

Request for Proposals

RFP # 18695

HCRA and **HFCAP** Performance Audits and Compliance Activities

Issued: February 1st, 2021

DESIGNATED CONTACT:

Pursuant to State Finance Law §§ 139-j and 139-k, the Department of Health identifies the following designated contact to whom all communications attempting to influence the Department of Health's conduct or decision regarding this procurement must be made.

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PERMISSIBLE SUBJECT MATTER CONTACT:

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1.0 CALENDAR OF EVENTS

RFP # 18695 HCRA AND HFCAP PERFORMANCE AUDITS AND COMPLIANCE ACTIVITIES		
EVENT	DATE	
Issuance of Request for Proposals	February 1, 2021	
Deadline for Submission of Written Questions	February 12, 2021 4:00 p.m. ET	
Responses to Written Questions Posted by DOH	On or About March 1, 2021	
Deadline for Submission of Proposals	March 22, 2021 4:00 p.m. ET	
Anticipated Contract Start Date	July 1, 2021	

2.0 OVERVIEW

Through this Request for Proposals ("RFP"), the New York State ("State") Department of Health ("DOH") is seeking competitive proposals from Certified Public Accounting (CPA) firms, independent from the State Medicaid Agency and subject hospitals, to provide services as further detailed in Section 4.0 (Scope of Work). It is the Department's intent to award one (1) contract from this procurement.

2.1 Introductory Background

The Health Care Reform Act (HCRA) was established in 1996 to help finance a portion of state health care activities. Extensions and modifications to HCRA have financed new health care programs.

In order to meet its objectives, the Health Care Reform Act established the HCRA Resources Fund (the Fund), providing a source of funding for many public health care goods, such as Hospital Indigent Care, Elderly Pharmaceutical Insurance Coverage (EPIC), physicians' excess medical malpractice, and working disabled. Additionally, HCRA provides enhanced funding to programs such as Child Health Plus and rural health care initiatives, health workforce retraining, health facility restructuring, AIDS Drug Assistance Program, and cancer initiatives. Finally, the Fund provides offsetting General Fund spending on the Medicaid program.

Since its establishment, the Fund has relied on a variety of sources of revenue to meet its ever evolving programmatic spending objectives. At the time of this RFP's release, \$5.5B in state dollars flow through the Special Revenue Fund annually. Major sources of revenue include various surcharge rates assessed on net patient service revenue at facilities licensed under Article 28 of the Public Health Law (hospitals, diagnostic and treatment centers providing either comprehensive care or ambulatory services), a Covered Lives Assessment per diem imposed on health care payors for each inpatient hospital insured member, a one percent (1%) hospital assessment imposed on hospital's inpatient revenue, and a portion of the State's tobacco tax receipts.

The Health Facility Cash Assessment Program (HFCAP) requires New York State designated providers to pay an assessment on cash operating receipts on a monthly basis under the Health Facility Cash Receipts Assessment Program pursuant to Chapter 1 of the Laws of 2002 as amended by various subsequent period Chapter Laws. The assessment includes Article 28 Residential Health Care Facilities, Article 28 General Hospitals, Article 36 Long Term Home Health Care Programs, Article 36 Certified Home Health Agencies and Personal Care Providers that possess a Title XIX (i.e. Medicaid) contract with a Local Social Services District for the delivery of personal care services pursuant to Section 367-i of the Social Services Law.

2.2 Important Information

The bidder is required to review, and is requested to have legal counsel review, Attachment 8, the DOH Agreement as the Bidder must be willing to enter into an Agreement substantially in accordance with the terms of Attachment 8 should the bidder be selected for contract award. Please note that this RFP and the awarded bidder's proposal will become part of the contract as Appendix B and C, respectively.

It should be noted that Appendix A of Attachment 8, "Standard Clauses for New York State Contracts", contains important information related to the contract to be entered into as a result of this RFP and will be incorporated, without change or amendment, into the contract entered into between DOH and the successful Bidder. By submitting a response to the RFP, the Bidder agrees to comply with all the provisions of Appendix A. Note, Attachment 7, the Bidder's Certifications/Acknowledgements, should be submitted and includes a statement that the bidder accepts, without any added conditions, qualifications or exceptions, the contract terms and conditions contained in this RFP including any exhibits and attachments. It also includes a statement that the bidder acknowledges that, should any alternative proposals or extraneous terms be submitted with the proposal, such alternate proposals or extraneous terms will not be evaluated by the DOH.

Any qualifications or exceptions proposed by a bidder to this RFP should be submitted in writing using the process set forth in <u>Section 5.2</u> (Questions) prior to the deadline for submission of written questions indicated in <u>Section 1.0</u> (Calendar of Events). Any amendments DOH makes to the RFP as a result of questions and answers will be publicized on the DOH web site.

2.3 Term of the Agreement

This contract term is expected to be for a period of five years commencing on the date shown on the Calendar of Events in <u>Section 1.0</u>., subject to the availability of sufficient funding, successful contractor performance, and approvals from the New York State Attorney General (AG) and the Office of the State Comptroller (OSC).

The pricing for years four (4) and five (5) of the contract is subject to an annual increase or decrease as described in Section 5.4.

3.0 BIDDERS QUALIFICATIONS TO PROPOSE

3.1 Minimum Qualifications

NYSDOH will accept proposals from organizations with the following types and levels of experience as a prime contractor.

- Current Independent Certified Public Accounting (CPA) Firm licensed in New York State;
- A minimum of three (3) years' experience auditing a statewide health industry assessment or other provider tax; and
- A minimum of five (5) years' experience auditing the financial reporting of healthcare insurers and healthcare providers (i.e. hospitals, D&TC's, and Ambulatory Surgery Centers).

For the purposes of this RFP, a prime contractor is defined as one who has the contract with the owner of a project or job and has full responsibility for its completion. A prime contractor undertakes to perform a complete contract and may employ (and manage) one or more subcontractors to carry out specific parts of the contract.

Failure to meet these Minimum Qualifications will result in a proposal being found non-responsive and eliminated from consideration.

3.2 Preferred Qualifications

NYSDOH will award additional points to proposals from organizations with the following types and levels of experience. It is not required that bidders meet these "Preferred Qualifications".

• Five (5) years' experience auditing HCRA remitters or other State-level self-reported health care provider tax or assessment receipts.

4.0 SCOPE OF WORK

This Section describes the auditing services that are required to be provided by the selected bidder. The selected bidder must be able to provide all of these services throughout the contract term.

PLEASE NOTE: Bidders will be requested to provide responses that address all of the requirements of this RFP as part of its Technical Proposal.

The terms "bidders", "vendors" and "proposers" are also used interchangeably. For purposes of this RFP, the use of the terms "shall", "must" and "will" are used interchangeably when describing the Contractor's/Bidder's duties.

4.1 Tasks/Deliverables

This RFP seeks to secure a Contractor to conduct audits and other ongoing activities to ensure payor and provider compliance with requirements of the HCRA and HFCAP as set forth in § 2807-c, 2807-d 2807-j, 2807-s, and 2807-t of New York State's Public Health Law (PHL). The aforementioned statutes, referred to generally as the "HCRA Statutes" as well as the governing statute of HFCAP (§2807-d) can be found in Attachment I.

The selected Contractor will be required to perform all of the activities described in this RFP, the Contractor's proposal, and the resultant contract. Such activities shall include, but are not limited to, conducting onsite and desk performance audits, summarizing audit findings, conducting exit conferences, creating audit reports, updating and maintaining educational resources, promoting compliance plans, establishing broad based strategies to target areas of likely noncompliance, and testifying to fact at judicial proceedings.

The selected Contractor will be required to develop statewide audit procedures and perform performance audit services to organizations located throughout the United States. Approximately 50,000 payors and third-party administrators (TPA) of health services payments, as well as approximately 1,000 health care providers are potentially subject to such audits. (Please note that, as described in further detail in Section B 'Tasks' below, only 50-70 audits are planned to be launched annually.) Affected payors include third party insurers, health benefit plans, and self- funded plans that have elected to pay statutorily authorized surcharges and assessments directly to the Department's Office of Pool Administration (OPA), also known as "electors". Affected providers include New York State certified Article 28 general hospitals, certified Article 28 diagnostic and treatment centers (D&TCs) providing a comprehensive range of primary health care services, nursing homes (HFCAP only), personal care providers (HFCAP only) and, certified Article 28 D&TCs providing ambulatory surgical services. For the purposes of this RFP, payors or providers who remit funds directly into the HCRA or HFCAP pools are referred to as "remitters".

The selected Contractor will also be responsible for updating and improving HCRA and HFCAP educational and informational resources, including but not limited to:

- HCRA and HFCAP Educational Web Materials;
- Question and Answer Documentation; and
- Educational Outreach Documents and/or Tools.

Current HCRA and HFCAP educational and informational resources are available at: https://health.ny.gov/regulations/hcra/.

A. Performance Standards/Expectations

Throughout the term of the contract, while conducting the activities outlined in section 4.0 of the RFP, the Contractor:

1. Agrees that no aspect of Contractor's performance under this Agreement will be contingent upon State personnel or the availability of State resources with the exception of such proposed actions of the Contractor which are specifically identified in this Agreement as requiring State approval, policy decisions,

policy approvals, exceptions stated in this Agreement or which require the normal cooperation which would be expected in such a contractual relationship;

- 2. Will submit in writing to the State, within three (3) business days of learning of any situation which can reasonably be expected to adversely affect the operation of any HCRA Audit, a description of the situation including a recommendation for resolution whenever possible;
- 3. Will submit all deliverables within the timeframe allowed for deliverable submission as identified in this RFP and agreed to between the Department of Health and the successful bidder;
- 4. In the event that a submitted deliverable is not satisfactory, the Contractor will address all cited deficiencies communicated by the Department and resubmit the deliverables within one (1) week of receiving the initial communication from the Department. Any deficiencies noted by the Department that relate to resubmitted deliverables will be reported to the contractor in the same manner as the deficiencies related to the original submission of the deliverable;
- 5. Shall recognize and agree that the State may require the Contractor to perform other related tasks, which support the overall scope of work required by this RFP, but are not specifically listed in this RFP;
- 6. Shall assume responsibility for providing and ensuring the compatibility of all electronic equipment and resource needs to support the resulting contract, as identified in Section 4.4 of the RFP; and
- 7. May be required to sign and adhere to the New York State Department of Health Medicaid Data Use Agreement (DUA).

The Department reserves the right to request to implement minor changes to the scope of work of this RFP, in accordance with a State approved schedule, due to changes in policy, regulation, statute, or judicial interpretation.

B. Tasks

The Contractor is tasked with both auditing activities, wherein teams of auditors review the financial reporting of designated remitters as detailed in section I below, and activities designed to increase overall HCRA compliance as detailed in section II below. This includes the use of data analytics to not only assist with macro level analysis of overall HCRA and HFCAP remittances to identify areas of risk, but also increasing educational resources and opportunities to maximize overall compliance based on the results of the contractor's analysis.

The Contractor shall perform HCRA Audit activities and HCRA Compliance activities as described below:

I. HCRA Audit Activities

- a. The Contractor shall complete audit activities annually, and the Contractor and the Department agree that payor and provider audit assignments shall not be limited to any specific ratio of payor versus provider audits. Such audits may include a desk and/or field audit component with a focus on ensuring compliance with all applicable HCRA Statue (see Attachment I).
- b. Using guidelines set forth by the Department after contract approval, the Contractor will conduct a total of 50-70 audits per wave of electing payors and designated providers to establish compliance with HCRA pool surcharge and assessment payment requirements and to determine the amount that HCRA pools were underpaid/overpaid due to noted compliance deficiencies. The HCRA Audit schedule utilized in the most recent contract period can be found below (See Attachment E and Attachment G); however, the Contractor may propose alternate schedules/protocols that are consistent with the stated goals and objectives for the audits to be conducted under the resulting contract.

The table below identifies the approximate year of launch and associated years under audit for the forthcoming audit period.

HCRA Audit Waves

Wave	Year of Launch	Years Under Audit
1	2021	2017-2019
2	2022	2019-2021
3	2023	2021-2022
4	2024	2022-2023
5	2025	2023-2024

- c. Attachments (D through H) detail the historical approach to conducting HCRA Audits and Audit Reporting and are provided for reference only. Specifically, Attachment F details the previously utilized provider audit protocols; Attachment D details the previously utilized payor audit protocols; and, Attachment H gives a prescribed format for the audit reports. As part of Attachment H, sub-attachments labeled H-A through H-E provide the previously used sub-sections of the Audit reports, specifically:
 - Attachment H-A details Surcharge variances;
 - Attachment H-B details CLA variances;
 - Attachment H-C details Alternative Procedures utilized;
 - Attachment H-D provided a decision tree diagram; and,
 - Attachment H-E provided the Auditee's response to findings.

Bidders may recommend any adjustments in proposed approach or schedule provided that they promote an efficient and effective assessment of overall compliance with applicable statute. The Department reserves the right to decide what approach will be used.

- d. The determination of whether an audit shall be conducted as a desk or field audit shall be at the discretion of the Department of Health and shall be based on the data analysis and evaluation of risk of noncompliance described throughout 4.1 (B) ('Tasks'). The contractor shall make recommendations as to auditee selection including providing a recommendation as to whether a desk or field audit is merited. Both desk and field audits should:
 - Drive efforts to determine instances of noncompliance within HCRA pool remittance;
 - Prioritize effective and efficient review to determine noncompliance; and,
 - Expedite the audit timeline.
- e. Desk audits (85% of anticipated audits conducted) shall:
 - Develop and initiate a desk audit approach targeted at identifying noncompliance with HCRA statute;
 - Evaluate overall noncompliance in an expedited timeline utilizing the desk audit approach developed;
 and.
 - Focus on the highest risk areas of likely noncompliance, with remitters targeted for desk audits based on the results of data analytics.
- f. Field audits (15% of anticipated audits conducted) shall:
 - Provide an in-depth analysis of HCRA and/or remittances and associated areas of potential noncompliance;
 - Evaluate overall noncompliance in an efficient timeline; and,
 - Focus on the highest risk areas of likely noncompliance, with remitters targeted for field audits based on the results of data analytics.

II. HCRA Compliance Activities:

1. The Contractor will develop statewide HCRA audit procedures to analyze all remitters to the HCRA pool, with a focus on overall analysis of the multi-billion dollar HCRA remittances. Such statewide procedures

should further the understanding of overall pool remittance including but not limited to: developing high risk indicators and behaviors; increasing real-time ability to detect potential error or noncompliance; and provide up to date information which may be utilized in the Department's overall HCRA compliance activities to further efforts to ensure proper compliance with all applicable New York State statutes and regulations. To accomplish this, work may include, but is not limited to the following:

- a. Reviewing data provided by the Office of Pool Administration (OPA), the State's contracted entity to administer the HCRA Pools;
- b. Reviewing of historical collection rates and trends of revenue collection;
- c. Utilizing analytics, including potential uses for intelligent automation, to collect information on likely instances of or risk of noncompliance with applicable HCRA statutes;
- d. Reviewing and validating HCRA and HFCAP receipts from a process and collection standpoint, working toward addressing issues of noncompliance in real time rather than exclusively retrospectively through audits;
- e. Analyzing and evaluating existing trends within the self-reporting HCRA and HFCAP environments as they relate to accurate and complete implementation of statute; and
- f. Based on trends, identifying the areas at highest risk for noncompliance and target educational information and audit efforts towards these identified areas.
- 2. Develop and update educational resources for remitters, including but not limited to:
 - a. Updating web resources available to the public and providers including but not limited to:
 - i. The HCRA Provider List;
 - ii. The HCRA Insurer Survey; and
 - iii. HCRA Q&A's posted on the web;
 - b. Current materials can be found at: https://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/hcra/index.htm
 - c. Developing new materials to introduce new remitters to the HCRA process; and
 - d. Establishing and distributing educational materials to all remitters designed to increase compliance.
- 3. Provide guidance in the development of Corrective Action Plans by remitters with a determined compliance problem.
- 4. Provide ongoing technical assistance to the Department of Health, including but not limited to:
 - Reviewing and cataloguing historically distributed HCRA and HFCAP policy guidance and decisions.
 - b. Condensing existing HCRA policy guidance into a more accessible, cohesive, and usable format including:
 - i. Historical Dear Administrator Letters (DALs);
 - ii. Guidance given during audit; and
 - iii. Guidance contained within the Q&A's.

III. Consulting Services

Additional ad hoc consulting and financial/accounting technical assistance may be required to meet Department needs related to HCRA and HFCAP Revenue projections, developing additional guidance to increase HCRA and HFCAP compliance, and responding to changes in State and Federal policy, law, and regulation. Additionally, additional services may be needed to accommodate changes in the healthcare and insurance landscape in New York State.

It is estimated that the Contractor may incur approximately 1,000 hours of consultant work per contract year (see Attachment B, Cost Proposal). This is an estimated number of hours. Actual hours may be higher or lower. There is no guarantee of actual hours. (See Section 5.4 Payment).

A. Consultant Services

The Contractor will be required to provide consulting services to the Department related to HCRA and HFCAP Revenue projections, developing additional guidance to increase HCRA and HFCAP compliance, and responding

to changes in State and Federal policy, law, and regulation. Such services may include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Conducting ad-hoc HCRA/HFCAP analysis as required by the Department;
- 2. Utilizing existing and historical HCRA/HFCAP information to develop policy guidance and/or policy advisement towards future actions;
- 3. Providing feedback and recommendations on HCRA/HFCAP projections; and,
- Deliver additional reporting to the Department related to requested analysis as detailed in the developed and approved task orders.

B. Task Order Request Process

- 1. For the duration of the contract, the Department will require the contractor to provide consulting services. The specific tasks to be performed under the scope of this contract will be intermittent and the completion of these tasks will be required within the timeframes prescribed in the task order request.
- 2. The Department will initiate the task order request utilizing the process detailed below:
- 3. The Department will submit the task order request via email to the contractor. The task order request will include the specific deliverables required and may include the timeframe in which it will be completed. The contractor must draft a Statement of Work plan (SOW) to complete the deliverables requested in the task order. The SOW must include the job titles with the corresponding estimated number of hours per title to complete the deliverable(s) and a timeline to complete the deliverables. The SOW must be received within the timeframe stated by the Department in the task order request.
- 4. Upon receipt of the SOW, the Department will review the SOW and negotiate any changes deemed prior to the Department's final approval. The task order must be approved by the Department prior to the start of work.

4.2 Staffing

The Contractor will conduct recruitment, organization, and training efforts that will provide for an adequate number of appropriately trained and qualified individuals to coordinate, manage, and conduct the audits, and carry out the tasks and deliverables outlined in section 4.0. The Contractor will ensure that the staffing needs of the program are met on an ongoing basis.

1. Provide a core team of individuals with experience and skills sufficient to accomplish the tasks outlined in section 4.0 of this RFP. This team should include:

Staffing Requirements

Title	Experience	Responsibilities
Project Coordinator (Must be a partner, Principal, or a title equivalent in the contractor's firm)	 At least seven (8) years' experience in health care financing reimbursement methodology and Medicaid and Medicare cost reporting. 	 Coordinate all HCRA audit activities, analyze data and respond to the Department's management information needs; and, Participate in meetings with the Department to attest to audit findings, if requested by the Department.

Audit Manager/ Manager	 CPA and able to operate independently from the Medicaid Agency or subject hospitals; and, At least five (5) years' experience with generally accepted accounting principles and financial statement auditing standards; and, Experience must be met through experience with United States principles and standards through contracting with a State agency; and, The five (5) years' experience must have occurred within the last seven (7) years. 	 For Audit: Respond to the Department personnel and management via telephone and/or email and coordinate requested audit status meetings to apprise the Department of audit issues and status; and, For Audit: Develop written audit guide policy and procedure manual and related documents. For HCRA Compliance Activities: Complete tasks as specified within the individual activity or relevant task order.
Audit Team Members/ Administrative Staff/ Associate	Experience with generally accepted accounting principles and financial statement auditing standards; and, Experience must be met through experience with United States principles and standards.	 Assist with conducting HCRA and HFCAP audits as required; and, Organize, prepare, and carry out all administrative tasks associated with conducting HCRA and/or HFCAP audits and submitting the resulting audit reports.

2. For all task orders entered into by the Department and the Contractor, provide staff with the following levels of experience in the Staffing Requirements Table per title identified on the Attachment B: Cost Proposal;

Title	Experience
Partner/Principal	 At least seven (7) years' experience in health care financing reimbursement methodology; and CPA with at least seven (7) years' experience with generally accepted accounting principles and financial statement auditing standards.
Manager	CPA with at least five (5) years' experience with generally accepted accounting principles and financial statement auditing standards.
Associate	At least two (2) years' experience in healthcare cost reporting and generally accepted accounting principles and financial statement auditing

- 3. The responsibilities of each HCRA Compliance activities title will be determined during activity plan development and negotiation;
- 4. The Contractor shall provide additional staff who possess strong attributes to the appropriate tasks outlined in this RFP. Specifically, the contractor should have:
 - Individuals with extensive experience related to health care surcharges on this team;
 - Knowledge of payor and provider billing systems and conventions;
 - Knowledge and background of New York State healthcare policy;
 - Individuals with auditing backgrounds;
 - Experience with data analytics, including experience with large datasets, knowledge of the State's

- Medicaid data systems, Medicaid programs. Proficiency in SQL and SAS is preferred;
- Experience providing the type of large scale data analytics identified in 4.1 B. ('Tasks') II ('Compliance Activities').
- 5. The Contractor shall provide additional management and administrative support staff necessary to organize, prepare and carry out all administrative tasks associated with conducting the above-described tasks and submitting resultant reports;
- 6. The Contractor shall maintain the staffing levels and personnel as provided in the Contractor's proposal, except as approved by the State or caused by resignations or other situations which, in the State's judgment, are beyond the Contractor's control. If a member of a team needs to be replaced, such replacements shall be evaluated by the Department and acceptance is subject to Department's approval;
- 7. Provide ongoing training initiatives to ensure all Contractor and subcontractor staff are appropriately trained and that protocols provide for consistency among staff and the analysis of findings; and,
- 8. The Contractor will be required to submit resumes of staff assigned to the consulting work for the Department's review, prior to the start of work. At any time throughout the course of the contract, the Department reserves the right to approve or disapprove the contractor's proposed staffing, including consultants or subcontractors and may request a replacement of such staffing, consultant, or subcontractor, as needed.
- 9. The selected contractor will be required to perform performance audit services in organizations located throughout the United States. The Contractor must locate its office and key project staff in a single location within fifty (50) miles of the Capitol building in Albany, New York. This will ensure that travel costs, resulting from routine status meetings between the Contractor and the Department, are kept to a minimum. Furthermore, it ensures that consistent security and confidentiality measures are implemented and monitored with regard to the personal and confidential information in the Contractor's custody.

4.3 Reporting

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for following the steps and completing the reporting tasks and deliverables meeting the goals specified in the audit schedules provided in Attachments D,E,F,G and H.
- 2. The Contractor will be responsible for providing the Department with preliminary results, draft and final audit reports. The Contractor shall timely submit all required reports (Status Reports, Preliminary Results Document, Draft and Final Audit Reports) in accordance with the schedule to be determined by the State. Audit Reports should contain all deliverables set forth by the State in accordance with Attachments D, E, F, and G or other agreed upon reporting format, as appropriate. Draft and Final audit reports or alternate agreed upon reporting provided in lieu of these reports must contain the original signature of the Partner in charge or other duly authorized person who is a New York State Certified Public Accountant. The Department will prescribe the content and format of such reports.
- 3. The Contractor will be responsible for providing the Department and the Auditee with a Final Audit Report that meets the goals set forth by the State in accordance with Attachments D,E,F, and G or alternate agreed upon reporting document.
- 4. The Contractor will be responsible for providing the Department with reports of audit status as prescribed by the Department but no less than biweekly.
- 5. The Contractor shall submit reports, which in the reasonable judgment of the State, are fully supported by work papers, which are organized, accurate and signed and dated by both the preparer and the preparer's supervisor.
- 6. The Contractor shall maintain work papers that, in the reasonable judgment of the State, contain sufficient detail so as to allow a conclusion to be drawn without oral explanation and/or clarification being required

by the preparer.

- 7. The Contractor shall maintain work papers and evidence containing sufficient information to enable an experienced auditor, having no previous connection with the audit, to validate the auditor's significant conclusions and judgments. Such evidence shall include, but not be limited to, documentation, analyses, and data either received from the auditee and/or generated by the contractor and/or obtained from other sources.
- 8. The Department shall be the owner of the work papers/evidence. The Contractor will retain the work papers/evidence for the balance of the calendar year in which they were generated/acquired and for six (6) additional years thereafter, and will provide the Department timely access to the work papers/evidence as requested.
- 9. For work specified in Section 4.1.B (II): HCRA Compliance Activities, the Contractor shall submit monthly progress reports before the submission of monthly vouchers. These progress reports shall consist of:
 - a. Activity conducted in the voucher month;
 - b. A summary and highlight of significant progress areas;
 - c. A summary of accomplishments in each activity area where work was performed;
 - d. A listing of all developed materials for each program;
 - e. All counts of meetings attended by program;
 - f. A breakdown of hours by Title for each program; and
 - g. A summary of overall updates and changes to each program.

