoned Property Received by the State Comptroller

Pursuant to provisions of the Abandoned Property Law and related laws, the Office of the State Comptroller receives unclaimed monies and other property deemed abandoned. A list of the names and last known addresses of the entitled owners of this abandoned property is maintained by the Office in accordance with Section 1401 of the Abandoned Property Law. Interested parties may inquire if they appear on the Abandoned Property Listing by contacting the Office of Unclaimed Funds, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., at:

1-800-221-9311
or visit our web site at:
www.osc.state.ny.us

Claims for abandoned property must be filed with the New York State Comptroller’s Office of Unclaimed Funds as provided in Section 1406 of the Abandoned Property Law. For further information contact: Office of the State Comptroller, Office of Unclaimed Funds, 110 State St., Albany, NY 12236.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Civil Service

Pursuant to the Open Meetings Law, the New York State Civil Service Commission hereby gives public notice of the following:

Please take notice that the regular monthly meeting of the State Civil Service Commission for June 2020 will be conducted on June 10 and June 11 commencing at 10:00 a.m. This meeting will be conducted at NYS Media Services Center, Suite 146, South Concourse, Empire State Plaza, Albany, NY with live coverage available at https://www.cs.ny.gov/commission/.

For further information, contact: Office of Commission Operations, Department of Civil Service, Empire State Plaza, Agency Bldg. One, Albany, NY 12239 (518) 473-6598

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for non-institutional services to comply with Section 1927 of the Social Security Act. The following changes are proposed:

Non-Institutional Services

Effective on or after July 1, 2020, to allow supplemental rebates on MCO and FFS utilization, the State will implement a single statewide formulary for opioid dependence agents and opioid antagonists, the purpose of which is to standardize preferred products across Medicaid Fee-for-Service and Managed Care. The National Medicaid Pooling Initiative (NMPI) Supplemental Drug Rebate Agreement will be used for both FFS and MCO utilization.

There is no additional estimated annual change to gross Medicaid expenditures as a result of the proposed amendment.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

New York County
250 Church Street
New York, New York 10018

Queens County, Queens Center
3220 Northern Boulevard
Long Island City, New York 11101

Kings County, Fulton Center
114 Willoughby Street
Brooklyn, New York 11201

Bronx County, Tremont Center
1916 Monterey Avenue
Bronx, New York 10457

Richmond County, Richmond Center
95 Central Avenue, St. George
Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact:
Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for all services to comply with enacted statutory provisions. The following changes are proposed:

All Services

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for the 1.875 percent uniformed reduction of state Medicaid funds. With clarification, effective for dates of service on or after April 2, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each State Fiscal Year (SFY) thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by an additional 0.5 percent to the December 31, 2019 noticed provision for the 1.0 percent uniform reduction. Also with clarification, Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction will also include Health Homes serving children.

The following is a clarification to the December 31, 2019 noticed provision for the estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to the 1.0 percent uniform reduction. With clarification, the estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross...
Medicaid expenditures is ($35,750,000) for State Fiscal Year 2019-20 and ($143,000,000) for each State Fiscal Year thereafter. The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to the additional 0.5 percent additional initiative contained in the budget for State Fiscal Year 2020-21 is ($71,600,000) and each State Fiscal Year thereafter.

Non-Institutional Services
The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for converting the value of Upper Payment Limit (UPL) payments received by public hospitals in a city with a population over a million into Medicaid reimbursement rates. With clarification, this provision was published under Institutional Services only, but should’ve been published under Non-Institutional services, as well.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to delay the implementation date of certain permissible Consumer First Choice Options Services (CFCO) from January 1, 2020 to April 1, 2022. With clarification, this was incorrectly published under Long Term Care services. This should have been published under Non-Institutional services.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reimbursement by 5 percent and eliminate funding associated with residual equity payments to all nursing homes. With clarification, there is an Adult Day Health Care piece to this provision, to that, this should have been published under Non-institutional services as well as Long Term Care.

Institutional Services
The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $75 million (State share); Eliminate the Indigent Care Pool “Transition Collar,” which generates an additional $12.5 million in State share savings; and Eliminate the Public Hospitals Indigent Care Pool, which generates $70 million in State savings. With clarification, the provision is to reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $150 million (gross); eliminate the Indigent Care Pool “Transition Collar,” which generates an additional $25 million in gross savings; and create an Enhanced Safety Net Transition Collar Pool for $64.6 million (gross).

Long Term Care Services
The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for instituting a Home and Community Based services lookback period. With clarification, the lookback period is 30 months.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for modifying current eligibility criteria to receive Personal Care Services and Consumer Directed Personal Assistance as a Medicaid Benefit. With clarification, in order to be eligible to receive such services, an individual must be assessed to need assistance with more than two activities of daily living (ADLs) (ranging from limited assistance to total dependence) or, for individuals with a diagnosis of Alzheimer’s or dementia, that need at least supervision with more than one ADL.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reimbursement by 5 percent. With clarification, the proper wording is to reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reimbursement by 5 percent and eliminate funding associated with residual equity payments to all nursing homes.

The following is a clarification to the December 31, 2019 noticed provision to provide funding to support a two percent increase in annual salary and salary-related fringe benefits to direct case staff and direct support professionals for all qualifying Mental Hygiene Services. With clarification, the estimated annual net aggregate increase to gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative for SFY 2019/2020 is $21 million. The impact published December 31, 2019, erroneously included $119 million for waived services.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

New York County
250 Church Street
New York, New York 10018

Queens County, Queens Center
3220 Northern Boulevard
Long Island City, New York 11101

Kings County, Fulton Center
114 Willoughby Street
Brooklyn, New York 11201

Bronx County, Tremont Center
1916 Monterey Avenue
Bronx, New York 10457

Richmond County, Richmond Center
95 Central Avenue, St. George
Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact:
Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of State
F-2020-0195

Date of Issuance – June 3, 2020

The New York State Department of State (DOS) is required by Federal regulations to provide timely public notice for the activities described below, which are subject to the consistency provisions of the Federal Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA) of 1972, as amended.

The applicant has certified that the proposed activities comply with and will be conducted in a manner consistent with the federally approved New York State Coastal Management Program (NYSCMP). The applicant’s consistency certification and accompanying public information and data are available for inspection at the New York State Department of State offices located at One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Avenue, in Albany, New York.

In F-2020-0195, Diana Griffith is proposing to remove existing float piers and install a 3’ x 30’ aluminum ramp, 5’ x 140’ and 8’ x 20’ wood floating docks with 16 new timber piers. The project on Lloyd Harbor at 9 Oak Hill Road, Lloyd Harbor, NY 11743 in Suffolk County.

The applicant’s consistency certification and supporting information are available for review at http://www.dos.ny.gov/opd/programs/pdfs/Consistency/F-2020-0195Griffith.pdf

Any interested parties and/or agencies desiring to express their views concerning any of the above proposed activities may do so by filing their comments, in writing, no later than 4:30 p.m., 30 days from the date of publication of this notice or July 3, 2020.

Comments should be addressed to: Department of State, Office of Planning and Development and Community Infrastructure, Consistency Review Unit, One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1010, 99 Washington Ave., Albany, NY 12231, (518) 474-6000. Electronic submissions can be made by email at: CR@dos.ny.gov

This notice is promulgated in accordance with Title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 930.
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0042

This State Plan Amendment proposes to convert the value of Upper Payment Limit (UPL) payments for eligible government hospitals in a city with a population over one million and not operated by the State of New York or the State University of New York into Medicaid reimbursement inpatient rates.
Upper Payment Limit (UPL) Rate Add-ons

Effective April 2, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each state fiscal year thereafter, rates of payment computed pursuant to this Attachment will be adjusted in accordance with the following:

1. A UPL payment per discharge will be added to acute rates, after the application of the Service Intensity Weight and Wage Equalization Factor adjustments to the statewide base price. The add-on will be calculated for each hospital by dividing the facility’s latest approved UPL demonstration payment, as calculated in accordance with the Additional Inpatient Governmental Hospital Payments (AIGHP) section of this Attachment, by its Medicaid fee-for-service acute discharges, as reported in its most recently submitted Institutional Cost Report.
   
   a. These add-ons are only applicable for eligible general government hospitals in a city with a population over one million and not operated by the State of New York or the State University of New York and are in lieu of aggregate UPL payments made outside the rates.
   
   b. The total amount paid will be included in the applicable annual UPL demonstration. In the event the UPL demonstration does not provide satisfactory assurances as required in the AIGHP section of this Attachment, the add-ons will be adjusted, as necessary.

2. A UPL payment per diem will be added to specialty long term acute care hospital rates. The add-on will be calculated for each hospital by dividing the facility’s latest approved UPL demonstration payment, as calculated in accordance with the AIGHP section of this Attachment, by its Medicaid fee-for-service specialty hospital days, as reported in its most recently submitted Institutional Cost Report.
   
   a. These add-ons are only applicable for eligible general government hospitals in a city with a population over one million and not operated by the State of New York or the State University of New York and are in lieu of aggregate UPL payments made outside the rates.
   
   b. The total amount paid will be included in the applicable annual UPL demonstration. In the event the UPL demonstration does not provide satisfactory assurances as required in the AIGHP section of this Attachment, the add-ons will be adjusted, as necessary.
MISCELLANEOUS
NOTICES/HEARINGS

Notice of Abandoned Property Received by the State Comptroller

Pursuant to provisions of the Abandoned Property Law and related laws, the Office of the State Comptroller receives unclaimed monies and other property deemed abandoned. A list of the names and last known addresses of the entitled owners of this abandoned property is maintained by the office in accordance with Section 1401 of the Abandoned Property Law. Interested parties may inquire if they appear on the Abandoned Property Listing by contacting the Office of Unclaimed Funds, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., at:

1-800-221-9311
or visit our web site at:
www.osc.state.ny.us

Claims for abandoned property must be filed with the New York State Comptroller’s Office of Unclaimed Funds as provided in Section 1406 of the Abandoned Property Law. For further information contact:
Office of the State Comptroller, Office of Unclaimed Funds, 110 State St., Albany, NY 12236.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for inpatient, long term care, and non-institutional services to comply with recently proposed statutory provisions. The following significant changes are proposed:

All Services

Effective for dates of service April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each State Fiscal Year thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by $2.5 billion. Such reductions will be applied only to the extent that alternative methods that achieve Medicaid state share savings annually are not implemented. Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction include:

1. Payments whereby federal law precludes such reduction, including:
   - Federally Qualified Health Center services;
   - Indian Health Services and services provided to Native Americans;
   - Supplemental Medical Insurance – Part A and Part B;
   - State Contribution for Prescription Drug Benefit (aka Medicare Part D payments);
   - Any local share cap payment required by the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) increase legislation;
   - Services provided to American citizen repatriates; and
   - Hospice Services.

2. Payments funded exclusively with federal and/or local funds include, but are not limited to, the following:
   - Upper payment limit payments to non-state owned or operated governmental providers certified under Article 28 of the NYS Public Health Law;
   - Certified public expenditure payments to the NYC Health and Hospital Corporation;
   - Certain disproportionate share payments to non-state operated or owned governmental hospitals;
   - Certain managed care payments pursuant to section 3-d of Part B of the Chapter 58 of the Laws of 2010; and
   - Services provided to inmates of local correctional facilities.

3. Other Payments that are not subject to the reduction include:
   - Payments pursuant to Article 32, Article 31 and Article 16 of the Mental Hygiene Law;
   - Required payments related to the School Supportive Health Services Program and Preschool Supportive Health Services Program;
   - Early Intervention;
   - Payments for services provided by Other State Agencies including Office of Children and Family Services, State Education Department, and the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision.
   - Vital Access Providers and Vital Access Provider Assurance Program;
   - Physician Administered Drugs;
   - Court orders and judgments; and
   - Family Planning services.

Copies of the proposed state plan amendments will be on file in each local (county) social services district and available for public review.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional, non-institutional or long term care services to comply with proposed Medicaid Redesign Team II (MRT) initiatives. The following changes are proposed:

All Services

Effective for dates of service April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each State Fiscal Year (SFY) thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by 1.875 percent. Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction include:

1. Payments whereby federal law precludes such reduction, including:
   - Federally Qualified Health Center services;
   - Indian Health Services and services provided to Native Americans;
   - Supplemental Medical Insurance – Part A and Part B;
   - State Contribution for Prescription Drug Benefit (aka Medicare Part D payments);
   - Any local share cap payment required by the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) increase legislation;
   - Services provided to American citizen repatriates; and
   - Hospice Services.

2. Payments funded exclusively with federal and/or local funds include, but are not limited to, the following:
   - Upper payment limit payments to non-state owned or operated governmental providers certified under Article 28 of the NYS Public Health Law;
   - Certified public expenditure payments to the NYC Health and Hospital Corporation;
   - Certain disproportionate share payments to non-state operated or owned governmental hospitals;
   - Certain managed care payments pursuant to section 3-d of Part B of the Chapter 58 of the Laws of 2010; and
   - Services provided to inmates of local correctional facilities.

3. Other Payments that are not subject to the reduction include:
   - Payments pursuant to Article 32, Article 31 and Article 16 of the Mental Hygiene Law;
   - Required payments related to the School Supportive Health Services Program and Preschool Supportive Health Services Program;
   - Early Intervention;
   - Payments for services provided by Other State Agencies including Office of Children and Family Services, State Education Department, and the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision.
   - Vital Access Providers and Vital Access Provider Assurance Program;
   - Physician Administered Drugs;
   - Court orders and judgments; and
   - Family Planning services.

Copies of the proposed state plan amendments will be on file in each local (county) social services district and available for public review.
• Eliminating Prescriber Prevails which applies to the Medicaid fee-for-service pharmacy program and to selected drug classes for managed care plans. Doing so would reduce inappropriate prescribing, remove barriers that limit the State’s ability to manage pharmacy programs, and minimize the inappropriate influence of pharmaceutical manufacturers in the prior authorization process.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020/2021 is $142 million and for SFY 2021/2022 is $428 million.

Transportation
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
• Transition the State to a single Medicaid Transportation Broker to ensure that consumers receive reliable, high quality transportation services using the mode that is appropriate for the consumer.
• Discontinue the Supplemental Ambulance Rebate Payments to emergency medical transportation (EMT) providers since updating and rationalized the ambulance fee schedule consistent with the Department of Health’s Ambulance Rate Adequacy Study.
• Carve transportation out of the MLTC Benefit (excluding PACE) and into fee-for-service to create efficiencies and consistency for any necessary federal approvals.
• Create a Community Paramedicine Program to expand the roles of Emergency Medical Technicians (EMTs) and Paramedics by providing medical care to patients at home to avoid unnecessary trips to the Emergency Department (ED). EMTs and Paramedics would provide additional patient health and safety services (e.g., food, medications, fall precautions) and clinical assessment and diagnostic testing in consultation with online medical control/telemedicine physicians/advanced practitioners to avoid unnecessary trips to the hospital.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $188 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $488 million.

Telehealth
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
• Expand Utilization of Telehealth services and reimbursement models, specifically to address behavioral health, oral health, maternity care and other high-need populations. The proposal contemplates a state-wide, hosted telehealth platform to help mitigate interoperability barriers, as well as to enhance broadband to ensure telehealth connectivity in rural areas.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $15 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $25.4 million.

Institutional Services
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
• Reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $75 million (State share);
• Eliminate the Indigent Care Pool "Transition Collar", which generates an additional $12.5 million in State share savings; and
• Eliminate the Public Hospitals Indigent Care Pool, which generates $70 million in State savings;

• Reduce hospital inpatient capital rate add-on by 5 percent and capital reconciliation payments by 10 percent.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $728 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $743 million.

Long Term Care Services
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
• Modify the current eligibility criteria for individuals to receive Personal Care Services and Consumer Directed Personal Assistance Services (CDPAS) as a Medicaid benefit, regardless of whether such services are received through fee-for-service, Mainstream Managed Care plans, or Managed Long Term Care (MLTC) plans. In order to be eligible to receive such services, an individual must be assessed to need assistance with more than two activities of daily living (ADLs) (ranging from limited assistance to total dependence).
• Institute a Home and Community Based Services lookback period of 60 months for asset transfers in determining eligibility for Medicaid for those seeking home and community based long term care services and supports as currently applies to those seeking Medicaid eligibility for nursing home care.
• Eliminate the ability of spouses living together in the community, and parents living with their child, to refuse to make their income and resources available during the determination of an applicant’s eligibility for Medicaid.
• Utilize an independent clinician panel, similar to the State’s Conflict Free Evaluation and Enrollment Center, to assess patients and order PCS and CDPAS under a clear set of standards and protocols.
• Implement an enhanced utilization review process by an independent assessor for any individuals who are assessed to need more than 12 hours per day on average in a given month (i.e., 360 hours per month for a 30-day month) to ensure that it remains safe for that individual to remain in the community.
• Change the frequency in which the Community Health Assessment is conducted from every six months to once annually, subject to requiring reassessments based on changes in health condition or status.
• Implement a uniform tasking tool for use by plans and Local Departments of Social Services (LDSS) to help determine service utilization, including the hours of Personal Care Services and CDPAS required each day.
• Employ the provider “choice” model to proceed with the implementation and electronic visit verification (EVV) system, as required by the Federal 21st Century Cures Act.
• Eliminate requirements that plans and LDSS educate consumers about the availability of the CDPAP program semi-annually Develop standards and protocols to determine whether consumers are self-directing and, if applicable, their designated representative is able to fulfill their obligations appropriately.
• Delay the implementation date of certain permissible Consumer First Choice Option Services (CFCO) services from January 1, 2020 to April 1, 2022.
• Incorporate additional transparency, compliance, and accountability standards to ensure that entities receiving wage parity payments are appropriately using those funds for the benefit of home care aides.
• Reduce Workforce Recruitment and Retention funding for home health care workers.
• Migrate the completion of all Community Health Assessments (CHA) and reassessments to a single, statewide Independent Assessor (IA).
• Modify the minimum community spouse resource amount, which is used to determine the Medicaid eligibility of an applicant under spousal impoverishment budgeting.
• Reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reim-
bursement by 5 percent and eliminate funding associated with return on equity payments to for-profit nursing homes.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020/2021 is $854 million and for SFY 2021/2022 is $1.672 billion.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

- New York County
  - 250 Church Street
  - New York, New York 10018
- Queens County
  - Queens Center
  - 3220 Northern Boulevard
  - Long Island City, New York 11101
- Kings County
  - Fulton Center
  - 114 Willoughby Street
  - Brooklyn, New York 11201
- Bronx County
  - Tremont Center
  - 1916 Monterey Avenue
  - Bronx, New York 10457
- Richmond County
  - Richmond Center
  - 95 Central Avenue, St. George
  - Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact: Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

PUBLIC NOTICE

New York City Deferred Compensation Plan & NYCE IRA

The New York City Deferred Compensation Plan & NYCE IRA (the “Plan”) is seeking proposals from qualified vendors to provide master custodial services to the City of New York Deferred Compensation Plan. The Request for Proposals (“RFP”) will be available beginning on Wednesday, March 18, 2020. Responses are due no later than 4:30 p.m. Eastern Time on Thursday, May 28, 2020. To obtain a copy of the RFP, please visit the Plan’s website at www1.nyc.gov/site/olr/about/about-rfp.page and review the applicable documents.

If you have any questions, please submit them by fax to Georgette Gestely, Director, at (212) 306-7376.

Consistent with the policies expressed by the City, proposals from certified minority-owned and/or women-owned businesses or proposals that include partnering arrangements with certified minority-owned and/or women-owned firms are encouraged. Additionally, proposals from small and New York City-based businesses are also encouraged.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Department of State

F-2019-1176

Date of Issuance – April 1, 2020

The New York State Department of State (DOS) is required by Federal regulations to provide timely public notice for the activities described below, which are subject to the consistency provisions of the Federal Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972, as amended.

The applicant has certified that the proposed activity complies with and will be conducted in a manner consistent with the approved New York State Coastal Management Program.

In F-2019-1176 or the “Morgenstern Residence”, the applicant, Richard Morgenstern, is proposing to maintain as completed 4’ x 100.5’ pier with 4’ x 15’ “T” and 3’6” x 10’ steps. Maintain as completed 4’8” of additional 4’ wide “T”’, 6’ davit, 4’5” x 31.6” pier and 4’ x 32’6” pier, one boat lift, two boat whips and two safety ladders. The authorized work is located at 300 Riviera Drive, Town of Oyster Bay, Nassau County, Great South Bay.


Original copies of public information and data submitted by the applicant are available for inspection at the New York State Department of State offices located at One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Avenue, in Albany, New York.

Any interested parties and/or agencies desiring to express their views concerning any of the above proposed activities may do so by filing their comments, in writing, no later than 4:30 p.m., 30 days from the date of publication of this notice, or, May 1, 2020.

