A Patient-Centered Medical Home (PCMH) is a model of care where each patient has an ongoing relationship with a personal physician and a care team. The physician and care team, which can include nurse practitioners, physician assistants, registered nurses, social workers, and care coordinators, take collective responsibility for meeting all of the patient’s health care needs. A PCMH also emphasizes greater care through open scheduling, expanded hours, enhanced communication among all involved with a patient’s care, and any other means to ensure that a patient obtains proper care in a culturally and linguistically appropriate manner. The National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA) designed a recognition program to objectively measure the degree to which a primary care practice meets the operational principles of a PCMH.

NCQA’s PCMH recognition is awarded to practices and their providers that meet a set of predetermined standards for providing high quality primary care services. Providers in New York State (NYS) are recognized as level 1, 2, or 3 (3 is the highest recognition) under the NCQA’s 2011 standards or NCQA’s 2014 standards. Primary care practices are continuing to achieve higher levels of recognition under more rigorous standards. NCQA’s 2014 standards place a heavier focus on integrating health information technology and behavioral health care services into primary care as compared to the previous standards. Since March 21, 2015, practices can only apply for PCMH recognition under the 2014 standards as the 2011 standards are phasing out to promote the higher care standards. NCQA’s 2008 standards have expired; there are no longer any practices in NYS with a 2008 PCMH-recognition.

There are many initiatives throughout NYS that focus on improving primary care and use PCMH concepts as a foundation. NYS Medicaid provides incentive payments to providers recognized as a level 2 or 3 PCMH by NCQA as part of the New York Medicaid Statewide PCMH Incentive Payment Program and the Adirondack Medical Home Demonstration. More detail about these programs can be found on the PCMH Homepage. Additionally, the NYS Health Innovation Plan (SHIP) positions the state towards achieving the Triple Aim and focuses on the Advanced Primary Care (APC) model. The APC is anticipated to begin January 1, 2017. The NYS Medicaid Delivery System Reform Incentive Payment (DSRIP) program requires providers to achieve 2014 level 3 PCMH recognition or meet APC milestones by March 31, 2018. These initiatives, in addition to many others, encourage both practices and providers to deliver more integrated, coordinated, and patient-centered care and have made NYS a leader in primary care reform. NYS currently has the greatest number of practices and providers* recognized as a PCMH by NCQA compared to all other states in the country; 15% of all PCMH practices and providers in the country operate in NYS.

* Providers include the following credentials: Medical Doctor (MD), Doctor of Osteopathy (DO), Nurse Practitioner (NP), Family Nurse Practitioner (FNP), Acute Care Nurse Practitioner (ACNP), Certified Registered Nurse Practitioner (CRNP), Adult Nurse Practitioner (ANP), Pediatric Nurse Practitioner (PNP), and Physician Assistant (PA).
As of June 2016 there were 1,280 practices recognized as a PCMH, of which 88% achieved the highest level of recognition under 2011 or 2014 standards. Practices with 4-10 providers make up the largest portion of PCMH-recognized practices.

As of June 2016 there were 5,958 providers recognized as a PCMH, of which 93% achieved the highest level of recognition under the 2011 or 2014 standards. As of June 2016, 42% of all recognized providers have achieved level 3 recognition under 2014 standards. It is anticipated that this proportion will continue to increase as practices recognized under 2011 standards convert to the 2014 standards and new practices join the program.

As of June 2016, 5,189 (25%) PCPs in MMC* were recognized as a PCMH provider and about half of Medicaid managed care (MMC) enrollees were receiving care from a PCMH-recognized primary care physician (PCP). Of those enrollees, 93% were receiving care from a PCMH-recognized provider who has achieved level 3 PCMH recognition under the 2011 or 2014 standards.

