Public Health and Health Planning Council  
Codes, Regulations and Legislation Committee Meeting  
Agenda and Informational Announcements

Thursday, June 7, 2018  
9:30 AM

Location: New York State Department of Health offices at 90 Church Street, 4th Floor, Rooms 4A and 4B, New York City

A. Agenda

For Information

Amendments to 10 NYCRR Section 405.4 – Sepsis Protocols

Amendments to 10 NYCRR Parts 402, 403, 700, 763, 766, 794, and 1001 – Advanced Home Health Aides

Program Area

Office of Quality and Patient Safety

Office of Primary Care and Health Systems Management

Unit Representative

Dr. Marcus Friedrich

Lisa Ullman and Rebecca Gray

B. Information Announcements

1. Anyone wishing to make oral comments at this meeting should contact the Bureau of Policy and Standards Development by 11:00 A.M. on Wednesday, June 6, at (518) 402-5914 to arrange for placement on the speakers’ list. Please give your name, affiliation, if any and the agenda item(s) you wish to address. To ensure that all commenters have an opportunity to address the Committee, speakers should limit their comments to 3-4 minutes maximum.

2. All meeting attendees including Committee members are requested to sign the Attendance Sheet, which will be circulated in the meeting room.
Pursuant to the authority vested in the Public Health and Health Planning Council and the Commissioner of Health by Sections 2800 and 2803 of the Public Health Law, Section 405.4 of Title 10 (Health) of the Official Compilation of Codes, Rules and Regulations of the State of New York is hereby amended, to be effective upon publication of a Notice of Adoption in the New York State Register, to read as follows:

Subdivision (a) of Section 405.4 is amended to read as follows:

(a) Medical staff accountability. The medical staff shall be organized and accountable to the governing body for the quality of the medical care provided to all patients.

(1) The medical staff shall establish objective standards of care and conduct to be followed by all practitioners granted privileges at the hospital. Those standards shall:

(i) be consistent with prevailing standards of medical and other licensed health care practitioner standards of practice and conduct; and

(ii) afford patients their rights as patients in accordance with the provisions of this Part.

(2) The medical staff shall establish mechanisms to monitor the ongoing performance in delivering patient care of practitioners granted privileges at the hospital, including monitoring of practitioner compliance with bylaws of the medical staff and pertinent hospital policies and procedures.

(3) The medical staff shall review and, when appropriate, recommend to the governing body, the limitation or suspension of the privileges of practitioners who do not practice in compliance with the scope of their privileges, medical staff bylaws, standards of
performance and policies and procedures, and assure that corrective measures are
developed and put into place, when necessary.

(4) The medical staff shall adopt, implement, periodically update and submit to the
Department evidence-based protocols for the early recognition and treatment of patients
with severe sepsis and septic shock (“sepsis protocols”) that are based on generally
accepted standards of care. Sepsis protocols must include components specific to the
identification, care and treatment of adults, and of children, and must clearly identify
where and when components will differ for adults and for children. These protocols must
include the following components:

(i) a process for the screening and early recognition of patients with sepsis, severe
sepsis and septic shock;

(ii) a process to rapidly identify and document individuals appropriate for treatment
through severe sepsis and septic shock protocols, including explicit criteria defining
those patients who should be excluded from the protocols, such as patients with
certain clinical conditions or who have elected palliative care;

(iii) guidelines for hemodynamic support [with explicit physiologic and biomarker
treatment goals, methodology for invasive or non-invasive hemodynamic
monitoring], including monitoring, therapeutic endpoints and timeframe goals;

(iv) for infants and children, guidelines for fluid resuscitation with explicit timeframes
for vascular access and fluid delivery consistent with current, evidence-based
guidelines for severe sepsis and septic shock with defined therapeutic goals for
children; and
(v) a procedure for identification of infectious source and delivery of early antibiotics with timeframe goals; and
(vi) criteria for use, where appropriate, of an invasive protocol and for use of vasoactive agents.

(5) The medical staff shall ensure that professional staff with direct patient care responsibilities and, as appropriate, staff with indirect patient care responsibilities, including, but not limited to laboratory and pharmacy staff, are periodically trained to implement sepsis protocols required pursuant to paragraph (4) of this subdivision. Medical staff shall ensure updated training when the hospital initiates substantive changes to the protocols.

(6) Hospitals shall submit sepsis protocols required pursuant to paragraph (4) of this subdivision to the Department for review [not later than September 3, 2013]. Hospitals must implement these protocols after receipt of a letter from the Department indicating that the proposed protocols have been reviewed and determined to be consistent with the criteria established in this Part. [Protocols are to be implemented no later than December 31, 2013.] Hospitals must update protocols based on newly emerging evidence-based standards. Protocols are to be resubmitted at the request of the Department, not more frequently than once every two years unless the Department identifies hospital-specific performance concerns.

(7) Collection and Reporting of Sepsis Measures.

(i) The medical staff shall be responsible for the collection, use, and reporting of quality measures related to the recognition and treatment of severe sepsis for purposes of internal quality improvement and hospital reporting to the Department.
Such measures shall include, but not be limited to, data sufficient to evaluate each hospital’s adherence [rate to its own sepsis protocols, including adherence] to timeframes and implementation of all protocol components for adults and children.

(ii) Hospitals shall submit data specified by the Department to permit the Department to develop risk-adjusted severe sepsis and septic shock mortality rates in consultation with appropriate national, hospital and expert stakeholders. **Hospitals shall submit data to the Department or the Department’s designee in the form and format, and according to such specifications as may be required by the Department.**

(iii) Such data shall be reported annually, or more frequently at the request of the Department, and shall be subject to audit at the discretion of the Department.

(8) Definitions. **Sepsis is a life threatening medical emergency that requires early recognition and intervention.** For the purposes of [this section] hospital data collection, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

(i) *sepsis* shall mean a [proven] **confirmed** or suspected infection accompanied by two [a] systemic inflammatory response syndrome (SIRS) criteria;

(ii) [for adults,] *severe sepsis* shall mean sepsis **complicated by** [plus at least one sign of hypoperfusion or organ dysfunction; for pediatrics, *severe sepsis* shall mean sepsis plus one of the following: cardiovascular organ dysfunction or acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS) or two or more] organ [dysfunctions] dysfunction; and

(iii) for adults, *septic shock* shall mean [severe sepsis with persistent] **sepsis-induced** hypotension **persisting** [or cardiovascular organ dysfunction] despite adequate IV fluid resuscitation; for pediatrics, septic shock shall mean [severe] sepsis and cardiovascular organ dysfunction [despite adequate IV fluid resuscitation].
REGULATORY IMPACT STATEMENT

Statutory Authority:

Public Health Law (“PHL”) Section 2800 provides that “[h]ospital and related services including health-related service of the highest quality, efficiently provided and properly utilized at a reasonable cost, are of vital concern to the public health. In order to provide for the protection and promotion of the health of the inhabitants of the state, . . . the department of health shall have the central, comprehensive responsibility for the development and administration of the state’s policy with respect to hospital related services . . .”

PHL Section 2803 authorizes the Public Health and Health Planning Council (“PHHPC”) to adopt rules and regulations to implement the purposes and provisions of PHL Article 28, and to establish minimum standards governing the operation of health care facilities.

Legislative Objectives:

The legislative objectives of PHL Article 28 include the protection of the health of the residents of the State by promoting the efficient provision and proper utilization of high quality health services at a reasonable cost.

Needs and Benefits:

Sepsis is a range of clinical conditions caused by the body’s systemic response to an infection
and affects more than 1.5 million people in the U.S. each year.

In New York State 47,081 cases of sepsis were reported in 2016 with 11,982 deaths – a mortality rate of approximately 25 percent. However, the number of sepsis cases and the sepsis mortality rate varies widely from one hospital to another. The morbidity rate largely depends on how quickly patients are diagnosed and treated with powerful antibiotics to battle the bacterial infection. A patient may have a greater chance of dying from sepsis if care is provided by an institution poorly prepared to deal with this illness or from providers not thoroughly trained in identifying and treating sepsis.