4.4 Information Technology

- 1. Within 90 days of contract approval, the Contractor must have a fully functional and operating web-based interface to assist with the completion of the HCRA/HFCAP Audits and Compliance Activities. The interface will also be utilized by impacted providers to ensure consistency related to all audit data. The Contractor's provided interface is subject to the review and approval of the Department prior to use. At a minimum, the interface must allow for:
 - a. Real-time data collection functionality to import remitter data;
 - b. Internet-based remote access to providers, allowing the providers to electronically upload audit data directly into the interface in real-time;
 - c. Real-time internet-based remote access to audit data for Department Staff;
 - d. Operation on a secure server and accessible only with a username and credential unique to each user and auditee is entered; and,
 - e. Allow for modification throughout the contract term based on feedback from the Department, providers, or any changes in regulations mandated by CMS at no additional costs to the Department. The Department anticipates the need for one (1) annual modification of the interface.
- 2. In the event, that additional information needs to be shared electronically outside of the web-based interface, the Contractor will be required to interface with each auditee through:
 - a. Secure Email, including:
 - i. Strong password protection, including password rotations;
 - ii. Encryption of all transmitted emails; and
 - iii. Inclusion of anti-virus and anti-spam applications; and/or
 - b. Secure Fax, including:
 - i. Encryption for transmission of digital faxes; and
 - ii. Ensuring the faxing process meet the appropriate HIPAA requirements.

- 3. Within the first 45 days of the contract approval from OSC, the Contractor must provide to the Department a security plan that describes how its interface will be in compliance with all applicable NYS Security policies and standards as described in Section 4.5 for the Department's review and approval.
- 4. The selected Contractor shall comply with all privacy and security policies and procedures of the Department (https://its.ny.gov/eiso/policies/security) and applicable state and federal law and administrative guidance with respect to the performance of this contract. The Contractor is required, if applicable, to execute a number of security and privacy agreements with the Department including a Business Associate Agreement and a Data Use Agreement (DUA) at contract signing.
- The application and all systems and components supporting it, including but not limited to any forms and databases that include Personal Health, Personal Identification or other New York State information, must comply with all NYS security policies and standards listed at http://its.ny.gov/tables/technologypolicyindex.htm.

4.5 Security

The selected Contractor shall comply with all privacy and security policies and procedures of the Department (https://its.ny.gov/eiso/policies/security) and applicable state and federal law and administrative guidance with respect to the performance of this contract. The Contractor is required, if applicable, to execute a number of security and privacy agreements with the Department including a Business Associate Agreement and a Data Use Agreement (DUA) at contract signing.

The Contractor is expected to provide secure and confidential backup, storage and transmission for hard copy and electronically stored information. Under no circumstances will any records be released to any person, agency, or organization without specific written permission of the DOH. The Contractor is obligated to ensure any Subcontractor hired by Contractor who stores, processes, analyzes or transmits MCD on behalf of Contractor has the appropriate Security requirements in place. Contractor is required to include in all contracts and Business Associate Agreements with their Subcontractors language surrounding the security and privacy requirements as well as the language contained in the Confidentiality Language for Third Parties section of the DUA. If any breach or suspected breach of the data or confidentiality occurs, whether the breach occurred with the Contractor or Subcontractor, DOH must be notified immediately.

The contractor is required to maintain and provide to the Department upon request their data confidentiality plans and procedures for meeting security requirements as they relate to the deliverables and services within this RFP, including all plans as they relate to subcontractor work where applicable.

The contractor will develop and maintain adequate fully trained staff to respond to all stakeholder inquiries while protecting confidentiality and maintaining the security and integrity of all systems. Staff must be trained to understand and observe requirements related to confidentiality and operating guidelines for functions included in this RFP.

The Contractor will comply fully with all current and future updates of the security procedures of the DOH/HRI, as well as with all applicable State and federal requirements, in performance of this contract.

4.6 Transition

The transition represents a period when the current contract activities performed by the Contractor must be turned over to the Department, another Department agent or successor Contractor during or at the end of the contract.

The Contractor shall ensure that any transition to the Department, Departmental agency or successor Contractor be done in a way that provides the Department with uninterrupted audit services. This includes a complete and total transfer of all data, files, reports, and records generated from the inception of the contract through the end of the contract to the Department or another Department agent should that be required during or upon expiration of its contract.

The contractor shall provide technical and business process support as necessary and required by the Department to transition and assume contract requirements to the Department or another Department agent should that be required during or at the end of the contract.

The contractor shall manage and maintain the appropriate number of staff to meet all requirements listed in the RFP during the transition. All reporting and record requirements, security standards, and performance standards are still in effect during the transition period.

The contractor is required to develop a work plan and timeline to securely and smoothly transfer any data and records generated from the inception of the Contract through the end of the contract to the Department or another Department agent should that be required during or upon expiration of its contract. The plan and documentation must be submitted to the Department no later than four (4) months before the last day of its contract with the Department of Health or upon request of the Department.

5.0 ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

The following administrative information will apply to this RFP. Failure to comply fully with this information may result in disqualification of your proposal.

5.1 Restricted Period

"Restricted period" means the period of time commencing with the earliest written notice, advertisement, or solicitation of a Request for Proposals ("RFP"), Invitation for Bids ("IFB"), or solicitation of proposals, or any other method for soliciting a response from Bidders intending to result in a procurement contract with DOH and ending with the final contract award and approval by DOH and, where applicable, final contract approval by the Office of the State Comptroller.

This prohibition applies to any oral, written, or electronic communication under circumstances where a reasonable person would infer that the communication was intended to influence this procurement. Violation of any of the requirements described in this Section may be grounds for a determination that the bidder is non-responsible and therefore ineligible for this contract award. Two (2) violations within four (4) years of the rules against impermissible contacts during the "restricted period" may result in the violator being debarred from participating in DOH procurements for a period of four (4) years.

Pursuant to State Finance Law §§ 139-j and 139-k, the Department of Health identifies a designated contact on face page of this RFP to whom all communications attempting to influence this procurement must be made.

5.2 Questions

There will be an opportunity available for submission of written questions and requests for clarification with regard to this RFP. All questions and requests for clarification of this RFP should cite the particular RFP Section and paragraph number where applicable and must be submitted via email to ohipcontracts@health.ny.gov. It is the bidder's responsibility to ensure that email containing written questions and/or requests for clarification is received at the above address no later than the Deadline for Submission of Written Questions as specified in Section 1.0 (Calendar of Events). Questions received after the deadline may **not** be answered.

5.3 Right to Modify RFP

DOH reserves the right to modify any part of this RFP, including but not limited to, the date and time by which proposals must be submitted and received by DOH, at any time prior to the Deadline for Submission of Proposals listed in <u>Section 1.0</u> (Calendar of Events). Modifications to this RFP shall be made by issuance of amendments and/or addenda.

Prior to the Deadline for Submission of Proposals, any such clarifications or modifications as deemed necessary by DOH will be posted to the DOH website.

If the bidder discovers any ambiguity, conflict, discrepancy, omission, or other error in this RFP, the Bidder shall immediately notify DOH of such error in writing at ohipcontracts@health.ny.gov

and request clarification or modification of the document.

If, prior to the Deadline for Submission of Proposals, a bidder fails to notify DOH of a known error or an error that reasonably should have been known, the bidder shall assume the risk of proposing. If awarded the contract, the bidder shall not be entitled to additional compensation by reason of the error or its correction.

5.4 Payment

The contractor shall submit invoices and/or vouchers to the State's designated payment office:

Preferred Method: Email a .pdf copy of your signed voucher to the BSC at: AccountsPayable@ogs.ny.gov with a subject field as follows:

Subject: Unit ID: 3450445 Contract #: TBD

Alternate Method: Mail vouchers to BSC at the following U.S. postal address:

NYS Department of Health Unit ID 3450445 c/o NYS OGS BSC Accounts Payable Building 5, 5th Floor 1220 Washington Ave. Albany, NY 12226-1900

Payment for invoices and/or vouchers submitted by the CONTRACTOR shall only be rendered electronically unless payment by paper check is expressly authorized by the Commissioner, in the Commissioner's sole discretion, due to extenuating circumstances. Such electronic payment shall be made in accordance with ordinary State procedures and practices. The CONTRACTOR shall comply with the State Comptroller's procedures to authorize electronic payments. Authorization forms are available at the State Comptroller's website at www.osc.state.ny.us/epay/index.htm, by email at epayments@osc.state.ny.us or by telephone at 518-474-6019. CONTRACTOR acknowledges that it will not receive payment on any invoices and/or vouchers submitted under this Contract if it does not comply with the State Comptroller's electronic payment procedures, except where the Commissioner has expressly authorized payment by paper check as set forth above.

In addition to the Electronic Payment Authorization Form, a Substitute Form W-9 must be on file with the Office of the State Comptroller, Bureau of Accounting Operations. Additional information and procedures for enrollment can be found at http://www.osc.state.nv.us/epay.

Completed W-9 forms should be submitted to the following address:

NYS Office of the State Comptroller Bureau of Accounting Operations Warrant & Payment Control Unit 110 State Street, 9th Floor Albany, NY 12236

Payment of such invoices and/or vouchers by the State (NYS Department of Health) shall be made in accordance with Article XI-A of the New York State Finance Law. Payment terms will be:

- a. For all desk audits conducted, the Contractor is required to provide an all-inclusive deliverable price in the contractor's Attachment B: Cost Proposal. The Contractor will be paid upon completion of the desk audit based upon its all-inclusive deliverable price included in Attachment B: Cost Proposal.
 - a. The Department anticipates the desk audits to consist of 85% of the overall audits conducted.
- b. For all field audits conducted, the Contractor is required to provide an all-inclusive deliverable price in the Contractor's Attachment B: Cost Proposal. The Contractor will be paid upon completion of the field audit

based upon its all-inclusive deliverable price included in Attachment B: Cost Proposal.

- a. The Department anticipates the fields audits to consist of 15% of the overall audits conducted.
- c. For Compliance Activities identified in section 4.1.B.II, the Contractor is required to provide an annual price for completion of such work. For the compliance activities services, payment will be made to the Contractor monthly, upon completion and acceptance by the Department of all deliverables/milestones towards completion of the tasks described in 4.1.B.II. The monthly contract amount to be paid will equate to 1/12th of the proposed annual Compliance Activities bid price identified in Attachment B. Such price shall include costs related to:
 - a. Developing statewide HCRA audit procedures;
 - b. Develop and update educational resources for remitters, including but not limited to:
 - c. Updating web resources available to the public and providers including but not limited to:
 - i. The HCRA Provider List;
 - ii. The HCRA Insurer Survey; and
 - iii. HCRA Q&A's posted on the web;
 - d. Developing new materials to introduce new remitters to the HCRA process; and
 - e. Establishing and distributing educational materials to all remitters designed to increase compliance.
 - f. Providing guidance in the development of Corrective Action Plans by remitters with a determined compliance problem.
 - g. Reviewing and cataloguing historically distributed HCRA and HFCAP policy guidance and decisions.
 - h. Condensing existing HCRA policy guidance into a more accessible, cohesive, and usable format.
- d. For Consulting Services, identified in Section 4.1.B.III of the RFP, payment will be made to the Contractor monthly, upon completion and acceptance by the Department of all deliverables/milestones in the task order. Payment will be paid on an hourly basis, for the actual number of hours worked, not to exceed the amount agreed upon in the SOW, as approved by the Department.
 - a. To receive payment for consulting services, the Contractor must submit an invoice that contains the following:
 - i. An identification of the task order number;
 - ii. A listing by job title of the actual number of hours worked for each staff and their applicable contracted hourly bid price per Attachment B: Cost Proposal;
 - iii. A summary of tasks/milestones completed by each staff member identified in the Task Order;
 - iv. Any applicable reports developed in compliance with a developed task order;
 - b. In the event a submitted deliverable/milestone is not satisfactory, the Contractor will be required to correct the deficiencies as outlined in Section 4.1.A.4 prior to receiving payment for that month of work;
 - c. The number of hours included in the Attachment B: Cost Proposal for Consulting Services is an estimate. Actual hours may be higher or lower. There is no guarantee of actual hours.
- e. The contractor's prices provided in Attachment B will reflect all costs related to materials, labor, equipment, profit, overhead, meetings, travel, reporting, analysis and training, and any other costs required to complete the audits and compliance activities. The Contractor will not be reimbursed for any costs outside of the prices provided in their cost proposal. Payment shall be contingent upon the full and proper performance to the satisfaction of the department, by the Contractor, of the audit activities specified in the Agreement and RFP. In the event of misunderstanding of any requirements, deliverables, or services to be provided; the Contractor shall make the necessary adjustments or corrections at no additional cost to the State.

Price Adjustment Clause

The pricing for years four (4) and five (5) of the contract is subject to an annual increase or decrease of the lesser of three percent (3%) or the percent increase or decrease in the National Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U), All Items (CUUR0000SA0), as published by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics,

Washington, D.C., 20212 for the 12 month period ending ninety (90) days prior to the renewal date for years four (4) and five (5) of the contract.

5.5 Minority & Woman-Owned Business Enterprise Requirements

Pursuant to New York State Executive Law Article 15-A, the New York State Department of Health ("DOH") recognizes its obligation to promote opportunities for maximum feasible participation of certified minority-and women-owned business enterprises and the employment of minority group members and women in the performance of DOH contracts.

In 2006, the State of New York commissioned a disparity study to evaluate whether minority and women-owned business enterprises had a full and fair opportunity to participate in state contracting. The findings of the study were published on April 29, 2010, under the title "The State of Minority and Women-Owned Business Enterprises: Evidence from New York" ("Disparity Study"). The report found evidence of statistically significant disparities between the level of participation of minority-and women-owned business enterprises in state procurement contracting versus the number of minority-and women-owned business enterprises that were ready, willing and able to participate in state procurements. As a result of these findings, the Disparity Study made recommendations concerning the implementation and operation of the statewide certified minority- and women-owned business enterprises program. The recommendations from the Disparity Study culminated in the enactment and the implementation of New York State Executive Law Article 15-A, which requires, among other things, that DOH establish goals for maximum feasible participation of New York State Certified minority- and women – owned business enterprises ("MWBE") and the employment of minority groups members and women in the performance of New York State contracts.

Business Participation Opportunities for MWBEs

For purposes of this solicitation, DOH hereby establishes an overall goal of **30**% for MWBE participation, **15**% for Minority-Owned Business Enterprises ("MBE") participation and **15**% for Women-Owned Business Enterprises ("WBE") participation (based on the current availability of qualified MBEs and WBEs and outreach efforts to certified MWBE firms). A contractor ("Contractor") on the subject contract ("Contract") must document good faith efforts to provide meaningful participation by MWBEs as subcontractors or suppliers in the performance of the Contract and Contractor agrees that DOH may withhold payment pending receipt of the required MWBE documentation. For guidance on how DOH will determine "good faith efforts," refer to 5 NYCRR §142.8.

The directory of New York State Certified MWBEs can be viewed at: https://ny.newnycontracts.com. The directory is found in the upper right hand side of the webpage under "Search for Certified Firms" and accessed by clicking on the link entitled "MWBE Directory". Engaging with firms found in the directory with like product(s) and/or service(s) is strongly encouraged and all communication efforts and responses should be well documented.

By submitting a bid, a bidder agrees to complete an MWBE Utilization Plan (<u>Attachment 5</u>, Form #1) of this RFP. DOH will review the submitted MWBE Utilization Plan. If the plan is not accepted, DOH may issue a notice of deficiency. If a notice of deficiency is issued, Bidder agrees that it shall respond to the notice of deficiency within seven (7) business days of receipt. DOH may disqualify a Bidder as being non-responsive under the following circumstances:

- a) If a Bidder fails to submit a MWBE Utilization Plan;
- b) If a Bidder fails to submit a written remedy to a notice of deficiency:
- c) If a Bidder fails to submit a request for waiver (if applicable); or
- d) If DOH determines that the Bidder has failed to document good-faith efforts;

The Contractor will be required to attempt to utilize, in good faith, any MBE or WBE identified within its MWBE Utilization Plan, during the performance of the Contract. Requests for a partial or total waiver of established goal requirements made subsequent to Contract Award may be made at any time during the term of the Contract to DOH, but must be made no later than prior to the submission of a request for final payment on the Contract.

The Contractor will be required to submit a Contractor's Quarterly M/WBE Contractor Compliance & Payment Report to the DOH, by the 10th day following each end of quarter over the term of the Contract documenting the progress made toward achievement of the MWBE goals of the Contract.

If the Contractor is found to have willfully and intentionally failed to comply with the MWBE participation goals set forth in the Contract, such finding will constitute a breach of Contract and DOH may withhold payment from the Contractor as liquidated damages.

Such liquidated damages shall be calculated as an amount equaling the difference between: (1) all sums identified for payment to MWBEs had the Contractor achieved the contractual MWBE goals; and (2) all sums actually paid to MWBEs for work performed or materials supplied under the Contract.

New York State certified Minority- and Women-Owned Businesses (M/WBE) may request that their firm's contact information be included on a list of M/WBE firms interested in serving as a subcontractor for this procurement. The listing will be publicly posted on the Department's website for reference by the bidding community. A firm requesting inclusion on this list should send contact information and a copy of its NYS M/WBE certification to ohipcontracts@health.ny.gov before the Deadline for Questions as specified in Section 1.0 (Calendar of Events). Nothing prohibits an M/WBE Vendor from proposing as a prime contractor.

Please Note: Failure to comply with the foregoing requirements may result in a finding of non-responsiveness, non-responsibility and/or a breach of the Contract, leading to the withholding of funds, suspension or termination of the Contract or such other actions or enforcement proceedings as allowed by the Contract.

5.6 Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Reporting

By submission of a bid in response to this solicitation, the Bidder agrees with all of the terms and conditions of Attachment 8 Appendix A including Clause 12 - Equal Employment Opportunities for Minorities and Women. Additionally, the successful bidder will be required to certify they have an acceptable EEO (Equal Employment Opportunity) policy statement in accordance with Section III of Appendix M in Attachment 8.

Further, pursuant to Article 15 of the Executive Law (the "Human Rights Law"), all other State and Federal statutory and constitutional non-discrimination provisions, the Contractor and sub-contractors will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, creed (religion), color, sex, national origin, sexual orientation, military status, age, disability, predisposing genetic characteristic, marital status or domestic violence victim status, and shall also follow the requirements of the Human Rights Law with regard to non-discrimination on the basis of prior criminal conviction and prior arrest.

The Contractor is required to ensure that it and any subcontractors awarded a subcontract over \$25,000 for the construction, demolition, replacement, major repair, renovation, planning or design of real property and improvements thereon (the "Work"), except where the Work is for the beneficial use of the Contractor, undertake or continue programs to ensure that minority group members and women are afforded equal employment opportunities without discrimination because of race, creed, color, national origin, sex, age, disability or marital status. For these purposes, equal opportunity shall apply in the areas of recruitment, employment, job assignment, promotion, upgrading, demotion, transfer, layoff, termination, and rates of pay or other forms of compensation. This requirement does not apply to: (i) work, goods, or services unrelated to the Contract; or (ii) employment outside New York State.

To ensure compliance with this Section, the Bidder should submit with the bid or proposal an Equal Employment Opportunity Staffing Plan (<u>Attachment 5</u>, Form #4) identifying the anticipated work force to be utilized on the Contract. Additionally, the Bidder should submit a Minority and Women-Owned Business Enterprises and Equal Employment Opportunity Policy Statement (<u>Attachment 5</u>, Form # 5), to DOH with their bid or proposal.

5.7 Sales and Compensating Use Tax Certification (Tax Law, § 5-a)

Section 5-a of the Tax Law, as amended, effective April 26, 2006, requires certain contractors awarded state contracts for commodities, services and technology valued at more than \$100,000 to certify to the Department of Tax and Finance (DTF) that they are registered to collect New York State and local sales and compensating use taxes. The law applies to contracts where the total amount of such contractors' sales delivered into New York State are in excess of \$300,000 for the four quarterly periods immediately preceding the quarterly period in which the certification is made, and with respect to any affiliates and subcontractors whose sales delivered into New York State exceeded \$300,000 for the four quarterly periods immediately preceding the quarterly period in which the certification is made.

This law imposes upon certain contractors the obligation to certify whether or not the contractor, its affiliates, and its subcontractors are required to register to collect state sales and compensating use tax and contractors must certify to DTF that each affiliate and subcontractor exceeding such sales threshold is registered with DTF to collect New York State and local sales and compensating use taxes. The law prohibits the State Comptroller, or other approving agencies, from approving a contract awarded to an offerer meeting the registration requirements but who is not so registered in accordance with the law.

The successful Bidder must file a properly completed Form ST-220-CA with the Department of Health and Form ST-220-TD with the DTF. These requirements must be met before a contract may take effect. Further information can be found at the New York State Department of Taxation and Finance's website, available through this link: http://www.tax.ny.gov/pdf/publications/sales/pub223.pdf.

Forms are available through these links:

- ST-220 CA: http://www.tax.ny.gov/pdf/current-forms/st/st220ca-fill-in.pdf
- ST-220 TD: http://www.tax.ny.gov/pdf/current_forms/st/st220td_fill_in.pdf

5.8 Contract Insurance Requirements

Prior to the start of work under this Contract, the CONTRACTOR shall procure, at its sole cost and expense, and shall maintain in force at all times during the term of this Contract, insurance of the types and in the amounts set forth in Attachment 8, the New York State Department of Health Contract, Section IV. Contract Insurance Requirements as well as below.

5.9 Subcontracting

Bidder's may propose the use of a subcontractor. The Contractor shall obtain prior written approval from NYSDOH before entering into an agreement for services to be provided by a subcontractor. The Contractor is solely responsible for assuring that the requirements of the RFP are met. All subcontracts shall contain provisions specifying that the work performed by the subcontractor must be in accordance with the terms of the prime contract, and that the subcontractor specifically agrees to be bound by the confidentiality provisions set forth in the agreement between the DOH and the Contractor. DOH reserves the right to request removal of any bidder's staff or subcontractor's staff if, in DOH's discretion, such staff is not performing in accordance with the Agreement. Subcontractors whose contracts are valued at or above \$100,000 will be required to submit the Vendor Responsibility Questionnaire upon selection of the prime contractor.

5.10 DOH's Reserved Rights

The Department of Health reserves the right to:

- 1. Reject any or all proposals received in response to the RFP;
- 2. Withdraw the RFP at any time, at the agency's sole discretion;
- 3. Make an award under the RFP in whole or in part;
- 4. Disqualify any bidder whose conduct and/or proposal fails to conform to the requirements of the RFP;
- 5. Seek clarifications and revisions of proposals;
- 6. Use proposal information obtained through site visits, management interviews and the state's investigation of a bidder's qualifications, experience, ability or financial standing, and any material or information submitted by the bidder in response to the agency's request for clarifying information in the course of evaluation and/or selection under the RFP;
- 7. Prior to the bid opening, amend the RFP specifications to correct errors or oversights, or to supply

- additional information, as it becomes available;
- 8. Prior to the bid opening, direct bidders to submit proposal modifications addressing subsequent RFP amendments:
- 9. Change any of the scheduled dates;
- 10. Eliminate any mandatory, non-material specifications that cannot be complied with by all of the prospective bidders;
- 11. Waive any requirements that are not material;
- 12. Negotiate with the successful bidder within the scope of the RFP in the best interests of the state;
- 13. Conduct contract negotiations with the next responsible bidder, should the Department be unsuccessful in negotiating with the selected bidder;
- 14. Utilize any and all ideas submitted in the proposals received;
- 15. Every offer shall be firm and not revocable for a period of three hundred and sixty-five days from the bid opening, to the extent not inconsistent with section 2-205 of the uniform commercial code. Subsequent to such three hundred and sixty- five days, any offer is subject to withdrawal communicated in a writing signed by the offerer; and,
- 16. Require clarification at any time during the procurement process and/or require correction of arithmetic or other apparent errors for the purpose of assuring a full and complete understanding of an offerer's proposal and/or to determine an offerer's compliance with the requirements of the solicitation.

5.11 Freedom of Information Law ("FOIL")

All proposals may be disclosed or used by DOH to the extent permitted by law. DOH may disclose a proposal to any person for the purpose of assisting in evaluating the proposal or for any other lawful purpose. All proposals will become State agency records, which will be available to the public in accordance with the Freedom of Information Law. Any portion of the proposal that a Bidder believes constitutes proprietary information entitled to confidential handling, as an exception to the Freedom of Information Law, must be clearly and specifically designated in the proposal as directed in Section 6.1 (D) of the RFP. If DOH agrees with the proprietary claim, the designated portion of the proposal will be withheld from public disclosure. Blanket assertions of proprietary material will not be accepted, and failure to specifically designate proprietary material may be deemed a waiver of any right to confidential handling of such material.