Office-based practitioners and Article 28 clinics recognized as PCMHs by the NCQA receive additional payment for primary care services through the New York Medicaid Statewide PCMH Incentive Payment Program in two ways. Enhanced payments are given to providers for MMC, Child Health Plus (CHP), Health and Recovery Plans (HARP), and HIV Special Needs Plan (HIV SNP) members through the patient’s health plan via capitation payments or are paid as an ‘add-on’ for qualifying visits for Medicaid fee-for-service (FFS) members. Just under $49 million was paid to PCMH-recognized providers via increased capitation payments by MMC plans from January 2016 through June 2016. Nearly $5 million was paid to PCMH-recognized providers via medical home ‘add-ons’ by Medicaid FFS from July 2015 through June 2016 for 146,554 unique enrollees.

* Source: Panel data is a list of MMC enrollees and the providers they are assigned to, submitted quarterly by MMC plans. The data is reported to the NYS Department of Health by the MMC plans quarterly.
This report does not present programmatic results related to quality or satisfaction. Other reports containing quality and satisfaction can be found on the PCMH Medicaid Redesign Team (MRT) page here: http://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/redesign/pcmh.htm
Figure 1a shows the number of distinct PCMH-recognized practices in NYS by NCQA recognition level* as of June 2016.

Figure 1b shows the growth in the number of PCMH-recognized practices in NYS by recognition level from June 2012 to June 2016.

* NYS Medicaid stopped providing PCMH ‘add-ons’ to all level 1 PCMH-recognized practices (effective 1/1/2013).
The data in Figure 1a and Figure 1b was derived from the most recently available NCQA recognized provider lists (for this report: June 2016).
Figure 1c shows the number of NYS PCMH-recognized practices and the percentage of all NYS primary care practices by practice size.

**Figure 1c: NYS PCMH-Recognized Practices by Size June 2016**

- **11-25 Providers**: 107 (8%)
- **2+ Providers**: 28 (2%)
- **4-10 Providers**: 476 (37%)
- **2 Providers**: 223 (18%)
- **3 Providers**: 155 (12%)
- **N=1,280**

There are 8,331 unique provider-location combinations as of June 2016.

The data in Figure 1c was derived from the most recently available NCQA-recognized provider lists (for this report: June 2016)
Figure 2a shows the number of distinct PCMH-recognized providers in NYS by recognition level as of June 2016.

**Figure 2a: PCMH-Recognized Provider Count by Recognition Level June 2016**

- **N=5,958**
  - 5,535 (93%)
  - 423 (7%)

- **Level 1 & 2**
- **Level 3**

Figure 2b shows the growth in the number of PCMH-recognized providers in NYS by recognition level from June 2012 to June 2016.

**Figure 2b: PCMH-Recognized Provider Count by Recognition Level Over Time**

- **NYS Medicaid stopped providing PCMH ‘add-ons’ to all level 1 PCMH-recognized providers (effective 1/1/2013)**

The data in Figure 2a and Figure 2b was derived from the most recently available NCQA recognized provider lists (for this report: June 2016).
Figure 2c shows the number of PCMH-recognized providers that are recognized under NCQA’s 2011 standards, and 2014 standards from January 2016 to June 2016. The remaining 2011 providers are expected to phase out by the end of 2018.

### Figure 2c: PCMH-Recognized Providers-Standard Years by Month

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>2011 Standards</strong></td>
<td>5,466 (88%)</td>
<td>4,921 (80%)</td>
<td>4,712 (77%)</td>
<td>4,523 (74%)</td>
<td>4,401 (70%)</td>
<td>3,832 (64%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>2014 Standards</strong></td>
<td>728 (12%)</td>
<td>1,251 (20%)</td>
<td>1,446 (23%)</td>
<td>1,619 (26%)</td>
<td>1,857 (30%)</td>
<td>2,126 (36%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>6,194</td>
<td>6,172</td>
<td>6,158</td>
<td>6,142</td>
<td>6,258</td>
<td>5,958</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Providers working in two locations with different recognition standards are categorized based upon the more recent set of standards and highest level of achievement; providers are only included once for their highest recognition achieved.

Figure 2d illustrates the number of PCMH-recognized providers by recognition standards from June 2015 to June 2016.

### Figure 2d: Growth in PCMH-Recognized Providers by Quarter

Providers working in two locations with different medical home recognition standards in each location are categorized based upon the more recent set of standards.