Comments should be addressed to: Consistency Review Unit, Department of State, Office of Planning, Development & Community Infrastructure, One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Ave., Albany, NY 12231, (518) 474-6000, Fax (518) 473-2464. Electronic submissions can be made by email at: CR@dos.ny.gov

This notice is promulgated in accordance with Title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 930.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Department of State

Uniform Code Variance / Appeal Petitions

Pursuant to 19 NYCRR Part 1205, the variance and appeal petitions below have been received by the Department of State. Unless otherwise indicated, they involve requests for relief from provisions of the New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code. Persons wishing to review any petitions, provide comments, or receive actual notices of any subsequent proceeding may contact Brian Tollisen or Neil Collier, Building Standards and Codes, Department of State, One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Ave., Albany, NY 12231, (518) 474-4073 to make appropriate arrangements.

2020-0134 Matter of William Szmala, Nine Cedar Avenue, Medford, NY 11763, for a variance concerning safety requirements, including the height under a girder/soffit. Involved is an existing one family dwelling located at 269 Hampton Avenue, Town of Brookhaven, NY 11772, County of Suffolk, State of New York.

2020-0141 Matter of Nassau Expeditors Inc., Scott Tirone, 75 Albertson Avenue, Albertson, NY 11507, for a variance concerning safety requirements, including the heights under a girder/soffit. Involved is an existing one family dwelling located at 190 Stratford Road, Town of North Hempstead, NY 11040, County of Nassau, State of New York.

2020-0144 Matter of JL Drafting, John Lagoudes, 707 Route 110, 2020-0141 Matter of Nassau Expeditors Inc., Scott Tirone, 75 Albertson Avenue, Albertson, NY 11507, for a variance concerning safety requirements, including the heights under a girder/soffit. Involved is an existing one family dwelling located at 269 Hampton Avenue, Town of Brookhaven, NY 11772, County of Suffolk, State of New York.

2020-0144 Matter of J L Drafting, John Lagoudes, 707 Route 110, Suite A, Farmingdale, NY 11735, for a variance concerning safety requirements, including the height under a girder/soffit. Involved is an existing one family dwelling located at 474 Wolf Hill Road, Town of Huntington, NY 11746, County of Suffolk, State of New York.

2020-0153 Matter of Todd Oconnell Architect PC, Todd Oconnell, 1200 Veteran Memorial Hwy. S120, Hauppauge, NY 11788, for a variance concerning safety requirements, including the height under a girder/soffit. Involved is an existing one family dwelling located at Six Whitney Court, Town of Huntington, NY 11746, County of Suffolk, State of New York.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Department of State

Uniform Code Variance / Appeal Petitions

Pursuant to 19 NYCRR Part 1205, the variance and appeal petitions below have been received by the Department of State. Unless other-
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0043

This State Plan Amendment proposes to convert the value of Upper Payment Limit (UPL) payments received by eligible government hospitals in a city with a population over one million and not operated by the State of New York or State University of New York into Medicaid reimbursement outpatient rates.
Upper Payment Limit (UPL) Rate Add-ons

IX. Effective April 2, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each state fiscal year thereafter, rates of payment computed pursuant to this Attachment will be adjusted in accordance with the following:

1. A UPL payment per visit will be added to emergency department rates. The add-on will be calculated for each hospital by dividing the facility's latest approved UPL demonstration payment, as calculated in accordance with the Hospital Outpatient Supplemental Payment Adjustment – Public General Hospitals (HOSPA-PGH) section of this Attachment, by its Medicaid fee-for-service emergency department visits, as reported in its most recently submitted Institutional Cost Report.

   a. These add-ons are only applicable for eligible general government hospitals in a city with a population over one million and not operated by the State of New York or the State University of New York and are in lieu of aggregate UPL payments made outside the rates.

   b. The total amount paid will be included in the applicable annual UPL demonstration. In the event the UPL demonstration does not provide satisfactory assurances as required in the HOSPA-PGH section of the Attachment, the add-ons will be adjusted, as necessary.
Notice of Abandoned Property
Received by the State Comptroller

Pursuant to provisions of the Abandoned Property Law and related laws, the Office of the State Comptroller receives unclaimed monies and other property deemed abandoned. A list of the names and last known addresses of the entitled owners of this abandoned property is maintained by the Office in accordance with Section 1401 of the Abandoned Property Law. Interested parties may inquire if they appear on the Abandoned Property Listing by contacting the Office of Unclaimed Funds, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., at:

1-800-221-9311 or visit our web site at:
www.osc.state.ny.us

Claims for abandoned property must be filed with the New York State Comptroller’s Office of Unclaimed Funds as provided in Section 1406 of the Abandoned Property Law. For further information contact: Office of the State Comptroller, Office of Unclaimed Funds, 110 State St., Albany, NY 12236.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Civil Service

PURSUANT to the Open Meetings Law, the New York State Civil Service Commission hereby gives public notice of the following:

Please take notice that the regular monthly meeting of the State Civil Service Commission for June 2020 will be conducted on June 10 and June 11 commencing at 10:00 a.m. This meeting will be conducted at NYS Media Services Center, Suite 146, South Concourse, Empire State Plaza, Albany, NY with live coverage available at https://www.cs.ny.gov/commission/.

For further information, contact Office of Commission Operations, Department of Civil Service, Empire State Plaza, Agency Bldg. One, Albany, NY 12239 (518) 473-6598

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for non-institutional services to comply with Section 1927 of the Social Security Act. The following changes are proposed:

Non-Institutional Services

Effective on or after July 1, 2020, to allow supplemental rebates on MCO and FFS utilization, the State will implement a single statewide formulary for opioid dependence agents and opioid antagonists, the purpose of which is to standardize preferred products across Medicaid Fee-for-Service and Managed Care. The National Medicaid Pooling Initiative (NMPI) Supplemental Drug Rebate Agreement will be used for both FFS and MCO utilization.

There is no additional estimated annual change to gross Medicaid expenditures as a result of the proposed amendment.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

New York County
250 Church Street
New York, New York 10018

Queens County, Queens Center
3220 Northern Boulevard
Long Island City, New York 11101

Kings County, Fulton Center
114 Willoughby Street
Brooklyn, New York 11201

Bronx County, Tremont Center
1916 Monterey Avenue
Bronx, New York 10457

Richmond County, Richmond Center
95 Central Avenue, St. George
Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact:
Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for all services to comply with enacted statutory provisions. The following changes are proposed:

All Services

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for the 1.875 percent uniform reduction of state Medicaid funds. With clarification, effective for dates of service on or after April 2, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each State Fiscal Year (SFY) thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by an additional 0.5 percent to the December 31, 2019 noticed provision for the 1.0 percent uniform reduction. Also with clarification, Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction will also include Health Homes serving children.

The following is a clarification to the December 31, 2019 noticed provision for the estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to the 1.0 percent uniform reduction. With clarification, the estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross
generates $70 million in State savings. With clarification, the provision was published under Institutional Services only, but should’ve been published under Non-Institutional services as well.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to delay the implementation date of certain permissible Consumer First Choice Options Services (CFCO) from January 1, 2020 to April 1, 2022. With clarification, this was incorrectly published under Long Term Care services. This should have been published under Non-Institutional services.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reimbursement by 5 percent and eliminate funding associated with residual equity payments to all nursing homes. With clarification, there is an Adult Day Health Care piece to this provision, to that, this should have been published under Non-institutional services as well as Long Term Care.

Institutional Services
The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $75 million (State share); Eliminate the Indigent Care Pool “Transition Collar”, which generates an additional $12.5 million in State share savings; and Eliminate the Public Hospitals Indigent Care Pool, which generates $70 million in State savings. With clarification, the provision is to reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $150 million (gross); eliminate the Indigent Care Pool “Transition Collar”, which generates an additional $25 million in gross savings; and create an Enhanced Safety Net Transition Collar Pool for $64.6 million (gross).

Long Term Care Services
The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reimbursement by 5 percent. With clarification, the proper wording is to reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reimbursement by 5 percent and eliminate funding associated with residual equity payments to all nursing homes.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to reduce Medicaid expenditures attributable to the additional 0.5 percent increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to the additional 0.5 percent additional initiative contained in the budget for State Fiscal Year 2020-21 is ($71,600,000) and each State Fiscal Year thereafter.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

New York County
250 Church Street
New York, New York 10018

Queens County, Queens Center
3220 Northern Boulevard
Long Island City, New York 11101

Kings County, Fulton Center
114 Willoughby Street
Brooklyn, New York 11201

Bronx County, Tremont Center
1916 Monterey Avenue
Bronx, New York 10457

Richmond County, Richmond Center
95 Central Avenue, St. George
Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact:
Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of State
F-2020-0195

Date of Issuance – June 3, 2020
The New York State Department of State (DOS) is required by Federal regulations to provide timely public notice for the activities described below, which are subject to the consistency provisions of the Federal Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA) of 1972, as amended.

The applicant has certified that the proposed activities comply with and will be conducted in a manner consistent with the federally approved New York State Coastal Management Program (NYSCMP). The applicant’s consistency certification and accompanying public information and data are available for inspection at the New York State Department of State offices located at One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Avenue, in Albany, New York.

In F-2020-0195, Diana Griffith is proposing to remove existing foat piers and install a 3’ x 30’ aluminum ramp, 5’ x 140’ and 8’ x 20’ wood foating docks with 16 new timber piers. The project on Lloyd Harbor at 9 Oak Hill Road, Lloyd Harbor, NY 11743 in Suffolk County.

The applicant’s consistency certification and supporting information are available for review at: http://www.dos.ny.gov/opd/programs/pdfs/Consistency/F-2020-0195Griffith.pdf

Any interested parties and/or agencies desiring to express their views concerning any of the above proposed activities may do so by filing their comments, in writing, no later than 4:30 p.m., 30 days from the date of publication of this notice or July 3, 2020.

Comments should be addressed to: Department of State, Office of Planning and Development and Community Infrastructure, Consistency Review Unit, One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1010, 99 Washington Ave., Albany, NY 12231, (518) 474-6000. Electronic submissions can be made by email at: CR@dos.ny.gov

This notice is promulgated in accordance with Title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 930.
MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES/HEARINGS

Notice of Abandoned Property Received by the State Comptroller

Pursuant to provisions of the Abandoned Property Law and related laws, the Office of the State Comptroller receives unclaimed monies and other property deemed abandoned. A list of the names and last known addresses of the entitled owners of this abandoned property is maintained by the office in accordance with Section 1401 of the Abandoned Property Law. Interested parties may inquire if they appear on the Abandoned Property Listing by contacting the Office of Unclaimed Funds, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., at:

1-800-221-9311
or visit our web site at:
www.osc.state.ny.us

Claims for abandoned property must be filed with the New York State Comptroller’s Office of Unclaimed Funds as provided in Section 1406 of the Abandoned Property Law. For further information contact: Office of the State Comptroller, Office of Unclaimed Funds, 110 State St., Albany, NY 12236.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for inpatient, long term care, and non-institutional services to comply with recently proposed statutory provisions. The following significant changes are proposed:

All Services

Effective for dates of service April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each state fiscal year thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by $2.5 billion. Such reductions will be applied only to the extent that alternative methods that achieve Medicaid state share savings annually are not implemented. Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction include:

1. Payments whereby federal law precludes such reduction, including:
   - Federally Qualified Health Center services;
   - Indian Health Services and services provided to Native Americans;
   - Supplemental Medical Insurance – Part A and Part B;
   - State Contribution for Prescription Drug Benefit (aka Medicare Part D payments);
   - Any local share cap payment required by the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) increase legislation;
   - Services provided to American citizen repatriates; and
   - Hospice Services.

2. Payments funded exclusively with federal and/or local funds include, but are not limited to, the following:
   - Upper payment limit payments to non-state owned or operated governmental providers certified under Article 28 of the NYS Public Health Law;
   - Certified public expenditure payments to the NYC Health and Hospital Corporation;
   - Certain disproportionate share payments to non-state operated or owned governmental hospitals;
   - Certain managed care payments pursuant to section 3-d of Part B of the Chapter 58 of the Laws of 2010; and
   - Services provided to inmates of local correctional facilities.

3. Other Payments that are not subject to the reduction include:
   - Payments pursuant to Article 32, Article 31 and Article 16 of the Mental Hygiene Law;
   - Required payments related to the School Supportive Health Services Program and Preschool Supportive Health Services Program;
   - Early Intervention;
   - Payments for services provided by Other State Agencies including Office of Children and Family Services, State Education Department, and the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision;
   - Vital Access Providers and Vital Access Provider Assurance Program;
   - Physician Administered Drugs;
   - Court orders and judgments; and
   - Family Planning services.

Copies of the proposed state plan amendments will be on file in each local (county) social services district and available for public review.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional, non-institutional or long term care services to comply with proposed Medicaid Redesign Team II (MRT) initiatives. The following changes are proposed:

All Services

Effective for dates of service April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each State Fiscal Year (SFY) thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by 1.875 percent. Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction include:

- Payments whereby federal law precludes such reduction, including:
  - Federally Qualified Health Center services;
  - Indian Health Services and services provided to Native Americans;
  - Supplemental Medical Insurance – Part A and Part B;
  - State Contribution for Prescription Drug Benefit (aka Medicare Part D payments);
  - Any local share cap payment required by the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) increase legislation;
  - Services provided to American citizen repatriates; and
  - Hospice Services.

- Payments funded exclusively with federal and/or local funds include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - Upper payment limit payments to non-state owned or operated governmental providers certified under Article 28 of the NYS Public Health Law;
  - Certified public expenditure payments to the NYC Health and Hospital Corporation;
  - Certain disproportionate share payments to non-state operated or owned governmental hospitals;
Medical Homes (PCMHs) and Health Homes; initially, focus on chronic condition management within Patient-Centered Pharmacy. To administer point-of-care testing for designated CLIA-Therapy Management (CDTM) to the community setting, enable services; (5) optimize pharmacist services and leverage the frequency ready covered by Medicaid, including expanding who can provide work focused on pregnancy and early childhood (e.g., preschool behavioral health integration in pediatrics by continuing ongoing pilot hypertension, and children with asthma.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for SFY 2020-21 is ($438 million).

Non-Institutional Services

Care Management

Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals will:

- Implement Health Home Improvement, Efficiency, Consolidation and Standardization: These efficiencies include eliminating outreach payments, reducing unnecessary documentation, revising the criteria for admission, and re-evaluating the benchmarks for stepping patients down to lower levels of care management or graduation from a Health Home. Finally, placing the most severely mentally ill clients in care management arrangements with appropriate caseload sizes – overseen by the Office of Mental Health – while moving lower acuity members into less intensive care management arrangements will both improve program quality and achieve efficiencies.
- Promote Further Adoption of Patient-Centered Medical Homes (PCMH): Continues incentive payments at current levels for lower cost, higher value PCMH programs while incorporating a tiered quality component into the incentive payments to align with other State initiatives such as the Prevention Agenda.
- Comprehensive Prevention and Management of Chronic Disease: Advances the use of evidence-based prevention strategies to manage highly prevalent chronic diseases, including diabetes, hypertension, asthma, smoking, osteoarthritis, chronic kidney disease, HIV/AIDS, and sickle cell disease. Specifically, the proposal will: (1) promote the use of evidence-based, self-care education, and prevention strategies; (2) implement an awareness campaign to educate Medicaid Managed Care (MMC) Plans, providers, and Medicaid members on the various resources and programs that are available; (3) educate the provider community relative to adherence to established evidence-based practice guidelines; (4) optimize services that are already covered by Medicaid, including expanding who can provide services; (5) optimize pharmacist services and leverage the frequency of patient visits to the pharmacy by expanding Collaborative Drug Therapy Management (CDTM) to the community setting, enabling pharmacists to administer point-of-care testing for designated CLIA-waived tests and to initiate prescriptions for certain medications; (6) focus on chronic condition management within Patient-Centered Medical Homes (PCMHs) and Health Homes; initially, focus treatment and care management resources on adults with diabetes and hypertension, and children with asthma.
- Children’s Preventive Care and Care Transitions: Promotes behavioral health integration in pediatrics by continuing ongoing pilot work focused on pregnancy and early childhood (e.g., preschool screening and universal, light-touch home visits) and leverages participation in CMMI’s Integrated Care for Kids (InCK) model of integration of medical and behavioral health care, using resources already available in the community. In addition, this proposal improves care transitions for children with chronic medical and behavioral conditions, with a special focus on children with sickle cell disease (SCD) moving from pediatric to adult care settings.
- Children and Family Treatment and Support Services (CFTSS): - Restores specialized transition rates for CFTSS.
- Invest in Medically Fragile Children: Invests Medicaid resources to improve access to private duty nursing (PDN) for medically fragile children in order to prevent hospitalization and emergency visits, by leveraging additional utilization of telehealth, commercial insurance coverage for PDN, further PDN network development and enhanced rates. Specifically, the proposal would increase fee-for-service PDN rates over a three year period to benchmark to the current Medicaid Managed Care rates; create a PDN Network whereby PDN providers would receive a negotiated enhanced rate of payment for PDN services.
- Preventive Dentistry: Promotes evidence-based preventative dentistry using fluoride varnish and silver diamine fluoride. Specifically, the proposal increases the application of fluoride varnish by primary care providers, including Registered Nurses, which will decrease early childhood decay and associated restorative costs. In addition, the proposal expands Medicaid dental coverage to include silver diamine fluoride which stops tooth decay and prevents additional oral complications.
- Emergency Room Avoidance and Cost Reductions: This proposal reduces unnecessary Emergency Department (ED) utilization and/or cost by redesigning care pathways for high ED utilizing patients and transitions navigation to community services by: allowing sharing of individualized patient treatment plans for chronic conditions (through Qualified Entity (QEs)); expanding access to Urgent Care Centers by increasing co-location with Emergency Rooms; requiring Urgent Care Centers to accept Medicaid; and exploring a lower ED triage fee for non-emergency conditions.
- Addressing Barriers to Opioid Care: Implements a series of Opioid related interventions to address certain barriers to care for Medicaid members, including but not limited to, better bundled payments that support opiate treatment through the adjustment of Ambulatory Patient Groups (APG) payments to eliminate unnecessary volume incentive and to promote more appropriate access including take home medication, when clinically appropriate; reduced Medicaid Coverage Limits for Rehabilitation Services as pathway to nonpharmacologic treatment alternative for pain management, and increased utilization of the Opioid Medical Maintenance (OMM) Model.
- Promote Maternal Health to Reduce Maternal Mortality: Focuses on optimizing the health of individuals of reproductive age, including discussions on comprehensive family planning and patient centered care. The proposal aims to improve access to quality prenatal care, free from implicit bias, and ensuring postpartum home visits are available to all individuals who agree have a home visit after giving birth, by working with Medicaid Managed Care plans to identify and address the barriers to achieving these goals. The proposal also includes ensuring all pregnant individuals have access to childbirth education and supports the participation of birthing centers in the Perinatal Quality Collaborative.
- The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $86 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $140 million.

Pharmacy

Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
- Reduce Drug Cap Growth by Enhancing Purchasing Power to Lower Drug Costs by providing the ability to negotiate supplemental rebates for new blockbuster drugs and gene therapies that do not yet have utilization; and the authority to negotiate value-based agreements with manufacturers.
- Reducing coverage of certain OTC products and increasing copayments (with exceptions for the most vulnerable populations).
• Eliminating Prescriber Prevails which applies to the Medicaid fee-for-service pharmacy program and to selected drug classes for managed care plans. Doing so would reduce inappropriate prescribing, remove barriers that limit the State’s ability to manage pharmacy programs, and minimize the inappropriate influence of pharmaceutical manufacturers in the prior authorization process.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020/2021 is $142 million and for SFY 2021/2022 is $428 million.

Transportation

Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:

• Transition the State to a single Medicaid Transportation Broker to ensure that consumers receive reliable, high quality transportation services using the mode that is appropriate for the consumer.
• Discontinue the Supplemental Ambulance Rebate Payments to emergency medical transportation (EMT) providers since updating and rationalized the ambulance fee schedule consistent with the Department of Health’s Ambulance Rate Adequacy Study.
• Carve out of the MLTC Benefit (excluding PACE) and into fee-for-service to create efficiencies and consistency in purchasing, arranging and managing transportation services across the Medicaid program.
• Maximize Public Transit in New York City and other urban areas to encourage the use of public transportation as an alternative to a trip when appropriate for the consumer.
• Reduce Taxi/Livery Rates and promoting other modes of transportation to reflect market rates for transportation services.
• Implement an ambulance diversion - Triage, Treat and Transport (ET3) - support program to reduce avoidable hospitalizations, subject to any necessary federal approvals.
• Pursue a Certified Public Expenditure program to maximize federal reimbursement for NEMT services incurred by municipalities.
• Create a Community Paramedicine Program to expand the roles of Emergency Medical Technicians (EMTs) and Paramedics by providing medical care to patients at home to avoid unnecessary trips to the Emergency Department (ED). EMTs and Paramedics would provide additional patient health and safety services (e.g., food, medications, fall precautions) and clinical assessment and diagnostic testing in consultation with online medical control/telemedicine physicians/advanced practitioners to avoid unnecessary trips to the hospital.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020/2021 is $188 million and for SFY 2021/2022 is $488 million.