5.12 Lobbying

Chapter 1 of the Laws of 2005, as amended by Chapter 596 of the Laws of 2005, made significant changes as it pertains to development of procurement contracts with governmental entities. The changes included:

- a) made the lobbying law applicable to attempts to influence procurement contracts once the procurement process has been commenced by a state agency, unified court system, state legislature, public authority, certain industrial development agencies and local benefit corporations;
- required the above mentioned governmental entities to record all contacts made by lobbyists and contractors about a governmental procurement so that the public knows who is contacting governmental entities about procurements;
- c) required governmental entities to designate persons who generally may be the only staff contacted relative to the governmental procurement by that entity in a restricted period;
- authorized the New York State Commission on Public Integrity, (now New York State Joint Commission on Public Ethics), to impose fines and penalties against persons/organizations engaging in impermissible contacts about a governmental procurement and provides for the debarment of repeat violators;
- e) directed the Office of General Services to disclose and maintain a list of non-responsible bidders pursuant to this new law and those who have been debarred and publish such list on its website;

- f) required the timely disclosure of accurate and complete information from offerers with respect to determinations of non-responsibility and debarment; (Bidders responding to this RFP should submit a completed and signed Attachment 1, "Prior Non-Responsibility Determination".)
- g) increased the monetary threshold which triggers a lobbyists obligation under the Lobbying Act from \$2,000 to \$5,000; and
- h) established the Advisory Council on Procurement Lobbying.

Subsequently, Chapter 14 of the Laws of 2007 amended the Lobbying Act of the Legislative Law, particularly as it related to specific aspects of procurements as follows: (i) prohibiting lobbyists from entering into retainer agreements on the outcome of government grant making or other agreement involving public funding; and (ii) reporting lobbying efforts for grants. Joans and other disbursements of public funds over \$15,000.

The most notable, however, was the increased penalties provided under Section 20 of Chapter 14 of the Laws of 2007, which replaced old penalty provisions and the addition of a suspension option for lobbyists engaged in repeated violations. Further amendments to the Lobbying Act were made in Chapter 4 of the Laws of 2010.

Questions regarding the registration and operation of the Lobbying Act should be directed to the New York State Joint Commission on Public Ethics.

5.13 State Finance Law Consultant Disclosure Provisions

In accordance with New York State Finance Law Section 163(4)(g), State agencies must require all contractors, including subcontractors, that provide consulting services for State purposes pursuant to a contract to submit an annual employment report for each such contract.

The successful bidder for procurements involving consultant services must complete a "State Consultant Services Form A, Contractor's Planned Employment From Contract Start Date through End of Contract Term" in order to be eligible for a contract.

The successful bidder must also agree to complete a "State Consultant Services Form B, Contractor's Annual Employment Report" for each state fiscal year included in the resulting contract. This report must be submitted annually to the Department of Health, the Office of the State Comptroller, and Department of Civil Service.

State Consultant Services Form A: Contractor's Planned Employment and Form B: Contractor's Annual Employment Report may be accessed electronically at: http://www.osc.state.ny.us/agencies/forms/ac3271s.doc and http://www.osc.state.ny.us/agencies/forms/ac3271s.doc and http://www.osc.state.ny.us/agencies/forms/ac3271s.doc and http://www.osc.state.ny.us/agencies/forms/ac3271s.doc and http://www.osc.state.ny.us/agencies/forms/ac3271s.doc and http://www.osc.state.ny.us/agencies/forms/ac3272s.doc.

5.14 Debriefing

Pursuant to Section 163(9)(c) of the State Finance Law, any unsuccessful Bidder may request a debriefing regarding the reasons that the proposal or bid submitted by the Bidder was not selected for award. Requests for a debriefing must be made within fifteen (15) calendar days of release of the written or electronic notice by the Department that the Bid submitted by the Bidder was not selected for award. Requests should be submitted in writing to a designated contact identified in the award/non-award letter.

5.15 Protest Procedures

In the event unsuccessful bidders wish to protest the award resulting from this RFP, bidders should follow the protest procedures established by the Office of the State Comptroller (OSC). These procedures can be found in Chapter XI Section 17 of the Guide to Financial Operations (GFO). Available on-line at: http://www.osc.state.ny.us/agencies/guide/MyWebHelp/

5.16 Iran Divestment Act

By submitting a bid in response to this solicitation or by assuming the responsibility of a Contract awarded hereunder, Bidder/Contractor (or any assignee) certifies that it is not on the "Entities Determined To Be Non-Responsive Bidders/Offerers Pursuant to The New York State Iran Divestment Act of 2012" list ("Prohibited Entities List") posted on the OGS website (currently found at this address: http://www.ogs.ny.gov/about/regs/docs/ListofEntities.pdf) and further certifies that it will not utilize on such Contract any subcontractor that is identified on the Prohibited Entities List. Additionally, Bidder/Contractor is advised that should it seek to renew or extend a Contract awarded in response to the solicitation, it must provide the same certification at the time the Contract is renewed or extended.

During the term of the Contract, should DOH receive information that a person (as defined in State Finance Law §165-a) is in violation of the above-referenced certifications, DOH will review such information and offer the person an opportunity to respond. If the person fails to demonstrate that it has ceased its engagement in the investment activity which is in violation of the Act within 90 days after the determination of such violation, then DOH shall take such action as may be appropriate and provided for by law, rule, or contract, including, but not limited to, seeking compliance, recovering damages, or declaring the Contractor in default. DOH reserves the right to reject any bid, request for assignment, renewal or extension for an entity that appears on the Prohibited Entities List prior to the award, assignment, renewal or extension of a contract, and to pursue a responsibility review with respect to any entity that is awarded a contract and appears on the Prohibited Entities list after contract award.

5.17 Piggybacking

New York State Finance Law section 163(10)(e) (see also http://www.ogs.ny.gov/purchase/snt/sflxi.asp) allows the Commissioner of the NYS Office of General Services to consent to the use of this contract by other New York State Agencies, and other authorized purchasers, subject to conditions and the Contractor's consent.

5.18 Encouraging Use of New York Businesses in Contract Performance

Public procurements can drive and improve the State's economic engine through promotion of the use of New York businesses by its contractors. New York State businesses have a substantial presence in State contracts and strongly contribute to the economies of the state and the nation. In recognition of their economic activity and leadership in doing business in New York State, bidders/proposers for this contract for commodities, services or technology are strongly encouraged and expected to consider New York State businesses in the fulfillment of the requirements of the contract. Such partnering may be as subcontractors, suppliers, protégés or other supporting roles. All bidders should complete Attachment 6, Encouraging Use of New York Businesses in Contract Performance, to indicate their intent to use/not use New York Businesses in the performance of this contract.

5.19 Diversity Practices Questionnaire

Diversity practices are the efforts of contractors to include New York State-certified Minority and Women-owned Business Enterprises ("MWBEs") in their business practices. Diversity practices may include past, present, or future actions and policies, and include activities of contractors on contracts with private entities and governmental units other than the State of New York. Assessing the diversity practices of contractors enables contractors to engage in meaningful, capacity-building collaborations with MWBEs.

5.20 Participation Opportunities for NYS Certified Service-Disabled Veteran-Owned Businesses (For use when <u>no</u> SDVOB Goals Exist)

Article 17-B of the New York State Executive Law provides for more meaningful participation in public procurement by certified Service-Disabled Veteran-Owned Businesses ("SDVOBs"), thereby further integrating such businesses into New York State's economy. DOH recognizes the need to promote the employment of service-disabled veterans and to ensure that certified service-disabled veteran-owned businesses have opportunities for maximum feasible participation in the performance of DOH contracts.

In recognition of the service and sacrifices made by service-disabled veterans and in recognition of their economic activity in doing business in New York State, Bidders/Contractors are strongly encouraged and expected to consider SDVOBs in the fulfillment of the requirements of the Contract. Such participation may be as subcontractors or suppliers, as protégés, or in other partnering or supporting roles.

For purposes of this procurement, DOH conducted a comprehensive search and determined that the Contract does not offer sufficient opportunities to set specific goals for participation by SDVOBs as subcontractors, service providers, and suppliers to Contractor. Nevertheless, Bidder/Contractor is encouraged to make good faith efforts to promote and assist in the participation of SDVOBs on the Contract for the provision of services and materials. The directory of New York State Certified SDVOBs can be viewed at: https://ogs.ny.gov/veterans/

Bidders are encouraged to contact the Office of General Services' Division of Service-Disabled Veteran's Business Development at 518-474-2015 or VeteransDevelopment@ogs.ny.gov to discuss methods of maximizing participation by SDVOBs on the Contract.

5.21 Intellectual Property

Any work product created pursuant to this agreement and any subcontract shall become the sole and exclusive property of the New York State Department of Health, which shall have all rights of ownership and authorship in such work product.

5.22 Vendor Assurance of No Conflict of Interest or Detrimental Effect

All bidders responding to this solicitation should submit <u>Attachment 4</u> to attest that their performance of the services outlined in this IFB does not create a conflict of interest and that the bidder will not act in any manner that is detrimental to any other State project on which they are rendering services.

5.23 Executive Order 177 Prohibiting Contracts with Entities that Support Discrimination

The New York State Human Rights Law, Article 15 of the Executive Law, prohibits discrimination and harassment based on age, race, creed, color, national origin, sex, pregnancy or pregnancy-related conditions, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, marital status, familial status, domestic violence victim status, prior arrest or conviction record, military status or predisposing genetic characteristics. In accordance with Executive Order No. 177, the Offeror certifies that they do not have institutional policies or practices that fail to address those protected status under the Human Rights Law.

6.0 PROPOSAL CONTENT

The following includes the format and information to be provided by each Bidder. Bidders responding to this RFP must satisfy all requirements stated in this RFP. All Bidders are requested to submit complete Administrative and Technical Proposals and are required to submit a complete Cost Proposal. A proposal that is incomplete in any material respect may be rejected.

To expedite review of the proposals, Bidders are requested to submit proposals in separate Administrative, Technical, and Cost packages inclusive of all materials as summarized in Attachment A, Proposal Documents. This separation of information will facilitate the review of the material requested. No information beyond that specifically requested is required, and Bidders are requested to keep their submissions to the shortest length consistent with making a complete presentation of qualifications. Evaluations of the Administrative, Technical, and Cost Proposals received in response to this RFP will be conducted separately. Bidders are therefore cautioned not to include any Cost Proposal information in the Technical Proposal documents.

DOH will not be responsible for expenses incurred in preparing and submitting the Administrative, Technical, or Cost Proposals.

6.1 Administrative Proposal

The Administrative Proposal should contain all items listed below. A proposal that is incomplete in any material respect may be eliminated from consideration. The information requested should be provided in the prescribed format. Responses that do not follow the prescribed format may be eliminated from consideration. All responses to the RFP may be subject to verification for accuracy. Please provide the forms in the same order in which they are requested.

A. Bidder's Disclosure of Prior Non-Responsibility Determinations

Submit a completed and signed Attachment 1, "Prior Non-Responsibility Determination."

B. Freedom of Information Law – Proposal Redactions

Bidders must clearly and specifically identify any portion of the proposal that a Bidder believes constitutes proprietary information entitled to confidential handling as an exception to the Freedom of Information Law. See Section 4.10, (Freedom of Information Law)

C. Vendor Responsibility Questionnaire

Complete, certify, and file a New York State Vendor Responsibility Questionnaire. DOH recommends that vendors file the required Vendor Responsibility Questionnaire online via the New York State VendRep System. To enroll in and use the New York State VendRep System, see the VendRep System Instructions at http://www.osc.state.ny.us/vendrep/index.htm or go directly to the VendRep System online at https://portal.osc.state.ny.us.

Vendors must provide their New York State Vendor Identification Number when enrolling. To request assignment of a Vendor ID or for VendRep System assistance, contact the OSC Help Desk at 866-370-4672 or 518-408-4672 or by email at ciohelpdesk@osc.state.ny.us.

Vendors opting to complete and submit a paper questionnaire can obtain the appropriate questionnaire from the VendRep website, www.osc.state.ny.us/vendrep, or may contact the Office of the State Comptroller's Help Desk for a copy of the paper form. Bidder's should complete and submit the Vendor Responsibility Attestation, <a href="https://doi.org/10.1007/nt.1007

D. Vendors Assurance of No Conflict of Interest or Detrimental Effect

Submit <u>Attachment 4</u>, Vendor's Assurance of No Conflict of Interest or Detrimental Effect, which includes information regarding the Bidder, members, shareholders, parents, affiliates or subcontractors. <u>Attachment 4</u> must be signed by an individual authorized to bind the Bidder contractually.

E. M/WBE Forms

Submit completed Form #1 and/or Form #2, Form #4 and Form #5 as directed in Attachment 5, "Guide to New York State DOH M/WBE RFP Required Forms."

F. Bidder's Certified Statements

Submit <u>Attachment 7</u>, "Bidder's Certified Statements", which includes information regarding the Bidder. Attachment A must be signed by an individual authorized to bind the Bidder contractually. Please indicate the title or position that the signer holds with the Bidder. DOH reserves the right to reject a proposal that contains an incomplete or unsigned <u>Attachment 7</u> or no <u>Attachment 7</u>.

G. Encouraging Use of New York Businesses in Contract Performance

Submit <u>Attachment 6</u>, "Encouraging Use of New York State Businesses" in Contract Performance to indicate which New York Businesses you will use in the performance of the contract.

H. References

Provide references using <u>Attachment 9</u>, (References) from three organizations where similar services as outlined in this RFP were provided. Provide firm names, addresses, contact names, telephone numbers, and email addresses.

I. Diversity Practices Questionnaire

The Department has determined, pursuant to New York State Executive Law Article 15-A, that the assessment of the diversity practices of respondents of this procurement is practical, feasible, and appropriate. Accordingly, respondents to this procurement should include as part of their response to this procurement, Attachment 10 "Diversity Practices Questionnaire". Responses will be formally evaluated and scored.

J. Executive Order 177 Prohibiting Contracts with Entities that Support Discrimination

Submit <u>Attachment 11</u> certifying that it does not have institutional policies or practices that fail to address the harassment and discrimination of individuals on the basis of their age, race, creed, color, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, marital status, military status, or other protected status under the Human Rights Law.

6.2 Technical Proposal

A. Title Page

Submit a Title Page providing the RFP subject and number; the Bidder's name and address, the name, address, telephone number, and email address of the Bidder's contact person; and the date of the Proposal.

B. Table of Contents

The Table of Contents should clearly identify all material (by section and page number) included in the proposal.

C. Documentation of Bidder's Eligibility Responsive to Section 3.0 of RFP

C.1 Minimum Qualifications

Bidders must meet all minimum qualifications stated in Section 3.1 of the RFP. The bidder must clearly document their type (s) and level of experience and submit documentation that provides sufficient evidence of meeting this criterion. Bidders are requested to provide such documentation in the form of a table outlining project names, dates, and a brief synopsis of each project to document eligibility.

- Current Independent Certified Public Accounting (CPA) Firm licensed in New York State;
- A minimum of three (3) years' experience auditing a statewide health industry assessment or other provider tax; and
- A minimum of five (5) years' healthcare reporting experience working with healthcare insurers and healthcare providers (i.e. hospitals, D&TC's, and Ambulatory Surgery Centers).

Experience acquired concurrently is considered acceptable.

C.2 Preferred Qualifications

Bidder should submit documentation that demonstrates their experience with the following outlined in Section 3.2, Preferred Qualifications. Bidders are requested to provide such documentation in the form of a table outlining project names, dates, and a brief synopsis of each project.

 Prior experience auditing HCRA remitters or other State-level self-reported health care provider tax or assessment receipts.

D. Technical Proposal Narrative

D.1 Organizational Background and Experience

In section D.1 of the Technical Proposal:

- a. The bidder should describe their organization's capacity to carry out the required audit activities on a timely basis and in a manner that allows for onsite activities to be carried out within the time frames set forth in Section 4.0: Scope of Work;
- b. The bidder should describe their experience in conducting state-wide payor and provider audits. The bidder should include:
 - 1. The state and program which was audited;
 - 2. A detailed timeline of the completed audit;
 - 3. Detailed scope of the audits performed, including whether they were desk or field audits conducted.
- c. List the three (3) largest audit projects, other than those identified in bullet b. above, the bidder has performed within the past five (5) years, which are similar to the audits required in Section 4.0. Describe the audit goals, results, summary of project results and describe the resources expended on the project. The bidder should include start and end dates of the engagement, and whether or not the engagement was completed on time; and
- d. Describe the experience the bidder has related to Statewide provider taxes and assessments, auditing of both health insurers and health care providers, and related subject matter as described in this RFP.

D.2 Staffing

In Section D.2 of the Technical Proposal Narrative, the bidder should provide a staffing plan for completion of the HCRA and HFCAP Audits and the Consulting Services that includes the following:

- a. Title, responsibility, and type of staff available and physical location of bidder's staff to be engaged in performance of the audits;
- b. How the bidder plans to recruit and train an adequate number of staff;
- c. Bidder's ability to provide qualified staff to carry out the projected workload during each contract year for the HCRA/HFCAP audits and consulting services and how they will provide staff to meet the scope of work over the entire contract period;
- d. Bidder's ability to provide sufficient additional management and administrative support staff necessary to organize, prepare and carry out all administrative tasks associated with conducting the services;
- e. Bidder's process for ensuring all Contractor and subcontractor staff are appropriately trained and

how the training protocols provide for consistency among audit staff and the analysis of findings;

- f. How the Bidder will maintain the staffing levels and personnel planned;
- g. An organizational chart that delineates the titles of the staff responsible for fulfilling program requirements, their lines of communications, and demonstrates how the organization intends to organize staff and management for this project;
- h. A description of how the bidder will ensure that all staff assigned to the HCRA/HFCAP audits, meet the requirements in Section 4.3. of the RFP; and
- i. A description of how the bidder will ensure that the following staff assigned to any consulting services, meet the requirements in Section 4.3. of the RFP.

NOTE: Resumes are not required and will not be evaluated.

D.3. Project Implementation

In section D.3 of the Technical Proposal, the bidder should:

- a. Describe the bidders plan for developing and delivering the written audit guide, policy and procedure manual and related documents for completing the HCRA and HFCAP Audits;
- b. Provide sample statewide audit procedures for both HCRA and HFCAP providers statewide. Such audit procedures should include both a desk and field audit approach and include anticipated timelines and number of auditees:
- c. Describe any additional technologies, special techniques, skills or abilities that the organization considers necessary to accomplish the goal and objective of the HCRA/HFCAP audits;
- d. Provide a sample template of the HCRA Audit report or reporting document that meets the goals described in Section 4.3 "Reporting". This should include the timeline to receive and distribute the report;
- e. Describe the process it will utilize to monitor and track progress made by hospitals on corrective action plans identified in prior HCRA Audits;
- f. Describe how bidder will prepare and maintain all materials and testify in appeals and/or other legal action occurring as the result of HCRA/HFCAP Audits;
- g. Describe the current experience and proposed approach for meeting the Department Compliance Activities as described in Section 4.1;
- h. Describe the process it will utilize to develop the consulting services SOW for each task order assigned by the Department;
- i. Describe the bidders plan for meeting with the Department bi-weekly and for providing the biweekly written reports identified in Section 4.3 of the RFP; and
- j. Bidders should identify the specific staff that will attend each bi-weekly meeting, as well as those assigned to the preparation of the reports.

D.4 Technology and Transition

In section D. 4 of the Technical Proposal, the bidder should:

- a. Describe the bidder's proposed web-based interface and how it will be able to be fully functional and operating within 90 days of contract approval;
- b. Describe how the bidder's proposed web-based interface will meet or exceed the requirements identified in Section 4.4:
- c. Describe how the bidder plans to meet all of the NYS security policies and standards as described in in Section 4.5 and Attachment E; and
- d. Describe the bidder's plan to provide the transition described in Section 4.6.

6.3 Cost Proposal

Submit a completed and signed <u>Attachment B</u> – **Cost Proposal.** The Cost Proposal shall comply with the format and content requirements as detailed in this document and in Attachment B. Failure to comply with the format and content requirements may result in disqualification.

The bid price is to cover the cost of furnishing all of the said services, including but not limited to travel, materials, equipment, overhead, profit and labor to the satisfaction of the Department of Health and the performance of all work set forth in said specifications.

The Attachment B: Cost Proposal must contain:

- 1. For all desk audits conducted, the Bidder is required to provide an all-inclusive deliverable price in the contractor's Attachment B: Cost Proposal. The Contractor will be paid upon completion of the desk audit based upon its all-inclusive deliverable price included in Attachment B: Cost Proposal.
 - a. The Department anticipates the desk audits to consist of 85% of the overall audits conducted.
- 2. For all field audits conducted, the Bidder is required to provide an all-inclusive deliverable price in the Contractor's Attachment B: Cost Proposal. The Contractor will be paid upon completion of the field audit based upon its all-inclusive deliverable price included in Attachment B: Cost Proposal.
 - a. The Department anticipates desk audits to consist of 15% of the overall audits conducted.
- 3. For Compliance Activities identified in section 4.1.B.II, the Bidder is required to provide an annual price for completion of such work. For the compliance activities services, payment will be made to the Contractor monthly, upon completion and acceptance by the Department of all deliverables/milestones towards completion of the tasks described in 4.1.B.II. The monthly contract amount to be paid will equate to 1/12th of the proposed annual Compliance Activities bid price identified in Attachment B. Such price shall include costs related to:
 - a. Developing statewide HCRA audit procedures;
 - b. Develop and update educational resources for remitters, including but not limited to:
 - c. Updating web resources available to the public and providers including but not limited to:
 - i. The HCRA Provider List;
 - ii. The HCRA Insurer Survey; and
 - iii. HCRA Q&A's posted on the web;
 - d. Developing new materials to introduce new remitters to the HCRA process; and
 - e. Establishing and distributing educational materials to all remitters designed to increase compliance.
 - f. Providing guidance in the development of Corrective Action Plans by remitters with a determined compliance problem.
 - g. Reviewing and cataloguing historically distributed HCRA and HFCAP policy guidance and decisions.
 - h. Condensing existing HCRA policy guidance into a more accessible, cohesive, and usable format.
- 4. For Consulting Services, identified in Section 4.1.B.III of the RFP, payment will be made to the Contractor

monthly, upon completion and acceptance by the Department of all deliverables/milestones in the task order. Payment will be paid on an hourly basis, for the actual number of hours worked, not to exceed the amount agreed upon in the SOW, as approved by the Department.

- a. To receive payment for consulting services, the Contractor must submit an invoice that contains the following:
 - i. An identification of the task order number:
 - ii. A listing by job title of the actual number of hours worked for each staff and their applicable contracted hourly bid price per Attachment B: Cost Proposal;
 - iii. A summary of tasks/milestones completed by each staff member identified in the Task Order:
 - iv. Any applicable reports developed in compliance with a developed task order;
- b. In the event a submitted deliverable/milestone is not satisfactory, the Contractor will be required to correct the deficiencies as outlined in Section 4.1.A.4 prior to receiving payment for that month of work:
- c. The number of hours included in the Attachment B: Cost Proposal for Consulting Services is an estimate. Actual hours may be higher or lower. There is no guarantee of actual hours.

7.0 PROPOSAL SUBMISSION

A proposal consists of three distinct parts: (1) the Administrative Proposal, (2) the Technical Proposal, and (3) the Cost Proposal.

The proposal must be received by the NYSDOH, no later than the Deadline for Submission of Proposals specified in <u>Section 1.0</u>, (Calendar of Events). Late bids will not be considered.

a. By E-Mail

Proposals must be submitted via separate searchable PDF file electronically through email to OHIPcontracts@health.ny.gov.

NOTE: You should request a receipt containing the time and date received.

Submission of proposals in a manner other than as described in these instructions (e.g., fax) will not be accepted.

7.1 No Bid Form

Bidders choosing not to bid are requested to complete the No-Bid form Attachment 2.

8.0 METHOD OF AWARD

8.1 General Information

DOH will evaluate each proposal based on the "Best Value" concept. This means that the proposal that best "optimizes quality, cost, and efficiency among responsive and responsible offerers" shall be selected for award (State Finance Law, Article 11, §163(1)(j)).

DOH at its sole discretion, will determine which proposal(s) best satisfies its requirements. DOH reserves all rights with respect to the award. All proposals deemed to be responsive to the requirements of this procurement will be evaluated and scored for technical qualities and cost. Proposals failing to meet the requirements of this document may be eliminated from consideration. The evaluation process will include separate technical and cost evaluations, and the result of each evaluation shall remain confidential until evaluations have been completed and a selection of the winning proposal is made.

The evaluation process will be conducted in a comprehensive and impartial manner, as set forth herein, by an Evaluation Committee. The Technical Proposal and compliance with other RFP requirements (other than the Cost Proposal) will be weighted **70%** of a proposal's total score and the information contained in the Cost Proposal will be weighted **30%** of a proposal's total score.

Bidders may be requested by DOH to clarify the contents of their proposals. Other than to provide such information as may be requested by DOH, no Bidder will be allowed to alter its proposal or add information after the Deadline for Submission of Proposals listed in Section 1.0 (Calendar of Events).

In the event of a tie, the determining factors for award, in descending order, will be:

- (1) lowest cost and
- (2) proposed percentage of MWBE participation.

8.2 Submission Review

DOH will examine all proposals that are received in a proper and timely manner to determine if they meet the proposal submission requirements, as described in <u>Section 6.0</u> (Proposal Content) and <u>Section 7.0</u> (Proposal Submission), including documentation requested for the Administrative Proposal, as stated in this RFP. Proposals that are materially deficient in meeting the submission requirements or have omitted material documents, in the sole opinion of DOH, may be rejected.