In response to alarming sepsis statistics, regulations were enacted effective May 1, 2013 to require all hospitals licensed to operate in New York State to have in place and implement evidence-based protocols for the early identification and treatment of severe sepsis and septic shock. The sepsis regulations as originally drafted included guidelines and a definition of sepsis that is no longer consistent with the current international guidelines. This amendment will refine the guideline requirements and the definition to assure complete consistency. The amendment also makes other, minor technical changes to clarify language without changing the meaning or intent.
COSTS:

Costs for the Implementation of and Continuing Compliance with these Regulations to the Regulated Entity:

Existing sepsis regulations that require all hospitals to submit evidence-based protocols for the early identification and treatment of sepsis to NYSDOH are unchanged. Costs to the regulated entities are expected to be minimal and to be primarily associated with efforts needed to update internal protocols and definitions to align with the proposed changes. There is no impact on consumers or providers. This change ensures consistency in definitions but in no way alters the intent or impact of the current regulations.

Costs to Local and State Government:

There is no anticipated fiscal impact to State or local government as a result of this regulation, except that hospitals operated by the State or local governments will incur minimal costs as discussed above.

Costs to the Department of Health:

There will be no additional costs to the Department of Health associated with this definition change.

Local Government Mandates:

Hospitals operated by State or local government will be affected and be subject to the same requirements as any other hospital licensed under PHL Article 28.
Paperwork:

There is no additional paperwork associated with this change in wording.

Duplication:

These regulations do not duplicate any State or Federal rules and assure consistency with established and clinically accepted definitions in use throughout the Nation.

Alternative Approaches:

There are no viable alternatives. Stakeholders requested that this change be made to assure absolute consistency with established definitions and to avoid any possible confusion on the part of hospitals and clinicians.

Federal Requirements:

Currently there are no federal requirements regarding the adoption of sepsis protocols or for reporting adherence to protocols or risk adjusted mortality.

Compliance Schedule:

These regulations will take effect upon publication of a Notice of Adoption in the New York State Register.
Contact Person: Katherine Ceroalo
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STATEMENT IN LIEU OF

REGULATORY FLEXIBILITY ANALYSIS

FOR SMALL BUSINESS AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

No regulatory flexibility analysis is required pursuant to Section 202-(b)(3)(a) of the State Administrative Procedure Act. The proposed amendment does not impose an adverse economic impact on small businesses or local governments, and it does not impose reporting, record keeping or other compliance requirements on small businesses or local governments.
STATEMENT IN LIEU OF

RURAL AREA FLEXIBILITY ANALYSIS

No rural area flexibility analysis is required pursuant to Section 202-bb(4)(a) of the State Administrative Procedure Act. The proposed amendment does not impose an adverse impact on facilities in rural areas, and it does not impose reporting, record keeping or other compliance requirements on facilities in rural areas.
JOB IMPACT STATEMENT

Pursuant to the State Administrative Procedure Act (SAPA) section 201-a(2)(a), a Job Impact Statement for this amendment is not required because it is apparent from the nature and purposes of the proposed rules that they will not have a substantial adverse impact on jobs and employment opportunities.
SUMMARY OF EXPRESS TERMS

This proposal would amend various provisions within Title 10 of the Official Compilation of Codes, Rules and Regulations of the State of New York (NYCRR) to reflect the enactment of legislation: (1) requiring criminal history record checks (CHRCs) for adult homes, enriched housing programs, and residences for adults licensed pursuant to Article 7 of the Social Services Law (SSL); (2) requiring CHRCs for hospice programs certified pursuant to Article 40 of the Public Health Law (PHL); (3) authorizing the performance of advanced tasks by advanced home health aides supervised by registered professional nurses employed by home care services agencies, hospice programs, and enhanced assisted living residences (EALRs); (4) requiring the inclusion of information related to workers employed by hospice programs in the Home Care Worker Registry (Registry); and (5) requiring the inclusion of information related to the training and testing of advanced home health aides in the Registry.

Part 402 (Criminal History Record Check)

This proposal would amend 10 NYCRR Part 402 to provide for CHRCs for individuals employed by adult homes, enriched housing programs, residences for adults, and hospice programs. Specifically, this proposal would amend:

- Section 402.1 to update the statement of legislative requirements related to CHRCs to refer to adult homes, enriched housing programs, and residences for adults, consistent with Chapters 60 and 94 of the Laws of 2014, and hospice programs, consistent with Chapter 471 of the Laws of 2016 and Chapter 206 of the Laws of 2017;
- Section 402.2, which identifies the entities to which Part 402 is applicable, to include adult homes, enriched housing programs, residences for adults, and hospice programs;

- Section 402.3 to: (1) expand the definition of “employee in direct care or supervision” to include each unlicensed person employed by or used by an adult home, enriched housing program, or residences for adult who provides face-to-face care or has physical access to resident living quarters; (2) expand the definition of “employee in direct care or supervision” to include unlicensed persons employed by or used by a hospice program to provide face-to-face care; and (3) expand the definition of “provider” to include any adult home, enriched housing program, residence for adults, or hospice program;

- Section 402.4 to include provisions for the supervision of temporary employees by adult homes, enriched housing programs, residences for adults, or hospice programs pending determination of their CHRCs;

- Section 402.9 to require documentation of supervision of temporary employees by adult homes, enriched housing programs, residences for adults, and hospice programs; and

- Section 402.10 to authorize reimbursement for adult homes, enriched housing programs, residences for adults, and hospice programs for the costs of securing CHRCs of prospective employees.

**Part 403 (Home Care Services Worker Registry)**
This proposal would amend 10 NYCRR Part 403 to add workers employed by hospice programs and home health aides and advanced home health aides employed by EALRs to the Registry and to indicate in the Registry when individuals are qualified to work as advanced home health aides. Specifically, this proposal would amend:

- Section 403.1 to include advanced home health aides within the list of workers and to include EALRs and hospice programs within the list of entities to which Part 403 is applicable;

- Section 403.2 to define an “Advanced Home Health Aide” as a certified home health aide who has met all requirements pursuant to Education Law § 6908(2) and is listed in the Registry; and

- Section 403.5 to prohibit home care services entities from permitting advanced home health aides to provide advanced home health aide services unless they are listed in the Registry.

**Part 700 (State Hospital Code – General Provisions)**

This proposal would amend 10 NYCRR § 700.2 to define an “advanced home health aide” as a certified home health aide who is qualified to carry out advanced tasks, subject to supervision by a registered professional nurse, and is listed in the Registry, and to add other references to advanced home health aides where appropriate.
Part 763 (Certified Home Health Agencies, Long Term Home Health Care Programs and AIDS Home Care Programs Minimum Standards)

This proposal would amend 10 NYCRR Part 763 to set forth provisions pertaining to advanced home health aides employed by certified home health agencies (CHHAs) and long term home health care programs (LTHHCPs) and the supervision thereof by registered professional nurses. Specifically, this proposal would amend:

- Section 763.2, which lists the rights of patients served by CHHAs/LTHHCPs, to provide that a patient has the right to refuse the provision of advanced tasks by an advanced home health aide, in which case the CHHA/LTHHCP must ensure that such tasks are provided by a registered professional nurse;

- Section 763.4 to set forth requirements for CHHAs/LTHHCPs pertaining to the supervision of advanced home health aides;

- Section 763.7 to set forth requirements for CHHAs/LTHHCPs pertaining to reports made by advanced home health aides to supervising registered professional nurses; and

- Section 763.13 to set forth requirements for CHHAs/LTHHCPs pertaining to in-service education for advanced home health aides.
Part 765 (Approval and Licensure of Home Care Services Agencies)

This proposal would amend 10 NYCRR § 765.2-1, which provides that home care services agencies must obtain approval by the Public Health and Health Planning Council and be issued a license pursuant to PHL Article 36, to include a reference to advanced home health aides.