Telehealth

Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:

• Expand Utilization of Telehealth services and reimbursement models, specifically to address behavioral health, oral health, maternity care and other high-need populations. The proposal contemplates a state-wide, hosted telehealth platform to help mitigate interoperability barriers, as well as to enhance broadband to ensure telehealth connectivity in rural areas.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020/2021 is $15 million and for SFY 2021/2022 is $25.4 million.

Institutional Services

Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:

• Reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $75 million (State share);
• Eliminate the Indigent Care Pool “Transition Collar”, which generates an additional $12.5 million in State share savings; and
• Eliminate the Public Hospitals Indigent Care Pool, which generates $70 million in State savings;

• Convert the value of Upper Payment Limit (UPL) payments received by public hospitals in a city with a population over a million into Medicaid reimbursement rates.
• Reduce hospital inpatient capital rate add-on by 5 percent and capital reconciliation payments by 10 percent.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020/2021 is $728 million and for SFY 2021/2022 is $743 million.

Long Term Care Services

Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:

• Modify the current eligibility criteria for individuals to receive Personal Care Services and Consumer Directed Personal Assistance Services (CDPAS) as a Medicaid benefit, regardless of whether such services are received through fee-for-service, Mainstream Managed Care plans, or Managed Long Term Care (MLTC) plans. In order to be eligible to receive such services, an individual must be assessed to need assistance with more than two activities of daily living (ADLs) (ranging from limited assistance to total dependence).
• Institute a Home and Community Based Services lookback period of 60 months for asset transfers in determining eligibility for Medicaid for those seeking home and community based long term care services and supports as currently applies to those seeking Medicaid eligibility for nursing home care.
• Eliminate the ability of spouses living together in the community, and parents living with their child, to refuse to make their income and resources available during the determination of an applicant’s eligibility for Medicaid.
• Utilize an independent clinician panel, similar to the State’s Conflict Free Evaluation and Enrollment Center, to assess patients and order PCS and CDPAS under a clear set of standards and protocols.
• Implement an enhanced utilization review process by an independent assessor for any individuals who are assessed to need more than 12 hours per day on average in a given month (i.e., 360 hours per month for a 30-day month) to ensure that it remains safe for that individual to remain in the community.
• Change the frequency in which the Community Health Assessment is conducted from every six months to once annually, subject to requiring reassessments based on changes in health condition or status.
• Implement a uniform tasking tool for use by plans and Local Departments of Social Services (LDSS) to help determine service utilization, including the hours of Personal Care Services and CDPAS required each day.
• Employ the provider “choice” model to proceed with the implementation and electronic visit verification (EVV) system, as required by the Federal 21st Century Cures Act.
• Eliminate requirements that plans and LDSS educate consumers about the availability of the CDPAP program semi-annually and only if the consumer’s health status changes. The proposal contemplates a state-wide, hosted telehealth platform to help mitigate interoperability barriers, as well as to enhance broadband to ensure telehealth connectivity in rural areas.
• Delay the implementation date of certain permissible Consumer First Choice Option Services (CFCO) services from January 1, 2020 to April 1, 2022.
• Incorporate additional transparency, compliance, and accountability standards to ensure that entities receiving wage parity payments are appropriately used these funds for the benefit of home care aides.
• Reduce Workforce Recruitment and Retention funding for home health care workers.
• Migrate the completion of all Community Health Assessments (CHA) and reassessments to a single, statewide Independent Assessor (IA).
• Modify the minimum community spouse resource amount, which is used to determine the Medicaid eligibility of an applicant under spousal impoverishment budgeting.
• Reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reim-

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bursement by 5 percent and eliminate funding associated with return on equity payments to for-profit nursing homes.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020/2021 is $854 million and for SFY 2021/2022 is $1.672 billion.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

New York County
250 Church Street
New York, New York 10018

Queens County, Queens Center
3220 Northern Boulevard
Long Island City, New York 11101

Kings County, Fulton Center
114 Willoughby Street
Brooklyn, New York 11201

Bronx County, Tremont Center
1916 Monterey Avenue
Bronx, New York 10457

Richmond County, Richmond Center
95 Central Avenue, St. George
Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact: Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

PUBLIC NOTICE
New York City Deferred Compensation Plan & NYCE IRA

The New York City Deferred Compensation Plan & NYCE IRA (the “Plan”) is seeking proposals from qualified vendors to provide master custodial services to the City of New York Deferred Compensation Plan. The Request for Proposals (“RFP”) will be available beginning on Wednesday, March 18, 2020. Responses are due no later than 4:30 p.m. Eastern Time on Thursday, May 28, 2020. To obtain a copy of the RFP, please visit the Plan’s web site at www1.nyc.gov/site/olr/about/about-rfp.page and download and review the applicable documents.

If you have any questions, please submit them by fax to Georgette Gestely, Director, at (212) 306-7376.

Consistent with the policies expressed by the City, proposals from certified minority-owned and/or women-owned businesses or proposals that include partnering arrangements with certified minority-owned and/or women-owned firms are encouraged. Additionally, proposals from small and New York City-based businesses are also encouraged.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of State
F-2019-1176
Date of Issuance – April 1, 2020

The New York State Department of State (DOS) is required by Federal regulations to provide timely public notice for the activities described below, which are subject to the consistency provisions of the Federal Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972, as amended.

The applicant has certified that the proposed activity complies with and will be conducted in a manner consistent with the approved New York State Coastal Management Program.

In F-2019-1176 or the “Morgenstern Residence”, the applicant Richard Morgenstern, is proposing to maintain as completed 4’ x 100.5’ pier with 4’ x 15’ “T” and 3’6” x 10’ steps. Maintain as completed 4’8” of additional 4’ wide “T”, 6’ davit, 4’5’ x 31.6’ pier and 4’ x 32’6” pier, one boat lift, two boat whips and two safety ladders. The authorized work is located at 300 Riviera Drive, Town of Oyster Bay, Nassau County, Great South Bay.


Original copies of public information and data submitted by the applicant are available for inspection at the New York State Department of State offices located at One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Avenue, in Albany, New York.

Any interested parties and/or agencies desiring to express their views concerning any of the above proposed activities may do so by filing their comments, in writing, no later than 4:30 p.m., 30 days from the date of publication of this notice, or, May 1, 2020.

Comments should be addressed to: Consistency Review Unit, Department of State, Office of Planning, Development & Community Infrastructure, One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Ave., Albany, NY 12231, (518) 474-6000, Fax (518) 473-2464. Electronic submissions can be made by email at: CR@dos.ny.gov

This notice is promulgated in accordance with Title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 930.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of State
Uniform Code Variance / Appeal Petitions

Pursuant to 19 NYCRR Part 1205, the variance and appeal petitions below have been received by the Department of State. Unless otherwise indicated, they involve requests for relief from provisions of the New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code. Persons wishing to review any petitions, provide comments, or receive actual copies of any subsequent proceeding may contact Brian Tollisen or Neil Collier, Building Standards and Codes, Department of State, One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Ave., Albany, NY 12231, (518) 474-4073 to make appropriate arrangements.

2020-0134 Matter of William Szmalz, Nine Cedar Avenue, Medford, NY 11763, for a variance concerning safety requirements, including the height under a girder/soffit. Involved is an existing one family dwelling located at 269 Hampton Avenue, Town of Brookhaven, NY 11772, County of Suffolk, State of New York.

2020-0141 Matter of Nassau Expeditors Inc., Scott Tirone, 75 Albertson Avenue, Albertson, NY 11507, for a variance concerning safety requirements, including the heights under a girder/soffit. Involved is an existing one family dwelling located at 190 Stratford Road, Town of North Hempstead, NY 11040, County of Nassau, State of New York.

2020-0144 Matter of JL Drafting, John Lagoudes, 707 Route 110, Suite A, Farmingdale, NY 11735, for a variance concerning safety requirements, including the height under a girder/soffit. Involved is an existing one family dwelling located at 474 Wolf Hill Road, Town of Huntington, NY 11746, County of Suffolk, State of New York.

2020-0153 Matter of Todd Oconnell Architect PC, Todd Oconnell, 1200 Veteran Memorial Hwy. S120, Hauppauge, NY 11788, for a variance concerning safety requirements, including the height under a girder/soffit. Involved is an existing one family dwelling located at 6 Whitney Court, Town of Huntington, NY 11746, County of Suffolk, State of New York.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of State
Uniform Code Variance / Appeal Petitions

Pursuant to 19 NYCRR Part 1205, the variance and appeal petitions below have been received by the Department of State. Unless other-
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0048

This State Plan Amendment is a temporary amendment in response to COVID-19 Emergency Relief.
On March 13, 2020, the President of the United States issued a proclamation that the COVID-19 outbreak in the United States constitutes a national emergency by the authorities vested in him by the Constitution and the laws of the United States, including sections 201 and 301 of the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), and consistent with section 1135 of the Social Security Act (Act). On March 13, 2020, pursuant to section 1135(b) of the Act, the Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services invoked his authority to waive or modify certain requirements of titles XVIII, XIX, and XXI of the Act as a result of the consequences COVID-19 pandemic, to the extent necessary, as determined by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), to ensure that sufficient health care items and services are available to meet the needs of individuals enrolled in the respective programs and to ensure that health care providers that furnish such items and services in good faith, but are unable to comply with one or more of such requirements as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, may be reimbursed for such items and services and exempted from sanctions for such noncompliance, absent any determination of fraud or abuse. This authority took effect as of 6PM Eastern Standard Time on March 15, 2020, with a retroactive effective date of March 1, 2020. The emergency period will terminate, and waivers will no longer be available, upon termination of the public health emergency, including any extensions.

The State Medicaid agency (agency) seeks to implement the policies and procedures described below, which are different than the policies and procedures otherwise applied under the Medicaid state plan, during the period of the Presidential and Secretarial emergency declarations related to the COVID-19 outbreak (or any renewals thereof), or for any shorter period described below:

Describe shorter period here. – N/A

NOTE: States may not elect a period longer than the Presidential or Secretarial emergency declaration (or any renewal thereof). States may not propose changes on this template that restrict or limit payment, services, or eligibility, or otherwise burden beneficiaries and providers.

Request for Waivers under Section 1135

__X__ The agency seeks the following under section 1135(b)(1)(C) and/or section 1135(b)(5) of the Act:

a. __X__ SPA submission requirements – the agency requests modification of the requirement to submit the SPA by March 31, 2020, to obtain a SPA effective date during the first calendar quarter of 2020, pursuant to 42 CFR 430.20.

b. __X__ Public notice requirements – the agency requests waiver of public notice requirements that would otherwise be applicable to this SPA submission. These requirements may include those specified in 42 CFR 440.386 (Alternative Benefit Plans), 42 CFR 447.57(c) (premiums and cost sharing), and 42 CFR 447.205 (public notice of changes in statewide methods and standards for setting payment rates).

TN: 20-0048
Approval Date:
Supersedes TN: NEW
Effective Date: March 1, 2020
c. __X__ Tribal consultation requirements – the agency requests modification of tribal consultation timelines specified in New York State Medicaid state plan, as described below:

New York will reduce the tribal consultation to zero days before submission to CMS. Tribal consultation will still be completed and mailed as per guidelines in New York’s approved state plan.

Section A – Eligibility

1. _____ The agency furnishes medical assistance to the following optional groups of individuals described in section 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii) or 1902(a)(10)(c) of the Act. This may include the new optional group described at section 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XXIII) and 1902(ss) of the Act providing coverage for uninsured individuals.

   Include name of the optional eligibility group and applicable income and resource standard.

2. _____ The agency furnishes medical assistance to the following populations of individuals described in section 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XX) of the Act and 42 CFR 435.218:

   a. _____ All individuals who are described in section 1905(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XX)

      Income standard: ______________

      -or-

   b. _____ Individuals described in the following categorical populations in section 1905(a) of the Act:

   Income standard: ______________

3. _X____ The agency applies less restrictive financial methodologies to individuals excepted from financial methodologies based on modified adjusted gross income (MAGI) as follows.
New York is electing to disregard changes in income that occur after a determination of eligibility and before the next scheduled redetermination for the following non-MAGI categories:

- Aged, Blind or Disabled individuals receiving SSI - 42 CFR 435.120
- Blind or disabled individuals under 65 receiving SSI - 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(II) and 1905(q)
- Individuals over 18 who lose SSI due to receiving survivor’s benefits - 1634(c)
- Individuals who would be receiving SSI but are not due to a non-Title XIX reason - 42 CFR 435.122
- Individuals receiving SSP - 45 CFR 435.130
- Essential spouse eligible for MA in December 1973 and is living with the ABD spouse - 45 CFR 425.131
- Individuals institutionalized in December 1973 - 42 CFR 435.132
- Blind and disabled individuals who were eligible in Dec 1973 - 42 CFR 435.133
- Individuals who would be receiving SSI/SSP but are not because of receiving survivor’s benefits (Aug 1972) - 42 CFR 435.134
- Individuals who would be receiving SSI/SSP but are not because of receiving survivor’s benefits (Apr 1977) - 42 CFR 435.135
- Disabled widow(er)s who would be receiving SSI/SSP but are not because of the elimination of reduction factor in PL 98-21 - 1634
- Disabled widow(er)s who would be receiving SSI/SSP but are not because of early SSD, no Part A - 1634 (d)
- Qualified Medicare Beneficiaries - 1902(a)(10)(E)(iv)
- Individuals who would be receiving SSI but aren’t due to Section 1611(e)(3)(A)(i) or (v) - 1634(e)
- Individuals who meet the income and resource requirement of AFDC, SSI, on an optional state supplement as specified 42 CFR 435.230 but do not receive cash assistance - 42 CFR 435.210, 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii) and 1905(a)
- Individuals who would be eligible for 42 CFR 435.230 if they were not in medical institution
- Waiver recipients under 1915(c) - 42 CFR 435.217
- Aged, blind, or disabled individuals receiving SSP only - 42 CFR 435.232
- Aged or disabled individuals with income at or below 100%, resources below the threshold (SSI, MN or more restrictive methodology) - 1902(a)(X) 1902(m)(1) and (3)
- COBRA - 1902(a)(10)(F) and 1902(u)(1)
- TWWIIA Basic Coverage Group (16-65) - 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XV)
- TWWIIA Medical Improvement Group (16-65) - 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XVI)
- Medically needy pregnant women - 42 CFR 435.301 1902(e)
- Medically needy children under 18 - 1902(a)(10)(C)(ii)(I)
- Medically needy children under 21 - 42 CFR 435.308
- Medically needy caretaker relatives - 42 CFR 435.310
- Medically needy aged - 42 CFR 435.320 and 435.330
- Medically needy blind - 42 CFR 435.322 and 435.330
- Medically needy disabled - 42 CFR 435.324 and 435.330
- Blind and disabled individuals who were medically needy in Dec 1973 and have been continuously eligible - 42 CFR 435.340

Less restrictive resource methodologies:

New York is electing to disregard changes in resources that occur after a determination of eligibility and before the next scheduled redetermination for the following non-MAGI categories:

- Aged, Blind or Disabled individuals receiving SSI - 42 CFR 435.120
- Blind or disabled individuals under 65 receiving SSI - 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(II) and 1905(q)
- Individuals over 18 who lose SSI due to receiving survivor's benefits - 1634(c)
- Individuals who would be receiving SSI but are not due to a non-Title XIX reason - 42 CFR 435.122
- Individuals receiving SSP - 45 CFR 435.130
- Essential spouse eligible for MA in December 1973 and is living with the ABD spouse - 45 CFR 425.131
- Individuals institutionalized in December 1973 - 42 CFR 435.132
- Blind and disabled individuals who were eligible in Dec 1973 - 42 CFR 435.133
- Individuals who would be receiving SSI/SSP but are not because of receiving survivor’s benefits (Aug 1972) - 42 CFR 435.134
- Individuals who would be receiving SSI/SSP but are not because of receiving survivor’s benefits (Apr 1977) - 42 CFR 435.135
- Disabled widow(er)s who would be receiving SSI/SSP but are not because of the elimination of reduction factor in PL 98-21 - 1634
- Disabled widow(er)s who would be receiving SSI/SSP but are not because of early SSD, no Part A - 1634 (d)
- Qualified Medicare Beneficiaries - 1902(a)(10)(E)(iv)
- Individuals who would be receiving SSI but aren't due to Section 1611(e)(3)(A)(i) or (v) - 1634(e)
- Individuals who meet the income and resource requirement of AFDC, SSI, on an optional state supplement as specified 42 CFR 435.230 but do not receive cash assistance - 42 CFR 435.210, 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii) and 1905(a)
- Individuals who would be eligible for 42 CFR 435.230 if they were not in medical institution
- Waiver recipients under 1915(c) - 42 CFR 435.217
• Aged, blind, or disabled individuals receiving SSP only - 42 CFR 435.232
• Aged or disabled individuals with income at or below 100%, resources below the
  threshold (SSI, MN or more restrictive methodology) - 1902(a)(ii)(X) 1902(m)(1) and (3)
• COBRA - 1902(a)(10)(F) and 1902(u)(1)
• Breast and Cervical Cancer & PE - 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XVIII), 1920B
• TWWIIA Basic Coverage Group (16-65) - 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XV)
• TWWIIA Medical Improvement Group (16-65) - 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XVI)
• Medically needy pregnant women - 42 CFR 435.301 1902(e)
• Medically needy children under 18 - 1902(a)(10)(C)(ii)(I)
• Medically needy children under 21 - 42 CFR 435.308
• Medically needy caretaker relatives - 42 CFR 435.310
• Medically needy aged - 42 CFR 435.320 and 435.330
• Medically needy blind - 42 CFR 435.322 and 435.330
• Medically needy disabled - 42 CFR 435.324 and 435.330
• Blind and disabled individuals who were medically needy in Dec 1973 and have been
  continuously eligible - 42 CFR 435.340

4. __X___ The agency considers individuals who are evacuated from the state, who leave the state
   for medical reasons related to the disaster or public health emergency, or who are otherwise
   absent from the state due to the disaster or public health emergency and who intend to return
   to the state, to continue to be residents of the state under 42 CFR 435.403(j)(3).

5. _____ The agency provides Medicaid coverage to the following individuals living in the state,
   who are non-residents:

6. _____ The agency provides for an extension of the reasonable opportunity period for non-
   citizens declaring to be in a satisfactory immigration status, if the non-citizen is making a good
   faith effort to resolve any inconsistencies or obtain any necessary documentation, or the agency
   is unable to complete the verification process within the 90-day reasonable opportunity period
   due to the disaster or public health emergency.

Section B – Enrollment

1. _____ The agency elects to allow hospitals to make presumptive eligibility determinations for
   the following additional state plan populations, or for populations in an approved section 1115
   demonstration, in accordance with section 1902(a)(47)(B) of the Act and 42 CFR 435.1110,
   provided that the agency has determined that the hospital is capable of making such
determinations.

TN: __20-0048___________________ Approval Date: ______________________
Supersedes TN: __NEW____________ Effective Date: _March 1, 2020_________
Please describe the applicable eligibility groups/populations and any changes to reasonable limitations, performance standards or other factors.

2. The agency designates itself as a qualified entity for purposes of making presumptive eligibility determinations described below in accordance with sections 1920, 1920A, 1920B, and 1920C of the Act and 42 CFR Part 435 Subpart L.

Please describe any limitations related to the populations included or the number of allowable PE periods.

3. The agency designates the following entities as qualified entities for purposes of making presumptive eligibility determinations or adds additional populations as described below in accordance with sections 1920, 1920A, 1920B, and 1920C of the Act and 42 CFR Part 435 Subpart L. Indicate if any designated entities are permitted to make presumptive eligibility determinations only for specified populations.

Please describe the designated entities or additional populations and any limitations related to the specified populations or number of allowable PE periods.

4. The agency adopts a total of _____ months (not to exceed 12 months) continuous eligibility for children under age enter age _____ (not to exceed age 19) regardless of changes in circumstances in accordance with section 1902(e)(12) of the Act and 42 CFR 435.926.

5. The agency conducts redeterminations of eligibility for individuals excepted from MAGI-based financial methodologies under 42 CFR 435.603(j) once every _____ months (not to exceed 12 months) in accordance with 42 CFR 435.916(b).

6. The agency uses the following simplified application(s) to support enrollment in affected areas or for affected individuals (a copy of the simplified application(s) has been submitted to CMS).
   a. The agency uses a simplified paper application.
   b. The agency uses a simplified online application.
   c. The simplified paper or online application is made available for use in call-centers or other telephone applications in affected areas.
Section C – Premiums and Cost Sharing

1. _____ The agency suspends deductibles, copayments, coinsurance, and other cost sharing charges as follows:

   Please describe whether the state suspends all cost sharing or suspends only specified deductibles, copayments, coinsurance, or other cost sharing charges for specified items and services or for specified eligibility groups consistent with 42 CFR 447.52(d) or for specified income levels consistent with 42 CFR 447.52(g).