8.3 Technical Evaluation

The evaluation process will be conducted in a comprehensive and impartial manner. A Technical Evaluation Committee comprised of program staff of DOH will review and evaluate all proposals.

Proposals will undergo a preliminary evaluation to verify Minimum Qualifications to Propose (Section 3.0).

The Technical Evaluation Committee members will independently score each Technical Proposal that meets the submission requirements of this RFP. The individual Committee Member scores will be averaged to calculate the Technical Score for each responsive Bidder.

The technical evaluation is **70%** (up to **70** points) of the final score.

8.4 Cost Evaluation

The Cost Evaluation Committee will examine the Cost Proposal documents. The Cost Proposals will be opened and reviewed for responsiveness to cost requirements. If a cost proposal is found to be non-responsive, that proposal may not receive a cost score and may be eliminated from consideration.

The Cost Proposals will be scored based on a maximum cost score of XX points. The maximum cost score will be allocated to the proposal with the lowest all-inclusive not-to-exceed maximum price. All other responsive proposals will receive a proportionate score based on the relation of their Cost Proposal to the proposals offered at the lowest final cost, using this formula:

 $C = (A/B)^* 30\%$

A is Total price of lowest cost proposal;

B is Total price of cost proposal being scored; and

C is the Cost score.

The cost evaluation is **30% (up to 30 points)** of the final score.

8.5 Composite Score

A composite score will be calculated by the DOH by adding the Technical Proposal points and the Cost points

awarded. Finalists will be determined based on composite scores.

8.6 Interviews

For all bids, and as part of the bid review process, the Department reserves the right to interview proposed project participants. The purpose of an interview is to allow the evaluators to validate the Bidder's experience and qualifications.

8.7 Reference Checks

The Bidder should submit references using <u>Attachment 9</u> (References). At the discretion of the Evaluation Committee, references may be checked at any point during the process to verify bidder qualifications to propose (Section 3.0).

8.8 Best and Final Offers

NYSDOH reserves the right to request best and final offers. In the event NYSDOH exercises this right, all bidders that submitted a proposal that are susceptible to award will be asked to provide a best and final offer. Bidders will be informed that should they choose not to submit a best and final offer, the offer submitted with their proposal will be construed as their best and final offer.

8.9 Award Recommendation

The Evaluation Committee will submit a recommendation for award to the Finalist(s) with the highest composite score(s) whose experience and qualifications have been verified.

The Department will notify the awarded Bidder(s) and Bidders not awarded. The awarded Bidder(s) will enter into a written Agreement substantially in accordance with the terms of <u>Attachment 8</u>, DOH Agreement, to provide the required services as specified in this RFP. The resultant contract shall not be binding until fully executed and approved by the New York State Office of the Attorney General and the Office of the State Comptroller.

ATTACHMENTS

The following attachments are included in this RFP and are available via hyperlink or can be found at: https://www.health.ny.gov/funding/forms/.

- 1. Bidder's Disclosure of Prior Non-Responsibility Determination
- 2. No-Bid Form
- 3. Vendor Responsibility Attestation
- 4. Vendor Assurance of No Conflict of Interest or Detrimental Effect
- 5. Guide to New York State DOH M/WBE Required Forms & Forms
- 6. Encouraging Use of New York Businesses in Contract Performance
- 7. Bidder's Certified Statements
- 8. <u>DOH Agreement</u> (Standard Contract)
- 9. References
- 10. Diversity Practices Questionnaire
- 11. Executive Order 177 Prohibiting Contracts with Entities that Support Discrimination

The following attachments are attached and included in this RFP:

- A. Proposal Document Checklist
- B. Cost Proposal
- C. Background
- D. Sample Audit Protocols Payor
- E. Sample HCRA Performance Audits Payor Audit Schedule

- F. Sample Audit Protocols Provider
 G. Sample HCRA Performance Audits Provider Audit Schedule
 H. Sample Audit Report (includes sub-attachments A-E, labeled as H-A through H-E)
 I. HCRA/HFCAP Governing Statute
 J. HCRA Financial Plan

ATTACHMENT A PROPOSAL DOCUMENT CHECKLIST

Please reference Section 7.0 for the appropriate format and quantities for each proposal submission.

RFP # 18695 – HCRA and HFCAP Performance Audits and Compliance Activities			
FOR THE AL	DMINISTRATIVE PROPOSAL		
RFP §	SUBMISSION	INCLUDED	
§ 6.1.A	Attachment 1 – Bidder's Disclosure of Prior Non-Responsibility Determinations, completed and signed.		
§ 6.1.B	Freedom of Information Law – Proposal Redactions (If Applicable)		
§ 6.1.C	Attachment 3- Vendor Responsibility Attestation		
§ 6.1.E	Attachment 4 - Vendor Assurance of No Conflict of Interest or Detrimental Effect		
	M/WBE Participation Requirements:		
§ 6.1.f	Attachment 5 Form 1		
	Attachment 5 Form 2 (If Applicable)		
§ 6.1.g	Attachment 6- Encouraging Use of New York Businesses		
§ 6.1.H	Attachment 7 - Bidder's Certified Statements, completed & signed.		
§ 6.1.I	Attachment 9 – References		
§ 6.1.J	Attachment 10 - Diversity Practices Questionnaire		
§ 6.1.K	Attachment 11 - Executive Order 177 Prohibiting Contracts with Entities that Support Discrimination		
FOR THE TE	CHNICAL PROPOSAL		
RFP §	SUBMISSION	INCLUDED	
§ 6.2.A	Title Page		
§ 6.2.B	Table of Contents		
§ 6.2.C	Documentation of Bidder's Eligibility (Requirement)		
§ 6.2.D	Technical Proposal Narrative		
FOR THE COST PROPOSAL REQUIREMENT			
RFP §	REQUIREMENT	INCLUDED	
§ 6.3	Attachment B- Cost Proposal		

ATTACHMENT B COST PROPOSAL RFP # 18695

Bidder's Name:

1. Deliverable

Bidders **MUST** propose an all-inclusive price deliverable price for each corresponding deliverable below.

The contractor's prices provided in Attachment B will reflect all costs related to materials, labor, equipment, profit, overhead, meetings, travel, reporting, analysis and training, and any other costs required to complete the audits and consulting services. The contractor will not be reimbursed for any costs outside of the prices provided in their cost proposal.

<u>Deliverable</u>	Anticipated Units	Deliverable Price (unit price per audit)
Desk Audit Price	42-60 per wave (212- 298 total)	
Field Audit Price	7-11 per wave (35-57 total)	
HCRA Compliance Activities	Annual Price	

A total of 50-70 audits will be launched per wave. Anticipated units assumes 85% Desk Audit and 15% Field Audit; however, the Department reserves the right to modify ratios of desk and field audits as needed.

2. Consulting Services

For consulting services outlined in Section 4.1.B.III, the bidder **MUST** propose all-inclusive hourly Bid Price per each staff title.

- The hourly price bid must include all costs for materials, labor, equipment, profit, overhead, meetings, travel, reporting, analysis and training, and any other costs required to complete the services.
- Required experience per staff level is provided in Section 4.2.2 of the RFP. The hourly bid price must be separately proposed for each Title in column (A) below.
- The number of hours provided for each Title are estimated annual hours and may not be changed by the bidder. Bidders may **not** propose a range of hourly bid prices for the Titles described in Section 4.2.2.
- One (1) hourly bid price must be proposed for each Title regardless of the number of staff assigned to a title.
- Payment for consulting services will be made per Section 4.0 Scope of Work and Section 5.4 Payment.

(A) Staff Title	(B) Hourly Bid Price	(C) Estimated Number of Annual Hours*
Partner/Principal		100
Manager		350
Associate		650

Authorized Signature:	Date:	-
Print Name:	Title:	
	35	

Attachment C-Background

Programmatic Background

New York State's enactment of Chapter 639 of the Laws of 1996, otherwise known as the New York Health Care Reform Act of 1996 (HCRA), substantially deregulated the State's inpatient hospital reimbursement system. It also authorized a series of payor and provider surcharges and assessments which fund a broad array of health care initiatives.

Effective January 1, 1997, previously regulated non-Medicare inpatient hospital payors (including corporations organized and operating in accordance with Article 43 of the Insurance Law, organizations operating in accordance with the provisions of Article 44 of the PHL (HMOs), self-funded health benefit plans, and licensed commercial health insurers) are authorized to negotiate inpatient reimbursement rates for payment of services rendered by New York State certified general hospitals.

Regulated hospital inpatient rates for payments made by the New York State Medicaid Program and other State governmental units (including local government payments made for correctional inmates), and those made under the State's Workers' Compensation Law, the State's Comprehensive Motor Vehicle Insurance Reparations Act ("no-fault"), the State's Volunteer Fire Fighters' Benefit Law and the State's Ambulance Workers' Benefit Law are still maintained by the State.

HCRA Surcharge Rates/Covered Lives Assessment

HCRA further required that non-Medicare payments made for certain specified health care services be subject to surcharges, which are collected and distributed by the State to subsidize indigent care and other health care related initiatives. Known as the Health Care Reform Act (HCRA)surcharge, the actual percentage amount varies, as well as whose obligation it is to pay the State (electing payors or HCRA providers).

Third party payors, as defined in PHL §2807-j (see Attachment I), who have elected to pay their HCRA surcharge obligations directly to the State's OPA, either monthly or annually, rather than paying HCRA providers are known as 'electors' or 'electing Payors'.

In addition to this obligation, affected electing payors who provide inpatient coverage, are required to remit a covered lives assessment for their New York State resident subscribers/plan participants, payable to the State's OPA, either monthly or annually. Covered lives assessment rates are based on one of eight regions of the State in which the primary insured resides, and whether individual or family unit coverage is provided. Covered lives assessment rates are set on an annual basis, with the most recently approved rates found in the chart below.

Designated HCRA providers are also required to remit surcharge payments to the State. Surcharges are due on various receipts, including from third party payors that did not voluntarily elect to make direct payments to the OPA (aka "non-electors"), certain receipts from beneficiary co-insurance and deductible payments, and receipts from self-pay collections.

The surcharge rates are as follows:

Table 1

	SURCHARGE PAYMENTS TO PROVIDERS	SURCHARGE PAYMENTS DIRECTLY TO THE HCRA POOL
PAYOR CATEGORIES	INPATIENT HOSPITAL, OUTPATIENT HOSPITAL, DIAGNOSTIC AND TREATMENT CENTERS	INPATIENT HOSPITAL, OUTPATIENT HOSPITAL, DIAGNOSTIC AND TREATMENT CENTERS
	FOR SERVICES RENDERED 4/1/09– 12/31/20	FOR SERVICES RENDERED 4/1/09– 12/31/20
New York State Medicaid/State Governmental Agencies	7.04%	7.04%
Health Maintenance Organizations and PHSPs for Medicaid Patients	7.04%	7.04%
New York State Local Governments for Correctional Facility Inmates	7.04%	7.04%
Payors pursuant to the New York State Workers' Compensation Law, Volunteer Firefighters' Benefits Law, Ambulance Workers' Benefit Law, and Comprehensive Motor Vehicle Insurance Reparations Act	9.63% & 28.27%	9.63%
Insurance Law Article 43 Corporations	9.63% & 28.27%	9.63%
New York State Licensed Commercial Insurers	9.63% & 28.27%	9.63%
Insurers Not Licensed in New York State	9.63% & 28.27%	9.63%
Health Maintenance Organizations and PHSPs for Non-Medicaid Patients	9.63% & 28.27%	9.63%
Self-Insured Funds	9.63% & 28.27%	9.63%
Self-Pay Uninsured/Unspecified	9.63%	N/A
Secondary Coverage - Based on Status of Primary Payor	Same as Primary	Same as Primary

Overview of Electing Third Party Payor Obligations

Third party payors are required to file an election application with the Department's OPA if they choose to voluntarily elect to meet their HCRA obligations through direct payments to the OPA. A TPA, acting in an administrative services capacity for claims processing and payment of an affected insurer or self funded benefits plan, may also elect to make direct payments to the Department's OPA on behalf of their electing clients.

An electing payor's monthly or annual HCRA surcharge obligation is calculated by applying the appropriate payor specific surcharge percentage to all non-exempt patient care services payments made to designated providers of services. The surcharge applies to all monies paid to designated providers of services, including capitated payments allocable to the particular services, less refunds, for, or on account of discharges occurring, visits made, or services performed on or after January 1, 1997, or contracted service obligations for periods on or after January 1, 1997. Such surcharge payments must be segregated by service year and provider classification.

Electing "specified third party payors" as defined in PHL §2807-s(1)(b), are also obligated to make assessment payments into the PEP, pursuant to PHL §2807-t, for each primary plan participant who resides in New York State for which inpatient coverage in provided (all relevant statute found in Attachment I). A payor's monthly on annual covered lives assessment is calculated by applying the appropriate regional covered lives assessment rate to the number of individual and family unit covered lives included on the

payor's membership rolls for all or any part of a month in which they are electors and provide inpatient coverage. Regional covered lives assessment rates are assigned based on the type of coverage (i.e., individual or family unit) and the plan participant's county of residence.

Effective April 1, 2009, payments from all out of state licensed HMOs and insurers authorized to write accident and health insurance and whose policy provides inpatient coverage on an expense incurred basis are subject to a covered lives assessment for their insureds residing in the State.

Public Goods Pool reports, filed by electing payors and TPAs, are filed electronically through a secure website (www.hrcapools.org) and require the entity to access via a provided user id and password. Electronic reporting is mandatory; however, hard copy reports can be viewed for content by accessing the Department's HCRA website: www.health.ny.gov/regulations/hcra/ under the menu selection entitled "Forms and Instructions."

Overview of Provider Obligations

Designated providers are responsible for remitting their HCRA surcharge obligations, on certain patient services revenue, to the Department's OPA on a monthly basis. Such payments must be segregated by service year and classification type.

A provider's monthly surcharge obligation amount is calculated by applying payor specific surcharge percentages to revenue received for surchargeable patient care services. Although reported, but excluded from the calculation, are revenues received from payors electing to make public goods payments directly to the OPA, certain exempt payors (i.e., Medicare, FEHBA, etc.), and payments made directly from the State Medicaid program, including related beneficiary copayments.

Regional Graduate Medical Expense Percentage

Certified Article 28 general hospitals are also responsible for remitting their HCRA pool funding obligations to the Department's OPA on a monthly basis. A general hospital's obligation amount is calculated by applying its region's Alternative Per Unit of Payment Surcharge percentage (http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/hcra/gmecl.htm) against inpatient revenue received from non-electing specified third party payors of inpatient services as described in PHL §2807-s(1)(b) (see Attachment I).

Inpatient revenue received from all out of state licensed HMOs and insurers authorized to write accident and health insurance and whose policy provides inpatient coverage on an expense incurred basis, are subject to the PEP surcharges.

As a note, prior to April 1, 2009, this calculation excluded revenue from electing specified third party payors who pay their public goods pool obligation directly through covered lives assessments, State licensed capitated insurance plans for payments made for inpatient services rendered to State Medicaid enrollees, insurers (i.e., commercial insurers, Blue Cross Plans and HMOs) not licensed or authorized under New York State statutes.

These described obligations are due from providers on all affected monies received, less refunds, for, or on account of discharges occurring, visits made, and services performed, as well as capitation payments allocable to affected services for contracted service obligations.

Public Goods Pool reports, filed by HCRA designated providers, are filed electronically through a secure website (www.hrcapools.org) and require the provider to access via a provided user id and password. Electronic submission is mandatory; however, hard copy reports can be viewed for content by accessing

the Department's HCRA website: www.health.ny.gov/regulations/hcra/ under the menu selection entitled "Forms and Instructions."

1% Statewide Assessment

In addition, general hospitals are obligated to report and pay a monthly one-percent assessment (1% Statewide Assessment) on net inpatient service revenues received for discharges in accordance with PHL §2807-c (18) (see Attachment I). The accuracy of the provider's calculation of assessments paid will also be verified as part of the provider reviews described in this RFP.

1% Statewide Assessment reports, filed by Article 28 hospitals, are filed electronically through a secure website www.hrcapools.org and require the provider to access via a provided user id and password. Electronic submission is mandatory; however,, hard copy reports can be viewed for content by accessing the Department's HCRA website: www.health.ny.gov/regulations/hcra/ under the menu selection entitled "Forms and Instructions."

Enforcement of Electing Payor and Provider Obligations

HCRA established a process by which the Department shall determine and impose interest and penalty provisions on providers and payors whose payments to the OPA are untimely or deficient. For providers, the Department is also authorized to withhold and/or intercept Medicaid and other payments in satisfaction of their public goods pool financing obligations. In the case of payor delinquencies, the Department is further authorized to revoke a payor's election to make payments directly to the OPA. They would then be obligated, when billed, to pay providers at the higher surcharge rates, currently set at 37.90% (Shown on Table 1 - 9.63% + 28.27%), and if applicable, an additional GME Alternative Per Unit of Payment surcharges percentage on inpatient claims.

The Department is authorized to refer payors and providers to the AG's office for outstanding liabilities due. The law also authorizes the Department to assess civil penalties on electing payors and providers that fail to file reports within specified time frames or fail to produce data or documentation requested in the course of an audit. If an electing payor or provider fails to produce data or documentation requested in furtherance of an audit, for a month to which an allowance applies, the Commissioner may estimate, based on available financial and statistical data as determined by the Commissioner, the amount due for such month.

HCRA Correspondence and Supported Listings

The Department's HCRA website is a valuable resource for additional information concerning HCRA. Available on the site are correspondence concerning HCRA policies and procedures, interpretations of assessable payments, billing examples, applications for direct pool payment election, payor and provider monthly pool reporting forms, lists of electing payors and affected designated providers of services, and a list of foreign countries with National Healthcare.

It is important to note that although the Provider List may be one of the tools that electing payors utilize to identify claims from HCRA designated providers, the Department has advised payors and providers that they should consider communicating their respective HCRA status through their billing and remittances processes because:

- 1) the Provider List does not distinguish surchargeable services from non-surchargeable services;
- 2) the lists may not include all designated provider satellite branches and subsidiaries; and the lists do not identify designated provider billing arrangements with non-designated providers billing services. The website address for HCRA information is: www.health.ny.gov/regulations/hcra/.

Attachment D

AUDIT PROTOCOLS PAYOR SURCHARGES/ASSESSMENTS

SURCHARGES

Reviews of Procedures

a. Questionnaires

Each auditee will be required to complete a questionnaire, created by the Contractor and approved by the State, relating to their process for determining their direct surcharge obligation. It will be the contractor's responsibility to test and verify that the responses given are factual. This will be accomplished by testing of claim data that is described below. A copy of the completed questionnaire will be given to the State for their records.

b. Documentation Review

The Contractor will review all data/documentation provided by the auditee prior to the fieldwork, to ensure that the data/documentation can be tested by the Contractor for HCRA audit purposes. If the data/documentation provided by the auditee is unable to be used for audit testing, the Contractor shall provide the State with a written explanation. The Contractor will also provide the State with a written description of the alternate procedures they plan to use to validate the accuracy of the auditee's surcharge payments for the year under review and quantify any surcharge payment deficiencies.

d. Interviews

The Contractor will review policies and procedures applicable to completion of the monthly surcharge reports for the audit period under review. Specifically, it should be determined how the auditee processed claims, applied surcharges and ultimately remitted the surcharges to the HCRA pool. The Contractor will also determine how the auditee identified non-claims based payments (e.g., per member per month payments), and payments made pursuant to advance payment, capitation and/or financial risk sharing arrangements, for surcharge payment purposes. Similarly, policies and procedures applicable to claims/payments that are not surcharged should be reviewed. To accomplish this, the contractor will conduct interviews of appropriate personnel at various levels within the organization and it is expected that some of these interviews will require that Contractor audit staff have an extensive understanding of electronic data processing systems.

Accounting Records Review

- a. Obtain the payor's certified financial statements for the year under review.
- b. Reconcile the certified financial statements to the payor's books and records (i.e., trial balance) for that year. If the certified financials are not available for the year under audit, obtain the previous year's certified statements and adjusting journal entries to determine if there were any significant changes to the facility's books and records. In the year under audit, follow up on the significant items (pertinent to surchargeable claims) identified in the previous year's adjusting journal entries to assure that the payor's records accurately account for these items currently.

c. Assure that the "payor reports" for HCRA tie into the books and records mentioned in step b above.

Validate the Accuracy of Surcharge Payments (including Risk Sharing Arrangements) for the Year Under Review and Quantify Any Surcharge Payment Deficiencies

- a. Assure that the patient services payment data ties into the books and records mentioned in step 2b above to insure that the auditee provided the universe of payments made during the year under review. Such payments include, but are not limited to, claim and non-claim based payments and payments made pursuant to advance payment, capitation and/or financial risk sharing arrangements.
- b. Through a test of the payment data sufficient enough to draw a valid conclusion, identify services that were not surcharged, or not surcharged at the proper rate. If the entire population of claims is not used then a statistically valid sample should be used. The Department will determine if the entire population is to be reviewed or if a statistically valid sample is to be used. The sample should be reflective of the service mix
- c. Of the services identified above, determine why no surcharge was applied. On claims/payments that cannot be explained, consult the payor to determine why no surcharge was applied and summarize all discrepancies. Establish the appropriateness of any adjustments and related surcharge payments pertaining to the audit period that the payor claims they reported/paid subsequent to the year under review.
- d. Using the information obtained from services tested and the payor's explanations, summarize the amounts for services that should have been surcharged, but that were not, for the payor's database for the calendar year in question.
- e. If identification of the actual surcharge underpayment (step d above) is not possible, identify the universe of services that were not surcharged at the full surcharge rate. If the entire universe of claims is not used, using a statistically valid random sample at a 99% confidence level, determine the number of sample errors and project these errors to the universe. Through this sample projection, identify the low, mean and highpoint surcharge underpayment in total for the year audited. If the contractor utilizes statistical sampling, the contractor will prepare a statistical sampling description to be signed by the contractor and the auditee and included as an attachment to the audit report. If the auditee declines to sign a statistical sampling description, the contractor will document the request and refusal in the work papers and audit report.

Alternate Procedures

If the contractor is required to utilize alternate procedures because audit data is not available, the contractor will prepare an alternate procedures description to be included as an attachment to the audit report.

Test of Accounting Records

The contractor will be responsible for verifying the total annual reported patient services payments and surcharges. This verification will require review and reconciliation of the various accounting books, financial statements (and/or general ledger records) and

documentation supporting the monthly reports, including but not limited to prior years' financial statements and year end adjusting journal entries.

B. COVERED LIVES ASSESSMENTS

1. Review of Procedures

a. Questionnaires

Each auditee will be required to complete a questionnaire relating to their process for determining and reporting individual and family unit statistics as well as their assignment to a HCRA region. It will be the contractor's responsibility to test and verify that the responses given are factual. This will be accomplished by testing payor report data as described below.

Documentation Review

The Contractor will review all data/documentation provided by the auditee prior to the start of field work, to ensure that the data/documentation can be tested by the Contractor for HCRA audit purposes. If the data/documentation provided by the auditee is not usable for audit testing, the Contractor shall provide the State with a written explanation. The Contractor will also provide the State with a written description of the alternate procedures they plan to use to validate the accuracy of the auditee's assessment payments for the year under review and quantify any assessment payment deficiencies.

c. Interviews

The Contractor will review documents, policies and procedures applicable to completion of the monthly payor reports for the audit period under review. Specifically, it should be determined how the auditee determined covered lives category (individual, family unit, region), apportioned covered lives and ultimately remitted assessments to the HCRA pool.

2. Test of Enrollment Records and Remittance Systems

- a. Obtain the payor's enrollment records for the year under review.
- b. Assure that the payor reports for the twelve months tie into the enrollment records.
- c. Verify that all covered lives are properly reported by covered lives category (e.g., individual or family unit and region) and that apportionments are correct.
- d. Verify that remittance calculations are correct.

3. Validate the Accuracy of Assessment for the Year Under Review and Quantify Assessment Payment Deficiencies

- a. Assure that the enrollment data tie to another independent source to insure that the auditee provided the universe of enrollment data for the year under review.
- b. Through a test of the enrollment data sufficient enough to draw a valid conclusion, identify covered lives that were not assessed or were assessed at an incorrect rate (see 3b on page 2). Check the logic behind the payor's system for enrollment when covered lives are added or subtracted during the course of any given month to make sure that all covered lives are properly captured.

- Consult with the payor and determine the reasons for the cases identified in the step b.
- d. Using the information obtained from steps a through c above, summarize the covered lives that should have been assessed, including any adjustments, and calculate the assessment underpayment.
- e. If identification of the actual assessment underpayment (step d above) is not possible, identify the universe of covered lives that were not assessed or were assessed using an incorrect amount. Using a statistically valid random sample at a 99% confidence level, determine the number of sample errors and project these errors to the universe. Develop and apply an error rate for each region and covered lives category. Through this sample projection, identify the low, mean and highpoint assessment underpayment for the year audited. If the contractor utilizes statistical sampling, the contractor will prepare a statistical sampling description to be signed by the contractor and the auditee and included as an attachment to the audit report. If the auditee declines to sign a statistical sampling description, the contractor will document the request and refusal in the work papers and audit report.