Part 766 (Licensed Home Care Services Agencies – Minimum Standards)

This proposal would amend 10 NYCRR Part 766 to set forth provisions pertaining to advanced home health aides employed by licensed home care services agencies (LHCSAs) and the supervision thereof by registered professional nurses. Specifically, this proposal would amend:

- Section 766.1, which lists the rights of patients served by LHCSAs, to provide that a patient has the right to refuse the provision of advanced tasks by an advanced home health aide, in which case the LHCSA must ensure that such tasks are provided by a registered professional nurse;

- Section 766.2(b) to include “advanced home health aide services” in the list of services that constitute “health care services;”
• Section 766.4 to provide that a LHCSA must ensure that there is an order for advanced home health aide services from the patient’s authorized practitioner;

• Section 766.5(c)(4) to set forth requirements for the clinical supervision of advanced home health aides by supervising registered professional nurses;

• Section 766.6(a)(6) and (7) to provide for reports by advanced home health aides to supervising registered professional nurses; and

• Section 766.11 to: (1) provide that LHCSAs must ensure that qualifications for advanced home health aides, as set forth in 700.2, are satisfied; and (2) require that advanced home health aides participate in 18 hours of in-service education each year.

**Part 793 (Hospice Patient/Family Care Services)**

This proposal would amend Part 793 to set forth provisions related to services provided by advanced home health aides supervised by registered professional nurses employed by hospice programs. Specifically, this proposal would amend:

• Section 793.1 to reflect that a patient of a hospice program has the right to refuse the provision of advanced tasks by an advanced home health aide, in which case the hospice program must ensure that such tasks are provided by a registered professional nurse;
• Section 793.7(k) to provide that services must be provided by an aide with appropriate training which, in the case of an advanced home health aide, means a training program as required by section 700.2(b)(54);

• Section 793.7(l) to provide that services provided by an advanced home health aide must be ordered by a physician, assigned by the supervising registered professional nurse, and included in the plan of care and consistent with training and advanced tasks permitted to be performed by advanced home health aides; and

• Section 793.7(o) to include within the responsibilities of a hospice program the supervision of an advanced home health aide by a registered professional nurse.

Part 794 (Hospice Organization and Administration)

This proposal would amend 10 NYCRR Part 794 pertaining to advanced home health aides employed by hospice programs and the supervision thereof by registered professional nurses. Specifically, this proposal would amend section 794.3(k) to provide that, at a minimum, advanced home health aides shall participate in 18 hours of in-service education per year.

Part 1001 (Assisted Living Residences)

This proposal would amend 10 NYCRR Part 1001 to set forth provisions pertaining to advanced home health aides employed by EALRs and the supervision thereof by registered professional nurses. Specifically, this proposal would amend:
• Section 1001.8(b)(2) to reflect that a resident of an EALR has the right to refuse the provision of advanced tasks by an advanced home health aide, in which case the operator must ensure that such tasks are provided by a registered professional nurse; and

• Section 1001.11(r) to provide that advanced home health aides in an EALR must be listed on the Registry, trained, and supervised by registered professional nurses.
Pursuant to the authority vested in the Public Health and Health Planning Council and the Commissioner of Health by sections 2899-a(4), 3602(17), 3612(5), and 4010(4) of the Public Health Law and section 845-b(12) of the Executive Law, sections 402.1, 402.2, 402.3, 402.4, 402.9, 402.10, 403.1, 403.2, 403.5, 700.2, 765-2.1, 763.2, 763.4, 763.7, 763.13, 766.1, 766.2, 766.4, 766.5, 766.6, 766.11, 793.1, 793.7, 794.3, 1001.8, and 1001.11 of Title 10 of the Official Compilation of Codes, Rules and Regulations of the State of New York (NYCRR) are hereby amended, to be effective upon publication of a Notice of Adoption in the New York State Register:

10 NYCRR Part 402 (Criminal History Record Checks)

Subdivision (a) of section 402.1 is amended to read as follows:

(a) (1) Chapter 769 of the Laws of 2005, as amended by Chapters 331 and 673 of the Laws of 2006, imposed the requirement for review of the criminal history record of certain prospective employees of residential health care facilities licensed under Article 28 of the Public Health Law and certified home health agencies, licensed home care services agencies or long term home health care programs certified, licensed, or authorized under Article 36 of the Public Health Law who are hired or used on or after September 1, 2006 and who will provide direct care or supervision to patients, residents or clients of such providers.

(2) Chapter 60 of the Laws of 2014, Part A, sections 22 and 24, as amended by Chapter 94 of the Laws of 2014, imposed the requirement for review of the criminal history record of certain employees of adult homes, enriched housing programs, and residences for adults licensed under
Article 7 of the Social Services Law who are hired or used on or after January 1, 2015 and who will provide direct care or supervision to residents of such providers.

(3) Chapter 471 of the Laws of 2016, as amended by Chapter 206 of the Laws of 2017, imposed the requirement for review of the criminal history record of certain employees of providers certified under Article 40 of the Public Health Law who are hired on or after April 1, 2018 and who will provide direct care or supervision to patients of such providers.

Section 402.2 is amended to read as follows:

This part shall apply to every provider of services to patients, residents, or clients that is:

(a) a residential health care facility [which is] licensed under Article 28 of the Public Health Law [, and any];

(b) a certified home health agency, licensed home care services agency, or long term home health care program certified, licensed, or authorized under Article 36 of the Public Health Law[, to provide services to patients, residents or clients];

(c) an adult home, enriched housing program, or residence for adults licensed under Article 7 of the Social Services Law; or

(d) a hospice program licensed, certified, or authorized under Article 40 of the Public Health Law.

Subdivisions (i), (j), and (k) of section 402.3 are amended to read as follows:

(i) "Employee in direct care and supervision" means

(1) any unlicensed person employed by or used by a nursing home, licensed pursuant to Article 28 of the Public Health Law, who has physical access to a resident’s living quarters, or
any unlicensed person providing face-to-face care following the resident's care plan in accordance with Section 410.2(h) of this Title; [or]

(2) any unlicensed person employed by or used by a certified home health agency, licensed home care services agency, or long term home health care program pursuant to Article 36 of the Public Health Law, providing face-to-face care following the professional or paraprofessional plan of care developed for the individual patient in accordance with section 766.3 or 763.6 of this Title[.];

(3) any unlicensed person employed by or used by an adult home, enriched housing program, or residence for adults who provides residents face-to-face care or has physical access to a resident’s living quarters; or

(4) any unlicensed person employed by or used by a hospice program certified under Article 40 of the Public Health Law who provides patients face-to-face care following the professional or paraprofessional plan of care developed for the individual patient in accordance with section 793.4 of this Title.

(j) “Prospective employee” means any person to be employed or used by a provider [beginning on or after September 1, 2006], including those persons provided by a temporary employment agency, to provide direct care or supervision to patients, residents or clients, and whom the provider reasonably expects to hire, employ or use, where such person is hired, employed or used by:

(i) a residential health care facility on or after September 1, 2006;

(ii) a certified home health agency, licensed home care services agency, or long term home health care program on or after September 1, 2006;
(iii) an adult home, enriched housing program, or residence for adults on or after January 1, 2015; or
(iv) a hospice program on or after April 1, 2018.

Persons licensed pursuant to Title 8 of the Education Law or Article 28-D of the Public Health Law are excluded from the meaning of the term. Such term shall not include volunteers.

(k) "Provider" means [any residential health care facility licensed under Article 28 of the Public Health Law; or any certified home health agency, licensed home care services agency, or long term home health program licensed, certified, or authorized under Article 36 of the Public Health Law] any entity subject to this Part as enumerated in section 402.2 of this Part.

New subparagraphs (iv) and (v) are added to paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of section 402.4 to read as follows:

(iv) Adult homes, enriched housing programs, and residences for adults shall provide appropriate direct observation and evaluation of the temporary employee by utilizing an individual employed by the provider to conduct on-site supervision. Such individual must know the identity and assignment of each temporary employee so supervised in the adult home, enriched housing program, or residence for adults at all times. Supervision must be documented in writing on a weekly basis and maintained in the temporary employee’s personnel folder.

(v) Hospice programs certified under Article 40 of the Public Health Law shall provide appropriate direct observation and evaluation of the temporary employee by utilizing an individual employed by such provider with a minimum of one year's experience working for a provider certified, licensed or approved under Article 40 the Public Health Law or through a contract with another provider certified, licensed or approved under Article 36 of the Public
Health Law. Such observation and evaluation shall occur on a weekly basis provided, however, that such direct observation and evaluation shall occur on-site in the home the first week by a licensed health care professional, senior aide or other paraprofessional who meets the one year requirement of employment in home care or hospice and at least once every other week thereafter by an individual meeting the minimum one year experience as set forth in this subparagraph. On alternate weeks direct observation and evaluation may be on-site in the home or by phone call to the patient or the patient’s representative. The results of such observations shall be documented in the temporary employee’s personnel file and shall be maintained.

