

EICC Rate Setting Methodology Task Force

EICC Meeting, September 14, 2023

Steve Held, Chair

Task Force Members

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Review Components of Our Current Rates

- After the last meeting there were many questions about components that built our current rates.
- Salary average from 2002 The department will complete new averages from AHCF (Hospital data). This information may be from 2020.
- 75 minutes built into the basic rate for log note time (10 min) travel (20 min), and 45 minutes for a basic session. (How many IFSP's are currently delivered on 30-minute sessions).
- Plus 0.5 day each week for non billable time based on 4.5 visits per day
- 50 minutes each day for meetings and administrative work.
- How will Teletherapy change these components?



Steps to take for Bringing Rates to 2023

- Using current SED cost reports (CFR) coupled with DOH (AHCF) reporting to land on an average salary for EI service components
- Re-adjust travel time and costs When will a rate modifier be utilized?
- Bump up for a realistic no-show rate
- Build in 5.5 services per day as a divisor (up from 4.5), due to a projected hybrid model of in person and telehealth services.
- Adjust care days to 240 (vs 210 in SED).



Hard-to-Reach Communities

- BEI is developing zip code data.
- Basic characteristics, categories which may provide us with an approach to take, then add on a rate modifier.



Zip Codes

- Look at data services, how long does it take on average to start a child's IFSP and see which zip codes take the longest.
- Host of factors that go into this, consider zip code plus other characteristics and develop a rate modifier method.
- The modifier is meant to serve hard to reach families who are not getting services.



Zip Codes (cont'd)

- If we show the impact of the list of characteristics, together with zip codes and BEI data, is that a model that could be doable?
- If we show the impact and what it would additionally add on fiscally to the program if we apply zip codes, etc. to all children.
 It could not be more than 15-20% increase. It needs to be targeted.
- Come up with comparable models to point to CANS. OMH also has rate differentials for many things.



Source Data

- We have to match data that is out there to our own knowledge of where the services are occurring.
- Hard to reach places which are far apart (miles, travel time due to congestion) must be incorporated into our modifier guidance.



Telehealth Concerns and Follow Up

- In rate setting, there needs to be a way to make assumptions as to the legitimacy of keeping the rate the same or changing it. This plays a major role.
- The task force will do some work, and in a week or two find out what information people have gathered. If anyone has other topics of modifications it would be helpful to let the group know.



Parking Lot Issues

 Developmental toddler groups with one-to-one aides will be discussed at our next meeting.



Discussion and Questions?