The data in Figure 2c and Figure 2d was derived from the most recently available NCQA recognized provider lists (for this report: June 2016).
Figure 2e shows the number of distinct PCMH-recognized providers by recognition level under the 2011 standards in NYS as of March 2016. The majority of PCMH-recognized providers in NYS are still recognized under the 2011 standards.

![Figure 2e: 2011 Standards Over Time](image)

Figure 2f shows the number of distinct PCMH-recognized providers by recognition level under the 2014 standards in NYS as of June 2016. This number is expected to grow over time as a result of the numerous PCMH initiatives throughout the state, more specifically the DSRIP and the New York Medicaid Statewide PCMH Incentive Payment Programs.

![Figure 2f: 2014 Standards Over Time](image)
Figure 3 shows the proportion of PCMH-recognized Primary Care Physicians (PCPs) that participate with Medicaid managed care (MMC). There are 5,189 (25%) PCPs participating with MMC that are recognized as a PCMH provider as of June 2016.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PCMH PCPs participating with MMC</td>
<td>5,423</td>
<td>5,401</td>
<td>5,339</td>
<td>5,401</td>
<td>5,189</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All PCPs participating with MMC</td>
<td>19,537</td>
<td>19,694</td>
<td>19,975</td>
<td>20,414</td>
<td>20,799</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PCMH Penetration Rate in MMC</td>
<td>28%</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Although only 25% of MMC providers are recognized as a PCMH these providers serve almost half of the Medicaid population, indicating that these providers have a large Medicaid patient panels. Figure 9 shows the number of MMC members assigned to PCMH-recognized PCPs.

The data in Figure 3 was derived from the most recently available NCQA-recognized PCMH provider lists (for this report: June 2016) and June 2016 provider network data.
Figure 4 shows the percentage of NYS PCMH-recognized PCPs, non-PCMH-recognized PCPs, and all PCPs that participate in MMC. As of June 2016, there are 769 PCMH-recognized providers that do not participate with MMC or have another specialty outside of the primary care specialties presented in this report. These providers may participate in FFS Medicaid.

The data in Figure 4 was derived from the most recently available NCQA-recognized PCMH provider lists (for this report: June 2016) and June 2016 provider network data.
Figure 5 displays the states with the most NCQA PCMH-recognized practices and providers in the country as of June 2016. Over 15% of all PCMH-recognized practices and providers in the country practice in NYS. Although NYS continues to remain the state with the largest number of practices and providers with this recognition, the difference is slowly decreasing as more practices throughout the country continue to receive PCMH recognition from NCQA. This may be due to the growing number of PCMH initiatives across the country geared towards reforming primary care. In June 2015, NYS made up 12.5% of the country’s PCMH population, with California as the second largest state with 10% of the PCMH population (as per the June 2015 PCMH Quarterly Report).

Figure 5 only represents states with the greatest number of PCMH-recognized practices and providers. These 10 states account for 70.2% of all PCMH-recognized practices and providers in the country; all other states that are not included in this graph represent the remaining 29.8% of PCMH-recognized practices and providers in the country. This figure only represents medical home providers that are recognized by the NCQA. Practices and providers may participate in other non-PCMH programs for quality improvement initiatives.

The data in Figure 5 was retrieved on June 30, 2016 from NCQA’s website at: http://recognition.ncqa.org/
NCQA developed the Diabetes Recognition Program (DRP), which is a voluntary program designed to recognize clinicians who use performance-based measures and provide high quality care to their patients with diabetes. DRP-recognition can be awarded to both practices and individual providers. For more information on NCQA’s DRP please visit: http://www.ncqa.org/tabid/139/Default.aspx.

Figure 6 displays the states with the greatest number of DRP recognitions awarded to both practices and providers in the country as of June 2016. About 7% of all awarded DRP recognitions in the country are in NYS.

Figure 6 only represents states with the greatest number of DRP recognized practices and providers. These states account for 66% of all DRP recognitions in the country; all other states that are not included in Figure 6 represent the remaining 34% of DRP recognitions. This figure only represents DRP recognitions granted by the NCQA. Practices and providers may participate in other programs for quality improvement for diabetic patients throughout the country.