Subparagraphs (iv) and (v) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of section 402.9 are amended and a new subparagraphs (vi) and (vii) are added to paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of section 402.9 to read as follows:

(iv) for each such name recorded pursuant to subparagraph (ii) hereof, the results of the criminal history record check and determination of the Department with regard to the employment; [and]

(v) for certified home health care agencies, licensed home care services agencies or long term home health care programs licensed or certified under Article 36 of the Public Health Law, the onsite supervision and alternate week contacts made for assessment of temporary employees as set forth in Section 402.4(b)(2)(ii) of this Title;

(vi) for adult homes, enriched housing programs, and residences for adults licensed under Article 7 of the Social Services Law, the onsite supervision of temporary employees as set forth in section 402.4(b)(2)(iv) of this Title; and
(vii) for hospice programs certified under Article 40 of the Public Health Law, the onsite supervision and alternate week contacts made for assessment of temporary employees as set forth in section 402.4(b)(2)(v) of this Title.

Subdivisions (a) and (b) of section 402.10 are amended to read as follows:

(a) In the event that funds are appropriated in any given fiscal year for reimbursement for the costs of obtaining criminal history information required by this Part, reimbursement shall be made available in an equitable and direct manner for the projected cost of the fee established pursuant to law by the Division for processing a criminal history record check, the fee imposed by the FBI for a national criminal history check, and costs associated with obtaining the fingerprints to all providers licensed, but not certified, under Article 36 of the Public Health Law, and all adult homes, enriched housing programs, and residences for adults licensed under Article 7 of the Social Services Law, including those that are subject to this Part and are unable to access direct reimbursement from state and/or federally funded health programs.

(b) Residential health care facilities licensed pursuant to Article 28 of the Public Health Law, certified home health care agencies and long-term home health care programs certified or approved pursuant to Article 36 of the Public Health Law, and hospice programs certified pursuant to Article 40 of the Public Health Law, may, subject to the availability of federal financial participation, claim as reimbursable costs under the medical assistance program, costs reflecting the fee established pursuant to law by the Division for processing a criminal history information check, the fee imposed by the FBI for a national criminal history check, and costs associated with obtaining the fingerprints, provided, however, that for the purposes of determining rates of payment pursuant to Article 28 of the Public Health Law for residential
health care facilities, such reimbursable fees and costs shall be reflected as timely as practicable in such rates within the applicable rate period.

10 NYCRR Part 403 (Home Care Worker Registry)

Subdivisions (a) and (b) of section 403.1 are amended to read as follows:

(a) This part shall apply to every home care services agency certified, licensed or authorized under Article 36 of the Public Health Law, including agencies exempt under Public Health Law Section 3619; to every hospice program certified under Article 40 of the Public Health Law; to every enhanced assisted living residence licensed under Article 7 of the Social Services Law and certified under Article 46-B of the Public Health Law; and any education or training program for advanced home health aides or home health aides or personal care aides that is authorized, licensed or approved by either the Department or the New York State Education Department; and any person who has successfully completed a state approved education or training program.

(b) Nothing in this part shall be construed to amend, supersede or otherwise modify any requirements of the regulations of the Department of Health relating to the education or training of advanced home health aides or home health aides or personal care aides by New York State authorized education or training programs.

A new subdivision (a) is added to section 403.2 and existing subdivisions (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), and (i) are renumbered to read as follows:

(a) “Advanced home health aide” is a certified home health aide who has satisfied all requirements to perform advanced tasks set forth in subdivision two of section 6908 of the
Education Law and regulations issued by the state education department thereunder and who is currently listed in the home care services worker registry maintained by the department pursuant to subdivision nine of section 3613 of the Public Health Law as having satisfied all applicable requirements for performing advanced tasks as an advanced home health aide. An advanced home health aide shall have successfully completed a training program for advanced home health aides that is approved by the department or the state education department.

[(a)](b) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Health of the State of New York.

[(b)](c) "Department" means the New York State Department of Health.

[(c)](d) "Home care services entity" or "entity" means: (i) a home care services agency or other entity providing home care services subject to Article 36 of the Public Health Law or exempt under section 3619 of such law; (ii) for purposes of compliance with the home care worker registry, an enhanced assisted living residence licensed under Article 7 of the Social Services Law and certified under Article 46-B of the Public Health Law and providing enhanced assisted living services; and (iii) for purposes of compliance with the home care worker registry, a hospice program certified under Article 40 of the Public Health Law and providing hospice care.

[(d)](e) "Home care services worker" or "worker" means any person engaged in or applying to become engaged in providing home health aide services, as defined in Public Health Law section 3602(4); or personal care aide services, as defined in Public Health Law section 3602(5); or advanced home health aide services, as defined in subdivision (a) of this section.

[(e)](f) "Home care services worker registry" or "registry" means the home care services worker registry established by Public Health Law section 3613.
"Home care services worker trainee" or "trainee" means an individual who has applied for and been accepted into a state approved education or training program.

"State approved education or training program" or "program" means a program that provides education or training for persons to meet any requirement established by the Department for providing home health aide services or personal care services, or advanced home health aide services, which program is approved by the Department or the New York State Education Department.

"Successfully completed" or "successful completion" means, in connection with home health aide training, compliance with 10 NYCRR section 700.2(b)(9); in connection with personal care aide training, it means compliance with [18 NYCRR section 505.14(e)] 10 NYCRR section 700.2(b)(14); in connection with advanced home health aide training, it means compliance with 10 NYCRR section 700.2(b)(54).

"Senior official" means an individual with responsibility for oversight of a training program and who is authorized to execute a legally binding instrument on behalf of the operator of the program. The senior official may be the operator if the operator is a natural person.

Subdivision (a) of section 403.5 is amended to read as follows:

(a) A home care services entity will have the following responsibilities with respect to home care services workers employed on or after September 25, 2009:

(1) For any home care services worker who began their training on or after September 25, 2009, a home care services entity shall access the worker's registry information prior to the worker beginning to provide home care services for that entity.

(2) A person who successfully completed a state approved education or training program for home health aides or personal care aides that began on or after September 25, 2009, may not
provide home care services unless the person's information has been posted to the registry by the education or training program.

(3) within 10 business days after the worker has been employed by the home care services entity, enter the information required by section 3613(3)(f) of the Public Health Law into the registry in the form and manner required by the Department;

(4) A person who successfully completed a state approved education or training program for advanced home health aides may not provide advanced home health aide services unless the person's information has been posted to the registry by the department.

Part 700 (State Hospital Code – General Provisions)

Paragraph (6) of subdivision (a) of section 700.2 is amended to read as follows:

(6) Home care services agency shall mean an organization primarily engaged in arranging and/or providing, directly or through contract arrangement, one or more of the following: nursing services, home health aide services, advanced home health aide services, medical supplies, equipment and appliances, and other therapeutic and related services which may include, but shall not be limited to, physical and occupational therapy, speech pathology, nutritional services, medical social services, personal care services, homemaker services and housekeeper services which may be of a preventive, therapeutic, rehabilitative, health guidance and/or supportive nature to persons at home.

A new paragraph (54) is added to subdivision (b) of section 700.2 to read as follows:

(54) Advanced home health aide shall mean a certified home health aide who has satisfied all requirements to perform advanced tasks set forth in subdivision two of section 6908 of the
education law and regulations issued by the state education department thereunder and who is currently listed in the home care worker registry maintained by the department pursuant to subdivision nine of section 3613 of the Public Health Law as having satisfied all applicable requirements for performing advanced tasks as an advanced home health aide. An advanced home health aide shall have successfully completed a training program for advanced home health aides that is approved by the department or the state education department.

Paragraphs (14), (15), (16) and (17) of subdivision (c) of section 700.2 are amended to read as follows:

(14) [Reserved.] Home care services shall mean one or more of the following services provided to persons at home:

(i) those services provided by a home care services agency;

(ii) home health aide services;

(iii) personal care services;

(iv) advanced home health aide services;

(iv) homemaker services; or

(v) housekeeper services.