4. Alternate Procedures

If the contractor is required to utilize alternate procedures because audit data is not available, the contractor will prepare an alternate procedures description to be included as an attachment to the audit report.

REPORT ON FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based upon the results of the audit test work, the contractor will prepare a draft report of findings and recommendations to be sent to the State for review within 10 working days of the completion of test work. The State will review the draft report and return it to the Contractor within 10 working days of receipt with any changes or modifications needed before the draft can be forwarded to the auditee. The Contractor will incorporate State's comments and forward the revised draft report to the auditee for their responses to the findings and recommendations detailed in the report.

Attachment E - HCRA Performance Audits Payor Audit Schedule

This schedule is an estimate and subject to change with the approval of the Department.

Task	Business Days
Audit Assignment-Conflict Check	,
Contractor receives State audit assignment.	
2. Contractor conducts conflict check and notifies DOH in writing of outcome. Conflicts will be assigned to Contractor's alternate/subcontractor. Note that the Contractor shall have fifteen days (15), from the date the State assigns an audit, to complete the audit conflict review and notify the State, in writing, or the State may revoke the audit assignment from the Contractor and assign the audit to the Contractor's alternate/subcontractor.	15 days
Commencement of Audit	
1. DOH sends audit notification letter and timeframes to auditee. DOH provides copy of auditee's payment history, to Contractor/Subcontractor ("Contractor"), as appropriate. Down Mileston and Timelines for Baying of One Year	
Payor Milestones and Timelines for Review of One Year	D 4
Reviewee Notification, Review Kick-Off - Contractor sends letter, questionnaire, and data requests to Reviewee. The Reviewee will have 44 business days to compile data requests, ask questions, and prepare documentation. Contractor will schedule on-site time for the entrance conference.	Day 1
 Pre-field work Planning – Contractor will schedule a series of status calls and/or on-site visits with the Reviewee to discuss: Questionnaire, Milestones, Data Blue Print, Status of data request, Any other relevant issues, and Reviewee questions. 	Day 11, Day 22, Day 33
Questionnaire Submission – Reviewee's completed questionnaire is due to contractor.	Day 40
4. Entrance Conference/Data Receipt/Fieldwork Begins – On Day 45, an entrance conference will be held, and one years' worth of data is due. The last day to submit requested data and documentation to Contractor is Day 45. Fieldwork begins on Day 45, and Contractor will be on-site at this time conducting interviews and reviewing documentation.	Day 45
5. Data and Information Request Representation Letter Due – Letter indicating that all documentation and data provided to this point is complete, accurate, and in accordance with the instructions in Contractor's questionnaire.	Day 45
Fieldwork – Resolution of Data Issues – Contractor will resolve data follow-up questions and confirm if alternative procedures are required. Testing commences at this point.	Day 50
7. Testing Results Sent to Reviewee - Contractor will send the Preliminary Results Packet to the Reviewee for their review and response. Contractor and the Reviewee will have a meeting to briefly discuss the preliminary findings and next steps. The Reviewee will have 24 business days to formulate and document their response to Contractor's results.	Day 75
Preliminary Results Meeting – DOH, Contractor, and Reviewee will have a meeting to discuss preliminary findings and next steps.	Day 78
15. Responses to Test Results are due – Reviewee responses and supporting documentation are due to Contractor.	Day 99
16. Review of Preliminary Results Response with DOH – Contractor will review responses and supporting documentation with DOH during the Review of Preliminary Results Response Meeting.	Day 102
17. Data Exceptions Conference - Contractor, the Reviewee, and DOH will engage in a conference call to discuss final results of testing. The Reviewee will be notified of the outcome of the response review and will be given next steps. It should be noted the results of testing are final.	Day 129
18. Extrapolation Process – To the extent a statistical sample is used, Contractor will send the results of testing to its statistician for extrapolation.	Day 134

Attachment E - HCRA Performance Audits Payor Audit Schedule

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19. DOH Reviews Draft Report – contractor to submit the draft report to DOH. DOH	Day 159
to have 10 business days for report review.	
20. Draft Report Revisions – DOH comments on report due to Contractor.	Day 169
21. DOH Approves Draft Report – Contractor to provide revised draft report to DOH	Day 173
for final approval prior to delivery to the Reviewee.	
22. Formal Response to Report – Contractor to send draft report to Reviewee for	Day 174
their formal response. The Reviewee to have 15 business days to formally	
respond to Contractor's report, which will be included as part of the final report.	
23. Exit Conference – Contractor, the Reviewee, and DOH will engage in a	Day 179
conference call to discuss the report.	
24. Contractor Response to Report – Reviewee's formal response due to	Day 189
Contractor.	
25. Final Report – Contractor to submit final report with Reviewee responses	Day 199
attached to DOH.	
Hearings/Administrative Proceedings	
1. Contractor provides qualified staff to testify at proceedings, as needed.	As needed
Contractor will testify as to the audit process and basis for audit findings in a	
DOH hearing process, if necessary, and in legal proceedings, which could	
include other administrative, civil, or criminal proceedings.	

Attachment F

AUDIT PROTOCOLS PROVIDER SURCHARGES/ASSESSMENTS

SURCHARGES

Reviews of Procedures

a. Questionnaires:

Each auditee will be required to complete a questionnaire, created by the Contractor and approved by the State, relating to their process for determining their direct surcharge obligation. It will be the contractor's responsibility to test and verify that the responses given are factual. This will be accomplished by testing of data that is described below. A copy of the completed questionnaire will be given to the State for their records.

b. Documentation Review

The Contractor will review all data/documentation provided by the auditee prior to the start of fieldwork to ensure that all data/documentation provided can be tested by the Contractor for HCRA audit purposes. If the data/documentation provided by the auditee is unable to be used for audit testing, the Contractor shall provide the State with a written explanation. The Contractor will also provide the State with a written description of the alternate procedures they plan to use to validate the accuracy of the auditee's surcharge payments for the year under review and quantify any surcharge payment deficiencies.

c. Interviews:

The Contractor will review policies and procedures applicable to completion of the monthly surcharge reports for the audit period under review. The Contractor will review procedures for determining the proper HCRA election status for payments received from primary and secondary payors. Specifically, it should be determined how the auditee processed invoices, applied surcharges and ultimately remitted the surcharges to the HCRA pool. Similarly, policies and procedures applicable to invoices that are not surcharged should be reviewed. To accomplish this, the Contractor will conduct interviews of appropriate personnel at various levels within the organization and it is expected that some of these interviews will require that Contractor audit staff have extensive understanding of electronic data processing systems.

2. Accounting Records Review

- a. Obtain the provider's certified financial statements for the year under review.
- b. Reconcile the certified financial statement to the provider's books and records (i.e., trial balance) for that year. If the certified financials are not available for the year under audit, obtain the previous year's certified statement and adjusting journal entries to determine if there were any significant changes to the facility's books and records. In the year under audit, follow up on the significant items (pertinent to surchargeable claims) identified in the previous year's adjusting journal entries to assure that the provider's records accurately account for these items currently.
- c. Assure that the "provider's reports" for HCRA tie into the books and records mentioned in step b above.

3. <u>Validate the Accuracy of Surcharge Payments (including Risk Sharing Arrangements)</u> for the Year Under Review and Quantify Any Surcharge Payment Deficiencies

- a. Assure that the patient services revenue data ties into the books and records mentioned in step 2b above to insure that the auditee provided the universe of patient services revenue received during the years under review. Such receipts include, but are not limited to, claim and non-claim based payments and payments made pursuant to advance payment, capitation and/or financial risk sharing arrangements.
- b. Through a test of receipts sufficient enough to draw a valid conclusion, identify services that were not surcharged, or not surcharged at the proper rate (see Payor Audit Protocols, page 2-Section 3b).
- c. Of the services identified above, determine why no surcharge was applied. On receipts that cannot be explained, consult the provider to determine why no surcharge was applied and summarize all discrepancies. Establish the appropriateness of any adjustments and related surcharge payments pertaining to the audit period that the provider claims they reported/paid subsequent to the year under review.
- d. Using the information obtained from services tested and the provider's explanations, summarize the amounts for services that should have been surcharged, but that were not, for the provider's database for the calendar year in question.
 - e. If identification of the actual surcharge underpayment/overpayment (step d above) is not possible, identify the universe of services that were not surcharged at the full surcharge rate. Using a statistically valid random sample at a 99% confidence level, determine the number of sample errors and project these errors to the universe. Develop and apply an error rate for each service and payor category. Through this sample projection, identify the low, mean and highpoint surcharge underpayment for the year audited. If the contractor utilizes statistical sampling, the contractor will prepare a statistical sampling description to be signed by the contractor and the auditee and included as an attachment to the audit report. If the auditee declines to sign a statistical sampling description, the contractor will document the request and refusal in the work papers and audit report.

4. Alternate Procedures

If the contractor is required to utilize alternate procedures because audit data is not available, the contractor will prepare an alternate procedures description to be included as an attachment to the audit report.

5. <u>Test of Accounting Records</u>

The contractor will be responsible for verifying the total annual reported patient services revenues and surcharges. This verification will require review and reconciliation of the various accounting books, financial statements (and/or general ledger records) and documentation supporting the monthly reports, including but not limited to prior years' financial statements and year end adjusting journal entries.

1% ASSESSMENT ON GENERAL HOSPITALS

In accordance with Section 2807- c (18) of the Public Health Law, a 1% assessment is charged to general hospitals on their net inpatient revenues received. The assessments are required to be remitted on a

monthly basis. The contractor will be responsible for verifying the assessments remitted to the pool. Steps to be performed as part of this review will include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Tracing the reported net inpatient services revenues to their respective source documents to verify the reported monthly totals.
- Analyzing the respective source records to determine the accuracy and completeness of the records.
- Testing a representative sample of receipts/transactions in detail to verify that the transaction was properly reported.
- Determine if the provider maintains revenue listings that show net inpatient services revenues which the provider has not assessed.
- For revenues that were not assessed, examine a number of receipts in detail to verify the provider's exempt determination.

Additionally, the contractor will perform any other tests deemed necessary to attest to the accuracy, completeness and timeliness of the assessments remitted to the pool by the provider, and to quantify assessment underpayments/overpayments for the year under review.

1. <u>Validate the Accuracy of Assessment Payments Made for the Year Under Review</u> and Quantify Any Surcharge Payment Deficiencies

- a. Through a test of accounting records and inpatient services billings sufficient enough to draw a valid conclusion, identify inpatient services that were not assessed. Adjustments, which may cross calendar years, need to be taken into consideration when testing services for this step.
- b. Consult with the provider to determine the reasons for the cases identified in step a above.
- c. Using the information obtained from steps a and b above, summarize the net inpatient services revenues amounts that should have been assessed, calculate the assessment underpayment/overpayment.
- d. If identification of the actual assessment underpayment/overpayment (step c above) is not possible, identify the universe of net inpatient services revenues that were not assessed. Using a statistically valid random sample at the 99% confidence level, determine the number of sample errors and project these errors to the universe. Through this sample projection, identify the low, mean and highpoint assessment underpayment for the year audited.
- e. If the contractor utilizes statistical sampling, the contractor will prepare a statistical sampling description to be signed by the contractor and the auditee and included as an attachment to the audit report. If the auditee declines to sign a statistical sampling description, the contractor will document the request and refusal in the work papers and audit report.

2. Alternate Procedures

If the contractor is required to utilize alternate procedures because audit data is not available, the contractor will prepare an alternate procedures description to be included as an attachment to the audit report.

3. Test of Accounting Records

The contractor will be responsible for verifying the total annual reported 1% assessments. This verification will require review and reconciliation of the various accounting books, financial statements (and/or general ledger records) and documentation supporting the

monthly reports, including but not limited to prior years' financial statements and year end adjusting journal entries.

REPORT ON FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based upon the results of the audit test work, the contractor will prepare a draft report of findings and recommendations to the State for review within 10 business days of the completion of test work. The State will review the draft and return it to the Contractor within 10 business days of receipt with any changes required before the draft can be forwarded to the auditee. The Contractor will incorporate the State's comments and forward the revised draft report to the auditee for their responses to the findings and recommendations detailed in the report.

Attachment G - HCRA Performance Audits Provider Audit Schedule

This schedule is an estimate and subject to change with the approval of the Department.

Task	Business Days
Audit Assignment-Conflict Check	- 3 -
Contractor receives State audit assignment.	
10. Contractor conducts conflict check and notifies DOH in writing of outcome. Conflicts will be assigned to Contractor's alternate/subcontractor. Note that the Contractor shall have fifteen days (15), from the date the State assigns an audit, to complete the audit conflict review and notify the State, in writing, or the State may revoke the audit assignment from the Contractor and assign the audit to the Contractor's alternate/subcontractor.	15 days
Commencement of Audit	
DOH sends audit notification letter and timeframes to auditee. DOH provides copy of auditee's payment history to Contractor/Subcontractor ("Contractor"), as appropriate.	
Provider Milestones and Timelines for Review of One Year	
Reviewee Notification, Review Kick-off – Contractor sends letter, questionnaire, and data requests to Reviewee. The Reviewee will have 44 business days to compile data requests, ask questions, and prepare documentation, Contractor will schedule on-site time for the entrance conference.	Day 1
Pre-fieldwork Planning – Contractor will schedule the kick-off and data pull conference calls. The kick-off conference call is held to describe the process of the review and the data pull conference call details what data fields Contractor is requesting.	Day 11, Day 22, Day 33
Questionnaire submission – Reviewee's completed questionnaire due to Contractor.	Day 40
4. Entrance Conference/Data Receipt/Fieldwork Begins – On day 45, an entrance conference will be held, and the first years' worth of data is due. Fieldwork begins on Day 45, and Contractor will be on-site at this time conducting interviews and reviewing documentation.	Day 45-50
5. Data and Information Request Representation Letter Due – Letter indicating that all documentation and data provided to this point is complete, accurate, and in accordance with the instructions in Contractor's questionnaire.	Day 45
 Fieldwork-Resolution of Data Issues – Contractor will resolve data follow-up questions and confirm if alternative procedures are required. Testing commences at this point. 	Day 50
7. Payor Determinations Provided to Reviewee – Contractor will conduct a name to name match with the claims data to the DOH electing Payor list. Contractor will identify the direct and non-direct payors. Contractor determinations will be provided to the Reviewee for review.	Day 65
Responses to Payor Determinations are due – Reviewee responses and supporting documentation are due to Contractor. Contractor to review responses and discuss with DOH.	Day 85
9. Testing Results Sent to Reviewee – Contractor will send test results to the Reviewee for their review and response. Contractor, DOH, and the Reviewee will hold a conference call to discuss the preliminary findings and next steps.	Day 100
10. Prel iminary Results Meeting – A conference call between the Reviewee, DOH, and Contractor is held to discuss preliminary test results.	Day 105
11. Responses to Test Results are due – Reviewee responses and supporting documentation are due to Contractor. Contractor to review responses and discuss with DOH.	Day 125
12. Review of Preliminary Results Response with DOH – Contractor reviews the supporting documentation provided by the Reviewee and discusses with DOH.	Day 135
13. Data Exceptions Conference – Contractor, the Reviewee, and DOH will engage in a conference call to discuss outstanding issues. The Reviewee will be notified	Day 145

Attachment G - HCRA Performance Audits Provider Audit Schedule

Provider Audit Schedule		
of the outcome of the response review, and will be given next steps. It should		
be noted that, once this process has been completed, the results of the testing are final.		
14. DOH Reviews Draft Report – Contractor to submit the draft report to DOH. DOH to have 10 business days for report review.	Day 165	
15. Draft Report Revisions – DOH report comments due to Contractor.	Day 175	
16. DOH Approves Draft Report – Contractor updates the draft report based on DOH's comments and DOH approves the draft report to be sent out to the Reviewee.	Day 179	
17. Formal Response to Report – Contractor to send final report to Reviewee for their formal response. The Reviewee to have 15 business days to formally respond to Contractor's report, which will be included as part of the final report.	Day 180	
18. Exit conference – A conference call is held between the Reviewee, DOH, and Contractor to discuss the final report.	Day 185	
19. Contractor Response to Report – Reviewee's formal response due to Contractor. Contractor to respond as necessary.	Day 195	
20. Final Report – Contractor to submit final report with Reviewee responses attached, to DOH.	Day 205	
Hearings/Administrative Proceedings		
Contractor provides qualified staff to testify at proceedings, as needed. Contractor will testify as to the audit process and basis for audit findings in a DOH hearing process, if necessary, and in legal proceedings, which could include other administrative, civil, or criminal proceedings.	As needed	

Attachment H

HCRA PERFORMANCE AUDIT

Report to the New York State Department of Health

Auditee Address City, State, Zip FEIN

Period Covered

Issue Date

Partner Signature: Date: Partner Name: Title: Partner

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Executive Summary

Overview of the Health Care Reform Act (HCRA)

The Health Care Reform Act (HCRA) was established in law effective January 1, 1997. Under HCRA, most non-Medicare payors are required to make surcharge payments for subsidization of indigent care and healthcare initiatives. In addition, certain payors are required to contribute to a Professional Education Pool, largely to fund graduate medical education expenses. Collectively, these funds are known as the Public Goods Pool (pool).

The surcharges apply to affected payments for patient services rendered on or after January 1, 1997 by New York State (NYS) licensed general hospitals, comprehensive primary care clinics, ambulatory surgery centers and freestanding clinical laboratories. Subsequent legislation eliminated the surcharge on all services provided by freestanding clinical laboratories and referred laboratory services provided by hospitals and/or comprehensive clinics on or after October 1, 2000. For an affected third-party payor that elects to pay the surcharges directly to NYS, the standard surcharge rates on paid Non-Medicaid and Medicaid claims varies over certain periods. The rates are posted on the NYS Department of Health (DOH) Web site at: http://www.health.ny.gov/nysdoh/hcra/surcharge.htm.

Covered lives assessments (CLA) are based on the HCRA region in which the member resides and the member's enrollment status (family or individual). Surcharges and covered lives remittances are required monthly, accompanied by the Certification Form, Report of Patient Services Payments and Surcharge Obligations, and Report of CLA (Payor Reports).

The HCRA statute also provided that an allocation of pooled funds be used to review affected payor and provider compliance with the surcharge and assessment requirements set forth in Sections 2807-c, 2807-j, 2807-s, and 2807-t of the NYS Public Health Law (PHL).

Payor Background

This section should include the following information:

- Name, location and type of auditee.
- Specific background on auditee's operation.
- Background information on the type and amount of claims processed by the auditee and the types of risk sharing and advance payment arrangements the auditee has with providers, independent practice associations and other entities and the amounts remitted to the HCRA pools.
- Any other pertinent background information.

Purpose and Scope

This report is a summary of our audit of <u>(insert auditee name)</u>'s HCRA surcharges and covered lives assessments for the <u>(insert year audited)</u>.

Our audit objectives were to:

- Determine whether <u>(insert auditee name)</u> had reliable information technology systems, processes, and controls in place to accurately calculate and report HCRA surcharges and covered lives assessments, and
- Determine whether <u>(insert auditee name)</u> accurately calculated, reported, and paid the HCRA surcharges and covered lives assessments, and quantify surcharge payment deficiencies, for the year under review.

Review Approach

In reporting the scope of the audit, the contractor should describe the depth and coverage of work conducted to accomplish the audit's objectives. Explain the relationship between the universe and what was audited; identify the organization and period covered; report the kinds and sources of evidence; and explain any quality or other problems with the evidence. The contractor should also report significant constraints imposed on the audit approach by data limitations or scope impairments.

To report the methodology used, the contractor should clearly explain the evidence gathering and analysis techniques used. This explanation should identify any significant assumptions made in conducting the audit; describe any comparative techniques applied; describe the criteria used; and when sampling significantly supports the contractor's findings, describe the sample design and state why it was chosen.

The specific steps include the following (the contractor may propose additional or alternative activities as long as they are consistent with the Department's stated goals and objectives):

HCRA Surcharge and Covered Lives Assessment Processes

- Reviewed the questionnaire responses submitted by (insert auditee name) related to their processes for determining their surcharge and covered lives assessment obligations.
- Conducted interviews with <u>(insert auditee name)</u> staff to gain an understanding of the HCRA surcharge and covered lives assessment procedures and controls in place.
- Documented our understanding of the significant processes, procedures, and controls used by (insert auditee name) to calculate, report and remit the HCRA surcharges and covered lives assessments during the year under review in the following areas:
 - o Finance
 - o Accounting
 - o Enrollment
 - Network Operations
 - Information Technology
- Reviewed internal HCRA reports, studies, and audits (if applicable), and followed up on open items.
- Reviewed third party reports (i.e., external auditors and the New York State Department of Insurance) and where applicable followed up on relevant issues and findings.

- Documented the controls over the systems used to calculate the HCRA surcharge and covered lives assessment for data entry and system access.
- Reviewed documentation related to the process used by (insert auditee name) to
 calculate the HCRA surcharge. This included a review of documentation related to claim
 based and non-claim based (e.g., per member per month payments) payments, and
 payments made pursuant to advance payment, capitation and/or financial risk sharing
 arrangements, during the year under review.
- Reviewed documentation related to the process used by (insert auditee name) to calculate the HCRA covered lives assessment.

Test of Accounting Records

- Obtained (insert auditee's name)'s certified financial statements and reviewed accounts relating to the HCRA surcharge expense, HCRA covered lives assessment expense, and total patient services payments.
- Obtained and reviewed the reconciliation of (insert auditee's name)'s certified financial statements to the general ledger and the patient services payment system (e.g., claim and non-claim based payments and payments made pursuant to advance, capitation and/or financial risk sharing arrangements) and obtained explanations of all significant reconciling items relating to patient services payments in total and the HCRA surcharge and covered lives assessment.
- Obtained and reviewed the monthly Payor Reports submitted to the DOH Pool Administrator in (insert the year being audited), and reconciled the reports to (insert auditee name)'s various accounting books and records.

Surcharges

- Reviewed the process for determining which payments (e.g., claims, non-claim based, advance, capitation, and financial risk sharing payments) are included in and excluded from the surcharge calculation. Obtained and reviewed the source code used to calculate the HCRA surcharge and compared the program logic to the HCRA regulations for completeness and accuracy.
- Judgmentally selected (insert #) claims paid in (insert the audit year), and compared these claims with the system data to identify potential data input errors.
- Determined, based on certain data fields, whether payments were properly included in or excluded from the HCRA surcharge calculation.
- Describe the methods and procedures utilized to validate the accuracy of the auditee's surcharge payments, and to quantify the surcharge underpayment, for the year under review. Include a description of the procedures utilized to query patient services payment data, calculate the total HCRA non-exempt payment amounts and related HCRA surcharge obligation, reconcile those amounts to (insert auditee's name)'s Payor Reports and identify the actual surcharge underpayment for the year under review. If the contractor utilizes statistical sampling, the contractor will prepare a statistical sampling description to be included as an attachment to the audit report. If the contractor will prepare an alternate procedures because audit data is not available, the contractor will prepare an alternate procedures description to be included as an attachment to the audit report.

Covered Lives Assessments

- Reviewed the process for determining who is included in and excluded from the covered lives population. Throughout this process, (insert contractor name) also tied the applicable dollar amounts and members to supporting documentation, and noted applicable controls and quality assurance procedures.
- Selected a sample of (insert #) members for (insert the audit year) to test the accuracy of
 the enrollment records against the system data for individual/family status, region, and
 eligibility.
- Determined, based on certain enrollment fields, whether members were properly included in or excluded from the HCRA assessment calculation.
- Describe the methods and procedures utilized to validate the accuracy of the auditee's assessment payments, and to quantify the assessment underpayment, for the year under review. Include a description of the procedures utilized to query historic enrollment information, calculate the total regional individual and family unit covered lives counts and related HCRA assessment obligation, reconcile those covered lives counts and the assessment amounts to (insert auditee's name)'s Payor Reports and identify the actual assessment underpayment for the year under review. If the contractor utilizes statistical sampling, the contractor will prepare a statistical sampling description to be included as an attachment to the audit report. If the contractor is required to utilize alternate procedures because audit data is not available, the contractor will prepare an alternate procedures description to be included as an attachment to the audit report.

Exit Conference

- Held an exit conference on (insert date) with (insert auditee's name) management to discuss our findings.
- Received a written response to (enter contractor's name)'s findings on (insert date).

Results of Procedures Performed

This section should include a management summary of the detailed audit findings and conclusions.
1.
2.
3.
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5.

Procedures Performed

As were presented at a high level in the review approach, the procedures performed section of the report should reflect a detailed step by step documentation of the specific steps taken during the review and noting of findings and issues identified at each phase of the review for the particular payor being reviewed.

Decision Trees

This should provide a detailed graphic representation of the steps performed for surcharge test work, identifying initial claim counts and showing the results to those claim counts as each audit step progresses.