2. _____ The agency suspends enrollment fees, premiums and similar charges for:

   a. _____ All beneficiaries

   b. _____ The following eligibility groups or categorical populations:

      Please list the applicable eligibility groups or populations.

3. _____ The agency allows waiver of payment of the enrollment fee, premiums and similar charges for undue hardship.

   Please specify the standard(s) and/or criteria that the state will use to determine undue hardship.

Section D – Benefits

Benefits:

1. _____ The agency adds the following optional benefits in its state plan (include service descriptions, provider qualifications, and limitations on amount, duration or scope of the benefit):

2. _X__ The agency makes the following adjustments to benefits currently covered in the state plan:
Due to the federal and state-declared disaster emergency, New York State has directed individuals to remain at home as much as possible to stop the spread of Novel Coronavirus 2019. In order to ensure individuals with mental health conditions are able to receive medically necessary mental health services during this time and ensure providers of such services are reimbursed for the services they are able to perform consistent with State-issued guidance, the State requests the following adjustments to benefits currently covered in the state plan:

1. For Clinic Treatment Services, authorized under the clinic and outpatient hospital services benefit, adjust requirement related to formal treatment plan review, as specified on page 2(a)(v) of the Supplements to Attachments 3.1-A and B of the Plan, as follows:

   “A physician must see the patient at least once, approve the patient’s treatment plan, and periodically review the need for continued care. However, during the disaster emergency, initial treatment plans shall be developed within practicable timeframes and periodic reviews shall be postponed. Providers may work under existing, physician-approved treatment plans, provide additional services as needed to ensure continuity of care and address mental health needs related to the disaster emergency, and document such services in a progress note, which will be incorporated into the treatment plan and approved by a physician at the earliest practicable time during or after the disaster emergency.

   “Medically necessary Clinic Treatment Services are documented in a treatment plan which is signed by a physician and reviewed on a periodic basis. However, during the disaster emergency, initial treatment plans shall be developed within practicable timeframes and periodic reviews shall be postponed. Providers may work under existing, physician-approved treatment plans, provide additional services as needed to ensure continuity of care and address mental health needs related to the disaster emergency, and document such services in a progress note, which will be incorporated into the treatment plan and approved by a physician at the earliest practicable time during or after the disaster emergency.”

2. For Partial Hospitalization Services, authorized under the clinic and outpatient hospital services benefit, adjust requirements related to clinical assessment and formal treatment plan review, as specified on page 2(a)(v)-(vi) of the Supplements to Attachments 3.1-A and B of the Plan, as follows:

   “Partial Hospitalization Services are provided based upon the clinical assessment of an individual’s mental, physical and behavioral condition and history, which is the basis for establishing the individual’s diagnosis, functional deficits, and recovery goals. However, during the disaster emergency, the formal, clinical assessment process is not required.

   “Medically necessary Partial Hospitalization Services are documented in a treatment plan which is signed by a physician and reviewed on a periodic basis. However, during the disaster emergency, initial treatment plans shall be developed within practicable timeframes and periodic reviews shall be postponed. Providers may work under existing, physician-approved treatment plans, provide additional services as needed to ensure continuity of care and address
mental health needs related to the disaster emergency, and document such services in a progress note, which will be incorporated into the treatment plan and approved by a physician at the earliest practicable time during or after the disaster emergency.”

3. For Continuing Day Treatment Services, authorized under the clinic and outpatient hospital services benefit, adjust requirements related to formal treatment plan review and assessment as specified on page 2(a)(vi)-(vii) of the Supplements to Attachments 3.1-A and B of the Plan, as follows:

“Continuing Day Treatment Services are provided based upon the clinical assessment of an individual’s mental, physical and behavioral condition and history, which is the basis for establishing the individual’s diagnosis, functional deficits, and recovery goals. However, during the disaster emergency, the formal, clinical assessment process is not required.

“Medically necessary Continuing Day Treatment Services are documented in a treatment plan which is signed by a physician and reviewed on a periodic basis. However, during the disaster emergency, initial treatment plans shall be developed within practicable timeframes and periodic reviews shall be postponed. Providers may work under existing, physician-approved treatment plans, provide additional services as needed to ensure continuity of care and address mental health needs related to the disaster emergency, and document such services in a progress note, which will be incorporated into the treatment plan and approved by a physician at the earliest practicable time during or after the disaster emergency.”

4. For Day Treatment Services for Children, authorized under the clinic and outpatient hospital services benefit, adjust requirements related to formal treatment plan review specified on page 2(v) of the Supplements to Attachments 3.1-A and B of the Plan, as follows:

“A physician must see the patient at least once, approve the patient’s treatment plan, and periodically review the need for continued care. However, during the disaster emergency, initial treatment plans shall be developed within practicable timeframes and periodic reviews shall be postponed. Providers may work under existing, physician-approved treatment plans, provide additional services as needed to ensure continuity of care and address mental health needs related to the disaster emergency, and document such services in a progress note, which will be incorporated into the treatment plan and approved by a physician at the earliest practicable time during or after the disaster emergency.”

5. For Personalized Recovery Oriented Services, authorized under the other rehabilitative services benefit, adjust requirements related to individualized recovery plans, as specified on pages 3b-2-3b-12.1 of the Supplements to Attachments 3.1-A and B of the Plan, as follows:

“PROS services are delivered in accordance with documented Individualized Recovery Plans which, at a minimum, must include a description of the individual’s strengths, resources, including collaterals, and mental health-related barriers that interfere with functioning: a statement of the individual’s recovery goals and program participation objectives: an individualized course of action to be taken, including the specific services to be provided, the
expected frequency of service delivery, the expected duration of the course of service delivery, and the anticipated outcome: criteria to determine when goals and objectives have been met: a relapse prevention plan: and a description and goals of any linkage and coordination activities with other service providers.

“For individuals receiving Intensive Rehabilitation, Ongoing Rehabilitation and Support or Clinical Treatment Services, the Individualized Recovery Plan shall identify the reasons why these services are needed, in addition to Community Rehabilitation and Support services, to achieve the individual's recovery goals. However, during the disaster emergency, individualized recovery plans shall be developed within practicable timeframes. Additionally, services may be provided under existing, approved recovery plans and additional services may be provided as needed to ensure continuity of care and address mental health needs related to the disaster emergency, which must be documented in a progress note and be incorporated into the recovery plan at the earliest practicable time during or after the disaster emergency.”

6. For Assertive Community Treatment Services, adjust minimum contact requirements specified on page 3b-1 of the Supplements to Attachments 3.1-A and B of the Plan, as follows:

“Services will be provided under the supervision of a psychiatrist by a multidisciplinary team which meets with the recipient or the recipient’s significant others a minimum of three times per month. Such contacts may occur using approved telehealth technology. Of these three contacts, at least two of the contacts must be with the Medicaid recipient. Step down services may be provided to clients found by the team to be no longer in need of full ACT team services. A client who is receiving ACT step down must receive a minimum of one contact per month. This contact may also be with a collateral for the benefit of the beneficiary.”

7. For Rehabilitative Services for residents of community-based residential programs licensed by the Office of Mental Health, adjust approved service plan requirement as specified on pages 3a-3b of the Supplements to Attachments 3.1-A and B of the Plan, as follows:

“All services must be provided pursuant to a physician’s written authorization and provided in accordance with an approved service plan, as described in 14 NYCRR 593. However, during the disaster emergency, services may be provided under existing, approved service plans and additional services may be provided as needed to ensure continuity of care and address mental health needs related to the disaster emergency, which must be documented in a progress note and be incorporated into the service plan at the earliest practicable time during or after the disaster emergency.”

For all services outlined above:
Covered Services also include flexible supportive services to address the physical and emotional needs of individuals with disabling mental health conditions during the emergency and assist such individuals through the provision of health education and functional skill building, to understand and implement COVID-19 mitigation strategies recommended by the Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and New York State and Local Health Departments.

TN: __20-0048___________________ Approval Date: ______________________
Supersedes TN: __NEW____________ Effective Date: _March 1, 2020_________
8. For Rehabilitative Services for residents of residential addiction providers certified by the Office of Addiction Services and Supports, adjust approved service plan requirement as specified on pages 3a-37(vii) and 3b-37(vii) of the Supplements to Attachments 3.1-A and B of the Plan, as follows:

Services are subject to prior approval, must be medically necessary and must be recommended “by a licensed practitioner or physician, who is acting within the scope of his/her professional license and applicable state law … to promote the maximum reduction of symptoms and/or restoration of an individual to his/her best age-appropriate functional level according to an individualized treatment plan.” However, during the disaster emergency, services may be provided under existing, approved treatment plans and additional services may be provided as needed to ensure continuity of care and address addiction needs related to the disaster emergency, which must be documented in a progress note and be incorporated into the treatment plan at the earliest practicable time during or after the disaster emergency.

The following language shall be added to pages 3a-37(vii) and 3b-37(vii) of the Supplements to Attachments 3.1-A and B of the Plan: During a declared state of emergency, Residential Addiction providers are authorized to deliver rehabilitative services to individuals in a variety of settings in the community who have been discharged from the residential setting or were not admitted due to adjustments to programs necessitated by the emergency.

9. For Rehabilitative Services delivered by Outpatient Addiction providers certified by the Office of Addiction Services and Supports, adjust approved service plan requirement as specified on pages 3a-37 (iii) and 3b-37 (iii) of the Supplements to Attachments 3.1-A and B of the Plan, as follows:

“Services must be medically necessary and must be recommended by a licensed practitioner or physician, who is acting within the scope of his/her professional license and applicable state law … to promote the maximum reduction of symptoms and/or restoration of an individual to his/her best age-appropriate functional level according to an individualized treatment plan. However, during the disaster emergency, services may be provided under existing, approved treatment plans and additional services may be provided as needed to ensure continuity of care and address addiction needs related to the disaster emergency, which must be documented in a progress note and be incorporated into the service plan at the earliest practicable time during or after the disaster emergency.”

10. In response to the emergency, reimbursement for six additional laboratory tests and specimen collection have been added for Medicaid members. The six COVID-19 tests include the following: two diagnostic tests (CPT codes 87635 and U0002), two high throughput diagnostic tests (CPT codes U0003 and U0004), and two antibody tests (CPT codes 86328 and 86769). The fees set for these six tests mirror Medicare. Some COVID-19 tests, represented by these codes are appropriate for point of care use and can be billed by practitioner offices, clinics, and pharmacies with a permit from Wadsworth Center. Reimbursement for COVID-19 specimen collection (CPT code G2023) has also been added and can be billed by pharmacies or practitioners and clinics when specimen collection is the only service performed. Reimbursement for specimen collection also mirrors Medicare.

TN: 20-0048
Supersedes TN: NEW
Approval Date: 
Effective Date: March 1, 2020
11. For evaluation, specimen collection, testing and medical treatment delivered during the disaster emergency, New York State seeks permission to expand medical sites to include locations that would not otherwise serve as places to receive health care. These temporary locations include but are not limited to the following: non-hospital buildings, parking lots, vehicles, community sites and patient homes. Providing care at these additional temporary locations will prevent the potential spread of the virus.

3. __X__ The agency assures that newly added benefits or adjustments to benefits comply with all applicable statutory requirements, including the statewideness requirements found at 1902(a)(1), comparability requirements found at 1902(a)(10)(B), and free choice of provider requirements found at 1902(a)(23).

4. __X__ Application to Alternative Benefit Plans (ABP). The state adheres to all ABP provisions in 42 CFR Part 440, Subpart C. This section only applies to states that have an approved ABP(s).
   a. __X__ The agency assures that these newly added and/or adjusted benefits will be made available to individuals receiving services under ABPs.
   b. _____ Individuals receiving services under ABPs will not receive these newly added and/or adjusted benefits, or will only receive the following subset:
      Please describe.

Telehealth:

5. __X__ The agency utilizes telehealth in the following manner, which may be different than outlined in the state’s approved state plan:

For Office for People With Developmental Disabilities’ (OPWDD) Freestanding (non-hospital based) Clinics certified pursuant to Mental Hygiene Law Article 16, adjust policy regarding off-site services, as specified at Section I(1) on page 2(t) of Attachment 4.19-B as follows:

Medicaid will only claim expenditures for off-site clinic services when the services meet the exception in 42 CFR 440.90 (b) that permits Medicaid payment for services furnished outside of the clinic by clinic personnel under the direction of a physician to an eligible individual who does not reside in a permanent dwelling or does not have a fixed home or mailing address. Off-site services provided by OPWDD licensed clinics to other than homeless individuals will be reimbursed with State-only funding and federal financial participation will not be claimed. However, during the disaster emergency, Medicaid may claim expenditures and seek federal financial participation for OPWDD Freestanding Article 16 Clinics that are delivered off-site and/or via telehealth pursuant to State-issued telehealth guidance.

TN: 20-0048 Approval Date: ______________________
Supersedes TN: ____NEW________ Effective Date: _March 1, 2020________
Provide broad expansion for the ability of all Medicaid providers in all situations to use a wide variety of communication methods to deliver services remotely, to the extent it is appropriate for the care of the member, the type of service, and is within the provider’s scope of practice. Allow for reimbursement of telephonic assessment, monitoring, and evaluation and management services provided to members in cases where face-to-face visits may not be recommended and it is appropriate for the member to be evaluated and managed by telephone. This expansion is to support the policy that members should be treated through telehealth provided by all Medicaid qualified practitioners and service providers, including telephonically, wherever possible to avoid member congregation with potentially sick patients. Telephonic communication will be covered when provided by any qualified practitioner or service provider. All telephonic encounters documented as appropriate by the provider would be considered medically necessary for payment purposes in Medicaid FFS or Medicaid Managed Care.

This expansion of coverage applies to all Medicaid providers and providers contracted to serve Medicaid members under Medicaid managed care plans.

For purposes of this request, telehealth is defined as the use of electronic information and communication technologies to deliver health care to patients at a distance. Medicaid covered services provided via telehealth include assessment, diagnosis, consultation, treatment, education, care management and/or self-management of a Medicaid member. For purposes of the State of Emergency, this definition is expanded to include telephone conversations. Telephonic service uses two-way electronic audio-only communications over the telephone to deliver services to a patient at an originating site by a telehealth provider located at a distant site.

Therefore, during the State of Emergency, telehealth includes telephonic, telemedicine, store and forward, and remote patient monitoring. Telemedicine is the term used in this guidance to denote two-way audiovisual communication. During the State of Emergency, all telehealth applications will be covered at all originating and distant sites as appropriate to properly care for the patient.

The distant site is the site where the telehealth provider is located while delivering health care services by means of telehealth. During the State of Emergency, any site within the fifty United States or United States’ territories, is eligible to be a distant site for delivery and payment purposes, including Federally Qualified Health Centers and providers’ homes, for all patients including patients dually eligible for Medicaid and Medicare.

Remote Patient Monitoring
Remote Patient Monitoring requires a minimum of 30 minutes of time per month. During the State of Emergency the time requirement for monitoring COVID-19 positive patients has been lowered to a minimum of 10 minutes per month. The fee and all other billing requirements remain the same. During the emergency a clinic or practitioner may bill rate code “Q3014” for administrative expenses in addition to a bill for the telemedicine (audio/visual) services provided. Reimbursement for “Q3014” is $25.76.

FQHCs
Wrap payments are available for any telehealth services, including telephonic services reimbursed by a managed care plan, under qualifying PPS and offsite rate codes

Telephonic Reimbursement:

TN: 20-0048 __________________________ Approval Date: ______________________
Supersedes TN: __NEW__________ Effective Date: _March 1, 2020_________
Drug Benefit:

6. _____ The agency makes the following adjustments to the day supply or quantity limit for covered outpatient drugs. The agency should only make this modification if its current state plan pages have limits on the amount of medication dispensed.

Please describe the change in days or quantities that are allowed for the emergency period and for which drugs.

7. __X__ Prior authorization for medications is expanded by automatic renewal without clinical review, or time/quantity extensions.

8. _____ The agency makes the following payment adjustment to the professional dispensing fee when additional costs are incurred by the providers for delivery. States will need to supply documentation to justify the additional fees.

Please describe the manner in which professional dispensing fees are adjusted.

9. _____ The agency makes exceptions to their published Preferred Drug List if drug shortages occur. This would include options for covering a brand name drug product that is a multi-source drug if a generic drug option is not available.

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Supersedes TN: __NEW_________ Effective Date: March 1, 2020_________
Section E – Payments

Optional benefits described in Section D:

1. _____ Newly added benefits described in Section D are paid using the following methodology:
   a. _____ Published fee schedules –
      Effective date (enter date of change): ______________
      Location (list published location): ______________
   b. _____ Other:
      
      Describe methodology here.

Increases to state plan payment methodologies:

2. _____ The agency increases payment rates for the following services:

   Please list all that apply.

   a. _____ Payment increases are targeted based on the following criteria:

   Please describe criteria.

   b. Payments are increased through:

   i. __X__ A supplemental payment or add-on within applicable upper payment limits:

      Effective March 1, 2020, for Outpatient Hospital, Clinic, and Other Rehabilitative Services, licensed or designated by the New York State Office of Mental Health or the Office for People With Developmental Disabilities and Other Licensed Practitioner services (EPSDT only), non-governmental providers and provider agencies may be eligible for provider-specific supplemental payments to reimburse such providers up to each provider’s average monthly revenue during calendar year 2019, at the discretion of the Office of Mental

TN: __20-0048___________________ Approval Date: ______________________
Supersedes TN: __NEW____________ Effective Date: _March 1, 2020_________
Health or the Office for People With Developmental Disabilities, which may take into consideration community access to behavioral health and/or developmental disability services, providers’ reported cost and revenue, and receipt of other available supplemental funding, including but not limited to funding available under a 1115 waiver amendment, during the public health emergency. Supplemental payments may be equal to the provider’s average monthly revenue during calendar year 2019, less the provider’s actual revenue for the month. Providers will not be eligible for this supplemental payment if monthly revenue equals or exceeds their average monthly revenue during calendar year 2019. The State may audit claim and encounter data to ensure supplemental payments do not result in reimbursement above the provider’s average monthly revenue during calendar year 2019 and may recover any portion of supplemental payments representing such overpayment.

Effective March 17, 2020, for Intermediate Care Facilities for Individuals with Intellectual Disabilities (ICFs/IID) a supplemental payment will be made available to reimburse agencies for day-time weekday service hours when the provision of active treatment outside the residence is not possible. The additional funding will be provided as a supplemental payment to providers. The supplemental payment will be a regional fee as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rate Setting Region</th>
<th>Week-Day Daily Fee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$111.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>$124.89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>$103.39</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ii. An increase to rates as described below.

Rates are increased:

_____ Uniformly by the following percentage: _____________

_____ Through a modification to published fee schedules –

  Effective date (enter date of change): _____________

  Location (list published location): _____________

_____ Up to the Medicare payments for equivalent services.

_____ By the following factors:

  Please describe.
Payment for services delivered via telehealth:

3. **X** For the duration of the emergency, the state authorizes payments for telehealth services that:
   a. **X** Are not otherwise paid under the Medicaid state plan;
   b. ____ Differ from payments for the same services when provided face to face;
   c. ____ Differ from current state plan provisions governing reimbursement for telehealth;

"Describe telehealth payment variation."

For Office for People With Developmental Disabilities’ (OPWDD) Freestanding (non-hospital based) Clinics certified pursuant to Mental Hygiene Law Article 16, adjust policy regarding off-site services, as specified at Section I(1) on page 2(t) of Attachment 4.19-B as follows:

Medicaid will only claim expenditures for off-site clinic services when the services meet the exception in 42 CFR 440.90 (b) that permits Medicaid payment for services furnished outside of the clinic by clinic personnel under the direction of a physician to an eligible individual who does not reside in a permanent dwelling or does not have a fixed home or mailing address. Off-site services provided by OPWDD licensed clinics to other than homeless individuals will be reimbursed with State-only funding and federal financial participation will not be claimed. However, during the disaster emergency, Medicaid may claim expenditures and seek federal financial participation for OPWDD Freestanding Article 16 Clinics that are delivered off-site and/or via telehealth pursuant to State-issued telehealth guidance.

d. ____ Include payment for ancillary costs associated with the delivery of covered services via telehealth, (if applicable), as follows:
   i. ____ Ancillary cost associated with the originating site for telehealth is incorporated into fee-for-service rates.
   ii. ____ Ancillary cost associated with the originating site for telehealth is separately reimbursed as an administrative cost by the state when a Medicaid service is delivered.