(15) Home health aide services shall mean health care tasks, personal hygiene services, housekeeping tasks and other related supportive services essential to the patient's health.

(16) [Home care services shall mean one or more of the following services provided to persons at home:

(i) those services provided by a home care services agency;

(ii) home health aide services;

(iii) personal care services;

(iv) advanced home health aide services;

(v) homemaker services; or

(vi) housekeeper services.
(iii) personal care services;

(iv) homemaker services;

(v) housekeeper services.] **Personal care services shall mean assistance to the patient with personal hygiene, dressing, feeding and household tasks essential to his/her health.**

(17) [Personal care services shall mean assistance to the patient with personal hygiene, dressing, feeding and household tasks essential to his/her health.] **Advanced home health aide services shall mean assistance to the patient with advanced tasks defined in subdivision two of section 6908 of the education law and regulations issued by the state education department thereunder and assigned by the supervising registered professional nurse.**

Part 763 (Certified Home Health Agencies, Long Term Health Care Programs and AIDS Home Care Programs Minimum Standards)

Paragraphs (10) and (11) of subdivision (a) of section 763.2 is amended and a new paragraph (12) is added to read as follows:

(10) privacy, including confidential treatment of patient records, and refusal of their release to any individual outside the agency except in the case of the patient's transfer to a health care facility, or as required by law or third-party payment contract; [and]

(11) be advised in writing of the availability of the Department of Health toll-free hotline, the telephone number, the hours of its operation and that the purpose of the hotline is to receive complaints or answer questions about home care agencies; and
(12) refuse consent to advanced tasks performed by an advanced home health aide, in which case the agency shall provide for the performance of such tasks by a registered professional nurse.

Paragraph (7) of subdivision (h) of section 763.4 is amended and new paragraphs (8), (9) and (10) are added to read as follows:

(7) in-home supervision, by professional personnel, of home health aides and personal care aides takes place:

(i) to demonstrate to and instruct the aide in the treatments or services to be provided, with successful redemonstration by the aide during the initial service visit, or where there is a change in personnel providing care, if the aide does not have documented training and experience in performing the tasks prescribed in the plan of care;

(ii) where any of the changes in paragraph (4) of this subdivision occur, to evaluate the change and initiate any revision in the plan of care which may be needed; and

(iii) to instruct the aide as to the observations and written reports to be made to the supervising community health nurse or therapist[.]

(8) direct supervision of an advanced home health aide is conducted by a registered professional nurse who:

(i) provides training, guidance, direction and oversight, and evaluation related to the performance of advanced tasks by the advanced home health aide;

(ii) assigns advanced tasks to be performed by the advanced home health aide after completing a nursing assessment to determine the patient’s current health status and care needs;
(iii) provides case specific training to the advanced home health aide to verify and ensure the advanced home health aide can safely and competently perform the advanced tasks for the patient;

(iv) provides written, patient specific instructions for performing advanced tasks, including the criteria for identifying, reporting, and responding to problems, errors or complications;

(v) conducts a comprehensive medication review including evaluation of the patient’s current medication use, and prescribed drug regimen and identifies and resolves any discrepancies prior to assigning the advanced home health aide to administer medications;

(vi) determines direct supervision of the advanced home health aide based on the complexity of advanced tasks, the skill and experience of the advanced home health aide assigned to perform the advanced tasks, and the health status of the patient for whom the advanced tasks are being performed;

(vii) while on duty is continuously available to communicate with the advanced home health aide by phone or other means;

(viii) conducts home visits or arranges for another qualified registered professional nurse whenever necessary to protect the health and safety of the patient;

(ix) performs an initial and ongoing assessments of the patient’s needs; and

(x) conducts a home visit at least every two weeks and more frequently as determined by the registered professional nurse, to observe, evaluate, and oversee services provided by the advanced home health aide;

(9) a process is in place to document the limitation or revocation of the assignment of advanced tasks by an advanced home health aide when deemed appropriate by a supervising
registered professional nurse and to ensure that such information is available to other registered professional nurses that may supervise such aide; and

(10) any failure by a supervising registered professional nurse to comply with the requirements of paragraph eight of this subdivision shall be reported to the department.

Paragraph (7) of subdivision (a) of section 763.7 is amended to read as follows:

(7) observations and reports made to the registered professional nurse, licensed practical nurse or supervising therapist by the advanced home health aide, home health aide or personal care aide, including activity sheets;

Subdivision (l) of section 763.13 is amended to read as follows:

(l) that all personnel receive orientation to the policies and procedures of the agency operation, in-service education necessary to perform his/her responsibilities and continuing programs for development and support. At a minimum:

(1) home health aides shall participate in 12 hours of in-service education per year; [and]

(2) personal care aides shall participate in six hours of in-service education per year; and

(3) advanced home health aides must participate in 18 hours of in-service education per year, which must include medication management, infection control, and injection safety, and which must be directly supervised by a registered professional nurse.

Part 765 (Approval and Licensure of Home Care Services Agencies)

Subdivision (a) of section 765-2.1 is amended to read as follows:
(a) No home care services agency, other than those exempt from licensure requirements as provided in subdivision (c) of this section, shall provide nursing, advanced home health aide, home health aide, or personal care services to persons in their home unless it has been approved by the Public Health and Health Planning Council and has been issued a license pursuant to the provisions of Article 36 of the Public Health Law and this Part.

Part 766 (Licensed Home Care Services Agencies – Minimum Standards)

Paragraphs (10) and (11) of subdivision (a) of section 766.1 is amended and a new paragraph (12) is added to read as follows:

(10) be treated with consideration, respect and full recognition of his/her dignity and individuality; [and]

(11) privacy, including confidential treatment of patient records, and to refuse release of records to any individual outside the agency except in the case of the patient's transfer to a health care facility, or as required by law or third-party payment contract; and

(12) refuse consent to advanced tasks performed by an advanced home health aide, in which case the agency shall provide for the performance of such tasks by a registered professional nurse.

Subdivision (b) of section 766.2 is amended to read as follows:

(b) For purposes of this Part, health care services shall include nursing, advanced home health aide services, home health aide services, personal care, physical therapy, occupational therapy, speech/language pathology, nutrition services, social work, respiratory therapy, physician services and medical supplies, equipment and appliances.
Paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) of section 766.4 is amended to read as follows:

766.4 Medical orders. (a) The governing authority or operator shall ensure that an order from the patient's authorized practitioner is established and documented for the health care services the agency provides to those patients who:

(1) are being actively treated by an authorized practitioner for a diagnosed health care problem;

(2) have a health care need or change in physical status requiring medical intervention; or

(3) are advanced home health aide, home health aide, or personal care services patients of a certified home health agency.

Subdivision (c) of section 766.5 is amended and new subdivisions (e), (f) and (g) are added to read as follows:

(c) home health aides or personal care aides are supervised, as appropriate, by a registered professional nurse [or licensed practical nurse], or a therapist if the aide carries out simple procedures as an extension of physical therapy, occupational therapy or speech/language pathology; [and]

(d) in-home supervision by professional staff of home health aides and personal care aides occurs:

(1) to demonstrate to and instruct the aide in the treatments or services to be provided with successful [redemonstration] **re-demonstration** by the aide during the initial service visit or where there is a change in personnel providing care, if the aide does not have documented training and experience in performing the tasks prescribed in the plan of care;
(2) where any of the conditions set forth in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) of this section occur, to evaluate the condition and initiate any revision in the plan of care which may be needed; and

(3) to instruct the aide as to the observations and written reports to be made to the supervising nurse or therapist; and

(e) direct supervision of an advanced home health aide is conducted by a registered professional nurse who:

(i) provides training, guidance, direction and oversight, and evaluation related to the performance of advanced tasks by the advanced home health aide;

(ii) assigns advanced tasks to be performed by the advanced home health aide after completing a nursing assessment to determine the patient’s current health status and care needs;

(iii) provides case specific training to the advanced home health aide to verify and ensure the advanced home health aide can safely and competently perform the advanced tasks for the patient;

(iv) provides written, patient specific instructions for performing advanced tasks, including the criteria for identifying, reporting, and responding to problems, errors or complications;

(v) conducts a comprehensive medication review including evaluation of the patient’s current medication use, and prescribed drug regimen and identifies and resolves any discrepancies prior to assigning the advanced home health aide to administer medications;

(vi) determines direct supervision of the advanced home health aide based on the complexity of advanced tasks, the skill and experience of the advanced home health aide assigned to perform the advanced tasks, and the health status of the patient for whom the advanced tasks are being performed:
(vii) while on duty is continuously available to communicate with the advanced home health aide by phone or other means;
(viii) conducts home visits or arranges for another qualified registered professional nurse whenever necessary to protect the health and safety of the patient;
(ix) performs an initial and ongoing assessments of the patient’s needs; and
(x) conducts a home visit at least every two weeks and more frequently as determined by the registered professional nurse, to observe, evaluate, and oversee services provided by the advanced home health aide;
(f) a process is in place to document the limitation or revocation of the assignment of advanced tasks by an advanced home health aide when deemed appropriate by a supervising registered professional nurse and to ensure that such information is available to other registered professional nurses that may supervise such aide; and
(g) any failure by a supervising registered professional nurse to comply with the requirements of paragraph (e) of this subdivision shall be reported to the department.