The data in Figure 6 was retrieved on June 30, 2016 from NCQA’s website at: http://recognition.ncqa.org/.
In April 2014, New York finalized terms and conditions with the federal government for the Delivery System Reform Incentive Payment (DSRIP) Program waiver which allows NYS to reinvest $8 billion in federal savings generated by Medicaid Redesign Team (MRT) reforms. This program promotes community-level collaborations and focuses on system reform, including a goal to achieve a 25% reduction in avoidable hospital use over five years. Safety net providers are required to collaborate to implement innovative projects focusing on system transformation, clinical improvement, and population health improvement. DSRIP payments are based on performance linked to achievement of specific project milestones. For more information on the NYS DSRIP program please see: http://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/redesign/dsrip/.

Figure 7a displays the number of providers who are PCMH-recognized in NYS, the number of primary care providers who participate in the DSRIP program, and the number of providers who participate in both PCMH and DSRIP. 78% of PCMH-recognized providers are participating in the DSRIP program.

**Figure 7a: PCMH-Recognized Providers Participating in DSRIP**
**June 2016**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PCMH</th>
<th>5,958</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DSRIP</td>
<td>14,296</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>4,676</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The DSRIP program requires participating primary care practices and their providers to achieve APC recognition or level 3 PCMH recognition under the NCQA 2014 standards by March 31, 2018. Although 42% of PCPs in DSRIP have achieved PCMH recognition, only 11% (1,616) providers have met the requirement of achieving 2014, level 3 PCMH status as of June 2016.

**Figure 7b: Providers in DSRIP with PCMH 2014 Level 3 Recognition**
**June 2016**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PCMH</th>
<th>5,958</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DSRIP</td>
<td>14,296</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>1,616</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The data in Figure 7a and 7b was derived from the most recently available DSRIP network dataset (June 2016), the most recently available NCQA recognized provider lists (for this report: June 2016), and provider network data from Quarter 2, 2015 through Quarter 2, 2016. Primary care providers are defined as MDs, DOs, and NPs that specialize in Internal Medicine, Family Medicine, Pediatrics, General Practice, Adolescent Family Medicine, and Adolescent Pediatrics.
Figure 8 shows the number of NYS MMC enrollees assigned to PCMH-recognized PCPs, by level and standard year as of June 2016.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recognition Standards (Year)</th>
<th>Recognition Level</th>
<th>Number of Enrollees Assigned</th>
<th>Percent of Enrollees Assigned</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2,984</td>
<td>&lt;1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>80,835</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1,058,286</td>
<td>54%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1,364</td>
<td>&lt;1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>57,889</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>771,283</td>
<td>39%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total:</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,972,641</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 9 shows the number of MMC members assigned to PCMH-recognized PCPs from June 2015 to June 2016. As of June 2016, 48% of MMC members in the state are assigned to PCMH-recognized PCPs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MMC members assigned to PCMHs</td>
<td>2,024,138</td>
<td>2,001,727</td>
<td>1,937,839</td>
<td>1,946,020</td>
<td>1,972,641</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MMC members not assigned to PCMHs</td>
<td>2,167,232</td>
<td>2,198,695</td>
<td>2,159,555</td>
<td>2,110,320</td>
<td>2,139,056</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>4,191,370</td>
<td>4,200,422</td>
<td>4,097,394</td>
<td>4,056,340</td>
<td>4,111,697</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>PCMH Penetration Rate</strong></td>
<td>48%</td>
<td>48%</td>
<td>47%</td>
<td>48%</td>
<td>48%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fee for Service Visits:

**Medicaid Fee-for-Service (FFS):** There were 82,314 unique Medicaid FFS enrollees that had a qualifying visit (resulting in an add-on payment) with a PCMH-recognized provider from January 2016 through June 2016. There were 146,554 unique Medicaid FFS enrollees who had a qualifying visit with a PCMH-recognized provider from July 2015 through June 2016.
Figure 10 shows select demographics of MMC enrollees assigned to PCMH-recognized PCPs, as compared to the demographics of all MMC enrollees. There are few demographics differences between those who are assigned to a PCMH and the entire MMC population based on the categories shown in this report.