Attachment H-A

Surcharge Variance Tables by the Year and Month

<year> Surcharge Results</year>			
Month	Contractor	Reviewee	Overpayment/Underpayment
January	\$	\$	\$
February	\$	\$	\$
March	\$	\$	\$
April	\$	\$	\$
May	\$	\$	\$
June	\$	\$	\$
July	\$	\$	\$
August	\$	\$	\$
September	\$	\$	\$
October	\$	\$	\$
November	\$	\$	\$
December	\$	\$	\$
Total	\$	\$	\$

Note: The numbers above have been rounded to the nearest whole number for reporting purposes.

Attachment H-B

Covered Lives Variance Tables by Month and Year

<year> Covered Lives Assessment Results for <reviewee></reviewee></year>			
Month	Reviewee	CLA Test work Results	\$ Difference
January	\$	\$	\$
February	\$	\$	\$
March	\$	\$	\$
April	\$	\$	\$
May	\$	\$	\$
June	\$	\$	\$
July	\$	\$	\$
August	\$	\$	\$
September	\$	\$	\$
October	\$	\$	\$
November	\$	\$	\$
December	\$	\$	\$
Total	\$	\$	\$

Attachment H-C Alternate Procedures and/or Statistical Sampling Description(s) for (insert auditee name)

If the contractor is required to utilize alternate procedures because audit data is not available, the contractor shall prepare an alternate procedures description to be included as an attachment to the audit report. The alternative procedures description shall include, at a minimum, the following:

- A description of specific data/documentation deficiency.
- The reason(s) why alternate procedures are necessary.
- A description of the alternate procedures utilized to determine validate the accuracy of the auditee's surcharge and/or assessment payments and to quantify surcharge and/or assessment underpayments (if applicable) for the year under review. This includes use criteria, methods, plans and procedures related to these procedures.
- A description of any limitations on potential findings as a result of using alternate procedures.

If the contractor uses statistical sampling methods, the contractor shall prepare a statistical sampling description to be included as an attachment to the audit report. The statistical sampling description shall include, at a minimum, the following:

- A description of the sample design utilized. This includes universe and errors found.
- The reason why the specific sample design was chosen.

Attachment H-D Decision Tree Diagrams

Attachment H-E (Insert Auditee Name)'s Response to Findings

Attachment I

As of 08/14/2019 10:07AM, the Laws database is current through 2019 Chapters 1-105, 107-165

Public Health

§ 2807-c. General hospital inpatient reimbursement for annual rate periods beginning on or after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight. 1. Payor payments. Payments to general hospitals for inpatient hospital services provided to persons who are not eligible for payments as beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) shall be determined pursuant to this section. Payor payments shall be as follows unless an alternative reimbursement methodology is authorized in accordance with paragraph (e), (f), (g), (h) or (i) of subdivision four of this section.

- * (a) Payments to general hospitals for reimbursement of inpatient hospital services provided to patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies for patients discharged prior to January first, two thousand and on and after January first, two thousand; or for patients discharged prior to January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven provided in accordance with policies written by corporations organized and operating in accordance with article forty-three of the insurance law, or payment by such a corporation on behalf of subscribers of a foreign corporation as described in paragraph
- (d) of subdivision twelve of this section, which provide for reimbursement on an expense incurred basis; or for patients discharged prior to January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven provided to subscribers of organizations operating in accordance with the provisions of article forty-four of this chapter, shall be case based payments per discharge, for each diagnosis-related group established in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision three of this section, and shall include:
- (i) a reimbursable inpatient operating cost component determined in accordance with subdivision five of this section;
- (ii) capital related inpatient expenses determined in accordance with subdivision eight of this section;
- (iii) for patients discharged prior to January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven (A) a bad debt and charity care allowance determined in accordance with subdivision fourteen of this section, (B) a general health care services allowance determined in accordance with subdivision fourteen-b of this section, and (C) a bad debt and charity care allowance for financially distressed hospitals determined in accordance with subdivision fourteen-c of this section;
- (iv) a projection of reimbursable inpatient operating costs to the rate year by the trend factor determined in accordance with subdivision ten of this section; and
- (v) adjustments for any modifications to the case payments determined in accordance with paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d) of subdivision four of this section.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (a) Payments to general hospitals for reimbursement of inpatient hospital services provided to patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies; or provided in accordance with policies written by corporations organized and operating in accordance with article forty-three of the insurance law, or payment by such a corporation on behalf of subscribers of a foreign corporation as described in paragraph (d) of subdivision twelve of this section, which provide for reimbursement on an expense incurred basis; or provided to subscribers of organizations operating in accordance with the provisions of article forty-four of this chapter, shall be case based payments per discharge, for each diagnosis-related group established in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision three of this section, and shall include:

(i) a reimbursable inpatient operating cost component determined in accordance with subdivision five of this section;

- (ii) capital related inpatient expenses determined in accordance with subdivision eight of this section;
- (iii) (A) a bad debt and charity care allowance determined in accordance with subdivision fourteen of this section, (B) a general health care services allowance determined in accordance with subdivision fourteen-b of this section, and (C) a bad debt and charity care allowance for financially distressed hospitals determined in accordance with subdivision fourteen-c of this section;
- (iv) a projection of reimbursable inpatient operating costs to the rate year by the trend factor determined in accordance with subdivision ten of this section; and
- (v) adjustments for any modifications to the case payments determined in accordance with paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d) of subdivision four of this section.
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- * (a-1) Payments made by local governmental agencies to general hospitals for reimbursement of inpatient hospital services provided to inmates of local correctional facilities as defined in subdivision sixteen of section two of the correction law shall be at the rates of payment determined pursuant to this section for state governmental agencies, excluding adjustments pursuant to subdivision fourteen-f of this section.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (a-1) Payments made by local governmental agencies to general hospitals for reimbursement of inpatient hospital services provided to inmates of local correctional facilities as defined in subdivision sixteen of section two of the correction law shall be at the rates of payment determined pursuant to this section for state governmental agencies.
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- * (a-2) (i) With the exception of those enrollees covered under a payment rate methodology agreement negotiated with a general hospital, payments for inpatient hospital services provided to patients eligible for medical assistance pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law made by organizations operating in accordance with the provisions of article forty-four of this chapter or by health maintenance organizations organized and operating in accordance with article forty-three of the insurance law shall be the rates of payment that would be paid for such patients under the medical assistance program, (i) determined pursuant to this section, excluding adjustments pursuant to subdivision fourteen-f of this section, and (ii) excluding medical education costs that are reimbursed directly to the general hospital in accordance with paragraph (a-3) of this subdivision.
- (ii) Effective July first, two thousand seven, with the exception of those enrollees covered under a payment rate methodology agreement negotiated with a general hospital, payment for inpatient hospital services provided to patients enrolled in the child health insurance program pursuant to title one-A of article twenty-five of this chapter made by organizations operating in accordance with the provisions of article forty-four of this chapter or by health maintenance organizations organized and operating in accordance with article forty-three of the insurance law shall be the rates of payment that would be paid under the medical assistance program determined pursuant to this section, excluding adjustments pursuant to subdivision fourteen-f of this section.
 - * NB Expires December 31, 2020

- * (a-3) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law:
- (i) the commissioner shall establish, subject to the approval of the director of the budget, discrete rates of payment for general hospitals for the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and periods on and after January first, two thousand for payments under the medical assistance program pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law for persons eligible for medical assistance who are enrolled in health maintenance organizations and for payments under the family health plus program for persons enrolled in approved organizations pursuant to title eleven-D of article five of the social services law based on the components of rates of payment established pursuant to this section for persons eligible for medical assistance who are not enrolled in health maintenance organizations for a general hospital for such rate period that reflect the estimated reimbursable costs of direct medical education expenses and indirect medical education expenses in the determination of:
- (A) the hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge pursuant to subdivision six of this section, and
- (B) group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge pursuant to subdivision seven of this section, and
- (C) the operating cost component of rates of payment pursuant to paragraphs (f) and (k) of subdivision four of this section, and
- (D) the operating cost component of rates of payment in accordance with paragraphs (e), (g) and (i) of subdivision four of this section for general hospitals or distinct units of general hospitals not reimbursed on the basis of case based payments per discharge; and
- (E) notwithstanding clauses (A) through (D) of this subparagraph, for periods on and after December first, two thousand nine, the operating cost component of rates of payment subject to subdivision thirty-five of this section, and
- (F) notwithstanding clauses (A) through (D) of this subparagraph, for periods on and after December first, two thousand nine, the operating cost component of rates of payment subject to paragraphs (e-1), (e-2) and (1) of subdivision four of this section for general hospitals or distinct units of general hospitals not reimbursed on the basis of case based payments per discharge; and
- (ii) such rates of payment may be established by the commissioner on any appropriate payment basis, including a case mix adjusted per discharge basis.
 - * NB Expires December 31, 2020
- * (b) For patients discharged prior to January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven, payments to general hospitals for reimbursement of inpatient hospital services provided to patients eligible for payments pursuant to the comprehensive motor vehicle insurance reparations act; or enrolled in a self-insured fund which provides for reimbursement directly to general hospitals on an expense incurred basis, with the exception of those enrollees covered under a payment rate methodology agreement in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a) of subdivision two of this section; or insured under a commercial insurer licensed to do business in this state and authorized to write accident and health insurance and whose policy provides inpatient hospital coverage on an expense incurred basis; or receiving inpatient hospital services pursuant to an out-of-plan benefits systemauthorized pursuant to section four thousand four hundred six of this chapter, except where such out-of-plan, inpatient hospital services are offered by an organization organized pursuant to the not-for-profit corporation law or which meets the qualifications of section 501(c) of the internal revenue

code, shall be case based payments per discharge, for each diagnosisrelated group established in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision three of this section, and equal to the case payments to general hospitals provided in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subdivision for services provided to subscribers of corporations organized and operating in accordance with article forty-three of the insurance law, adjusted for uncovered services, and increased by thirteen percent or, for payments pursuant to the workers' compensation law, the volunteer firefighters' benefit law and the volunteer ambulance workers' benefit law, increased by five percent. Funds received by a general hospital based on the payment differential applied pursuant to this paragraph shall be hospital funds for patient care purposes. Without due cause general hospitals shall not refuse to accept direct payments from a payor who would otherwise be eligible to reimburse hospitals for inpatient services on a case based payment per discharge in accordance with this subdivision.

- (b-1) (i) For patients discharged on and after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven and prior to January first, two thousand and on and after January first, two thousand, payments to general hospitals for reimbursement of inpatient hospital services provided to patients eligible for payments pursuant to the workers' compensation law, the volunteer firefighters' benefit law, the volunteer ambulance workers' benefit law, and the comprehensive motor vehicle insurance reparations act shall be at the rates of payment determined pursuant to this section for state governmental agencies, excluding adjustments pursuant to subdivision fourteen-f of this section and subdivision thirty-three of this section, excluding such further reductions to such payments as are enacted as part of the state budget for the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand ten and excluding such further reductions to such payments as are enacted as part of the state budget for state fiscal years commencing on and after April first, two thousand eleven.
- (ii) The provisions of paragraph (d) of subdivision eleven of this section shall continue to apply to such payors for payments determined pursuant to this paragraph.
- (b-2) A payor included in the payor categories specified in paragraph (a) or (b-1) of this subdivision shall not be provided the option of payment to a general hospital for inpatient services based on the lower of hospital charges or the case based payment per discharge determined in accordance with this section for a patient or apportioning the appropriate case based payment per discharge for a patient by excluding payment for a preexisting condition or acquired condition which has to be treated along with the reason for the admission or, except as may affect qualification for payments in accordance with paragraph (b) or (d) of subdivision four of this section, for days within the inlier stay determined to be medically unnecessary.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (b) Payments to general hospitals for reimbursement of inpatient hospital services provided to patients eligible for payments pursuant to the comprehensive motor vehicle insurance reparations act; or enrolled in a self-insured fund which provides for reimbursement directly to general hospitals on an expense incurred basis, with the exception of those enrollees covered under a payment rate methodology agreement in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a) of subdivision two of this section; or insured under a commercial insurer licensed to do business in this state and authorized to write accident and health insurance and whose policy provides inpatient hospital coverage on an expense incurred basis; or receiving inpatient hospital services pursuant to an out-of-plan benefits system authorized pursuant to

section four thousand four hundred six of this chapter, except where such out-of-plan, inpatient hospital services are offered by an organization organized pursuant to the not-for-profit corporation law or which meets the qualifications of section 501 (c) of the internal revenue code, shall be case based payments per discharge, for each diagnosisrelated group established in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision three of this section, and equal to the case payments to general hospitals provided in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subdivision for services provided to subscribers of corporations organized and operating in accordance with article forty-three of the insurance law, adjusted for uncovered services, and increased by thirteen percent or, for payments pursuant to the workers' compensation law, the volunteer firefighters' benefit law and the volunteer ambulance workers' benefit law, increased by five percent. Funds received by a general hospital based on the payment differential applied pursuant to this paragraph shall be hospital funds for patient care purposes. Without due cause general hospitals shall not refuse to accept direct payments from a payor who would otherwise be eligible to reimburse hospitals for inpatient services on a case based payment per discharge in accordance with this subdivision. A payor included in the payor categories specified in this paragraph or in paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall not be provided the option of payment to a general hospital for inpatient services based on the lower of hospital charges or the case based payment per discharge determined in accordance with this section for a patient or apportioning the appropriate case based payment per discharge for a patient by excluding payment for a preexisting condition or acquired condition which has to be treated along with the reason for the admission or, except as may affect qualification for payments in accordance with paragraph (b) or (d) of subdivision four of this section, for days within the inlier stay determined to be medically unnecessary.

- * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- * (c) Charge based payments. For patients discharged prior to January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven, payments to general hospitals for reimbursement of inpatient hospital services provided to those for whom a case based payment per discharge system is not authorized by paragraph (a) or (b) of this subdivision, or who are not covered under the provisions of paragraph (a) of subdivision two of this section, shall be on the basis of the hospital's charges; provided, however, for these patients the definition of a short stay patient pursuant to paragraph (d) of subdivision four of this section shall apply, and reimbursement to hospitals for such patients shall be at payments developed in accordance with paragraph (d) of subdivision four of this section, increased by thirteen percent. The maximum amount to be charged to any charge paying patient for a case shall be one hundred twenty percent of the case based payment per discharge as determined under paragraph (b) of this subdivision for the diagnosis-related group with which the patient is identified. Each general hospital shall establish a charge schedule and inpatient charges from this schedule shall be applied uniformly for all inpatient charge based payments made in accordance with this section.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (c) Charge based payments. Payments to general hospitals for reimbursement of inpatient hospital services provided to those for whom a case based payment per discharge system is not authorized by paragraph (a) or (b) of this subdivision, or who are not covered under the provisions of paragraph (a) of subdivision two of this section, shall be on the basis of the hospital's charges; provided, however, for these

patients the definition of a short stay patient pursuant to paragraph (d) of subdivision four of this section shall apply, and reimbursement to hospitals for such patients shall be at payments developed in accordance with paragraph (d) of subdivision four of this section, increased by thirteen percent. The maximum amount to be charged to any charge paying patient for a case shall be one hundred twenty percent of the case based payment per discharge as determined under paragraph (b) of this subdivision for the diagnosis-related group with which the patient is identified. Each general hospital shall establish a charge schedule and inpatient charges from this schedule shall be applied uniformly for all inpatient charge based payments made in accordance with this section.

- * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- (d) The components of rates of payment calculated in accordance with this section related to inpatient operating costs shall be based on general hospital reimbursable inpatient operating costs used in determining payments for services pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-a of this article during the rate period January first, nineteen hundred eighty-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-seven (or for a distinct unit of a general hospital excluded from case based payments pursuant to paragraph (e) or (g) of subdivision four of this section such distinct unit reimbursable inpatient operating costs), excluding inpatient operating costs related to services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) in accordance with paragraph (g) of subdivision eleven of this section and adjusted to reflect the annualized cost impact of rate revisions or adjustments, including the volume adjustment and case mix adjustment for the nineteen hundred eighty-seven rate period, made with respect to such services, which shall be defined as a general hospital's or distinct unit's reimbursable inpatient operating cost base; a projection to the nineteen hundred eighty-eight rate period by the trend factor determined in accordance with subdivision ten of this section; and an increase to reflect special additional inpatient operating costs determined and allocated in accordance with paragraph (e) of this subdivision.
- (e) General hospital special additional inpatient operating costs shall be determined and allocated among general hospitals in accordance with subparagraphs (i), (iii) and (iv) of this paragraph. For purposes of computing group category average inpatient reimbursable operating costs in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision seven of this section and an equivalent cost component for general hospitals that are excluded from the case based payment per diagnosis-related group system in accordance with paragraph (e) or (g) of subdivision four of this section special additional inpatient operating costs shall include an additional increase determined and allocated among general hospitals in accordance with subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph.
- (i) The total cost increases pursuant to this subparagraph for all general hospitals shall in the aggregate be one hundred thirty million dollars for the nineteen hundred eighty-eight rate period to reflect nineteen hundred eighty-five costs incurred in excess of the trend factor between nineteen hundred eighty-one and nineteen hundred eighty-five, such cost increases to be projected from nineteen hundred eighty-eight to subsequent annual rate periods by the applicable trend factor, and shall be allocated among general hospitals in accordance with the following methodology:

Five hundred dollars per bed shall be allocated to costs of each general hospital based on the total number of inpatient beds for which the hospital is certified pursuant to the operating certificate issued

for such general hospital in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred five of this article in effect on January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight.

A factor of one quarter of one percent of a general hospital's reimbursable inpatient operating cost base as defined in paragraph (d) of this subdivision, trended through nineteen hundred eighty-eight, shall be allocated to costs of general hospitals for technology advances and a further one quarter of one percent of such costs shall be allocated to costs of general hospitals for increased activities related to quality assurance and patient discharge planning.

The balance of one hundred thirty million dollars after deducting the dollar value of the per bed cost enhancement and the dollar value of the percentage cost enhancements shall be allocated to costs of general hospitals based on the ratio of each general hospital's nineteen hundred eighty-five cost incurred in excess of the trend factor between nineteen hundred eighty-one and nineteen hundred eighty-five in the following discrete areas, summed, to the total sum of such cost over trend of all general hospitals applied to such balance: malpractice insurance costs, infectious and other waste disposal costs, water charges, direct medical education expenses, working capital interest costs of hospitals that qualified for distributions made in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision sixteen of section twenty-eight hundred seven-a of this article, costs of distinct psychiatric units excluded from case based payments per diagnosis-related group, and ambulance costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, nineteen hundred eighty-five cost incurred in excess of the trend factor between nineteen hundred eighty-one and nineteen hundred eighty-five shall be calculated for each such discrete area based on a general hospital's inpatient operating costs for the fiscal year ending in nineteen hundred eighty-five, after excluding inpatient operating costs related to services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), for such discrete area in excess of the hospital's comparable component of reimbursable inpatient operating costs for its fiscal year ending in nineteen hundred eighty-one, after excluding inpatient operating costs related to services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), trended through nineteen hundred eighty-five by the appropriate component of the trend factors and adjusted to reflect approved decreases or increases in inpatient operating costs resulting from all rate adjustments.

(ii) The total additional cost increases pursuant to this subparagraph for all general hospitals shall in the aggregate be forty million dollars for the nineteen hundred eighty-eight rate period, such additional cost increases to be projected from nineteen hundred eighty-eight to the rate period by the applicable trend factor, to be allocated among general hospitals in accordance with the following methodology:

The additional increase of forty million dollars shall be allocated to costs of general hospitals that are included in group categories established pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision seven of this section based on the ratio of the nineteen hundred eighty-eight intermediate group operating costs of each such general hospital, and to costs of general hospitals that are excluded from the case based payment per diagnosis-related group system in accordance with paragraph (e) or (g) of subdivision four of this section based on the ratio of the nineteen hundred eighty-eight intermediate operating costs of each such general hospital, to the total sum of such intermediate group operating costs and intermediate operating costs applied to the forty million dollars. For purposes of this subparagraph, intermediate group operating

costs of a general hospital shall be calculated in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner based on the reimbursable inpatient operating cost base determined in accordance with paragraph (d) of this subdivision of such general hospital; adjusted to exclude operating costs related to specialized hospital services for which an alternative reimbursement methodology is adopted pursuant to paragraph (e) or (g) or, if effective, (i) of subdivision four of this section; and trended to the nineteen hundred eighty-eight rate period by the trend factor determined in accordance with subdivision ten of this section; and increased to reflect special additional inpatient operating costs determined and allocated in accordance with subparagraph (i) of this paragraph; and adjusted to exclude a factor for operating costs of patients who required an alternate level of care in accordance with paragraph (h) of subdivision four of this section; and adjusted to exclude the components of the trended reimbursable inpatient operating cost base related to education, physician, ambulance services and organ acquisition costs determined in accordance with subparagraphs (i), (iii) and (iv) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section and malpractice insurance costs, and the components of special additional inpatient operating costs determined and allocated in accordance with subparagraph (i) of this paragraph associated with cost increases in such costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, intermediate operating costs of a general hospital excluded from the case based payment per diagnosis-related group system shall be calculated in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner based on the reimbursable inpatient operating cost base determined in accordance with paragraph (d) of this subdivision of such general hospital; trended to the nineteen hundred eighty-eight rate period by the trend factor determined in accordance with subdivision ten of this section; and increased to reflect special additional inpatient operating costs determined and allocated in accordance with subparagraph (i) of this paragraph; and adjusted to exclude a factor for operating costs of patients who required an alternate level of care developed consistent with the provisions of paragraph (h) of subdivision four of this section; and adjusted to exclude the components of the trended reimbursable inpatient operating cost base related to education, physician, ambulance services and organ acquisition costs determined consistent with the provisions of subparagraphs (i), (iii) and (iv) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section and malpractice insurance costs, and the components of special additional inpatient operating costs determined and allocated in accordance with subparagraph (i) of this paragraph associated with cost increases in such costs.

(iii) Cost increases pursuant to this subparagraph shall be made for the nineteen hundred ninety-one rate period to reflect cost increases incurred in excess of the trend factor and not included in the costs used in determining payments in accordance with paragraph (d) of this subdivision and subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this paragraph. Such costs shall in the aggregate be three hundred twenty-nine million dollars exclusive of costs related to services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare). Such costs increases shall be projected from nineteen hundred ninety-one to subsequent annual rate periods by the applicable trend factor, and shall be allocated among general hospitals, except those general hospitals whose base year for determining payments for services in such facilities is nineteen hundred eighty-seven, in accordance with the following methodology:

(A) Up to two hundred twenty-two million dollars shall be allocated for labor adjustments. If the total of the adjustments is less than two hundred twenty-two million dollars, then the adjustments shall be fully funded. If the total of the adjustments is more than two hundred twenty-two million dollars, then the adjustment specified in accordance with item (II) of this clause shall be funded at the lower of twenty percent of the total amount allocated for labor adjustments or its proportional share of the labor adjustments unless the labor adjustment specified in item (I) of this clause is less than eighty percent of the total amount allocated for labor adjustments in which case the adjustment specified in item (II) of this clause shall be equal to the difference between two hundred twenty-two million dollars and the total amount of the adjustment specified in item (I) of this clause.

- (I) A portion of the amount allocated for labor adjustments shall be for labor cost increases related to registered nurses' salaries and fringes (twenty percent of salaries) and an add-on for the ripple effect on other health care professionals of at least thirty-five percent. Such adjustment shall cover both inpatient and outpatient cost incurred, based on costs reported in a survey conducted by the department for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety on forms specified by the commissioner and received by the department no later than November first, nineteen hundred ninety, annualized, in excess of nineteen hundred eighty-five labor costs related to registered nurses' salaries and fringes trended to nineteen hundred ninety and the nineteen hundred eighty-eight statewide nurse salary adjustment trended to nineteen hundred ninety by the appropriate components of the trend factors adjusted to reflect the effect of the annualization of nineteen hundred ninety data and the result trended to nineteen hundred ninety-one and shall be based exclusively on regional experience. Such regional adjustment shall not be less than zero. Each individual hospital within a region shall receive a portion of the regional adjustment equal to its share of the total inpatient and outpatient reimbursable operating costs for the region excluding costs related to services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) and excluding direct medical education costs.
- (II) A portion of the amount allocated for labor adjustments shall be for personnel costs other than those related to registered nurses' salaries and fringes and the ripple effect on other health care professionals. Such adjustment shall cover both inpatient and outpatient costs incurred, based on costs reported in a survey conducted by the department for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety on forms specified by the commissioner and received by the department no later than November first, nineteen hundred ninety, annualized, in excess of nineteen hundred eighty-five personnel costs covered by this adjustment trended to nineteen hundred ninety and the annualized rate adjustments approved in nineteen hundred eighty-nine for personnel costs covered by this adjustment for increased hospital costs to meet additional state requirements that became effective July first, nineteen hundred eightynine trended to nineteen hundred ninety by the appropriate components of the trend factors adjusted to reflect the effect of the annualization of nineteen hundred ninety data and the result trended to nineteen hundred ninety-one and shall be based exclusively on regional data.
- (III) In the event that federal financial participation in payments made for beneficiaries eligible for medical assistance under title XIX of the federal social security act based upon the allocation and

adjustment specified in items (I) and (II) of this clause related to outpatient costs as a component of such payments is not approved by the federal government then such outpatient costs shall not be considered in calculating such adjustment.