Paragraph (6) and (7) of subdivision (a) of section 766.6 are amended to read as follows:

(6) supervisory reports of the registered professional nurse, licensed practical nurse or the therapist, if applicable, of the advanced home health aide, home health aide, or personal care aide;

(7) observations and reports made to the registered professional nurse, licensed practical nurse or therapist by the advanced home health aide, home health aide, or personal care aide, including activity sheets;
Paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of section 766.11 is amended to read as follows:

(b) (1) that qualifications for advanced home health aides, home health aides, and personal care aides as specified in section 700.2 of this Title are met; and

Subdivision (i) of section 766.11 is amended to read as follows:

(i) that all personnel receive orientation to the policies and procedures of the home care services agency operation and in-service education necessary to perform his/her responsibilities. At a minimum:

(1) home health aides must participate in 12 hours of in-service education per year; [and]
(2) personal care aides must participate in six hours of in-service education per year; and
(3) advanced home health aide must participate in 18 hours of in-service education per year which must include medication management, infection control, and injection safety, and must be directly supervised by a registered professional nurse;

Part 793 (Hospice Operation - Patient/Family Care Services)

Paragraphs (18) and (19) of subdivision (a) of section 793.1 is amended and a new paragraph (20) is added to read as follows:

(18) exercise his or her rights without fear of discrimination or reprisal; [and]
(19) have his or her person and property treated with respect and to be free from mistreatment, neglect, or verbal, mental, sexual and/or physical abuse, including injuries of unknown source, and misappropriation of property; and
(20) refuse consent to advanced tasks performed by an advanced home health aide, in which case the hospice shall provide for the performance of such tasks by a registered professional nurse.

Subdivisions (k) and (l) of section 793.7 are amended to read as follows:

(k) All aide services must be provided by individuals who:

1. have successfully completed a home health aide training and competency evaluation program as required by paragraph (9) of subdivision (b) of section 700.2 of this Part or an advanced home health aide training program as required by paragraph (54) of subdivision (b) of section 700.2 of this Part; and

2. are currently listed in good standing on the Home Care Registry in the State.

(l) Aide services must be ordered by a member of the interdisciplinary team, included in the plan of care and consistent with training and tasks permitted to be performed by home health aides, including but not limited to personal care and simple procedures as an extension of nursing or therapies or, in the case of advanced home health aide services, ordered by a physician, assigned by the supervising registered professional nurse, included in the plan of care and consistent with training and advanced tasks permitted to be performed by advanced home health aides.

Paragraphs (8) and (9) of subdivision (o) of section 793.7 are amended, and new paragraphs (10), (11) and (12) are added to read as follows:

8. supervision of a home health aide is conducted by a registered professional nurse; [and]

9. in-home supervision, by professional personnel, of home health aides takes place:
(i) to demonstrate to and instruct the aide in the treatments or services to be provided, with successful [redemonstration] re-demonstration by the aide during the initial service visit, or where there is a change in personnel providing care, if the aide does not have documented training and experience in performing the tasks prescribed in the plan of care;

(ii) to evaluate changes in patient condition reported by the aide and initiate any revision in the plan of care which may be needed; and

(iii) to instruct the aide as to the observations and written reports to be made to the supervising nurse; and

(10) direct supervision of an advanced home health aide is conducted by a registered professional nurse who:

   (i) provides training, guidance, direction and oversight, and evaluation related to the performance of advanced tasks by the advanced home health aide;

   (ii) assigns advanced tasks to be performed by the advanced home health aide after completing a nursing assessment to determine the patient’s current health status and care needs;

   (iii) provides case specific training to the advanced home health aide to verify and ensure the advanced home health aide can safely and competently perform the advanced tasks for the patient;

   (iv) provides written, patient specific instructions for performing advanced tasks, including the criteria for identifying, reporting, and responding to problems, errors or complications;

   (v) conducts a comprehensive medication review including evaluation of the patient’s current medication use, and prescribed drug regimen and identifies and resolves any discrepancies prior to assigning the advanced home health aide to administer medications;
(vi) determines direct supervision of the advanced home health aide based on the complexity of advanced tasks, the skill and experience of the advanced home health aide assigned to perform the advanced tasks, and the health status of the patient for whom the advanced tasks are being performed;

(vii) while on duty is continuously available to communicate with the advanced home health aide by phone or other means;

(viii) conducts home visits or arranges for another qualified registered professional nurse whenever necessary to protect the health and safety of the patient;

(ix) performs an initial and ongoing assessments of the patient’s needs; and

(x) conducts a home visit at least every two weeks and more frequently as determined by the registered professional nurse, to observe, evaluate, and oversee services provided by the advanced home health aide;

(11) a process is in place to document the limitation or revocation of the assignment of advanced tasks by an advanced home health aide when deemed appropriate by a supervising registered professional nurse and to ensure that such information is available to other registered professional nurses that may supervise such aide; and

(12) any failure by a supervising registered professional nurse to comply with the requirements of paragraph ten of this subdivision shall be reported to the department.

Part 794 (Hospice Operation – Organization and Administration)

Subdivision (k) of section 794.3 is amended to read as follows:
(k) that all personnel, including hospice employees, volunteers and contract staff with direct patient and family contact, receive orientation to the concept of hospice care, his or her specific job duties, and the policies and procedures for the hospice operation, in-service education necessary to perform his/her responsibilities and continuing programs for development and support.

(1) At a minimum home health aides shall participate in 12 hours of in-service education per year, which may occur while the aide is furnishing care. In-service may be offered by any organization and must be supervised by a registered nurse; and

(2) advanced home health aides shall participate in 18 hours of in-service education per year which must include medication management, infection control, and injection safety, and must be directly supervised by a registered professional nurse.

Part 1001 (Assisted Living Residences)

A new subparagraph (xviii) is added to paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of section 1001.8 to read as follows:

(xviii) Every resident of an enhanced assisted living residence shall have the right to refuse consent to advanced tasks performed by an advanced home health aide, in which case the operator shall provide for the performance of such tasks by a registered professional nurse.