Other:

4. **X** Other payment changes:

"Adjustments to Outpatient Hospital, Clinic, and Other Rehabilitative Services, licensed or designated by the New York State Office of Mental Health for the treatment of mental health conditions, as follows:"

TN: __20-0048___________________ Approval Date: ______________________
Supersedes TN: __NEW___________ Effective Date: _March 1, 2020_________
1. For Partial Hospitalization Services, adjust the methodology specified on page 3k-3k(1) of Attachment 4.19-B of the Plan to change units of service to permit providers to bill rate codes 4351 and 4353 for the provision of services to recipients and collaterals, respectively, for the delivery of services for shorter durations due to the COVID-19 pandemic, consistent with State-issued guidance.

2. For Continuing Day Treatment Services, adjust the methodology specified on page 3(j.1)-3(j.2) of Attachment 4.19-B of the Plan to change units of service to permit providers to bill rate codes 4311 and 4317 for the provision of services to recipients and rate code 4325 for the provision of services to collaterals, for the delivery of services for shorter durations due to the COVID-19 pandemic, including documented attempts to contact clients, consistent with State-issued guidance.

3. For Day Treatment Services for Children adjust the methodology specified on page 3k(2)-3k(4) of Attachment 4.19-B of the Plan to change units of service to permit providers to bill rate codes 4060 and 4061 for the provision of services to recipients and rate code 4066 for the provision of services to collaterals, for the delivery of services for shorter durations due to the COVID-19 pandemic, including documented attempts to contact clients, consistent with State-issued guidance.

4. For Personalized Recovery Oriented Services, adjust the methodology specified on pages 3L-2-3L-4 of Attachment 4.19-B of the Plan to change units of service to permit providers to be reimbursed at the tier 1 or tier 3 monthly base rates for the delivery of services for shorter durations due to the COVID-19 pandemic, including documented attempts to contact clients, consistent with State-issued guidance.

5. For Assertive Community Treatment Services, adjust the methodology specified on page 3M of Attachment 4.19-B of the Plan to provide for full payment for rendering services a minimum of three times per month, or one time per month for partial payment. For full ACT payment, at least two of the three contacts must be with the Medicaid recipient. For partial payment, contact can be with either the Medicaid recipient or a collateral for the benefit of the recipient.

For all services outlined above, the New York State Office of Mental Health will review claims submitted during the emergency period and may recoup any reimbursement in excess of historical revenues or actual cost.

6. Adjustments to Clinic Treatment Program Services certified by the New York State Office for People With Developmental Disabilities, as specified on page 3 of Attachment 4.19-B, to allow for payment of services for shorter durations due to the COVID-19 pandemic, consistent with State-issued guidance.

7. Adjustments to Children and Family Treatment and Support Services, i.e. Other Licensed Practitioner, Crisis Intervention, Community Psychiatric Supports and Treatment, Psychosocial Rehabilitation, Family Peer Support Services, and Youth Peer Support Services, as specified on...
Adjustments to Children’s Home and Community Based Services, as specified in the Consolidated 1915(c) Children’s Waiver to allow for payment of shorter durations due to the COVID-19 pandemic, consistent with State-issued guidance.

Suspend continuing education and in-person training requirements for providers of Other Licensed Practitioner, Crisis Intervention, Community Psychiatric Supports and Treatment, Psychosocial Rehabilitation, Family Peer Support Services, and Youth Peer Support Services, as specified on pages 3b of Attachment 3.1-A. Such trainings will be conducted remotely, whenever possible.

Section F – Post-Eligibility Treatment of Income

1. The state elects to modify the basic personal needs allowance for institutionalized individuals. The basic personal needs allowance is equal to one of the following amounts:
   a. The individual’s total income
   b. 300 percent of the SSI federal benefit rate
   c. Other reasonable amount: _________________

2. The state elects a new variance to the basic personal needs allowance. (Note: Election of this option is not dependent on a state electing the option described the option in F.1. above.)

   The state protects amounts exceeding the basic personal needs allowance for individuals who have the following greater personal needs:

   Please describe the group or groups of individuals with greater needs and the amount(s) protected for each group or groups.

Section G – Other Policies and Procedures Differing from Approved Medicaid State Plan /Additional Information

For Health Homes serving Adults, Children and Care Coordination Organization /Health Homes:

1. Waive all face-to-face requirements for Health Home Serving Adults, Health Homes Serving Children, and Care Coordination Organization/Health Homes and that CMS waive the requirements for written member consents and member signatures on plans of care and life plans; verbal consents would be documented in the member record.

TN: 20-0048 Approval Date: ______________________
Supersedes TN: __NEW___________ Effective Date: _March 1, 2020_________
2. Annual reassessment and the requirement to annually update the life plans/plan of care be waived until further notification by the DOH

Eligibility:

1) Waiving certain conditions of eligibility that would otherwise require individuals to take action and provide documentation that is virtually impossible to obtain during this COVID-19 emergency period, such as:
   - Applying for other benefits, including but not limited to Medicare and Social Security benefits;
   - Referrals for Veterans Benefits;
   - Providing documentation of available Third-Party Health Insurance; and
   - Referrals for cash medical support enforcement.

2) Extending attestation of income and resources to individuals applying for Medicaid coverage of nursing home care during this emergency, and waiting to verify financial assets using AVS until renewal following the end of the emergency period. This includes attesting to any transfer of assets in the lookback period and accepting attestation that an applicant has named the State as beneficiary of any remainder interest in an annuity in order to determine eligibility; however, proof/document submission of this, and verification of financial assets, will be required at renewal.

3) Extending grace periods for individuals in the Medicaid Buy-In Program for Working People with Disabilities who have experienced job loss as a result of the COVID-19 emergency. If applicable, the grace period will be extended for six (6) additional months.

**PRA Disclosure Statement**

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-1148 (Expires 03/31/2021). The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 1 to 2 hours per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources, gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collection. Your response is required to receive a waiver under Section 1135 of the Social Security Act. All responses are public and will be made available on the CMS web site. If you have comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate(s) or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850. ***CMS Disclosure*** Please do not send applications, claims, payments, medical records or any documents containing sensitive information to the PRA Reports Clearance Office. Please note that any correspondence not pertaining to the information collection burden approved under the associated OMB control number listed on this form will not be reviewed, forwarded, or retained. If you have questions or concerns regarding where to submit your documents, please contact the Centers for Medicaid & CHIP Services at 410-786-3870.
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0049

This State Plan Amendment proposes to eliminate capital reimbursement for residual equity payments and reduce capital reimbursement by 5% for all Adult Day Health Care Facilities.
New York
7(a)(ii)

For rates of payment effective for adult day health care services provided on and after January 1, 2009 through March 31, 2009, the otherwise applicable final trend factor attributable to the 2008 calendar year period will be adjusted such that any increase to the average trend factor for the period April 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008 will be reduced, on an annualized basis, by 1.3%. However, no retroactive adjustment to such trend factor will be made for the period April 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008. Effective on and after April 1, 2009, the otherwise applicable final trend factor attributable to the 2008 calendar year period will be zero.

For rates of payment effective for adult day health care services provided on and after January 1, 2009 through March 31, 2009, a trend factor equal to the otherwise applicable trend factor attributable to the period January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009, less 1% will be applied. Effective on and after April 1, 2009 the otherwise applicable trend factor attributable to the 2009 calendar year period will be zero.

For rates of payment effective for services provided on and after January 1, 2010 through March 31, 2010, the otherwise applicable final trend factor attributable to the 2010 calendar year period will be zero.

For rates of payment effective for adult day health care services provided on and after April 1, 2010, the otherwise applicable trend factor attributable to the 2010 calendar year period will be zero.

For rates of payment effective for adult day health care services provided on and after April 1, 2011, the otherwise applicable trend factors attributable to the 2011 through 2014 calendar year periods will be no greater than zero. For such rates effective for the period January 1, 2015 through March 31, 2015 and for the period April 23, 2015 through December 31, 2015 otherwise applicable trend factors attributable to the 2015 calendar year period will be no greater than zero. For rates of payment effective for adult day health care services provided on and after January 1, 2016 through March 31, 2017 and for the period April 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017, the otherwise applicable trend factor attributable to the 2016 and 2017 calendar year periods will be zero. For rates of payment effective for adult day health care services provided on and after January 1, 2018 through March 31, 2019 and for the period April 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019, the otherwise applicable trend factor attributable to the 2018 and 2019 calendar year periods will be zero. For rates of payment effective for adult day health care services provided on and after January 1, 2020, the otherwise applicable trend factor will be zero.

Effective on April 2, 2020, the capital component of the Medicaid rate will be adjusted to eliminate reimbursement for residual equity payments and reduce capital reimbursement by 5% for all Adult Day Health Care Facilities.

TN #20-0049 Approval Date________________
Supersedes TN __#19-0042__ Effective Date April 2, 2020_______
Eliminating Prescriber Previews which applies to the Medicaid fee-for-service pharmacy program and to selected drug classes for managed care plans. Doing so would reduce inappropriate prescribing, remove barriers that limit the State’s ability to manage pharmacy programs, and minimize the inappropriate influence of pharmaceutical manufacturers in the prior authorization process.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020/2021 is $142 million and for SFY 2021/2022 is $428 million.

**Transportation**
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
- Transition the State to a single Medicaid Transportation Broker to ensure that consumers receive reliable, high-quality transportation services using the mode that is appropriate for the consumer.
- Discontinue the Supplemental Ambulance Rebate Payments to emergency medical transportation (EMT) providers since updating and rationalized the ambulance fee schedule consistent with the Department of Health’s Ambulance Rate Adequacy Study.
- Carve transportation out of the MLTC Benefit (excluding PACE) and into fee-for-service to create efficiencies and consistency in purchasing, arranging and managing transportation services across the Medicaid program.
- Maximize Public Transit in New York City and other urban areas to encourage the use of public transportation as an alternative to a meany when appropriate for the consumer.
- Reduce Taxi/Livery Rates and promoting other modes of transportation to reflect market rates for transportation services.
- Implement an ambulance diversion - Triage, Treat and Transport (ET3) - support program to reduce avoidable hospitalizations, subject to any necessary federal approvals.
- Pursue a Certified Public Expenditure program to maximize federal reimbursement for NEMT services incurred by municipalities.
- Create a Community Paramedicine Program to expand the roles of Emergency Medical Technicians (EMTs) and Paramedics by providing medical care to patients at home to avoid unnecessary trips to the Emergency Department (ED). EMTs and Paramedics would provide additional patient health and safety services (e.g., food, medications, fall precautions) and clinical assessment and diagnostic testing in consultation with online medical control/telemedicine physicians/advanced practitioners to avoid unnecessary trips to the hospital.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $188 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $488 million.

**Telehealth**
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
- Expand Utilization of Telehealth services and reimbursement models, specifically to address behavioral health, oral health, maternity care and other high-need populations. The proposal contemplates a state-wide, hosted telehealth platform to help mitigate interoperability barriers, as well as to enhance broadband to ensure telehealth connectivity in rural areas.
- Implement a uniform tasking tool for use by plans and Local Departments of Social Services (LDSS) to help determine service utilization, including the hours of Personal Care Services and CDPAS under a clear set of standards and protocols.
- Delay the implementation date of certain permissible Consumer Directed Personal Assistance Services (CDPAS) as a Medicaid benefit, regardless of whether such services are received through fee-for-service, Mainstream Managed Care plans, or Managed Long Term Care (MLTC) plans. In order to be eligible to receive such services, an individual must be assessed to need assistance with more than two activities of daily living (ADLs) (ranging from limited assistance to total dependence).
- Institute a Home and Community Based Services lookback period of 60 months for assets transfers in determining eligibility for Medicaid for those seeking home and community based long term care services and supports as currently applies to those seeking Medicaid eligibility for nursing home care.
- Eliminate the ability of spouses living together in the community, and parents living with their child, to refuse to make their income and resources available during the determination of an applicant’s eligibility for Medicaid.
- Utilize an independent clinician panel, similar to the State’s Conflict Free Evaluation and Enrollment Center, to assess patients and order PCS and CDPAS under a clear set of standards and protocols.
- Implement an enhanced utilization review process by an independent assessor for any individuals who are assessed to need more than 12 hours per day on average in a given month (i.e., 360 hours per month for a 30-day month) to ensure that it remains safe for that individual to remain in the community.
- Change the frequency in which the Community Health Assessment is conducted from every six months to once annually, subject to requiring reassessments based on changes in health condition or status.
- Utilize an electronic visit verification (EVV) system, as required by the Federal 21st Century Cures Act.
- Eliminate requirements that plans and LDSS educate consumers about the availability of the CDPAP regional funds and the program, to determine whether consumers are self-directing and, if applicable, their designated representative is able to fulfill their obligations appropriately.
- Delay the implementation date of certain permissible Consumer First Choice Option Services (CFOS) services from January 1, 2020 to April 1, 2022.
- Incorporate additional transparency, compliance, and accountability standards to ensure that entities receiving wage parity payments are appropriately used those funds for the benefit of home care aides.
- Reduce Workforce Recruitment and Retention funding for home health care workers.
- Migrate the completion of all Community Health Assessments (CHA) and reassessments to a single, statewide Independent Assessor (IA).
- Modify the minimum community spouse resource amount, which is used to determine the Medicaid eligibility of an applicant under spousal impoverishment budgeting.
- Reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reim-

**Instrumental Services**
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
- Reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $75 million (State share);
- Eliminate the Indigent Care Pool “Transition Collar”, which generates an additional $12.5 million in State share savings; and
- Eliminate the Public Hospitals Indigent Care Pool, which generates $70 million in State savings;
- Convert the value of Upper Payment Limit (UPL) payments received by public hospitals in a city with a population over a million into Medicaid reimbursement rates;
- Reduce hospital inpatient capital rate add-on by 5 percent and capital reconciliation payments by 10 percent.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $728 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $743 million.

**Long Term Care Services**
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
- Modify the current eligibility criteria for individuals to receive Personal Care Services and Consumer Directed Personal Assistance Services (CDPAS) as a Medicaid benefit, regardless of whether such services are received through fee-for-service, Mainstream Managed Care plans, or Managed Long Term Care (MLTC) plans. In order to be eligible to receive such services, an individual must be assessed to need assistance with more than two activities of daily living (ADLs) (ranging from limited assistance to total dependence).
- Institute a Home and Community Based Services lookback period of 60 months for assets transfers in determining eligibility for Medicaid for those seeking home and community based long term care services and supports as currently applies to those seeking Medicaid eligibility for nursing home care.
- Eliminate the ability of spouses living together in the community, and parents living with their child, to refuse to make their income and resources available during the determination of an applicant’s eligibility for Medicaid.
- Utilize an independent clinician panel, similar to the State’s Conflict Free Evaluation and Enrollment Center, to assess patients and order PCS and CDPAS under a clear set of standards and protocols.
- Implement an enhanced utilization review process by an independent assessor for any individuals who are assessed to need more than 12 hours per day on average in a given month (i.e., 360 hours per month for a 30-day month) to ensure that it remains safe for that individual to remain in the community.
- Change the frequency in which the Community Health Assessment is conducted from every six months to once annually, subject to requiring reassessments based on changes in health condition or status.
- Utilize an electronic visit verification (EVV) system, as required by the Federal 21st Century Cures Act.
- Eliminate requirements that plans and LDSS educate consumers about the availability of the CDPAP program semi-annually. Develop standards and protocols to determine whether consumers are self-directing and, if applicable, their designated representative is able to fulfill their obligations appropriately.
- Delay the implementation date of certain permissible Consumer First Choice Option Services (CFOS) services from January 1, 2020 to April 1, 2022.
- Incorporate additional transparency, compliance, and accountability standards to ensure that entities receiving wage parity payments are appropriately used those funds for the benefit of home care aides.
- Reduce Workforce Recruitment and Retention funding for home health care workers.
- Migrate the completion of all Community Health Assessments (CHA) and reassessments to a single, statewide Independent Assessor (IA).
- Modify the minimum community spouse resource amount, which is used to determine the Medicaid eligibility of an applicant under spousal impoverishment budgeting.
- Reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reim-

**Institutional Services**
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
- Reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $75 million (State share);
- Eliminate the Indigent Care Pool “Transition Collar”, which generates an additional $12.5 million in State share savings; and
- Eliminate the Public Hospitals Indigent Care Pool, which generates $70 million in State savings;
bursement by 5 percent and eliminate funding associated with return on equity payments to for-profit nursing homes.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020/2021 is $854 million and for SFY 2021/2022 is $1.672 billion.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

- New York County
  - 250 Church Street
  - New York, New York 10018

- Queens County, Queens Center
  - 3220 Northern Boulevard
  - Long Island City, New York 11101

- Kings County, Fulton Center
  - 114 Willoughby Street
  - Brooklyn, New York 11201

- Bronx County, Tremont Center
  - 1916 Monterey Avenue
  - Bronx, New York 10457

- Richmond County, Richmond Center
  - 95 Central Avenue, St. George
  - Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact: Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

PUBLIC NOTICE
New York City Deferred Compensation Plan & NYCE IRA

The New York City Deferred Compensation Plan & NYCE IRA (the “Plan”) is seeking proposals from qualified vendors to provide master custodial services to the City of New York Deferred Compensation Plan. The Request for Proposals (“RFP”) will be available beginning on Wednesday, March 18, 2020. Responses are due no later than 4:30 p.m. Eastern Time on Thursday, May 28, 2020. To obtain a copy of the RFP, please visit the Plan’s website at www1.nyc.gov/site/olr/about-rfp.page and download and review the applicable documents.

If you have any questions, please submit them by fax to Georgette Gestely, Director, at (212) 306-7376. Consistent with the policies expressed by the City, proposals from certified minority-owned and/or women-owned businesses or proposals that include partnering arrangements with certified minority-owned and/or women-owned firms are encouraged. Additionally, proposals from small and New York City-based businesses are also encouraged.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of State
F-2019-1176
Date of Issuance – April 1, 2020

The New York State Department of State (DOS) is required by Federal regulations to provide timely public notice for the activities described below, which are subject to the consistency provisions of the Federal Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972, as amended.

The applicant has certified that the proposed activity complies with and will be conducted in a manner consistent with the approved New York State Coastal Management Program.

In F-2019-1176 or the “Morgenstern Residence”, the applicant Richard Morgenstern, is proposing to maintain as completed 4’ x 100.5’ pier with 4’ x 15’ “T” and 3’6” x 10’ steps. Maintain as completed 4’8” of additional 4’ wide “T”, 6’ davit, 4’5” x 31.6’ pier and 4’ x 326’ pier, one boat lift, two boat whips and two safety ladders. The authorized work is located at 300 Riviera Drive, Town of Oyster Bay, Nassau County, Great South Bay.


Original copies of public information and data submitted by the applicant are available for inspection at the New York State Department of State offices located at One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Avenue, in Albany, New York.

Any interested parties and/or agencies desiring to express their views concerning any of the above proposed activities may do so by filing their comments, in writing, no later than 4:30 p.m., 30 days from the date of publication of this notice, or, May 1, 2020.

Comments should be addressed to: Consistency Review Unit, Department of State, Office of Planning, Development & Community Infrastructure, One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Ave., Albany, NY 12231, (518) 474-6000, Fax (518) 473-2464. Electronic submissions can be made by email at: CR@dos.ny.gov

This notice is promulgated in accordance with Title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 930.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of State
Uniform Code Variance / Appeal Petitions

Pursuant to 19 NYCRR Part 1205, the variance and appeal petitions below have been received by the Department of State. Unless otherwise indicated, they involve requests for relief from provisions of the New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code. Persons wishing to review any petitions, provide comments, or receive actual notices of any subsequent proceeding may contact Brian Tollisen or Neil Collier, Building Standards and Codes, Department of State, One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Ave., Albany, NY 12231, (518) 474-4073 to make appropriate arrangements.

2020-0134 Matter of William Szmal, Nine Cedar Avenue, Medford, NY 11763, for a variance concerning safety requirements, including the height under a girder/soffit. Involved is an existing one family dwelling located at 269 Hampton Avenue, Town of Brookhaven, NY 11772, County of Suffolk, State of New York.

2020-0141 Matter of Nassau Expenditors Inc., Scott Tirone, 75 Albertson Avenue, Albertson, NY 11507, for a variance concerning safety requirements, including the heights under a girder/soffit. Involved is an existing one family dwelling located at 190 Stratford Road, Town of North Hempstead, NY 11040, County of Nassau, State of New York.

2020-0144 Matter of JL Drafting, John Lagoudes, 707 Route 110, Suite A, Farmingdale, NY 11735, for a variance concerning safety requirements, including the height under a girder/soffit. Involved is an existing one family dwelling located at 474 Wolf Hill Road, Town of Huntington, NY 11746, County of Suffolk, State of New York.