(B) Health personnel development.

Four million five hundred thousand dollars shall be allocated for labor adjustments to be made available for health occupation development and workplace demonstration programs authorized pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-h of this article. The commissioner is directed to make rate adjustments subject to the approval of the director of the budget to cover the cost of such programs, which shall be made available for the duration of such programs.

- (C) Thirty-three million dollars shall be allocated for technology advances and changes in medical practice. A fixed amount per bed shall be allocated to the costs of each general hospital based on the total number of inpatient beds for which the general hospital is certified pursuant to the operating certificate issued for such general hospital in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred five of this article in effect on June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety.
- (D) Thirty-four million dollars shall be allocated to those general hospitals providing comprehensive health care to the communities they serve as determined by the commissioner pursuant to regulations approved by the council. Comprehensive health care includes providing and/or accommodating patients' health care needs at the appropriate levels and settings of care, and reaches outside of traditional inpatient services to outpatient and other services. Factors to be considered in deciding which general hospitals are providing comprehensive health care and the size of the adjustment shall include but not be limited to: clinic and emergency room volume compared to inpatient volume (measured using total volume and/or volume related to medicaid and medically indigent patients); number and type of clinic services offered; availability of services; whether the general hospital is an AIDS designated center, prenatal care assistance program provider, home health care provider, trauma center, burn center; whether the general hospital offers neonatal intensive care services, dialysis services, birthing center backup agreements, AIDS outpatient programs, specific mental health, drug and alcohol programs including outpatient and emergency services and those designated pursuant to section 9.39 of the mental hygiene law; and whether the general hospital's emergency room is designated as a 911 receiving hospital. In the event that federal financial participation in payments made for beneficiaries eligible for medical assistance under title XIX of the federal social security act based upon the adjustment specified in this clause as a component of such payments is not approved by the federal government because of the inclusion of outpatient services then such outpatient services shall not be considered in calculating such adjustment. If such exclusion results in the allocation for this adjustment not being spent, then any unspent portion shall be reallocated to further fund the adjustments specified in clauses (D) and (E) of this subparagraph in the same proportion as their original funding.
- (E)(I) Twenty-six million dollars shall be allocated to the costs of general hospitals based on the ratio of each general hospital's nineteen hundred eighty-nine cost incurred in excess of the trend factor between nineteen hundred eighty-five and nineteen hundred eighty-nine in the certain discrete areas, summed, to the total sum of such cost over trend of all general hospitals applied to the total funds under this allocation. Such discrete cost areas shall include but not be limited to: infectious and other waste disposal costs, universal precautions,

working capital interest costs, costs for asbestos removal, costs of low osmolality contrast media, malpractice costs, water and sewer charges, ambulance costs and costs related to designation as a trauma center. For purposes of this clause, nineteen hundred eighty-nine cost incurred in excess of the trend factor between nineteen hundred eighty-five and nineteen hundred eighty-nine shall be calculated for each such discrete area based on a general hospital's inpatient operating costs for the fiscal year ending in nineteen hundred eighty-nine, after excluding inpatient operating costs related to services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), for such discrete area in excess of the hospital's comparable component of reimbursable inpatient operating costs for its fiscal year ending in nineteen hundred eighty-five, after excluding inpatient operating costs related to services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), trended through nineteen hundred eighty-nine by the appropriate component of the trend factors and adjusted to reflect approved decreases or increases in inpatient operating costs resulting from all rate adjustments.

- (II) Any funds allocated under this clause and not distributed pursuant to item (I) of this clause shall be allocated for the following: to reimburse for a portion of the cost increases incurred above the trend factor between nineteen hundred eighty-one and nineteen hundred eighty-five for those discrete cost areas specified in the last paragraph of subparagraph (i) of paragraph (e) of this subdivision as added by chapter two of the laws of nineteen hundred eighty-eight and not reimbursed in accordance with such paragraph. Such funds shall be allocated to general hospitals in the same manner as specified in such paragraph.
- (F) Seven million two hundred thousand dollars shall be allocated to account for the increase in the number of patients admitted through the emergency room and the high costs of treating such patients which has resulted in an increase in severity within diagnosis related groups. Such funds shall be allocated to general hospitals based on the nineteen hundred eighty-nine hospital-specific data on increased admissions through the emergency room since nineteen hundred eighty-one, excluding those admissions related to providing services to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare).
- (G) Two hundred fifty dollars per bed shall be allocated to the costs of each general hospital having two hundred or less certified acute care beds and classified as a rural hospital for purposes of determining payment for inpatient acute care services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) or under state regulations, for recruiting and retaining health care personnel, based on the total number of inpatient acute care beds for which such general hospital is certified pursuant to the operating certificate issued for such general hospital in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred five of this article in effect on June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety.
- (H) One million dollars shall be allocated to assist general hospitals involved in a merger, acquisition, or consolidation in meeting the costs associated with such merger, acquisition, or consolidation on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one. The commissioner shall make rate adjustments for such allocations.
- (I) Five hundred thousand dollars shall be allocated for a practitioner placement program to assist general hospitals in the placement of physicians and other health care practitioners to practice primary health care and/or dentistry in underserved areas, to serve the medically needy, and including services with affiliated community based

providers. The commissioner shall make rate adjustments for such allocations. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this subdivision, this clause shall not apply in rate periods commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four.

- (iv) Cost increases pursuant to this subparagraph shall be made for the nineteen hundred ninety-four rate period to reflect cost increases incurred in excess of the trend factor and not included in the costs used in determining payments in accordance with paragraph (d) of this subdivision and subparagraphs (i), (ii) and (iii) of this paragraph. Such costs shall in the aggregate be one hundred seventy-three million dollars exclusive of costs related to services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare). Such cost increases shall be projected from nineteen hundred ninety-four to subsequent annual rate periods by the applicable trend factor, and shall be allocated among general hospitals in accordance with the following methodology:
- (A) Forty-six million dollars shall be allocated to the costs of general hospitals for treating tuberculosis patients. Each general hospital shall receive a portion of this total equal to its share of the statewide total of inpatient tuberculosis discharges based on the most recent twelve month period for which data is available.
- (B) Sixty-three million dollars shall be allocated for labor adjustments in accordance with the following methodology:
- (I) Fifty-five million dollars shall be for labor cost increases incurred prior to June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-three. Each general hospital shall receive a portion of this total equal to its share of the statewide total of inpatient and outpatient reimbursable operating costs based on nineteen hundred ninety data excluding costs related to services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) and excluding direct medical education costs.
- (II) Eight million dollars of the amount to be allocated for labor adjustments pursuant to this clause shall be distributed to general hospitals located in the counties of Ulster, Sullivan, Orange, Dutchess, Putnam, Rockland, Columbia, Delaware and Westchester, to account for prior disproportionate increases in unreimbursed labor costs. Each individual hospital shall receive a portion of the eight million dollars equal to its share of the total inpatient and outpatient reimbursable operating costs based on nineteen hundred ninety data for all hospitals located in the above-referenced counties excluding costs related to services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) and excluding direct medical education costs.
- (C) Fifty-five million dollars shall be allocated to the costs of increased activities related to regulatory compliance, universal precautions and infection control related to AIDS, tuberculosis, and other infectious diseases, including the training of employees with regard to infection control, and for infectious and other waste disposal costs. A fixed amount per bed shall be allocated to the costs of each general hospital based on the total number of inpatient beds for which the general hospital is certified pursuant to the operating certificate issued for each general hospital in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred five of this article in effect on August twenty-fourth, nineteen hundred ninety-three.
 - (D) Three million dollars shall be allocated as follows:
- (I) Two hundred fifty dollars per bed shall be allocated to the costs of each general hospital having two hundred or less certified acute care beds and classified as a rural hospital for purposes of determining payment for inpatient services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII

of the federal social security act (medicare) or under state regulations, in recognition of the unique costs incurred by these facilities in complying with state regulations, based on the total number of inpatient acute care beds for which such general hospital is certified pursuant to the operating certificate issued for such general hospital in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred five of this article in effect on August twenty-fourth, nineteen hundred ninety-three.

- (II) The remainder shall be allocated on a proportional basis to the costs of each general hospital classified as a rural hospital for purposes of determining payment for inpatient services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) or under state regulations, in recognition of the unique costs incurred by these facilities to provide hospital services in remote or sparsely populated areas, according to the following methodology:
- (1) the net income, or the net loss expressed as a negative, as a proportion of the net patient revenue, of each such hospital, based on operating results for the nineteen hundred ninety and nineteen hundred ninety-one rate years, shall be computed and averaged, and expressed as a percentage;
- (2) each such resulting percentage average shall be multiplied by each such hospital's number of inpatient beds for which such hospital is certified pursuant to the operating certificate issued for such hospital in accordance with section two thousand eight hundred five of this article in effect on June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety, and such resulting products for all such hospitals shall be summed, and such sum shall be divided by the total of all such beds for all such hospitals, and the resulting quotient shall be the weighted average rural operating margin expressed as a percentage; and
- (3) one percentage point shall be subtracted from each such hospital's average net operating margin, and the resulting difference shall be divided by the weighted average rural operating margin; and
- (4) (a) if the quotient resulting from the computation in subitem three above is less than zero, then the absolute value of such quotient shall be multiplied by each such hospital's number of inpatient beds for which such hospital is certified pursuant to the operating certificate issued for such hospital in accordance with section two thousand eight hundred five of this chapter in effect on June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety, such product shall be multiplied by one hundred fifty dollars, and such resulting amount shall be such hospital's adjustment pursuant to this clause;
- (b) if the quotient resulting from the computation in subitem three above is zero or greater, such hospital's adjustment pursuant to this clause shall be zero; and
- (c) provided, however, that if the total of all such adjustments so computed exceeds the amount to be allocated in accordance with this item, each such hospital's adjustment shall be proportionately reduced.
- (E) Three million dollars shall be allocated to assist general hospitals involved in a merger, acquisition, or consolidation in meeting the costs associated with such merger, acquisition, or consolidation on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four. The commissioner shall make rate adjustments for such allocations.
- (F) (I) One million five hundred thousand dollars shall be allocated for enhanced rates for general hospitals participating within a rural health network as defined in subdivision two of section twenty-nine hundred fifty-one of this chapter. Such rate enhancements shall be established only for inpatient services provided by such hospitals

through the written rural health network agreement, where such services have been approved for enhanced rates by the commissioner. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, such enhanced rates shall be subject to the availability of federal financial participation pursuant to title XIX of the federal social security act in expenditures made for eligible patients, including pooling arrangements and volume adjustments, provided, however that such enhanced rates shall not affect the calculation for any other general hospital of the group price component calculated pursuant to subparagraph (i) of paragraph (a) of subdivision seven of this section.

- (II) One million five hundred thousand dollars shall be allocated for enhanced rates for general hospitals participating within a central services facility rural health network as defined in subdivision three of section twenty-nine hundred fifty-one of this chapter. Such rate enhancements shall be established only for inpatient services provided by such hospitals through the network operational plan, where such services have been approved for enhanced rates by the commissioner. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, such enhanced rates shall be subject to the availability of federal financial participation pursuant to title XIX of the federal social security act in expenditures made for eligible patients, including pooling arrangements and volume adjustments, provided, however that such enhanced rates shall not affect the calculation for any other general hospital of the group price component calculated pursuant to subparagraph (i) of paragraph (a) of subdivision seven of this section.
- (f) The commissioner and the state director of the budget shall consider providing a supplementary increase to general hospital reimbursable inpatient operating costs for purposes of computing rates of payment for annual rate periods beginning on or after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-nine in accordance with this section for reasonable and necessary supplementary cost increases in general hospital operating costs for such rate period or periods based on increased minimum standards and procedures relating to general hospital operating certificates adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner or state initiatives related to recruitment or maintenance of an appropriate level of personnel providing professional services to patients. Any such supplementary increase shall be allocated to costs of general hospitals in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner.
- (g) Hospital discharges for purposes of computing case based payments per discharge pursuant to this section shall be based on the number of patient discharges during the rate period from January first, nineteen hundred eighty-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-seven excluding discharges of beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) and adjusted as provided in specific provisions of this section, or the number of such patient discharges during a recent twelve month period prior thereto established by regulation for which data are available subsequently reconciled by an adjustment to reflect nineteen hundred eighty-seven discharge data.
- * (h) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section, commencing April first, nineteen hundred ninety-five:
- (i) rates of payment for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies shall be reduced by the commissioner to reflect an exclusion from reimbursable inpatient operating costs commencing April first, nineteen hundred ninety-five of the special additional inpatient operating costs determined and allocated among general hospitals in accordance with clause (C) of subparagraph (iii) and clause (C) of subparagraph (iv) of paragraph (e) of this subdivision and the factor of

one quarter of one percent of general hospitals' reimbursable inpatient operating cost base allocated to costs of general hospitals for technology advances in accordance with subparagraph (i) of paragraph (e) of this subdivision; and

- (ii) general hospitals may not request and the commissioner shall not consider any pending or further appeals for an adjustment to rates of payment based on costs associated with technology advances and changes in medical practice and such adjustments to reimbursable inpatient operating costs pursuant to clause (C) of subparagraph (iv) of paragraph (e) of this subdivision.
- (iii) Notwithstanding the foregoing, or any other provision of this section, the commissioner may establish pass through payments, or other appropriate methodologies, for the period ending December thirty-first, two thousand three for innovative medical device advances for which the federal centers for medicare and medicaid services adopts new codes to the hospital inpatient prospective payment system prior to the federal food and drug administration's approval of such medical device.
 - * NB Expired March 31, 2011
- (i) For the rate period July first, two thousand seven through March thirty-first, two thousand eight and for rates applicable to the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand eight, and each state fiscal year thereafter through March thirty-first, two thousand nine, and for the period April first, two thousand nine through November thirtieth, two thousand nine, provided, however, that for the period April first, two thousand nine through November thirtieth, two thousand nine the aggregate rate adjustments calculated pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph shall not exceed four million dollars, and contingent upon the availability of federal financial participation:
- (i) The commissioner shall adjust inpatient medical assistance rates of payment calculated pursuant to this section for public hospitals other than non-state public hospitals located in a city with a population of more than one million persons, that meet the targeted medicaid discharge percentage in accordance with the methodology set forth in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph. For purposes of this paragraph, "targeted medicaid discharge percentage" shall mean that at least seventeen and one-half percent of a public hospital's total discharges were patients eligible for payments under the medical program pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law, including those enrolled in health maintenance organizations, and patients eligible for payments under the family health plus program pursuant to title eleven-D of article five of the social services law, based on data reported in such hospital's institutional cost report submitted for the two thousand four period and filed with the department by November first, two thousand six. Any hospital that meets the filing deadline shall have until June first, two thousand seven to submit revised and corrected data schedules in such institutional cost report which established eligibility for such adjusted rate.
- (ii) The aggregate amount of rate adjustments calculated pursuant to this paragraph shall not exceed six million dollars for each rate period. Such amount shall be allocated proportionally based on the relative numbers of medicaid discharges among those public hospitals eligible for rate adjustments in accordance with subparagraph (i) of this paragraph based on each such hospital's reported medical assistance data specified in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph. Such amounts shall be included as an add-on to medical assistance inpatient rates of payment, excluding exempt unit rates, and shall not be reconciled to

reflect changes in medical assistance utilization between two thousand four and the current rate year.

- (j) For the rate period July first, two thousand seven through March thirty-first, two thousand eight and for rates applicable to the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand eight, and each state fiscal year thereafter through March thirty-first, two thousand nine and for the period April first, two thousand nine through November thirtieth, two thousand nine, provided, however, that for the period April first, two thousand nine through November thirtieth, two thousand nine the aggregate rate adjustments calculated pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph shall not exceed twenty-eight million dollars, and contingent upon the availability of federal financial participation:
- (i) The commissioner shall adjust inpatient medical assistance rates of payment calculated pursuant to this section for voluntary hospitals other than voluntary hospitals located in a city with a population of more than one million persons that meet the targeted medicaid discharge percentage in accordance with the methodology set forth in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph. For purposes of this paragraph, "targeted Medicaid discharge percentage" shall mean between seventeen and one-half percent and thirty-five percent of a voluntary hospital's total discharges were patients eligible for payments under the medical assistance program pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law, including those enrolled in health maintenance organizations, and patients eligible for payments under the family health plus program pursuant to title eleven-D of article five of the social services law, based on data reported in such hospital's institutional cost report submitted for the two thousand four period and filed with the department by November first, two thousand six. Any hospital that meets the filing deadline shall have until June first, two thousand seven to submit revised and corrected data schedules in such institutional cost report which established eligibility for such adjusted rate.
- (ii) The aggregate amount of rate adjustments calculated pursuant to this paragraph shall not exceed forty-two million dollars for each rate period. Such amount shall be allocated proportionally based on relative numbers of medicaid discharges among those voluntary hospitals eligible for rate adjustments in accordance with subparagraph (i) of this paragraph based on each such hospital's reported medical assistance data specified in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph. Such amounts shall be included as an add-on to medical assistance inpatient rates of payment, excluding exempt unit rates, and shall not be reconciled to reflect changes in medical assistance utilization between two thousand four and the rate year.
- (k) Subject to the availability of federal financial participation, the commissioner shall adjust inpatient rates of payment for non-public general hospitals located in a city with a population of more than one million persons for the following periods and in the following amounts in order to ensure meaningful access to the hospital's services and reasonable accommodation for all medicaid patients who requirelanguage assistance:
- (i) for the period July first, two thousand seven through December thirty-first, two thousand seven, thirty-eight million dollars shall be allocated proportionally to such hospitals based on fifty percent of each such hospital's reported general clinic medicaid visits and fifty percent on each such hospital's reported medicaid inpatient discharges, as reported in each hospital's two thousand four institutional cost report, as submitted to the department prior to November first, two

thousand six, to the total of all such general clinic visits reported by all such hospitals.

- (ii) for the period April first, two thousand eight through March thirty-first, two thousand nine, and each state fiscal year thereafter through November thirtieth, two thousand nine, thirty-eight million dollars shall be allocated on an annualized basis for such purpose to such hospitals in accordance with the methodology set forth in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, provided, however, that thirty percent of such funds shall be allocated proportionally, based on the number of foreign languages utilized by one or more percent of the residents in each hospital total service area population, provided, however, that for the period April first, two thousand nine through November thirtieth, two thousand nine, such allocation shall be reduced to twenty-five million three hundred thirty-three thousand dollars.
- (1) Effective for periods on and after July first, two thousand seven through November thirtieth, two thousand nine:
- (i) Subject to the availability of federal financial participation, the commissioner shall adjust inpatient medical assistance rates of payment calculated pursuant to this section for general hospitals located in the counties of Nassau and Suffolk in accordance with the methodology set forth in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph. For purposes of this paragraph, "medicaid inpatient discharges" shall mean the total number of such general hospital's discharges where the patients were eligible for payments under the medical assistance program pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law, including those enrolled in health maintenance organizations, and patients eligible for payments under the family health plus program pursuant to title eleven-D of article five of the social services law, based on data reported in such hospital's institutional cost report submitted for the two thousand four period and filed with the department by November first, two thousand six.
- (ii) The amount of rate adjustments calculated pursuant to this paragraph shall not exceed five million dollars in the aggregate annually. Such amount shall be allocated proportionally based on the relative numbers of medicaid discharges among those general hospitals eligible for rate adjustments in accordance with subparagraph (i) of this paragraph based on each such hospital's reported medical assistance data specified in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph. Such amounts shall be included as an add-on to medical assistance inpatient rates of payment, excluding exempt unit rates, and shall not be reconciled to reflect changes in medical assistance utilization between two thousand four and the current rate year.
- 2. Special payment rate methodology agreements, negotiated rates. (a) Any payment rate methodology agreement negotiated between a self-insured and self-administered fund and a specific general hospital or its successor which was in effect on May first, nineteen hundred eighty-five shall be permitted to continue with such fund, or a self-insured and self-administered fund related in interest to such fund through merger, consolidation or corporate reorganization subsequent to May first, nineteen hundred eighty-five, as long as any revision to such methodology does not provide more of an economic advantage to the fund than the previous agreement. A general hospital which has any such agreement shall file with the commissioner information regarding each such agreement, as may be required by regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner.
- (b)(i) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the establishment of special payment rate methodologies in arrangements between general hospitals and health maintenance organizations operating in accordance

with the provisions of article forty-three of the insurance law or article forty-four of this chapter, provided the commissioner has been notified of the proposed arrangement, has reviewed such proposed arrangement and has issued his written approval of the arrangement. The commissioner shall not approve such an arrangement if it would result in payments to a general hospital for inpatient services provided to subscribers of health maintenance organizations which in the aggregate are less than what otherwise would have been paid under the provisions of this section, unless the health maintenance organization demonstrates that such lower payments are justified because the arrangement will result in lower costs to the general hospital, and the payments approximate costs. Such arrangements may be approved by the commissioner to: integrate the medical delivery functions of the health maintenance organization with the medical delivery functions of the hospital, including but not limited to joint staffing arrangements or preadmission testing arrangements; or integrate the method of payment and financial incentives to the hospital with the method of payment and financial incentives to physicians or other providers in the health maintenance organization; or integrate the method of payment and financial incentives to the hospital with the health maintenance organization, including, but not limited to, bed leasing or capitation payments. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section, for periods beginning on or after January first, nineteen hundred between health maintenance ninety-four, negotiated agreements organizations and general hospitals which were approved by the commissioner and which were in effect on December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three, may continue.

- (ii) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provisions of this section, health maintenance organizations operating in accordance with the provisions of article forty-three of the insurance law or article forty-four of this chapter, having enrollees eligible for inpatient general hospital payments as beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) shall reimburse general hospitals for inpatient services for these enrollees in accordance with the provisions contained in title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare).
- (c) Special payment rate methodology agreements other than those permitted in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision shall not be authorized, and no other arrangements with a general hospital for inpatient rates of payment other than those established in accordance with this section shall be negotiated.
- * (d) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, the provisions of paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this subdivision shall not apply to payments for patients discharged on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven.
 - * NB Expires December 31, 2020
- 3. Diagnosis-related groups and weights. (a) The commissioner shall establish as a basis for case classification for case based rates of payment the same system of diagnosis-related groups for classification of hospital discharges as established for purposes of reimbursement of inpatient hospital service pursuant to title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) in effect on the first day of July in the year preceding the rate period. However, the council may adopt rules and regulations, subject to the approval of the commissioner, to adjust such diagnosis-related groups or establish additional diagnosis-related groups to reflect subsequent revisions applicable to reimbursement for discharges of beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) effective subsequent to the first day of July in the year preceding the rate period, or to identify medically appropriate

patterns of health resource use efficiently and economically provided. No such regulations, however, except those to reflect subsequent revisions applicable to reimbursement for discharges of beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) or for changes made to diagnosis-related groups for neonatal services and services to acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) patients shall apply to the rate period beginning January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight. For subsequent rate periods regulations other than those to reflect subsequent revisions applicable to reimbursement for discharges of beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) may in addition apply to changes to the diagnosis-related groups for other services, including but not limited to, pediatric services; provided, however, that psychiatric and rehabilitation services shall not be included.

Notwithstanding section one hundred twelve or one hundred seventy-four of the state finance law or any other law, rule or regulation to the contrary, the commissioner may contract with a vendor for nominal consideration to develop the specifications for the adjusted or additional diagnosis-related groups if the commissioner certifies to the comptroller that such contract is in the best interest of the health of the people of the state. Notwithstanding that such specifications shall be available pursuant to article six of the public officers law, such contract may provide that the specifications for such adjusted or additional diagnosis-related groups provided by the vendor shall be subject to copyright protection pursuant to federal copyright law.

- (b) The methodology for assignment of patient discharges within diagnosis-related groups applicable for purposes of determining payments for discharges of beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) in effect on the first day of July in the year preceding the rate period, revised to reflect such adjustments as may be made to the diagnosis-related group classification system pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision, shall be applied to assign specific patient discharges within the diagnosis-related groups established pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision. The council may adopt rules and regulations, subject to the approval of the commissioner, to revise the methodology for the assignment of specific patient discharges within the diagnosis-related groups to reflect revisions to the methodology applicable for purposes of determining payments discharges of beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) effective subsequent to the first day of July in the year preceding the rate period.
- * (c) (i) The commissioner shall determine an appropriate weighting factor for each diagnosis-related group which reflects the relative general hospital resources used by all patients, other than beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), with respect to discharges classified within that diagnosisrelated group compared to discharges classified within other diagnosisrelated groups. For rate periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety, the appropriate weighting factor for each diagnosisrelated group shall be determined using nineteen hundred eighty-five costs and statistics for a representative sample of general hospitals. For rate periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three, the appropriate weighting factor for each diagnosis-related group shall be determined using nineteen hundred eighty-nine costs and statistics for a representative sample of general hospitals. For rate periods during the period January first, nineteen

hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and on and after January first, two thousand through December thirty-first, two thousand seven, the appropriate weighting factor for each diagnosis-related group shall be determined using nineteen hundred ninety-two costs and statistics for a representative sample of general hospitals. For rate periods on and after January first, two thousand eight, the appropriate weighting factor for each diagnosis-related group shall be determined using two thousand four costs and statistics for a representative sample of general hospitals, and, further, the computation of the group average arithmetic inlier length-of-stays for each diagnostic related group, as otherwise determined in accordance with applicable regulations, shall utilize two thousand four data as reported to the department, and, be based on a representative sample of general hospitals, and further, the short-stay and long-stay length-of-stay trimpoints, as otherwise determined in accordance with applicable regulations, shall be computed utilizing two thousand four data as reported to the department and based on a representative sample of general hospitals. Provided however, that if the department does not release updated data and documentation described in subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph, the effective rate period shall be April 1, 2008. Discharges and costs related to the exceptions to case payment provided in accordance with paragraphs (e), (g) and (i) of subdivision four of this section shall be eliminated from the costs and statistics used in determining the appropriate weighting factors, while the cost factor related to the exception provided in paragraph (h) of subdivision four of this section shall be eliminated. The costs and statistics for the case payment modifications calculated pursuant to paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of subdivision four of this section shall be eliminated in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision six of this section. Costs related to education, physician, ambulance services and organ acquisition identified consistent with the provisions of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section and costs related to malpractice insurance shall also be eliminated. The council may adopt rules and regulations, subject to the approval of the commissioner, to prospectively adjust weighting factors determined in accordance with this paragraph to reflect changes in medical technology. After the commissioner issues rate certifications pursuant to subdivision four of section twenty-eight hundred seven of this article the commissioner shall expeditiously make available for inspection by general hospitals and payors the data, consistent with appropriate department procedures for the release and protection of confidential data, and the methodology utilized to determine the appropriate weighting factors.