A new subdivision (r) is added to section 1001.11 to read as follows:
(r) If an enhanced assisted living residence employs or uses advanced home health aides, the operator must ensure that every advanced home health aide:

(1) is listed on the home care worker registry maintained by the department; and

(2) is trained as specified in section 700.2 of this title and receives 18 hours of in-service education annually to include medication management, infection control, injection safety and other topics relevant to their responsibilities which must be directly supervised by a registered professional nurse; and

(3) is directly supervised by a registered professional nurse who:

(i) provides training, guidance, direction and oversight, and evaluation related to the performance of advanced tasks by the advanced home health aide;

(ii) assigns advanced tasks to be performed by the advanced home health aide after completing a nursing assessment to determine the resident’s current health status and care needs;

(iii) provides case specific training to the advanced home health aide to verify and ensure the advanced home health aide can safely and competently perform the advanced tasks for the resident;

(iv) provides written, patient specific instructions for performing advanced tasks, including the criteria for identifying, reporting, and responding to problems, errors or complications;

(v) conducts a comprehensive medication review including evaluation of the resident’s current medication use, and prescribed drug regimen and identifies and resolves any discrepancies prior to assigning the advanced home health aide to administer medications;

(vi) determines direct supervision of the advanced home health aide based on the complexity of advanced tasks, the skill and experience of the advanced home health aide assigned to perform
the advanced tasks, and the health status of the resident for whom the advanced tasks are being performed:

(vii) while on duty is continuously available to communicate with the advanced home health aide by phone or other means;

(viii) conducts home visits or arranges for another qualified registered professional nurse whenever necessary to protect the health and safety of the resident;

(ix) performs an initial and ongoing assessments of the resident’s needs; and

(x) visits the resident in the residence at least every two weeks and more frequently as determined by the registered professional nurse, to observe, evaluate, and oversee services provided by the advanced home health aide;

(4) a process is in place to document the limitation or revocation of the assignment of advanced tasks by an advanced home health aide when deemed appropriate by a supervising registered professional nurse and to ensure that such information is available to other registered professional nurses that may supervise such aide; and

(5) any failure by a supervising registered professional nurse to comply with the requirements of paragraph three of this subdivision shall be reported to the department.
REGULATORY IMPACT STATEMENT

Statutory Authority:

This proposal will implement amendments to Public Health Law (PHL) Article 28-E requiring certain providers licensed by the Department of Health (Department) to request criminal history record checks (CHRCs) of prospective employees in conformance with Executive Law § 845-b. PHL § 2899-a(4) requires the Commissioner of Health (Commissioner) to promulgate regulations implementing PHL Article 28-E, and Executive Law § 845-b(12) requires the Department to promulgate regulations to implement criminal history information requests.

This proposal also will implement Chapter 471 of the Laws of 2016, which authorized advanced home health aides to perform advanced tasks under the supervision of registered professional nurses employed by home care services agencies, hospice programs, and enhanced assisted living residences (EALRs). PHL § 3602(17), added by Chapter 471, requires the Commissioner to issue regulations pertaining to advanced home health aides.

PHL § 3612(5) authorizes the Public Health and Health Planning Council (PHHPC) to adopt and amend regulations pertaining to certified home care services agencies and long term home health care programs approved pursuant to PHL Article 36, subject to approval of the Commissioner. PHL § 4010(4) authorizes PHHPC to adopt and amend regulations for hospice providers approved pursuant to PHL Article 40, subject to approval of the Commissioner.

Legislative Objectives:

PHL Article 28-E requires “providers” to request that the Department conduct a CHRC of each “prospective employee.” PHL § 2899(3) provides that an “employee” means any person
to be employed or used by a “provider” to provide “direct care or supervision” to patients or residents. Individuals licensed under Education Law Title 8 (various health care professionals) or PHL Article 28-D (nursing home administrators) or who are volunteers are excluded from the definition of “employee.” A “prospective employee,” as defined by PHL § 2899(5), is an individual who files an employment application and the provider expects to hire as an employee.

Chapters 60 and 94 of the Laws of 2014 amended PHL § 2899(6) to include within the definition of “provider” adult homes, enriched housing programs, and residences for adults licensed under Social Services Law (SSL) Article 7. SSL § 461-t similarly states that these entities must request CHRCs of their prospective direct care employees. PHL § 2899(10) was also amended to permit such employees to be temporarily approved to work pending the results of their CHRCs under the condition that the provider conducts direct observation and evaluation of the employee.

The definition of “provider” in PHL § 2899(6) was again expanded by Chapter 471 of the Laws of 2016 to include hospice programs certified under PHL Article 40 with respect to employees hired on or after April 1, 2018. Chapter 206 of the Laws of 2017 amended PHL § 2899(10) to permit these employees to be temporarily approved to work pending the results of their CHRCs under the direct observation and evaluation of the provider.

Chapter 471 also added Education Law § 6908(2) to permit advanced tasks to be performed by advanced home health aides with appropriate training and under supervision by registered professional nurses employed by home care services agencies, hospice programs, and EALRs. Regulations issued by the State Education Department in consultation with the Department will specify the types of advanced tasks that can be performed by advanced home health aides and set forth the qualifications, training and competency requirements for advanced
home health aides. This proposal will implement other provisions of the law by amending regulations applicable to home care services agencies, hospice programs, and EALRs to address the supervision of advanced home health aides.

These provisions will further the statutory goal of enabling more people to live in home and community based settings and provide support to family caregivers and their loved ones. See Built to Lead, 2016 State of the State, Governor Andrew M. Cuomo, at https://www.governor.ny.gov/sites/governor.ny.gov/files/atoms/files/2016_State_of_the_State_Book.pdf (p. 271-72).

Needs and Benefits:

The proposed changes to Part 402 of Title 10 of the Official Compilation of Codes, Rules and Regulations of the State of New York (NYCRR) will implement laws requiring CHRCs for adult homes, enriched housing programs, residences for adults, and hospice programs. As reflected in the regulations, these entities must request that the Department obtain criminal history information from the Division of Criminal Justice Services and a national criminal history check from the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) concerning each prospective unlicensed employee who will provide direct care or supervision. Before such employees can begin working, they must consent to a digital scan of their fingerprints, which will be electronically transmitted to the Division of Criminal Justice Services (Division) for processing. The Division will subsequently provide criminal history information back to the Department.

Consistent with PHL Article 28-E, the Department will then review the information based on criteria in Executive Law § 845-b. The Department will advise the provider whether the applicant has a criminal history, and, if so, whether the history is of such a nature that the
Department disapproves eligibility for employment. The individual will have 30 days to provide rehabilitation documentation in support of their application before the Department makes a final disapproval determination. In some cases, a person may have a criminal background, but any convictions may not rise to the level requiring disapproval of eligibility for employment based on Executive Law § 845-b criteria. In other cases, there may be open charges that, if they resulted in a conviction, would result in denials, and the Department will hold such applications in abeyance until the charges are resolved.

Individuals are afforded an opportunity to explain, in writing, why their eligibility for employment should not be disapproved before the Department makes its final determination disapproving eligibility for employment. If the Department makes a final determination disapproving eligibility, the provider must notify the person that the criminal history information is the basis for such disapproval.

The proposed regulations set forth certain responsibilities of providers in implementing the CHRC requirements. Providers also must ensure that prospective employees who will be subject to the CHRC requirement are notified of the provider’s right to request their criminal history information, and that they have the right to obtain, review, and seek correction of such information in accordance with regulations of the Division or, with regard to federal criminal history information, to seek correction of information with the FBI.

This proposal will also implement PHL § 3602(17), added by Chapter 471 of the Laws of 2016, defining advanced home health aides as home health aides who are authorized to perform advanced tasks as set forth in Education Law § 6908(2). The regulations also reflect the inclusion of hospice programs and EALRs in the definition of “home care services entity” set forth in PHL § 3613(1)(a) for purposes of the Home Care Services Worker Registry (Registry).
PHL§ 3613(9) provides that the Department must indicate within the Registry when a home health aide is qualified to serve as an advanced home health aide because he or she has satisfied all applicable training and competency requirements. Accordingly, this proposal will amend 10 NYCRR Part 403 to add advanced home health aides, advanced home health aide training programs, EALRs, and hospice programs to the Registry.

This proposal further will amend Part 700 to define an “advanced home health aide” as a certified home health aide who has met all requirements to perform advanced tasks and is listed in the Registry. Parts 763, 766, 793, 794, and 1001 also will be amended to reflect requirements related to advanced home health aides and the supervisions thereof by registered professional nurses employed by home care agencies – meaning certified home health agencies (CHHAs), long term home health care programs (LTHHCPs), and licensed home care services agencies (LHCSAs) – as well as EALRs and hospice programs.

**COSTS:**

**Costs to Private Regulated Parties:**

The proposed regulatory changes related to CHRCs would apply to adult homes, enriched housing programs, residences for adults, and hospice programs. As explained above, when such an entity determines to hire or otherwise use an individual who is unlicensed and will have access to patients or residents or their living quarters, it must request a CHRC pursuant to PHL Article 28-E. The entity must include with the request a fee, currently $99. Of this amount, $75 covers the fee established by the Division for processing a State criminal history record check and $12.00 is for a national criminal history record check. Further, obtaining the fingerprints used for CHRC requests, which is accomplished through a vendor, costs approximately $12.00 per individual. Pursuant to PHL § 2899-a(9)(a) and as reflected in the
proposed amendments to 10 NYCRR § 402.10, providers will be reimbursed for such fees and costs when funds are appropriated in the state budget.