2020-0153 Matter of Todd Oconnell Architect PC, Todd Oconnell, 1200 Veteran Memorial Hwy. S120, Hauppauge, NY 11788, for a variance concerning safety requirements, including the height under a girder/soffit. Involved is an existing one family dwelling located at 1200 Veteran Memorial Hwy., Town of Huntington, NY 11746, County of Suffolk, State of New York.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of State
Uniform Code Variance / Appeal Petitions

Pursuant to 19 NYCRR Part 1205, the variance and appeal petitions below have been received by the Department of State. Unless other-
MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES/HEARINGS

Notice of Abandoned Property Received by the State Comptroller

Pursuant to provisions of the Abandoned Property Law and related laws, the Office of the State Comptroller receives unclaimed monies and other property deemed abandoned. A list of the names and last known addresses of the entitled owners of this abandoned property is maintained by the office in accordance with Section 1401 of the Abandoned Property Law. Interested parties may inquire if they appear on the Abandoned Property Listing by contacting the Office of Unclaimed Funds, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., at:

1-800-221-9311
or visit our web site at:
www.osc.state.ny.us

Claims for abandoned property must be filed with the New York State Comptroller’s Office of Unclaimed Funds as provided in Section 1406 of the Abandoned Property Law. For further information contact: Office of the State Comptroller, Office of Unclaimed Funds, 110 State St., Albany, NY 12236.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Civil Service

Pursuant to the Open Meetings Law, the New York State Civil Service Commission hereby gives public notice of the following:

Please take notice that the regular monthly meeting of the State Civil Service Commission for June 2020 will be conducted on June 10 and June 11 commencing at 10:00 a.m. This meeting will be conducted at NYS Media Services Center, Suite 146, South Concourse, Empire State Plaza, Albany, NY with live coverage available at https://www.cs.ny.gov/commission/.

For further information, contact: Office of Commission Operations, Department of Civil Service, Empire State Plaza, Agency Bldg. One, Albany, NY 12239 (518) 473-6598

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for non-institutional services to comply with Section 1927 of the Social Security Act. The following changes are proposed:

Non-Institutional Services
Effective on or after July 1, 2020, to allow supplemental rebates on MCO and FFS utilization, the State will implement a single statewide formulary for opioid dependence agents and opioid antagonists, the purpose of which is to standardize preferred products across Medicaid Fee-for-Service and Managed Care. The National Medicaid Pooling Initiative (NMPI) Supplemental Drug Rebate Agreement will be used for both FFS and MCO utilization.

There is no additional estimated annual change to gross Medicaid expenditures as a result of the proposed amendment.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

New York County
250 Church Street
New York, New York 10018

Queens County, Queens Center
3220 Northern Boulevard
Long Island City, New York 11101

Kings County, Fulton Center
114 Willoughby Street
Brooklyn, New York 11201

Bronx County, Tremont Center
1916 Monterey Avenue
Bronx, New York 10457

Richmond County, Richmond Center
95 Central Avenue, St. George
Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact:
Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for all services to comply with enacted statutory provisions. The following changes are proposed:

All Services

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for the 1.875 percent uniformed reduction of state Medicaid funds. With clarification, effective for dates of service on or after April 2, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each State Fiscal Year (SFY) thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by an additional 0.5 percent to the December 31, 2019 noticed provision for the 1.0 percent uniform reduction. Also with clarification, Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction will also include Health Homes serving children.

The following is a clarification to the December 31, 2019 noticed provision for the estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to the 1.0 uniform reduction. With clarification, the estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to the 1.0 uniform reduction...
Medicaid expenditures is ($35,750,000) for State Fiscal Year 2019-20 and ($143,000,000) for each State Fiscal Year thereafter. The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to the additional 0.5 percent additional initiative contained in the budget for State Fiscal Year 2020-21 is ($71,600,000) and each State Fiscal Year thereafter.

Non-Institutional Services

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for converting the value of Upper Payment Limit (UPL) payments received by public hospitals in a city with a population over a million into Medicaid reimbursement rates. With clarification, this provision was published under Institutional Services only, but should’ve been published under Non-Institutional services, as well.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to delay the implementation date of certain permissible Consumer First Choice Options Services (CFCO) from January 1, 2020 to April 1, 2022. With clarification, this was incorrectly published under Long Term Care services. This should have been published under Non-Institutional services.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reimbursement by 5 percent and eliminate funding associated with residual equity payments to all nursing homes. With clarification, there is an Adult Day Health Care piece to this provision, to that, this should have been published under Non-institutional services as well as Long Term Care.

Institutional Services

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $75 million (State share); Eliminate the Indigent Care Pool “Transition Collar”, which generates an additional $12.5 million in State savings; and Eliminate the Public Hospitals Indigent Care Pool, which generates $70 million in State savings. With clarification, the provision is to reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $150 million (gross); eliminate the Indigent Care Pool “Transition Collar”, which generates an additional $25 million in gross savings; and create an Enhanced Safety Net Transition Collar Pool for $64.6 million (gross).

Long Term Care Services

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for instituting a Home and Community Based services lookback period. With clarification, the lookback period is 30 months.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for modifying current eligibility criteria to receive Personal Care Services and Consumer Directed Personal Assistance as a Medicaid Benefit. With clarification, in order to be eligible to receive such services, an individual must be assessed to need assistance with more than two activities of daily living (ADLs) (ranging from limited assistance to total dependence) or, for individuals with a diagnosis of Alzheimer’s or dementia, that need at least supervision with more than one ADL.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reimbursement by 5 percent. With clarification, the proper wording is to reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reimbursement by 5 percent and eliminate funding associated with residual equity payments to all nursing homes.

The following is a clarification to the December 31, 2019 noticed provision to provide funding to support a two percent increase in annual salary and salary-related fringe benefits to direct case staff and direct support professions for all qualifying Mental Hygiene Services. With clarification, the estimated annual net aggregate increase to gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative for SFY 2019/2020 is $21 million. The impact published December 31, 2019, erroneously included $119 million for waived services.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

- New York County
- 250 Church Street
- New York, New York 10018
- Queens County, Queens Center
- 3220 Northern Boulevard
- Long Island City, New York 11101
- Kings County, Fulton Center
- 114 Willoughby Street
- Brooklyn, New York 11201
- Bronx County, Tremont Center
- 1916 Monterey Avenue
- Bronx, New York 10457
- Richmond County, Richmond Center
- 95 Central Avenue, St. George
- Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact:
Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

PUBLIC NOTICE Department of State F-2020-0195

Date of Issuance – June 3, 2020

The New York State Department of State (DOS) is required by Federal regulations to provide timely public notice for the activities described below, which are subject to the consistency provisions of the Federal Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA) of 1972, as amended.

The applicant has certified that the proposed activities comply with and will be conducted in a manner consistent with the federally approved New York State Coastal Management Program (NYSCMP). The applicant’s consistency certification and accompanying public information and data are available for inspection at the New York State Department of State offices located at One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Avenue, in Albany, New York.

In F-2020-0195, Diana Griffith is proposing to removal existing boat piers and install a 3 x 30’ aluminum ramp, 5’ x 140’ and 8’ x 20’ wood floating docks with 16 new timber piers. The project on Lloyd Harbor at 9 Oak Hill Road, Lloyd Harbor, NY 11743 in Suffolk County.

The applicant’s consistency certifcation and supporting information are available for review at: http://www.dos.ny.gov/opd/programs/pdfs/Consistency/F-2020-0195Griffith.pdf

Any interested parties and/or agencies desiring to express their views concerning any of the above proposed activities may do so by filing their comments, in writing, no later than 4:30 p.m., 30 days from the date of publication of this notice or July 3, 2020.

Comments should be addressed to: Department of State, Office of Planning and Development and Community Infrastructure, Consistency Review Unit, One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1010, 99 Washington Ave., Albany, NY 12231, (518) 474-6000. Electronic submissions can be made by email at: CR@dos.ny.gov

This notice is promulgated in accordance with Title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 930.
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0050

This State Plan Amendment proposes to provide for a 2% increase to total salaries for direct care staff, direct support professionals, clinical staff and associated fringe compensation effective 4/1/2020.
VI. APG Base Rates for OPWDD certified or operated clinics.

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<tr>
<th>Peer Group</th>
<th>Base Rate</th>
<th>Effective Date of Base Rate</th>
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Notice of Abandoned Property
Received by the State Comptroller

Pursuant to provisions of the Abandoned Property Law and related laws, the Office of the State Comptroller receives unclaimed monies and other property deemed abandoned. A list of the names and last known addresses of the entitled owners of this abandoned property is maintained by the office in accordance with Section 1401 of the Abandoned Property Law. Interested parties may inquire if they appear on the Abandoned Property Listing by contacting the Office of Unclaimed Funds, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., at:

1-800-221-9311
or visit our web site at:
www.osc.state.ny.us

Claims for abandoned property must be filed with the New York State Comptroller’s Office of Unclaimed Funds as provided in Section 1406 of the Abandoned Property Law. For further information contact: Office of the State Comptroller, Office of Unclaimed Funds, 110 State St., Albany, NY 12236.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional, non-institutional and long term care services to comply with proposed statutory provisions. The following changes are proposed:

All Services

Effective for dates of service on or after January 1, 2020, through March 31, 2020, and each State Fiscal Year thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by 1.0%. Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction include:

Payments based on federal law prohibitions include, but are not limited to, the following:

• Federally Qualified Health Center services;
• Indian Health Services and services provided to Native Americans;
• Supplemental Medical Insurance – Part A and Part B;
• State Contribution for Prescription Drug Benefit (aka Medicare Part D payments);
• Any local share cap payment required by the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) increase legislation;
• Required payments related to the School Supportive Health Services Program and Preschool Supportive Health Services Program;
• Services provided to American citizen repatriates;
• Payments pursuant to the mental hygiene law;
• Court orders and judgments; and
• Hospice Services.

Payments funded exclusively with federal and/or local funds include, but are not limited to the following:

• Upper payment limit payments to non-state owned or operated governmental providers certified under Article 28 of the NYS Public Health Law;
• Certified public expenditure payments to the NYC Health and Hospital Corporation;
• Certain disproportionate share payments to non-state operated or owned governmental hospitals;
• Certain managed care payments pursuant to section 3-d of Part B of the Chapter 58 of the Laws of 2010; and
• Services provided to inmates of local correctional facilities.

Payments where applying the reduction would result in a lower FMAP as determined by the Commissioner of Health and the Director of the Budget will also be exempt.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for State Fiscal Year 2019-20 is ($124,000,000) and ($496,000,000) for each State Fiscal Year thereafter.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at: http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

New York County
250 Church Street
New York, New York 10018

Queens County, Queens Center
3220 Northern Boulevard
Long Island City, New York 11101

Kings County, Fulton Center
114 Willoughby Street
Brooklyn, New York 11201

Bronx County, Tremont Center
1916 Monterey Avenue
Bronx, New York 10457

Richmond County, Richmond Center
95 Central Avenue, St. George
Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact:
Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, e-mail: spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:
The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for all qualifying Mental Hygiene services to comply with enacted statutory provisions. The following changes are proposed:

Long Term Care

Effective on or after January 1, 2020, the State will change the methods and standards for determining payment rates for all qualifying Mental Hygiene Services to provide funding to support a two percent increase in annual salary and salary-related fringe benefits to direct care staff and direct support professionals.

Effective on or after April 1, 2020, a new two percent increase in annual salary and salary-related fringe benefits will be applied to direct care staff, direct support professionals and clinical staff for all qualifying Mental Hygiene Services. For the purposes of the January 1 and April 1, 2020, funding increases, direct support professionals are individuals employed in consolidated fiscal reporting position title codes ranging from 100 to 199; direct care staff are individuals employed in consolidated fiscal reporting position title codes ranging from 200 to 299; and clinical staff are individuals employed in consolidated fiscal reporting position title codes ranging from 300 to 399.

The estimated annual net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditure attributable to this initiative enacted into law as part of the budget for SFY 2019/2020 is $140 million.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

- New York County
  - 250 Church Street
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- Bronx County, Tremont Center
  - 1916 Monterey Avenue
  - Bronx, New York 10457
- Richmond County, Richmond Center
  - 95 Central Avenue, St. George
  - Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact: Department of Health, Bureau of Federal Relations & Provider Assessments, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1430, Albany, NY 12210, (518) 474-1673, Fax (518) 473-8825, spa_inquiries@health.state.ny.us

PUBLIC NOTICE

Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for non-institutional services to revise provisions of the Ambulatory Patient Group (APG) reimbursement methodology and Independent Practitioner Services for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities (IPSIDD) fees. The following changes are proposed:

Non-Institutional

For the effective period January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020, the Ambulatory Patient Group (APG) reimbursement methodology is extended.

The estimated annual net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative is $0.

Effective on or after January 1, 2020, the Ambulatory Patient Group (APG) reimbursement methodology is revised to include recalculated weight and component updates.

The estimated annual net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative is $3.87 million.

Effective on or after January 1, 2020, the Independent Practitioner Services for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities (IPSIDD) fees are revised.

The estimated annual net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative is $0.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment. Copies of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status.

Copies of the proposed State Plan Amendments will be on file in each local (county) social services district and available for public review.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

- New York County
  - 250 Church Street
  - New York, New York 10018
- Queens County, Queens Center
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  - Long Island City, New York 11101
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  - Bronx, New York 10457
- Richmond County, Richmond Center
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  - Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact: Department of Health, Bureau of Federal Relations & Provider Assessments, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1430, Albany, NY 12210, (518) 474-1673, Fax (518) 473-8825, spa_inquiries@health.state.ny.us

PUBLIC NOTICE

Nassau County

The Deferred Compensation Plan for Employees of Nassau Health Care Corporation (the “Plan”), a 457(b) plan created under the laws of the State of New York and pursuant to Section 457(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, is seeking proposals from qualified firms to:

Provide consulting services to the Plan regarding monitoring the performance of the current plan record keeper/administrative service agent, investment manager, and trustee, and overall plan investment performance.

Proposals will be accepted until 4:00 p.m. on Monday, February 10, 2020.

A copy of the Request for Proposals may be obtained during normal business hours (9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. – Weekdays) from: Richard
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0051

This amendment proposes to revise the State Plan to apply an additional one-half percent (0.5%) reduction, for a total one and one-half percent (1.5%) reduction, uniformly across most hospital inpatient payments made under the State's Institutional State Plan section 4.19-A for dates of service effective on or after April 2, 2020 and thereafter.
Across the Board 1% Payment Reduction - effective 1/1/2020 and thereafter; additional 0.5% Across-the-Board Payment Reduction - effective on or after 4/2/2020 and thereafter

(1) For dates of service on and after January 1, 2020, payments for services as specified in paragraph (2) of this Section will be reduced by one percent (1%).

(2) For dates of service on or after April 2, 2020, payments for services as specified in paragraph (3) of this Section will be reduced by an additional one-half percent (0.5%) to the percent referenced in paragraph (1), resulting in a one and one-half percent (1.5%) reduction.

(3) Payments pursuant to Part I in this Attachment subject to the reduction in paragraphs (1) and (2) are the following:

Part I - Methods and Standards for Establishing Payments - Inpatient Hospital Care

a) Hospital Inpatient Reimbursement.
b) Capital Expense Reimbursement.
c) Adding or Deleting Hospital Services or Units.
d) New Hospitals and Hospital on Budgeted Rates.
e) Swing Bed Reimbursement.
f) Mergers, Acquisitions, Consolidations, Restructurings and Closures.
g) Administrative Rate Appeals.
h) Out-of-State Providers.
i) Hospital Physician Billing.
j) Graduate Medical Education – Medicaid Managed Care Reimbursement.
k) Government General Hospital Additional Disproportionate Share Payments.
l) Government General Hospital Indigent Care Adjustment.
m) Voluntary Supplemental Inpatient Payments.
n) Indigent Care Pool Reform.

TN #20-0051 Supersedes TN #20-0015 Approval Date ____________________ Effective Date _April 2, 2020____________
Notice of Abandoned Property
Received by the State Comptroller

Pursuant to provisions of the Abandoned Property Law and related laws, the Office of the State Comptroller receives unclaimed monies and other property deemed abandoned. A list of the names and last known addresses of the entitled owners of this abandoned property is maintained by the office in accordance with Section 1401 of the Abandoned Property Law. Interested parties may inquire if they appear on the Abandoned Property Listing by contacting the Office of Unclaimed Funds, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., at:

1-800-221-9311
or visit our web site at:

www.osc.state.ny.us

Claims for abandoned property must be filed with the New York State Comptroller’s Office of Unclaimed Funds as provided in Section 1406 of the Abandoned Property Law. For further information contact: Office of the State Comptroller, Office of Unclaimed Funds, 110 State St., Albany, NY 12236.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for inpatient, long term care, and non-institutional services to comply with recently proposed statutory provisions. The following significant changes are proposed:

All Services

Effective for dates of service April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each state fiscal year thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by 2.5 billion. Such reductions will be applied only to the extent that alternative methods that achieve Medicaid state share savings annu-ally are not implemented. Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction include:

1. Payments whereby federal law precludes such reduction, including:
   • Federally Qualified Health Center services;
   • Indian Health Services and services provided to Native Americans;
   • Supplemental Medical Insurance – Part A and Part B;
   • State Contribution for Prescription Drug Benefit (aka Medicare Part D payments);
   • Any local share cap payment required by the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) increase legislation;
   • Services provided to American citizen repatriates; and
   • Hospice Services.

2. Payments funded exclusively with federal and/or local funds include, but are not limited to, the following:
   • Upper payment limit payments to non-state owned or operated governmental providers certificed under Article 28 of the NYS Public Health Law;
   • Certificed public expenditure payments to the NYC Health and Hospital Corporation;
   • Certain disproportionate share payments to non-state operated or owned governmental hospitals;
   • Certain managed care payments pursuant to section 3-d of Part B of the Chapter 58 of the Laws of 2010; and
   • Services provided to inmates of local correctional facilities.

3. Other Payments that are not subject to the reduction include:
   • Payments pursuant to Article 32, Article 31 and Article 16 of the Mental Hygiene Law;
   • Required payments related to the School Supportive Health Services Program and Preschool Supportive Health Services Program;
   • Early Intervention;
   • Payments for services provided by Other State Agencies including Office of Children and Family Services, State Education Department, and the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision.
   • Vital Access Providers and Vital Access Provider Assurance Program;
   • Physician Administered Drugs;
   • Court orders and judgments; and
   • Family Planning services.

Copies of the proposed state plan amendments will be on file in each local (county) social services district and available for public review.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional, non-institutional or long term care services to comply with proposed Medicaid Redesign Team II (MRT) initiatives. The following changes are proposed:

All Services

Effective for dates of service April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each State Fiscal Year (SFY) thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by 1.875 percent. Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction include:

• Payments whereby federal law precludes such reduction, including:
  • Federally Qualified Health Center services;
  • Indian Health Services and services provided to Native Americans;
  • Supplemental Medical Insurance – Part A and Part B;
  • State Contribution for Prescription Drug Benefit (aka Medicare Part D payments);
  • Any local share cap payment required by the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) increase legislation;
  • Services provided to American citizen repatriates; and
  • Hospice Services.

• Payments funded exclusively with federal and/or local funds include, but are not limited to, the following:
  • Upper payment limit payments to non-state owned or operated governmental providers certificed under Article 28 of the NYS Public Health Law;
  • Certificed public expenditure payments to the NYC Health and Hospitals Corporation;
  • Certain disproportionate share payments to non-state oper-
Medical Homes (PCMHs) and Health Homes; initially, focus treat-
waived tests and to initiate prescriptions for certain medications; (6)
pharmacists to administer point-of-care testing for designated CLIA-
Therapy Management (CDTM) to the community setting, enable
services; (5) optimize pharmacist services and leverage the frequency
ready covered by Medicaid, including expanding who can provide
participation in CMMI’s Integrated Care for Kids (InCK) model of
management resources on adults with diabetes and
evidence-based practice guidelines; (4) optimize services that are al-
educate the provider community relative to adherence to established
promote the use of evidence-based, self-care education, and preven-
hypertension, asthma, smoking, osteoarthritis, chronic kidney disease,
manage highly prevalent chronic diseases, including diabetes,
Disease: Advances the use of evidence-based prevention strategies to
initiatives such as the Prevention Agenda.

Early Intervention;
Payments for services provided by Other State Agencies
including Office of Children and Family Services, State Educa-
Department, and the Department of Corrections and Com-
Supervision;
Vital Access Providers and Vital Access Provider Assurance
Program;
Physician Administered Drugs;
Children and Family Treatment and Support Services
(CFTSS);
Court orders and judgments; and
Family Planning services.
The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid
expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for
SFY 2020-21 is ($438 million).