The PCMH group has a greater proportion of the MMC enrollees in NYC and Western NY. There are also more enrollees in TANF, under 21, and Hispanics seeing PCMH providers compared to the total Medicaid population.

Demographic data presented in Figure 10 is based on second quarter panel and Medicaid enrollment data (for this report: June 2016).

* Count includes both the Adirondack Demonstration PCMH program and the Statewide PCMH program.
The figures in this section display the amounts paid for the New York Medicaid Statewide PCMH Incentive Payment Program. These figures exclude amounts paid through the Adirondack Region Medical Home Demonstration (ADK).

Figure 11 shows the amount spent on PCMH-recognized providers via increased capitation payments to practices for their MMC, CHP, HIV SNP, and HARP enrollees from January 2016 through June 2016.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MMC</th>
<th>CHP</th>
<th>HIV SNP</th>
<th>HARP</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Level 2</td>
<td>$2,339,212</td>
<td>$187,676</td>
<td>$7,856</td>
<td>$18,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 3</td>
<td>$43,226,440</td>
<td>$2,451,100</td>
<td>$140,288</td>
<td>$457,836</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$45,565,652</td>
<td>$2,638,776</td>
<td>$148,144</td>
<td>$476,636</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The Family Health Plus (FHP) program ended on December 31, 2014. PCMH PMPM payments are only given for MMC, CHP, HIV SNP and HARP products. The HARP plans began serving NYC members in October 2015 and began serving the rest of the state July 2016.*

Figure 12a shows the amount FFS Medicaid spent on ‘add-ons’ for PCMH-recognized providers from January 2016 through June 2016. Figure 12b shows the amount FFS Medicaid spent on ‘add-ons’ for PCMH-recognized providers from July 2015 to June 2016.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year to Date</th>
<th>Cumulative- Rolling Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Level 2</td>
<td>$172,381</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 3</td>
<td>$1,984,251</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$2,156,632</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NYS Medicaid stopped providing PCMH incentives and payments to all level 1 PCMH-recognized providers as of January 1, 2013. NYS Medicaid also suspended PCMH incentives and payments to 2008 standard level 2 PCMH-recognized providers as of July 1, 2013. On April 1, 2015 all payments for 2008-recognized providers were terminated.

The amounts in Figure 11 reflect the capitation that managed care plans paid to PCMH-recognized providers and were derived from Medicaid Managed Care Operating Reports (MMCOR) (for this report: June 2016).

The amounts in Figure 12a and Figure 12b was derived from claims data from July 2015 through June 2016.
Important Links

About NCQA's Patient-Centered Medical Home Recognition
http://www.ncqa.org/Programs/Recognition/PatientCenteredMedicalHomePCMH.aspx

Joint Principles of the Patient-Centered Medical Home

Information on New York State Medicaid Reimbursement per Provider Level

Comparison of NCQA's 2008 and 2011 Programs
http://www.ncqa.org/Portals/0/Programs/Recognition/PPC-PCMH%202008%20vs%20PCMH%202011Crosswalk%20FINAL.pdf

Comparison of NCQA's 2011 and 2014 Programs

NCQA PCMH-Recognition State Comparison
http://recognition.ncqa.org

NCQA Diabetes Recognition Program

Previous PCMH Quarterly Reports
http://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/redesign/pcmh.htm

Information on Level 1 NCQA Recognition Payments Ending

Information on 2008 Standard NCQA Recognition Payments Ending

Information on the Adirondack Region Medical Home Pilot
http://www.adkmedicalhome.org/

Information on the Delivery System Reform Incentive Payment Program
https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/redesign/dsrip/

Information on Retroactive Incentive Payments
http://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/program/update/2016/2016-09.htm#pcmh

Questions?
Contact the Office of Quality and Patient Safety, NYS DOH, via e-mail at:
pcmh@health.ny.gov