The proposed regulatory changes related to advanced home health aides apply to home care services agencies (CHHAs, LTHHCPs, and LHCSAs), EALRs, and hospice programs only to the extent they desire to use such aides. The registered professional nurses who supervise advanced home health aides will spend additional time carrying out the supervisory obligations set forth in the law and proposed regulations, but to some extent this will be offset by the ability to use such aides to carry out many of the tasks that otherwise would be carried out directly by the nurses.

**Costs to Local Government:**

The proposed changes are not expected to impose any costs upon local governments, unless they operate one of the afore-referenced entities. In such cases, the impact will be the same as for regulated parties, discussed above.

**Costs to the Department of Health:**

The proposed regulations will not impose costs upon the Department in addition to any imposed as a result of the statutory changes enacted with respect to CHRCs and advanced home health aides. Additional work by Department staff that process CHRC requests or participate in regulatory activities involving adult homes, enriched housing programs, residences for adults, home care services agencies, or hospice programs, is being managed within existing resources.
Costs to Other State Agencies:

Due to the legislative enactments reflected in this proposal, the volume of CHRC requests fulfilled by the Division will be higher but should be managed within existing resources. Similarly, the State Education Department, in consultation with the Department of Health, will approve programs that train advanced home health aides, which is expected to be managed within existing resources.

Local Government Mandate:

The proposed regulations do not impose any new mandates on local governments, except where they operate local providers such as a home care services agency or a hospice program. In such cases, the impact will be the same as for regulated parties, discussed above.

Paperwork:

Consistent with the statutory provisions, the proposed regulations will require the completion of additional paperwork by adult homes, enriched housing programs, residences for adults, and hospice programs that request CHRCs. For example, providers will need to complete and submit a form to notify the Department of a prospective employee needing to be fingerprinted. A provider may also be asked to submit information not known to the Department to assist the Department in vetting and perfecting the criminal history of a prospective employee. Further, providers will need to document the supervision of employees that they temporarily approve to work pending the results of the CHRC.

Home care service agencies, EALRs, and hospice programs are already required to establish written policies and procedures related to various operational requirements, including
the training and supervision of employees. Therefore, although additional paperwork will be required to ensure that advanced home health aides are properly trained and supervised, this type of documentation should be familiar to these providers. Accessing the Registry is new for EALRs and hospice programs, but the Department has and will continue to make training and assistance available to guide them through these changes.

**Duplication:**

This rule does not duplicate any other law, rule or regulation.

**Alternatives:**

There are no alternatives to this proposal, which is necessary to implement legislative enactments expanding the provider types subject to the CHRC program and authorizing the use of advanced home health aides.

**Federal Standards:**

The proposed regulations do not duplicate or conflict with any federal regulations.

**Compliance Schedule:**

The regulations will be effective upon publication of a Notice of Adoption in the New York State Register.
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Effect of Rule:

To the extent this proposal implements statutory requirements related to criminal history record checks (CHRCs), it will be applicable to adult homes, enriched housing programs, residences for adults, and hospice programs. The provisions of the proposal related to advanced home health aides will apply to certified home health agencies (CHHAs), long term care home health care programs (LTHHCPs), or licensed home care services agencies (LHCSAs), hospice programs, or enhanced assisted living residences (EALRs) that choose to use advanced home health aides. Any of these entities, depending on their size, could constitute a small business. This proposal will only impact local governments if they operate one of these entities.

Compliance Requirements:

This proposal will require adult homes, enriched housing programs, residences for adults, and hospice programs to request CHRCs pursuant to PHL Article 28-E whenever they determine to hire or otherwise use unlicensed individuals who provide direct care or supervision to patients or residents. Consistent with the statutory provisions, compliance with the proposed regulations will require the completion of additional paperwork by these entities; for example, by completing a form that notifies the Department of a prospective employee who needs to be fingerprinted. A provider may also be asked to submit information not known to the Department to assist the Department in vetting and perfecting the criminal history of a prospective employee. Further, providers will need to document the supervision of employees that they temporarily approve to work pending the results of the CHRC.
The proposed regulatory changes related to advanced home health aides are applicable to home care services agencies (meaning CHHAs, LTHHCPs, and LHCSAs), EALRs, and hospice programs only to the extent they desire to use such aides under the supervision of registered professional nurses they employ. The registered professional nurses who supervise advanced home health aides will spend additional time carrying out the supervisory obligations set forth in the law and proposed regulations, but to some extent this will be offset by the ability to use such aides to carry out many of the tasks that otherwise would be carried out directly by the nurses.

Home care service agencies, EALRs, and hospice programs are already required to establish written policies and procedures related to various operational requirements, including the training and supervision of employees. Therefore, although additional paperwork will be required to ensure that advanced home health aides are properly trained and supervised, this type of documentation should be familiar to these providers. Accessing the Registry is new for EALRs and hospice programs, but the Department has and will continue to make training and assistance available to guide them through these changes.

**Professional Services:**

The CHRC provisions of this proposal are not expected to require any additional use of professional services. The proposed regulatory changes related to advanced home health aides are applicable to home care services agencies (meaning CHHAs, LTHHCPs, and LHCSAs), EALRs, and hospice programs only to the extent they desire to use such aides, in which case they must ensure that the aides are supervised by registered professional nurses. The registered professional nurses who supervise advanced home health aides will spend additional time carrying out the supervisory obligations set forth in the law and proposed regulations, but to
some extent this will be offset by the ability to use such aides to carry out many of the tasks that otherwise would be carried out directly by the nurses.

**Compliance Costs:**

Entities submitting CHRC requests must submit a fee, currently $99, together with a CHRC request, and will incur costs of approximately $12.00 per individual for obtaining the fingerprints. Pursuant to PHL § 2899-a(9)(a), and as reflected in the proposed amendments to 10 NYCRR § 402.10, providers will be reimbursed for such fees and costs when funds are appropriated in the state budget.

If CHHAs, LTHHCPs, LHCSAs, EALRs, and hospice programs choose to use advanced home health aides, they must do so under the supervision of registered professional nurses they employ. The registered professional nurses will spend additional time carrying out the supervisory obligations set forth in the law and proposed regulations, but to some extent this will be offset by the ability to use such aides to carry out many of the tasks that otherwise would be carried out directly by the nurses.

**Economic and Technological Feasibility:**

This proposal is economically and technically feasible. As indicated above, providers will be reimbursed for fees and costs associated with the CHRC requirements. Providers that can and choose to use advanced home health aides must do so under the supervision of registered professional nurses. It is expected that in many cases the additional time spent by the registered professional nurses in supervising the advanced home health aides will be offset by the ability to
use such aides to carry out many of the tasks that otherwise would be carried out directly by the nurses.

Minimizing Adverse Impact:

There are no alternatives to the proposed regulations, which are consistent with the statutory provisions regarding CHRCs and advanced home health aides enacted by Chapters 60 and 94 of the Laws of 2014, Chapter 471 of the Laws of 2016, and Chapter 206 of the Laws of 2017.

Small Business and Local Government Participation:

Development of these regulations included input from organizations including those whose members include providers that constitute small businesses or are operated by local governments.

Cure Period:

Chapter 524 of the Laws of 2011 requires agencies to include a “cure period” or other opportunity for ameliorative action to prevent the imposition of penalties on a party subject to enforcement when developing a regulation or explain in the Regulatory Flexibility Analysis why one is not included. As this proposed regulation does not create a new penalty or sanction, no cure period is necessary.
STATEMENT IN LIEU OF
RURAL AREA FLEXIBILITY ANALYSIS

No rural area flexibility analysis is required pursuant to § 202-bb(4)(a) of the State Administrative Procedure Act. The proposed amendments will not impose an adverse impact on facilities in rural areas, and will not impose reporting, record keeping or other compliance requirements on facilities in rural areas.
STATEMENT IN LIEU OF JOB IMPACT STATEMENT

No job impact statement is required pursuant to § 201-a(2)(a) of the State Administrative Procedure Act. No adverse impact on jobs and employment opportunities is expected as a result of these proposed regulations.