Non-Institutional Services
Care Management
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these propos-
als will:
- Implement Health Home Improvement, Efficiency, Consolidation
and Standardization: These efficiencies include eliminating
outreach payments, reducing unnecessary documentation, revising
the criteria for admission, and re-evaluating the benchmarks for stepping
patients down to lower levels of care management or graduation from
a Health Home. Finally, placing the most seriously mentally ill clients in
care management arrangements with appropriate caseload sizes –
overseen by the Office of Mental Health – while moving lower acuity
members into less intensive care management arrangements will both
improve program quality and achieve efficiencies.
- Promote Further Adoption of Patient-Centered Medical Homes
(PCMH): Continues incentive payments at current levels for lower
cost, higher value PCMH programs while incorporating a tiered qual-
ity component into the incentive payments to align with other State
initiatives such as the Prevention Agenda.

Comprehensive Prevention and Management of Chronic Disease:
Advances the use of evidence-based prevention strategies to
manage highly prevalent chronic diseases, including diabetes,
hypertension, asthma, smoking, osteoarthritis, chronic kidney disease,
HIV/AIDS, and sickle cell disease. Specifically, the proposal will: (1)
promote the use of evidence-based, self-care education, and preven-
tion strategies; (2) implement an awareness campaign to educate
Medicaid Managed Care (MMC) Plans, providers, and Medicaid
members on the various resources and programs that are available; (3)
educate the provider community relative to adherence to established
evidence-based practice guidelines; (4) optimize services that are al-
ready covered by Medicaid, including expanding who can provide
services; (5) optimize pharmacist services and leverage the frequency
of patient visits to the pharmacy by expanding Collaborative Drug
Therapy Management (CDTM) to the community setting, enable
pharmacists to administer point-of-care testing for designated CLIA-
waived tests and to initiate prescriptions for certain medications; (6)
focus on chronic condition management within Patient-Centered
Medical Homes (PCMHs) and Health Homes; initially, focus treat-
ment and care management resources on adults with diabetes and
hypertension, and children with asthma.
- Children’s Preventive Care and Care Transitions: Promotes
behavioral health integration in pediatrics by continuing ongoing pilot
work focused on pregnancy and early childhood (e.g., preschool
screening and universal, light-touch home visits) and leverages
participation in CMMI’s Integrated Care for Kids (InCK) model of
integration of medical and behavioral health care, using resources al-
ready available in the community. In addition, this proposal improves
place transitions for children with chronic medical and behavioral
conditions, with a special focus on children with sickle cell disease
(SCD) moving from pediatric to adult care settings.
- Children and Family Treatment and Support Services (CFTSS):
Restores specialized transition rates for CFTSS.
- Invest in Medically Fragile Children: Invests Medicaid re-
sources to improve access to private duty nursing (PDN) for med-
cally fragile children in order to prevent hospitalization and emer-
gency visits, by leveraging additional utilization of telehealth,
commercial insurance coverage for PDN, further PDN network
development and enhanced rates. Specifically, the proposal would
increase fee-for-service PDN rates over a three year period to
benchmark to the current Medicaid Managed Care rates; create a PDN
Network whereby PDN providers would receive a negotiated enhanced
rate of payment for PDN services.
- Preventive Dentistry: Promotes evidence-based preventative
dentistry using fluoride varnish and silver diamine f uoride. Specif-
cally, the proposal increases the application of fluoride varnish by pri-
mary care providers, including Registered Nurses, which will decrease
early childhood decay and associated restorative costs. In addition, the
proposal expands Medicaid dental coverage to include silver diamine
fluoride which stops tooth decay and prevents additional oral
complications.
- Emergency Room Avoidance and Cost Reductions: This prop-
osal reduces unnecessary Emergency Department (ED) utilization
and/or cost by redesigning care pathways for high ED utilizing patients
and transitions navigation to community services by: allowing sharing
of individualized patient treatment plans for chronic conditions
(through Qualified Entity (QEs)); expanding access to Urgent Care
Centers by increasing co-location with Emergency Rooms; requiring
Urgent Care Centers to accept Medicaid; and exploring a lower ED
triage fee for non-emergency conditions.
- Addressing Barriers to Opioid Care: Implements a series of
Opioid related interventions to address certain barriers to care for
Medicaid members, including but not limited to, better bundled pay-
ments that support opiate treatment through the adjustment of Ambula-
tory Patient Groups (APG) payments to eliminate unnecessary vol-
ume incentive and to promote more appropriate access including take
home medication, when clinically appropriate; reduced Medicaid
Coverage Limits for Rehabilitation Services as pathway to nonpharma-
cologic treatment alternative for pain management, and increased
utilization of the Opioid Medical Maintenance (OMM) Model.
- Promote Maternal Health to Reduce Maternal Mortality: Focuses on
optimizing the health of individuals of reproductive age, including discussions on comprehensive family planning and patient
centric, primary and preventive care. The proposal aims to improve
access to quality prenatal care, free from implicit bias, and ensuring
postpartum home visits are available to all individuals who agree have
a home visit after giving birth, by working with Medicaid Managed
Care plans to identify and address the barriers to achieving these goals.
The proposal also includes ensuring all pregnant individuals have ac-
cess to childbirth education and supports the participation of birthing
centers in the Perinatal Quality Collaborative.
The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid
expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for
SFY 2020-2021 is $86 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $140
million.

Pharmacy
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these propos-
als would:
- Reduce Drug Cap Growth by Enhancing Purchasing Power to
Lower Drug Costs by providing the ability to negotiate supplemental
rebates for new blockbuster drugs and gene therapies that do not yet
have utilization; and the authority to negotiate value-based agree-
ments with manufacturers.
- Reducing coverage of certain OTC products and increasing
copayments (with exceptions for the most vulnerable populations).
Notice of Abandoned Property
Received by the State Comptroller

Pursuant to provisions of the Abandoned Property Law and related laws, the Office of the State Comptroller receives unclaimed monies and other property deemed abandoned. A list of the names and last known addresses of the entitled owners of this abandoned property is maintained by the office in accordance with Section 1401 of the Abandoned Property Law. Interested parties may inquire if they appear on the Abandoned Property Listing by contacting the Office of Unclaimed Funds, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., at:
1-800-221-9311
or visit our web site at:
www.osc.state.ny.us

Claims for abandoned property must be filed with the New York State Comptroller’s Office of Unclaimed Funds as provided in Section 1406 of the Abandoned Property Law. For further information contact: Office of the State Comptroller, Office of Unclaimed Funds, 110 State St., Albany, NY 12236.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Civil Service

Pursuant to the Open Meetings Law, the New York State Civil Service Commission hereby gives public notice of the following:

Please take notice that the regular monthly meeting of the State Civil Service Commission for June 2020 will be conducted on June 10 and June 11 commencing at 10:00 a.m. This meeting will be conducted at NYS Media Services Center, Suite 146, South Concourse, Empire State Plaza, Albany, NY with live coverage available at https://www.cs.ny.gov/commission/.

For further information, contact: Office of Commission Operations, Department of Civil Service, Empire State Plaza, Agency Bldg. One, Albany, NY 12239 (518) 473-6598

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for non-institutional services to comply with enacted statutory provisions. The following changes are proposed:

All Services

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for the 1.875 percent uniform reduction of state Medicaid funds. With clarification, effective for dates of service on or after April 2, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each State Fiscal Year (SFY) thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by an additional 0.5 percent to the December 31, 2019 noticed provision for the 1.0 percent uniform reduction. Also with clarification, Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction will also include Health Homes serving children.

There is no additional estimated annual change to gross Medicaid expenditures as a result of the proposed amendment. The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulated/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

New York County
250 Church Street
New York, New York 10018

Queens County, Queens Center
3220 Northern Boulevard
Long Island City, New York 11101

Kings County, Fulton Center
114 Willoughby Street
Brooklyn, New York 11201

Bronx County, Tremont Center
1916 Monterey Avenue
Bronx, New York 10457

Richmond County, Richmond Center
95 Central Avenue, St. George
Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact: Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov
Medicaid expenditures is ($35,750,000) for State Fiscal Year 2019-20 and ($143,000,000) for each State Fiscal Year thereafter. The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to the additional 0.5 percent additional initiative contained in the budget for State Fiscal Year 2020-21 is ($71,600,000) and each State Fiscal Year thereafter.

Non-Institutional Services

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for converting the value of Upper Payment Limit (UPL) payments received by public hospitals in a city with a population over a million into Medicaid reimbursement rates. With clarification, this provision was published under Institutional Services only, but should’ve been published under Non-Institutional services, as well.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to delay the implementation date of certain permissible Consumer First Choice Options Services (CFCO) from January 1, 2020 to April 1, 2022. With clarification, this was incorrectly published under Long Term Care services. This should have been published under Non-Institutional services.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reimbursement by 5 percent and eliminate funding associated with residual equity payments to all nursing homes. With clarification, there is an Adult Day Health Care piece to this provision, to that, this should have been published under Non-institutional services as well as Long Term Care.

Institutional Services

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $75 million (State share); Eliminate the Indigent Care Pool “Transition Collar”, which generates an additional $12.5 million in State share savings; and Eliminate the Public Hospitals Indigent Care Pool, which generates $70 million in State savings. With clarification, the provision is to reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $150 million (gross); eliminate the Indigent Care Pool “Transition Collar”, which generates an additional $25 million in gross savings; and create an Enhanced Safety Net Transition Collar Pool for $64.6 million (gross).

Long Term Care Services

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for instituting a Home and Community Based services lookback period. With clarification, the lookback period is 30 months.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for modifying current eligibility criteria to receive Personal Care Services and Consumer Directed Personal Assistance as a Medicaid Benefit. With clarification, in order to be eligible to receive such services, an individual must be assessed to need assistance with more than two activities of daily living (ADLs) (ranging from limited assistance to total dependence) or, for individuals with a diagnosis of Alzheimer’s or dementia, that need at least supervision with more than one ADL.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reimbursement by 5 percent. With clarification, the proper wording is to reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reimbursement by 5 percent and eliminate funding associated with residual equity payments to all nursing homes.

The following is a clarification to the December 31, 2019 noticed provision to provide funding to support a two percent increase in annual salary and salary-related fringe benefits to direct case staff and direct support professions for all qualifying Mental Hygiene Services. With clarification, the estimated annual net aggregate increase to gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative for SFY 2019/2020 is $21 million. The impact published December 31, 2019, erroneously included $119 million for waivered services.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0052

This amendment proposes to revise the State Plan to apply an additional one-half percent (0.5%) reduction, for a total one and one-half percent (1.5%) reduction, uniformly across most payments made under the State’s Non-Institutional State Plan section 4.19-B for dates of service effective on or after April 2, 2020 and thereafter.
Across the Board 1% Payment Reduction – effective 1/1/2020 and thereafter; additional 0.5%
Across-the-Board Payment Reduction – effective on or after 4/2/2020 and thereafter

(1) For dates of service on and after January 1, 2020, payments for services as specified in paragraph [(2) knit (3) of this Attachment will be reduced by 1%, with the exception of the services listed below that are provided in clinics designated as Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs), Rural Health Clinics (RHCs) and Indian Health Services, as well as services provided to Native Americans, where applicable.

(2) For dates of service on or after April 2, 2020, payments for services as specified in paragraph (3) of this Section will be reduced by an additional one-half percent (0.5%) to the percent referenced in paragraph (1), resulting in a one and one-half percent (1.5%) reduction, with the exception of the services listed below that are provided in clinics designated as Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs), Rural Health Clinics (RHCs) and Indian Health Services, as well as services provided to Native Americans, where applicable.

(3) [(2)] Payments in this Attachment subject to the reduction in paragraphs (1) and (2) are the following:

a) Physician Services.

b) Statewide Patient Centered Medical Home – Physicians and/or Nurse Practitioners, Statewide Patient Centered Medical Home – Hospital Based Clinics and Statewide Patient Centered Medical Home – Freestanding Clinics.

c) Advanced Primary Care – Physicians and/or Nurse Practitioners, Advanced Primary Care – Hospital Based Clinics and Advanced Primary Care – Freestanding Clinics.

d) Adirondack Medical Home Multipayor Program – Physicians and/or Nurse Practitioners, Adirondack Medicaid Home Multipayor Program – Hospital Based Clinics and Adirondack Medical Home Multipayor Program – Freestanding Clinics.

e) Dental Services (including dentures), Podiatrists, Optometrists, Chiropractor's Services, Nurse Midwives, Nurse Practitioners and Clinical Psychologists.

f) Exempt Acute Care Children's Hospitals.

g) Ordered Ambulatory Services (specific services performed by a hospital on an ambulatory basis upon the order of a qualified physician, physician's assistant, dentist or podiatrist to test, diagnose or treat a recipient or specimen taken from a recipient).

h) Ordered Ambulatory Services (specific services performed by a free-standing clinic on an ambulatory basis upon the order of a qualified physician, physician's assistant, dentist or podiatrist to test, diagnose or treat a recipient or specimen taken from a recipient).

i) Adult Day Health Care Services for Persons with HIV/AIDS and Other High-Need Populations Diagnostic and Treatment Centers.

j) Ambulatory Patient Group System: Hospital-Based Outpatient (Article 28 Services Only).

k) Hospital Outpatient Supplemental Payments – Non-Government Owned or Operated General Hospitals.
MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES/HEARINGS

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to Section 447.201 of Title 42, Code of Federal Regulations, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for inpatient, long term care, and non-institutional services to comply with recently proposed statutory provisions. The following changes are proposed:

**All Services**

Effective for dates of service April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each State Fiscal Year (SFY) thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by 1.875 percent. Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction include:

1. Payments whereby federal law precludes such reduction, including:
   - Payments pursuant to Article 32, Article 31 and Article 16 of the Public Health Law;
   - Payments pursuant to section 3-d of Part B of the Chapter 58 of the Laws of 2010; and
   - Payments pursuant to Article 32, Article 31 and Article 16 of the Mental Hygiene Law.

2. Payments for services provided by the Office of Children and Family Services, State Education Department, and the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision.

3. Required payments related to the School Supportive Health Services Program and Preschool Supportive Health Services Program;

   - Payments pursuant to Article 32, Article 31 and Article 16 of the Mental Hygiene Law.

   - Required payments related to the School Supportive Health Services Program and Preschool Supportive Health Services Program;

4. Early Intervention;

   - Payments for services provided by Other State Agencies including Off ce of Children and Family Services, State Education Department, and the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision.

   - Payments for services provided by Other State Agencies including Off ce of Children and Family Services, State Education Department, and the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision.

   - Payments pursuant to Article 32, Article 31 and Article 16 of the Mental Hygiene Law.

   - Required payments related to the School Supportive Health Services Program and Preschool Supportive Health Services Program;


   - Payments for services provided by Other State Agencies including Off ce of Children and Family Services, State Education Department, and the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision.

   - Payments for services provided by Other State Agencies including Off ce of Children and Family Services, State Education Department, and the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision.

   - Payments pursuant to Article 32, Article 31 and Article 16 of the Mental Hygiene Law.

   - Required payments related to the School Supportive Health Services Program and Preschool Supportive Health Services Program;

6. Claims for abandoned property must be filed with the New York State Comptroller’s Office of Unclaimed Funds as provided in Section 1406 of the Abandoned Property Law. For further information contact: Office of the State Comptroller, Office of Unclaimed Funds, 110 State St., Albany, NY 12236.

   - Claims for abandoned property must be filed with the New York State Comptroller’s Office of Unclaimed Funds as provided in Section 1406 of the Abandoned Property Law. For further information contact: Office of the State Comptroller, Office of Unclaimed Funds, 110 State St., Albany, NY 12236.

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Medical Homes (PCMHs) and Health Homes; initially, focus on treat-
services; (5) optimize pharmacist services and leverage the frequency
ready covered by Medicaid, including expanding who can provide
participation in CMMI’s Integrated Care for Kids (InCK) model of
evidence-based practice guidelines; (4) optimize services that are al-
educate the provider community relative to adherence to established
ation strategies; (2) implement an awareness campaign to educate
HIV/AIDS, and sickle cell disease. Specifically, the proposal will: (1)
hypertension, asthma, smoking, osteoarthritis, chronic kidney disease,
Disease: Advances the use of evidence-based prevention strategies to
ity component into the incentive payments to align with other State
cost, higher value PCMH programs while incorporating a tiered qual-
members into less intensive care management arrangements will both
improve program quality and achieve efficiencies.

- Promote Further Adoption of Patient-Centered Medical Homes
(PCMH): Continues incentive payments at current levels for lower
cost, higher value PCMH programs while incorporating a tiered qual-
ity component into the incentive payments to align with other State
initiatives such as the Prevention Agenda.

- Comprehensive Prevention and Management of Chronic
Disease: Advances the use of evidence-based prevention strategies to
manage highly prevalent chronic diseases, including diabetes,
hypertension, asthma, smoking, osteoarthritis, chronic kidney disease,
HIV/AIDS, and sickle cell disease. Specifically, the proposal will: (1)
spiritualize the use of evidence-based, self-care education, and preven-
tion strategies; (2) implement an awareness campaign to educate
Medicaid Managed Care (MMC) Plans, providers, and Medicaid
members on the various resources and programs that are available; (3)
educate the provider community relative to adherence to established
evidence-based practice guidelines; (4) optimize services that are al-
ready covered by Medicaid, including expanding who can provide
services; (5) optimize pharmacist services and leverage the frequency
of patient visits to the pharmacy by expanding Collaborative Drug
Therapy Management (CDTM) to the community setting, enable
pharmacists to administer point-of-care testing for designated CLIA-
waived tests and to initiate prescriptions for certain medications; (6)
focus on chronic condition management within Patient-Centered
Medical Homes (PCMHs) and Health Homes; initially, focus treat-
ment and care management resources on adults with diabetes and
hypertension, and children with asthma.

- Children’s Preventive Care and Care Transitions: Promotes beha-
behavioral health integration in pediatrics by continuing ongoing pilot
work focused on pregnancy and early childhood (e.g., preschool
screening and universal, light-touch home visits) and leverages
participation in CMMI’s Integrated Care for Kids (InCK) model of
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dentistry using fluoride varnish and silver diamine f uoride. Specif-
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(through Qualified Entity (QEs)); expanding access to Urgent Care
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- Promote Maternal Health to Reduce Maternal Mortality: Focu-
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including discussions on comprehensive family planning and patient
centered primary and preventive care. The proposal aims to improve
access to quality prenatal care, free from implicit bias, and ensuring
postpartum home visits are available to all individuals who agree have
a home visit after giving birth, by working with Medicaid Managed
Care plans to identify and address the barriers to achieving these goals.
The proposal also includes ensuring all pregnant individuals have ac-
cess to childbirth education and supports the participation of birthing
centers in the Prenatal Quality Collaborative.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid
expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for
SFY 2020-21 is ($438 million).

Non-Institutional Services

Care Management

Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these propos-
als will:

- Implement Health Home Improvement, Efficiency, Consolidation
and Standardization: These efficiencies include eliminating
outreach payments, reducing unnecessary documentation, revising the
criteria for admission, and re-evaluating the benchmarks for stepping
patients down to lower levels of care management or graduation from
a Health Home. Finally, placing the most seriously mentally ill clients
in care management arrangements with appropriate caseload sizes –
overseen by the Office of Mental Health – while moving lower acuity
members into less intensive care management arrangements will both
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participation in CMMI’s Integrated Care for Kids (InCK) model of
integration of medical and behavioral health care, using resources al-
ready available in the community. In addition, this proposal improves
care transitions for children with chronic medical and behavioral
conditions, with a special focus on children with sickle cell disease
(SCD) moving from pediatric to adult care settings.

- Children and Family Treatment and Support Services (CFTSS) - Restores specialized transition rates for CFTSS.
- Invest in Medically Fragile Children: Invests Medicaid re-
sources to improve access to private duty nursing (PDN) for medi-
cally fragile children in order to prevent hospitalization and emer-
gency visits, by leveraging additional utilization of telehealth,
commercial insurance coverage for PDN, further PDN network
development and enhanced rates. Specifically, the proposal would
increase fee-for-service PDN rates over a three year period to
benchmark to the current Medicaid Managed Care rates; create a PDN
Network whereby PDN providers would receive a negotiated enhanced
rate of payment for PDN services.

- Preventive Dentistry: Promotes evidence-based preventative
dentistry using fluoride varnish and silver diamine f uoride. Specif-
cally, the proposal increases the application of fluoride varnish by pri-
mary care providers, including Registered Nurses, which will decrease
ey early childhood decay and associated restorative costs. In addition, the
proposal expands Medicaid dental coverage to include silver diamine
fluoride which stops tooth decay and prevents additional oral
complications.

- Emergency Room Avoidance and Cost Reductions: This pro-
aposal reduces unnecessary Emergency Department (ED) utilization
and/or cost by redesigning care pathways for high ED utilizing patients
and transitions navigation to community services by: allowing sharing
of individualized patient treatment plans for chronic conditions
(through Qualified Entity (QEs)); expanding access to Urgent Care
Centers by increasing co-location with Emergency Rooms; requiring
Frequent Care Centers to accept Medicaid; and exploring a lower ED
trage fee for non-emergency conditions.

