Pregnant or just had a baby?

Know when to call for help – fast!

Pregnancy can be a happy time for many people. It can also put a lot of stress on the body. You may have questions about symptoms, your pregnancy, or how you’re feeling. Your health care provider can help. Ask them questions over the phone or during appointments.

Most people have only a few symptoms like morning sickness or mild swelling in their hands, arms, legs or feet. Some warning signs could mean something serious is happening.

Share this information with people you live with or people you see often. They may notice some of these symptoms before you do.

**CALL 911.**

Get help right away if you have any of the symptoms below while pregnant or after childbirth. Do not drive yourself to the hospital.

- Shortness of breath – You can’t take a full breath, it’s hard to breathe
- Thoughts of hurting yourself or your baby
- Chest pain or fast heartbeat
- Headache that doesn’t go away with medicine, or comes on suddenly
- During pregnancy, the baby seems to slow down or stop moving
- After birth, baby’s skin is bluish or cold

**CALL your Health Care Provider.**

Call your health care provider and get help right away if you have any of the symptoms below while pregnant or after childbirth. If you can’t talk with your provider, call 911.

- Fever over 100.4° F
- Swelling in your hands, arms, legs, ankles, or feet -- especially if it’s more than normal
- Dizziness
- Changes in your vision – blurry or can’t focus
- Severe nausea and vomiting – more than morning sickness
- Exhaustion – feeling very tired
- Vaginal bleeding or fluid leaking during pregnancy
- Heavy vaginal bleeding or large blood clots
- Wounds that won’t heal, especially after a cesarean birth – also known as a “C-section”
Understand Your Diagnosis.

Some conditions during pregnancy or after childbirth can be life threatening. They may even lead to death.

You may have one of the conditions or symptoms below while you’re pregnant or after childbirth. If you do, ask your health care provider for help to stay as healthy as you can.

Two types of high blood pressure happen later in pregnancy or after childbirth – **preeclampsia** and **eclampsia** (pree-ee-klamp-see-yuh and ee-klamp-see-yuh). They happen when there is too much stress on the heart. They can also affect other organs like the liver and kidneys.

Symptoms include:
- Blurry vision,
- Light sensitivity – bright light hurts your eyes
- Headaches that don’t go away with medicine
- Nausea or vomiting
- Trouble breathing, and/or
- Swelling in the legs, hands, and face.

Even someone who doesn’t normally have diabetes can get it while pregnant. **Gestational diabetes** needs to be treated or controlled. If not, it can hurt the baby and cause breathing problems.

Symptoms include:
- Feeling very thirsty,
- Frequent peeing,
- Feeling very tired,
- Nausea,
- Blurred vision, and
- Vaginal, bladder, and skin infections.

**HELLP syndrome** is a rare condition that can happen late in pregnancy, and sometimes after childbirth. It is diagnosed by blood tests.

Symptoms include:
- Blurry vision,
- Chest pain,
- Pain in the upper right or middle of the stomach,
- Headaches,
- Feeling very tired, and
- Nausea or vomiting.

A rare but serious problem can occur when amniotic fluid gets in your bloodstream. This is called **Amniotic fluid embolism** (AFE). It can be caused by tears in the placenta, or an injury to the belly. It can lead to blood clots in the lungs and brain. AFE can happen during pregnancy and soon after childbirth.

Symptoms include:
- Trouble breathing,
- Coughing,
- Low blood pressure, and
- Bluish skin and nails.

If it happens during pregnancy, the baby’s heart may beat slowly.

Heavy bleeding during or after childbirth is called **postpartum hemorrhage**. It is rare, but it can be very serious. This usually happens within a day after childbirth – but it can happen up to 3 months later.

Symptoms include:
- Heavy bleeding from the vagina that doesn’t stop,
- Low blood pressure,
- A rapid pulse or heart rate, and
- Swelling and pain in or around the vagina.

When your body overreacts to an infection, it is called **sepsis**.

Symptoms include:
- Fever,
- Confusion,
- Chills,
- Low blood pressure,
- Cool and pale skin, and
- Hands and feet that look a bit blue.

Learn More.

To learn more, visit

https://www.marchofdimes.org/complications/pregnancy-complications.aspx#

OR

https://safehealthcareforeverywoman.org/urgentmaternalwarningsigns/