- Addressing Barriers to Opioid Care: Implements a series of
Opioid-related interventions to address certain barriers to care for
Medicaid members, including but not limited to, better bundled pay-
ments that support opiate treatment through the adjustment of Ambula-
tory Patient Groups (APG) payments to eliminate unnecessary vol-
ume incentive and to promote more appropriate access including take
home medication, when clinically appropriate; reduced Medicaid
Coverage Limits for Rehabilitation Services as pathway to nonpharma-
cologic treatment alternative for pain management, and increased
utilization of the Opioid Medical Maintenance (OMM) Model.

- Promote Maternal Health to Reduce Maternal Mortality: Focu-
ses on optimizing the health of individuals of reproductive age,
including discussions on comprehensive family planning and patient
centered primary and preventive care. The proposal aims to improve
access to quality prenatal care, free from implicit bias, and ensuring
postpartum home visits are available to all individuals who agree have
a home visit after giving birth, by working with Medicaid Managed
Care plans to identify and address the barriers to achieving these goals.
The proposal also includes ensuring all pregnant individuals have ac-
cess to childbirth education and supports the participation of birthing
centers in the Prenatal Quality Collaborative.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid
expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for
SFY 2020-2021 is $86 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $140
million.

Pharmacy

Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these propos-
als would:

- Reduce Drug Cap Growth by Enhancing Purchasing Power to
Lower Drug Costs by providing the ability to negotiate supplemental
rebates for new blockbuster drugs and gene therapies that do not yet
have utilization; and the authority to negotiate value-based agree-
ments with manufacturers.

- Reducing coverage of certain OTC products and increasing
copayments (with exceptions for the most vulnerable populations).
MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES/HEARINGS

Notice of Abandoned Property Received by the State Comptroller

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1-800-221-9311
or visit our web site at:
www.osc.state.ny.us

Claims for abandoned property must be filed with the New York State Comptroller’s Office of Unclaimed Funds as provided in Section 1406 of the Abandoned Property Law. For further information contact: Office of the State Comptroller, Office of Unclaimed Funds, 110 State St., Albany, NY 12236.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Civil Service

Pursuant to the Open Meetings Law, the New York State Civil Service Commission hereby gives public notice of the following:

Please take notice that the regular monthly meeting of the State Civil Service Commission for June 2020 will be conducted on June 10 and June 11 commencing at 10:00 a.m. This meeting will be conducted at NYS Media Services Center, Suite 146, South Concourse, Empire State Plaza, Albany, NY with live coverage available at https://www.cs.ny.gov/commission/.

For further information, contact: Office of Commission Operations, Department of Civil Service, Empire State Plaza, Agency Bldg. One, Albany, NY 12239 (518) 473-6598

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for non-institutional services to comply with enacted statutory provisions. The following changes are proposed:

All Services
The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for the 1.875 percent uniformed reduction of state Medicaid funds. With clarification, effective for dates of service on or after April 2, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each State Fiscal Year (SFY) thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by an additional 0.5 percent to the December 31, 2019 noticed provision for the 1.0 percent uniform reduction. Also with clarification, Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction will also include Health Homes serving children.

The following is a clarification to the December 31, 2019 noticed provision for the estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to the 1.0 percent uniform reduction. With clarification, the estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for all services to comply with enacted statutory provisions. The following changes are proposed:

All Services

There is no additional estimated annual change to gross Medicaid expenditures as a result of the proposed amendment.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

New York County
250 Church Street
New York, New York 10018

Queens County, Queens Center
3220 Northern Boulevard
Long Island City, New York 11101

Kings County, Fulton Center
114 Willoughby Street
Brooklyn, New York 11201

Bronx County, Tremont Center
1916 Monterey Avenue
Bronx, New York 10457

Richmond County, Richmond Center
95 Central Avenue, St. George
Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact: Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov
The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to the additional 0.5 percent additional initiative contained in the budget for State Fiscal Year 2020-21 is ($71,600,000) and each State Fiscal Year thereafter.

Non-Institutional Services

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for converting the value of Upper Payment Limit (UPL) payments received by public hospitals in a city with a population over a million into Medicaid reimbursement rates. With clarification, this provision was published under Institutional Services only, but should’ve been published under Non-Institutional services, as well.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to delay the implementation date of certain permissible Consumer First Choice Options Services (CFCO) from January 1, 2020 to April 1, 2022. With clarification, this was incorrectly published under Long Term Care services. This should have been published under Non-Institutional services.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reimbursement by 5 percent and eliminate funding associated with residual equity payments to all nursing homes. With clarification, there is an Adult Day Health Care piece to this provision, to that, this should have been published under Non-institutional services as well as Long Term Care.

Institutional Services

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $75 million (State share); Eliminate the Indigent Care Pool “Transition Collar”, which generates an additional $12.5 million in State share savings; and Eliminate the Public Hospitals Indigent Care Pool, which generates $70 million in State savings. With clarification, the provision is to reduce the size of the voluntary hospital Indigent Care Pool by $150 million (gross); eliminate the Indigent Care Pool “Transition Collar”, which generates an additional $25 million in gross savings; and create an Enhanced Safety Net Transition Collar Pool for $64.6 million (gross).

Long Term Care Services

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for instituting a Home and Community Based services lookback period. With clarification, the lookback period is 30 months.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for modifying current eligibility criteria to receive Personal Care Services and Consumer Directed Personal Assistance as a Medicaid Benefit. With clarification, in order to be eligible to receive such services, an individual must be assessed to need assistance with more than two activities of daily living (ADLs) (ranging from limited assistance to total dependence) or, for individuals with a diagnosis of Alzheimer’s or dementia, that need at least supervision with more than one ADL.

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision to reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reimbursement by 5 percent. With clarification, the proper wording is to reduce funding associated with nursing home capital reimbursement by 5 percent and eliminate funding associated with residual equity payments to all nursing homes.

The following is a clarification to the December 31, 2019 noticed provision to provide funding to support a two percent increase in annual salary and salary-related fringe benefits to direct case staff and direct support professions for all qualifying Mental Hygiene Services. With clarification, the estimated annual net aggregate increase to gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative for SFY 2019/2020 is $21 million. The impact published December 31, 2019, erroneously included $119 million for waivered services.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

- New York County
  - 250 Church Street
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- Richmond County, Richmond Center
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For further information and to review and comment, please contact: Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of State
F-2020-0195

Date of Issuance – June 3, 2020

The New York State Department of State (DOS) is required by Federal regulations to provide timely public notice for the activities described below, which are subject to the consistency provisions of the Federal Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA) of 1972, as amended.

The applicant has certified that the proposed activities comply with and will be conducted in a manner consistent with the federally approved New York State Coastal Management Program (NYSCMAP). The applicant’s consistency certification and accompanying public information and data are available for inspection at the New York State Department of State offices located at One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Avenue, in Albany, New York.

In F-2020-0195, Diana Griffith is proposing to remove existing floating docks with 16 new timber piers. The project on Lloyd Harbor at 9 Oak Hill Road, Lloyd Harbor, NY 11743 in Suffolk County.

The applicant’s consistency certification and supporting information are available for review at: http://www.dos.ny.gov/opd/programs/pdfs/Consistency/F-2020-0195Griffith.pdf

Any interested parties and/or agencies desiring to express their views concerning any of the above proposed activities may do so by filing their comments, in writing, no later than 4:30 p.m., 30 days from the date of publication of this notice or July 3, 2020.

Comments should be addressed to: Department of State, Office of Planning and Development and Community Infrastructure, Consistency Review Unit, One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1010, 99 Washington Ave., Albany, NY 12231, (518) 474-6000. Electronic submissions can be made by email at: CR@dos.ny.gov

This notice is promulgated in accordance with Title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 930.
SUMMARY
SPA #20-0053

This State Plan Amendment proposes to apply a 0.5% reduction uniformly across most long term care payments made under the State's Long Term Care State Plan section 4.19-D effective April 2, 2020 and each state fiscal year thereafter.
New York
A(1)(i)

1% Across-the-Board Reductions to Payments – Effective January 1, 2020 through March 31, 2020; additional 0.5% Across-the-Board Payment Reduction – effective on or after 4/2/2020 and Thereafter

(1) For dates of service on and after January 1, 2020, the rates of reimbursement for Article 28 nursing homes will be adjusted to reflect an across the board reduction of one percent (1%).

(2) For dates of service on or after April 2, 2020, the rates of reimbursement for Article 28 nursing homes will be adjusted by an additional one-half percent (0.5%) to reflect an across the board reduction of one and one half percent (1.5%).

a. Sections subjected to the one percent (1%) and one and one half percent (1.5%) reduction are as follows:

i. Nursing Home Reimbursement

ii. Specialty Care Facilities
Notice of Abandoned Property
Received by the State Comptroller

Pursuant to provisions of the Abandoned Property Law and related laws, the Office of the State Comptroller receives unclaimed monies and other property deemed abandoned. A list of the names and last known addresses of the entitled owners of this abandoned property is maintained by the Office in accordance with Section 1401 of the Abandoned Property Law. Interested parties may inquire if they appear on the Abandoned Property Listing by contacting the Office of Unclaimed Funds, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., at:

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Claims for abandoned property must be filed with the New York State Comptroller’s Office of Unclaimed Funds as provided in Section 1406 of the Abandoned Property Law. For further information contact:
Office of the State Comptroller, Office of Unclaimed Funds, 110 State St., Albany, NY 12236.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for inpatient, long term care, and non-institutional services to comply with recently proposed statutory provisions. The following significant changes are proposed:

**All Services**

Effective for dates of service April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each state fiscal year thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by $2.5 billion. Such reductions will be applied only to the extent that alternative methods that achieve Medicaid state share savings annually are not implemented. Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction include:

1. Payments whereby federal law precludes such reduction, including:
   - Federally Qualified Health Center services;
   - Indian Health Services and services provided to Native Americans;
   - Supplemental Medical Insurance – Part A and Part B;
   - State Contribution for Prescription Drug Benefit (aka Medicare Part D payments);
   - Any local share cap payment required by the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) increase legislation;
   - Services provided to American citizen repatriates; and
   - Hospice Services.

2. Payments funded exclusively with federal and/or local funds include, but are not limited to, the following:
   - Upper payment limit payments to non-state owned or operated governmental providers certified under Article 28 of the NYS Public Health Law;
   - Certified public expenditure payments to the NYC Health and Hospital Corporation;
   - Certain disproportionate share payments to non-state operated or owned governmental hospitals;
   - Certain managed care payments pursuant to section 3-d of Part B of the Chapter 58 of the Laws of 2010; and
   - Services provided to inmates of local correctional facilities.

3. Other Payments that are not subject to the reduction include:
   - Payments pursuant to Article 32, Article 31 and Article 16 of the Mental Hygiene Law;
   - Required payments related to the School Supportive Health Services Program and Preschool Supportive Health Services Program;
   - Early Intervention;
   - Payments for services provided by Other State Agencies including Office of Children and Family Services, State Education Department, and the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision.
   - Vital Access Providers and Vital Access Provider Assurance Program;
   - Physician Administered Drugs;
   - Court orders and judgments; and
   - Family Planning services.

Copies of the proposed state plan amendments will be on file in each local (county) social services district and available for public review.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for institutional, non-institutional or long term care services to comply with proposed Medicaid Redesign Team II (MRT) initiatives. The following changes are proposed:

**All Services**

Effective for dates of service April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, and each State Fiscal Year (SFY) thereafter, all non-exempt Department of Health state funds Medicaid payments will be uniformly reduced by 1.875 percent. Medicaid payments that will be exempted from the uniform reduction include:

- Payments whereby federal law precludes such reduction, including:
  - Federally Qualified Health Center services;
  - Indian Health Services and services provided to Native Americans;
  - Supplemental Medical Insurance – Part A and Part B;
  - State Contribution for Prescription Drug Benefit (aka Medicare Part D payments);
  - Any local share cap payment required by the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) increase legislation;
  - Services provided to American citizen repatriates; and
  - Hospice Services.

- Payments funded exclusively with federal and/or local funds include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - Upper payment limit payments to non-state owned or operated governmental providers certified under Article 28 of the NYS Public Health Law;
  - Certified public expenditure payments to the NYC Health and Hospitals Corporation;
  - Certain disproportionate share payments to non-state operated or owned governmental hospitals;
ated or owned governmental hospitals;
- Certain managed care payments pursuant to section 3-d of Part B of the Chapter 58 of the Laws of 2010; and
- Services provided to inmates of local correctional facilities.
- Other Payments that are not subject to the reduction include:
  - Payments pursuant to Article 32, Article 31 and Article 16 of the Mental Hygiene Law;
  - Required payments related to the School Supportive Health Services Program and Preschool Supportive Health Services Program;
  - Early Intervention;
  - Payments for services provided by Other State Agencies including Office of Children and Family Services, State Education Department, and the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision;
  - Vital Access Providers and Vital Access Provider Assurance Program;
  - Physician Administered Drugs;
  - Children and Family Treatment and Support Services (CFTSS);
  - Court orders and judgments; and
  - Family Planning services.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for SFY 2020-21 is ($438 million).

Non-Institutional Services

Care Management
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
- Implement Health Home Improvement, Efficiency, Consolidation and Standardization: These efficiencies include eliminating outreach payments, reducing unnecessary documentation, revising the criteria for admission, and re-evaluating the benchmarks for stepping patients down to lower levels of care management or graduation from a Health Home. Finally, placing the most seriously mentally ill clients in care management arrangements with appropriate caseload sizes – overseen by the Office of Mental Health – while moving lower acuity members into less intensive care management arrangements will both improve program quality and achieve efficiencies.
- Promote Further Adoption of Patient-Centered Medical Homes (PCMH): Continues incentive payments at current levels for lower cost, higher value PCMH programs while incorporating a tiered quality component into the incentive payments to align with other State initiatives such as the Prevention Agenda.
- Comprehensive Prevention and Management of Chronic Disease: Advances the use of evidence-based prevention strategies to manage highly prevalent chronic diseases, including diabetes, hypertension, asthma, smoking, osteoarthritis, chronic kidney disease, HIV/AIDS, and sickle cell disease. Specifically, the proposal will: (1) promote the use of evidence-based, self-care education, and prevention strategies; (2) implement an awareness campaign to educate Medicaid Managed Care (MMC) Plans, providers, and Medicaid members on the various resources and programs that are available; (3) educate the provider community relative to adherence to established evidence-based practice guidelines; (4) optimize services that are already covered by Medicaid, including expanding who can provide services; (5) optimize pharmacist services and leverage the frequency of patient visits to the pharmacy by expanding Collaborative Drug Therapy Management (CDTM) to the community setting, enable pharmacists to administer point-of-care testing for designated CLIA-waived tests and to initiate prescriptions for certain medications; (6) focus on chronic condition management within Patient-Centered Medical Homes (PCMHs) and Health Homes; initially, focus treatment and care management resources on adults with diabetes and hypertension, and children with asthma.
- Children’s Preventive Care and Care Transitions: Promotes behavioral health integration in pediatrics by continuing ongoing pilot work focused on pregnancy and early childhood (e.g., preschool screening and universal, light-touch home visits) and leverages participation in CMMI’s Integrated Care for Kids (InCK) model of integration of medical and behavioral health care, using resources already available in the community. In addition, this proposal improves care transitions for children with chronic medical and behavioral conditions, with a special focus on children with sickle cell disease (SCD) moving from pediatric to adult care settings.
- Children and Family Treatment and Support Services (CFTSS) - Restores specialized transition rates for CFTSS.
- Invest in Medically Fragile Children: Invests Medicaid resources to improve access to private duty nursing (PDN) for medically fragile children in order to prevent hospitalization and emergency visits, by leveraging additional utilization of telehealth, commercial insurance coverage for PDN, further PDN network development and enhanced rates. Specifically, the proposal would increase fee-for-service PDN rates over a three year period to benchmark to the current Medicaid Managed Care rates; create a PDN Network whereby PDN providers would receive a negotiated enhanced rate of payment for PDN services.
- Preventive Dentistry: Promotes evidence-based preventative dentistry using fluoride varnish and silver diamine f (uoride. Specifically, the proposal increases the application of fluoride varnish by primary care providers, including Registered Nurses, which will decrease early childhood decay and associated restorative costs. In addition, the proposal expands Medicaid dental coverage to include silver diamine f (uoride which stops tooth decay and prevents additional oral complications.
- Emergency Room Avoidance and Cost Reductions: this proposal reduces unnecessary Emergency Department (ED) utilization and/or cost by redesigning care pathways for high ED utilizing patients and transitions navigation to community services by: allowing sharing of individualized patient treatment plans for chronic conditions (through Qualified Entity (QEs)); expanding access to Urgent Care Centers by increasing co-location with Emergency Rooms; requiring Urgent Care Centers to accept Medicaid; and exploring a lower ER triage fee for non-emergency conditions.
- Addressing Barriers to Opioid Care: Implements a series of Opioid related interventions to address certain barriers to care for Medicaid members, including but not limited to, better bundled payments that support opiate treatment through the adjustment of Ambulatory Patient Groups (APG) payments to eliminate unnecessary volume incentive and to promote more appropriate access including take home medication, when clinically appropriate; reduced Medicaid Coverage Limits for Rehabilitation Services as pathway to nonpharmacologic treatment alternative for pain management, and increased utilization of the Opioid Medical Maintenance (OMM) Model.
- Promote Maternal Health to Reduce Maternal Mortality: Focuses on optimizing the health of individuals of reproductive age, including discussions on comprehensive family planning and patient centered primary and preventive care. The proposal aims to improve access to quality prenatal care, free from implicit bias, and ensuring postpartum home visits are available to all individuals who agree have a home visit after giving birth, by working with Medicaid Managed Care plans to identify and address the barriers to achieving these goals. The proposal also includes ensuring all pregnant individuals have access to childbirth education and supports the participation of birthing centers in the Perinatal Quality Collaborative.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these initiatives contained in the budget for SFY 2020-2021 is $86 million and for SFY 2021-2022 is $140 million.

Pharmacy
Effective on or after April 1, 2020 and SFY thereafter, these proposals would:
- Reduce Drug Cap Growth by Enhancing Purchasing Power to Lower Drug Costs by providing the ability to negotiate supplemental rebates for new blockbuster drugs and gene therapies that do not yet have utilization; and the authority to negotiate value-based agreements with manufacturers.
- Reducing coverage of certain OTC products and increasing copayments (with exceptions for the most vulnerable populations).
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All Services

For further information and to review and comment, please contact:
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75
Medicaid expenditures is ($35,750,000) for State Fiscal Year 2019-20 and ($143,000,000) for each State Fiscal Year thereafter. The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to the additional 0.5 percent additional initiative contained in the budget for State Fiscal Year 2020-21 is ($71,600,000) and each State Fiscal Year thereafter.

Non-Institutional Services

The following is a clarification to the April 1, 2020 noticed provision for converting the value of Upper Payment Limit (UPL) payments received by public hospitals in a city with a population over a million into Medicaid reimbursement rates. With clarification, this provision was published under Institutional Services only, but should have been published under Non-Institutional services, as well.

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Long Term Care Services

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The following is a clarification to the December 31, 2019 noticed provision to provide funding to support a two percent increase in annual salary and salary-related fringe benefits to direct case staff and direct support professions for all qualifying Mental Hygiene Services.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

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For further information and to review and comment, please contact: Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

PUBLIC NOTICE

Department of State

F-2020-0195

Date of Issuance – June 3, 2020

The New York State Department of State (DOS) is required by Federal regulations to provide timely public notice for the activities described below, which are subject to the consistency provisions of the Federal Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA) of 1972, as amended.

The applicant has certified that the proposed activities comply with and will be conducted in a manner consistent with the federally approved New York State Coastal Management Program (NYSCMP). The applicant’s consistency certification and accompanying public information and data are available for inspection at the New York State Department of State offices located at One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Avenue, in Albany, New York.

In F-2020-0195, Diana Griffith is proposing to removal existing float piers and install a 3’ x 30’ aluminum ramp, 5’ x 140’ and 8’ x 20’ wood floating docks with 16 new timber piers. The project on Lloyd Harbor at 9 Oak Hill Road, Lloyd Harbor, NY 11743 in Suffolk County.

The applicant’s consistency certification and supporting information are available for review at: http://www.dos.ny.gov/odp/programs/pdfs/Consistency/F-2020-0195Griffith.pdf

Any interested parties and/or agencies desiring to express their views concerning any of the above proposed activities may do so by filing their comments, in writing, no later than 4:30 p.m., 30 days from the date of publication of this notice or July 3, 2020.

Comments should be addressed to: Department of State, Office of Planning and Development and Community Infrastructure, Consistency Review Unit, One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1010, 99 Washington Ave., Albany, NY 12231, (518) 474-6000. Electronic submissions can be made by email at: CR@dos.ny.gov

This notice is promulgated in accordance with Title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 930.