(ii) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, the case mix adjustment to the operating component of per diem rates of payment paid to general hospitals or units of general hospitals that are exempt from case based payments, as determined in accordance with subdivision four of this section and as otherwise computed in accordance with applicable regulations, shall, for periods on and after January first, two thousand eight, be computed utilizing the diagnosis-related group classification system in effect for the rate year for inpatient case based medicaid rates of payment and the related per day cost weights calculated using two thousand four data as reported to the department and based on a representative sample of general hospitals. For rate periods on and after the two thousand eleven rate period, such case mix adjustment shall utilize the same base period data as determined in accordance with paragraph (e) of this subdivision.

(iii) The department shall, by no later than June first, two thousand seven, make available to hospital industry representatives relevant

updated data and documentation that the department will utilize, in accordance with this paragraph, in developing appropriate service intensity weights for each diagnosis-related group for the two thousand eight rate period. The department will thereafter consult with hospital industry representatives in developing regulations to implement the utilization of such updated service intensity weight data applicable to rate periods on and after two thousand eight. If it is deemed appropriate commissioner, in consultation hospital industry with representatives, such regulations may provide for the phase-in over a period of time of the application of such updated data in determining Medicaid rates on and after two thousand eight, provided, however, that the application of such updated data shall be fully reflected in such rates by no later than January first, two thousand ten.

- (iv) By no later than December first, two thousand seven, the commissioner shall issue a report to the governor and the legislature describing the updated data utilization applicable, in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph, to periods on and after two thousand eight and setting forth the factors considered in developing it.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (c) The commissioner shall determine an appropriate weighting factor for each diagnosis-related group which reflects the relative general hospital resources used by all patients, other than beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), with respect to discharges classified within that diagnosis-related group compared to discharges classified within other diagnosis-related groups. For rate periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety, the appropriate weighting factor for each diagnosis-related group shall be determined using nineteen hundred eighty-five costs and statistics for representative sample of general hospitals. For rate periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three, the appropriate weighting factor for each diagnosis-related group shall be determined using nineteen hundred eighty-nine costs and statistics for a representative sample of general hospitals. For rate periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six, the appropriate weighting factor for each diagnosisrelated group shall be determined using nineteen hundred ninety-two costs and statistics for a representative sample of general hospitals. Discharges and costs related to the exceptions to case payment provided in accordance with paragraphs (e), (g) and (i) of subdivision four of this section shall be eliminated from the costs and statistics used in determining the appropriate weighting factors, while the cost factor related to the exception provided in paragraph (h) of subdivision four of this section shall be eliminated. The costs and statistics for the case payment modifications calculated pursuant to paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of subdivision four of this section shall be eliminated in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision six of this section. Costs to education, physician, ambulance services and organ acquisition identified consistent with the provisions of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section and costs related to malpractice insurance shall also be eliminated. The council may adopt rules and regulations, subject to the approval of the commissioner, prospectively adjust weighting factors determined in accordance with this paragraph to reflect changes in medical technology. After the commissioner issues rate certifications pursuant to subdivision four of section twenty-eight hundred seven of this chapter the commissioner shall expeditiously make available for inspection by general hospitals

and payors the data, consistent with appropriate department procedures for the release and protection of confidential data, and the methodology utilized to determine the appropriate weighting factors.

- * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- (d) The commissioner shall consult with technical advisory groups as necessary in establishing diagnosis-related groups and weights in accordance with paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this subdivision and in making adjustments in accordance with paragraphs (b) and (c) of subdivision six of this section.
- (e) The appropriate weighting factor for each diagnosis-related group, the group average arithmetic inlier length-of-stays for each diagnosis-related group, and the short-stay and long-stay length-of-stay trimpoints shall, by no later than the two thousand eleven rate period, be based on reported costs and statistics from a representative sample of general hospitals from a base period no earlier than two thousand seven. Thereafter, the base period reported costs and statistics utilized for such purposes shall be updated no less frequently than every four years and the new base periods utilized shall be no more than four years prior to the applicable rate period.
- 3-a. Dispute resolution system. (a) * The commissioner shall establish, in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner, a payment dispute resolution system to resolve disputes between payors of inpatient hospital services and general hospitals for patients discharged on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one and prior to January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven. The commissioner shall designate the use of a uniform set of guidelines for determining the application of particular diagnosisrelated group categories to particular patients which may include guidelines published by associations, universities or organizations. The dispute resolution process shall apply to all payors of hospital services described in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of subdivision one of this section, including patients or payors which pay hospitals' charges or coinsurance, provided, however, such process shall not include payments made for persons eligible for payments as beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) as a patients' primary payor or payments made pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law, provided that this exception shall not include payments for medical assistance participants in health maintenance organizations or prepaid health services plans. A payor of hospital services included in paragraph (a) of subdivision one of this section may serve as, or designate, the review agent for their subscribers, beneficiaries or enrolled members for an initial review and a reconsideration review but the final step in such dispute resolution process shall be an independent party unrelated to the payor which party shall be approved by the commissioner pursuant to this section.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * The commissioner shall establish, in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner, a payment dispute resolution system to resolve disputes between payors of inpatient hospital services and general hospitals for patients discharged on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one. The commissioner shall designate the use of a uniform set of guidelines for determining the application of particular diagnosis-related group categories to particular patients which may include guidelines published by associations, universities or other organizations. The dispute resolution process shall apply to all payors of hospital services described in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of subdivision one of this

section, including patients or payors which pay hospitals' charges or coinsurance, provided, however, such process shall not include payments made for persons eligible for payments as beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) as a patients' primary payor or payments made pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law, provided that this exception shall not include payments for medical assistance participants in health maintenance organizations or prepaid health services plans. A payor of hospital services included in paragraph (a) of subdivision one of this section may serve as, or designate, the review agent for their subscribers, beneficiaries or enrolled members for an initial review and a reconsideration review but the final step in such dispute resolution process shall be an independent party unrelated to the payor which party shall be approved by the commissioner pursuant to this section.

* NB Effective December 31, 2020

In the event a third party payor or patient desires to challenge the appropriateness of a bill for hospital services rendered by a general hospital for a particular patient, or in the event a general hospital desires to challenge the appropriateness of a payment by a third party payor on behalf of a particular patient, then either the hospital or the payor may submit the question to the dispute resolution process established pursuant to this subdivision. The disputes submitted for resolution may include the appropriateness of the application of a particular diagnosis-related group category, as described in subdivision three of this section, to a particular patient; the appropriate classification and payment of an inpatient stay as a modification of a case payment pursuant to paragraph (a), (b), (c), or (d) of subdivision four of this section, including whether payment for services should be, based on medical necessity or other reasons, made as a case payment or payment as a modification of a case payment; whether payment should appropriately be made pursuant to an alternative reimbursement methodology authorized in accordance with paragraph (e) or (h) of subdivision four of this section and the payment for such services; whether payment for services rendered by a general hospital should be appropriately, based on medical necessity or other reasons, made as payment for inpatient care or payment for outpatient care and the payment for such services; or whether the hospital stay should be classified as a readmission as defined in accordance with regulations adopted pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision eleven of this section and the payment for such stay.

The dispute resolution system established shall provide for an initial review and a reconsideration review. The council shall adopt necessary rules and regulations, subject to the approval of the commissioner, including but not limited to those for determining the parties to a dispute resolution review and any reconsideration review; the procedures and time limits to initiate a dispute resolution review or any reconsideration review; the procedures for notification of all parties involved in the dispute upon initiation of a dispute resolution review or any reconsideration review; time limits for resolving disputes; the establishment of dispute resolution and reconsideration fees; and required documents to be submitted including the hospital bill in dispute, a copy of the patient medical record, or so much thereof as may be required, and a statement of issues including the basis for the dispute. During a dispute resolution review or any reconsideration review, a party may present documentation or evidence in support of its position regarding the appropriate diagnosis-related group to which the patient discharge should be assigned or the proper payment for the case. The commissioner shall approve a statewide utilization review

organization or regional utilization review organization to conduct and determine such dispute resolution reviews including any reconsideration reviews in accordance with paragraph (b) of this subdivision. Every general hospital bill issued for a patient discharged on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one other than for discharges of patients eligible for medical assistance pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law subject to case based payments determined pursuant to this section based on diagnosis-related group assigned or maximum hospital charges for a case determined pursuant to this section based on diagnosis-related group assigned shall include or be accompanied by a notice of the payment dispute resolution system; provided, however, that a general hospital issuing bills to a payor for twenty-five or more patients per year may send such notice to such payor on an annual basis. The form and content of such notice shall be determined in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner.

- (b) The commissioner shall approve a statewide utilization review organization or regional utilization review organizations to conduct and determine dispute resolution reviews, including reconsideration reviews, pursuant to this subdivision. To be approved as a utilization review organization in accordance with this subdivision such organization must meet the following criteria: the organization shall employ or otherwise secure the services of adequate personnel, including medical personnel, qualified to review such disputes, the organization shall demonstrate the ability to render decisions in a timely manner, the organization shall agree to provide ready access by the commissioner to all data, records and information it collects and maintains concerning its review activities under this subdivision, the organization shall agree to provide to the commissioner such data, information and reports as the commissioner determines necessary to evaluate the review process provided pursuant to this subdivision, the organization shall provide assurances that review personnel shall not have a conflict of interest in conducting a review based on payor, hospital or professional affiliation, and the organization meets such other performance and efficiency criteria regarding the conduct of reviews pursuant to this subdivision established by the commissioner. The commissioner may withdraw approval of a utilization review organization where such organization fails to continue to meet approval criteria established pursuant to this paragraph. A utilization review organization approved pursuant to this paragraph shall be authorized to receive and review patient medical records and shall develop and implement appropriate procedures to maintain confidentiality of such patient medical records.
- (c) Upon resolution of a payment dispute in accordance with this paragraph, the parties involved in the dispute shall be notified of the reason for the decision and the hospital bill in dispute shall be adjusted to reflect such resolution.
- (d) The party initiating a payment dispute resolution review or any reconsideration review must submit to the utilization review organization a dispute resolution fee established to recover the costs related to the conduct of the initial dispute resolution reviews or a reconsideration review fee established to recover the costs related to the conduct of such reconsideration reviews, except that for payors in paragraph (a) of subdivision one of this section which serve as or designate the review agent for their subscribers, beneficiaries, or enrolled members a fee shall be charged only for the final step in the dispute resolution process. Upon resolution of a payment dispute in accordance with this subdivision in favor of the payor, the amount due to the hospital by a payor based upon the hospital bill shall be reduced

by the amount of any fee paid pursuant to this paragraph by such payor. Upon resolution of a payment dispute in accordance with this subdivision in favor of the general hospital, the amount due to the hospital based upon the hospital bill shall be increased by the amount of any fee paid pursuant to this paragraph by such general hospital.

- (e) Nothing herein shall relieve the responsibilities of the payors as set forth in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of subdivision one of this section.
- (f)(i) Whenever the amount of payment made by a payor to a general hospital is less than the amount of payment due determined by a utilization review organization in accordance with this subdivision, general hospitals in accordance with paragraph (d) of subdivision eleven of this section may include financing or working capital charges on such balance owed to the general hospital by a payor.
- (ii) Whenever the amount of payment made by a payor to a general hospital is in excess of the amount of payment due determined by a utilization review organization in accordance with this subdivision, interest shall be due on such excess owed by the general hospital to a payor of two percent for the first thirty days and one percent per month thereafter from the date of payment of such excess amount. Interest shall not be applied to excess amounts owed to third party payors participating in an advance payment system.
- (g) For payment amounts eligible for payment dispute resolution pursuant to this subdivision, a general hospital shall not bill a patient or pursue collection efforts against a patient for the difference between a hospital bill and the payment made on such bill by a payor within the payor categories specified in paragraph (a), (b) or
- (c) of subdivision one of this section, except for uncovered services by a payor, deductibles and coinsurance based on maximum hospital charges calculated based on the undisputed amount of the hospital bill, until final decision of the utilization review organization. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit a general hospital from issuing an informational bill to a patient regarding such difference between the hospital bill and the payment made on such bill to advise the patient of the amount in dispute.
- (h) The formal written decision of a utilization review organization approved by the commissioner to conduct and determine dispute resolution reviews in accordance with paragraph (b) of this subdivision upon a reconsideration review, or if there is no reconsideration review upon an initial review, or for a payor of hospital services included in paragraph (a) of subdivision one of this section which serves as or designates the review agent for their subscribers, beneficiaries or enrolled members upon the final step in the dispute resolution process as to the questions of the appropriateness of a bill for hospital services or the calculation of the proper payment for such hospital services shall be admissible in evidence at any subsequent trial upon the request of any party to the action. The decision shall not be binding upon the jury or, in a case tried without a jury, upon the trial court, but shall be considered prima facie evidence to establish the facts resolved by the utilization review organization.
- 4. Modifications and exceptions to case payment rates. Case based rates of payment shall be modified and per diem or other unit of service payments shall be provided, or exceptions shall be made to case payments, in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner, in the following circumstances:
- (a) where a case that is eligible for payment under the case based payment system is transferred between general hospitals, the receiving

hospital shall be reimbursed its total case payment amount for the diagnosis-related group (including any payments made in accordance with this subdivision), and the transferring hospital shall receive reimbursement on a basis consistent with the methodology developed for the elimination of transfer patient costs in accordance with subparagraph (i) of paragraph (c) of subdivision six of this section plus additions contained in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision one of this section on a per diem basis. The payment to a transferring general hospital shall not exceed the case payment amount for the diagnosis-related group computed in accordance with this section;

- (b) where the cost per case for a patient that does not qualify for payment pursuant to paragraph (a) or (d) of this subdivision is in excess of the basic case payment rate for the diagnosis-related group multiplied by two and the overall hospital-specific average cost per case multiplied by six, the payment to the general hospital in addition to the basic case payment rate will be one hundred percent, or such percentage as computed in accordance with subparagraph (ii) of paragraph
- (c) of subdivision six of this section, multiplied by the difference between the general hospital's cost for the case and the greater of the basic case payment rate for the diagnosis-related group multiplied by two or the overall hospital-specific cost per case multiplied by six. In determining whether a case qualifies for payment under this paragraph, prospective rate adjustments made in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision eleven of this section to reflect the retroactive impact of an adjustment on prior rates, shall be excluded. Where a case qualifies for payment pursuant to both this paragraph and paragraph (c) of this subdivision then payment shall be made in accordance with this paragraph if such payment exceeds that which would be made in accordance with paragraph (c) of this subdivision. The general hospital's costs per case shall be computed by adjusting the general hospital's actual charges for the case by the general hospital's inpatient cost to charge ratio;
- (c) where a patient is identified as a long stay patient, payment to the general hospital in addition to the basic case payment rate shall be on a basis consistent with the methodology developed for the elimination of long stay patient costs in accordance with subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (c) of subdivision six of this section. Where a case qualifies for payment pursuant to both this paragraph and paragraph (b) of this subdivision then payment shall be made in accordance with paragraph (b) of this subdivision if such payment exceeds that which would be made in accordance with this paragraph. A long stay patient is defined as an inpatient whose hospital stay exceeds the long stay outlier threshold for the diagnosis-related group;
- (d) where a patient is identified as a short stay patient, payment to the general hospital shall be on a basis consistent with the methodology developed for the elimination of short stay patient costs in accordance with subparagraph (iv) of paragraph (c) of subdivision six of this section plus additions contained in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision one of this section on a per diem basis. A short stay patient is defined as an inpatient discharged from the hospital on the same day of admission, or the day after admission except for those stays where the statewide mean length of stay for the diagnosis-related group is less than three days, or whose hospital stay is not greater than twenty percent of the statewide mean length of stay for the diagnosis-related group with which the patient is identified, excluding normal newborn cases and normal deliveries;
- (e) in cases where a general hospital or distinct unit of a general hospital is not or would not have been reimbursed on a case based

payment per diagnosis-related group for inpatient services provided on or before December thirty-first, two thousand one, to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), reimbursement shall be on a per diem basis computed for excluded general hospitals based on the hospital's reimbursable inpatient operating cost base, or for excluded distinct units of general hospitals based on the distinct unit's reimbursable inpatient operating cost base, determined in accordance with paragraph (d) of subdivision one of this section, projected to the applicable rate period by the trend factor determined in accordance with subdivision ten of this section, and increased in accordance with subparagraphs (i), (iii) and (iv) of paragraph (e) of subdivision one of this section to reflect special additional inpatient operating costs, and adjusted to exclude a factor for operating costs of patients who required an alternate level of care developed consistent with the provisions of paragraph (h) of this subdivision, and increased for excluded general hospitals to reflect the product of the group category percentage amount applicable for purposes of determining group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge (price) in the rate period pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision five of this section for general hospitals reimbursed on a case based payment per diagnosis-related group applied to such excluded generalhospital's additional cost increases determined in accordance with subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (e) of subdivision one of this section, and adjusted on a payor category basis to reflect allocation of malpractice insurance costs in accordance with the methodology developed pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (h) of subdivision eleven of this section, for those patients included in the payor categories pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision one of this section; provided, however, for those patients included in the payor categories pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (b) of subdivision one of this section payment shall be at the per diem payment to the hospital or distinct unit of the hospital for services provided to subscribers of corporations organized and operating in accordance with article fortythree of the insurance law, adjusted for uncovered services, and increased by thirteen percent or by five percent, as the case may be; provided further, however, for those general hospitals that are not reimbursed on a case-based payment per diagnosis-related group for inpatient services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) as a result of their designation by the secretary of health and human services as a comprehensive cancer hospital or as a result of their status as an acute care exempt children's hospital, the base year for determining payments for services in such facilities shall be nineteen hundred eighty-seven, provided, however, such hospitals shall be allowed adjustments in rates of payment to reflect costs incurred subsequent to nineteen hundred eighty-seven but not reflected in such base. Funds received by a general hospital based on the payment differential in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision one of this section applied pursuant to this paragraph shall be hospital funds for patient care purposes. For those patients not covered under the provisions of paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision one of this section, or who are not covered under the provisions of paragraph (a) of subdivision two of this section, payment shall be on the basis of the hospital's charge schedule, limited to one hundred twenty percent of the total per diem payment that would have been made if the patient were included in the payor categories pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (b) of subdivision one of this section. Rates of payment for excluded general hospitals and excluded distinct units of general hospitals for a rate period shall be increased on a per diem

basis by additions and allowances specified in subparagraphs (ii) and (iii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision one of this section. In adopting regulations for purposes of determining rates of payment for psychiatric services pursuant to this paragraph, the council and the commissioner shall consider the advice of the commissioner of mental health and may include case mix and other adjustments for such rates of payment. The commissioner of mental health shall study and report on alternative procedures for the development of rates of payment for inpatient psychiatric care. Such report shall be submitted to the governor, the legislature and the commissioner of health by January first, nineteen hundred ninety-three. Recommendations for alternative financing shall take into consideration methods to improve access to inpatient care for seriously mentally ill persons.

- (e-1) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of paragraph (e) of this subdivision or any other contrary provision of law and subject to the availability of federal financial participation, per diem rates of payment by governmental agencies for a general hospital or a distinct unit of a general hospital for inpatient psychiatric services that would otherwise be subject to the provisions of paragraph (e) of this subdivision shall, with regard to days of service associated with admissions occurring on and after April first, two thousand ten, be in accordance with the following:
- (i) For rate periods on or after April first, two thousand ten, the commissioner, in consultation with the commissioner of the office of mental health, shall promulgate regulations, and may promulgate emergency regulations, establishing methodologies for determining the operating cost components of rates of payments for services described in this paragraph. The commissioner may make such adjustments to the methodology for computing such rates as is necessary to achieve no aggregate, net growth in overall Medicaid expenditures related to such rates, as compared to such aggregate expenditures from the prior year. In determining the updated base year to be utilized pursuant to this subparagraph, the commissioner shall take into account the base year determined in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision thirty-five of this section.

Furthermore, the commissioner shall establish such rates in consultation with industry representatives to achieve an appropriate base year update to the operating cost components of rates of payment for services described in this paragraph and that takes into account facility cost, mix of services, and patient specific conditions.

- (ii) Rates of payment established pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph shall reflect an aggregate net statewide increase in reimbursement for such services of up to twenty-five million dollars on an annual basis.
- (iii) Capital cost reimbursement for general hospitals otherwise subject to the provisions of this paragraph shall remain subject to the provisions of subdivision eight of this section.
- (e-2) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of paragraph (e) of this subdivision or any other contrary provision of law and subject to the availability of federal financial participation, per diem rates of payment by governmental agencies for inpatient services provided by a general hospital or a distinct unit of a general hospital for services, as described below, that would otherwise be subject to the provisions of paragraph (e) of this subdivision, shall, with regard to days of service occurring on and after December first, two thousand nine, be in accord with the following:
- (i) For physical medical rehabilitation services and for chemical dependency rehabilitation services, the operating cost component of such

rates shall reflect the use of two thousand five operating costs for each respective category of services as reported by each facility to the department prior to July first, two thousand nine and as adjusted for inflation pursuant to paragraph (c) of subdivision ten of this section, as otherwise modified by any applicable statute, provided, however, that such two thousand five reported operating costs, but not including reported direct medical education cost, shall, for rate-setting purposes, be held to a ceiling of one hundred ten percent of the average of such reported costs in the region in which the facility is located, as determined pursuant to clause (E) of subparagraph (iv) of paragraph (1) of this subdivision; and provided, further, that for physical medical rehabilitation services, the commissioner is authorized to make adjustments to such rates for the purposes of reimbursing pediatric ventilator services.

- (ii) For services provided by rural hospitals designated as critical access hospitals in accordance with title XVIII of the federal social security act, the operating cost component of such rates shall reflect the use of two thousand five operating costs as reported by each facility to the department prior to July first, two thousand nine and as adjusted for inflation pursuant to paragraph (c) of subdivision ten of this section, as otherwise modified by any applicable statutes, provided, however, that such two thousand five reported operating costs shall, for rate-setting purposes, be held to a ceiling of one hundred ten percent of the average of such reported costs for all such designated hospitals statewide.
- (iii) For inpatient services provided by specialty long term acute care hospitals and for inpatient services provided by cancer hospitals as so designated as of December thirty-first, two thousand eight, the operating cost component of such rates shall reflect the use of two thousand five operating costs for each respective category of facility as reported by each facility to the department prior to July first, two thousand nine and as adjusted for inflation pursuant to paragraph (c) of subdivision ten of this section, as otherwise modified by any applicable statutes.
- (iv) For facilities designated by the federal department of health and human services as exempt acute care children's hospitals as of December thirty-first, two thousand eight, for which a discrete institutional cost report was filed for the two thousand seven calendar year, and which has reported Medicaid discharges greater than fifty percent of total discharges in such cost report, shall be determined in accordance with the following:
- (A) The operating cost component of such rates shall reflect the use of two thousand seven operating costs as reported by each facility to the department prior to July first, two thousand nine and as adjusted for the inflation pursuant to paragraph (c) of subdivision ten of this section, as otherwise modified by any applicable statutes, and as further adjusted as the commissioner deems appropriate, including transition adjustments. Such rates shall be determined on a per case basis or per diem basis, as set forth in regulations promulgated by the commissioner.
- (B) The operating component of outpatient specialty rates of hospitals subject to this subparagraph shall reflect the use of two thousand seven operating costs as reported to the department prior to December first, two thousand eight, and shall include such adjustments as the commissioner deems appropriate.
- (C) The base period reported operating costs used to establish inpatient and outpatient rates determined pursuant to this subparagraph shall be updated no less frequently than every two years and each such

hospital shall submit such additional data as the commissioner may require to assist in the development of ambulatory patient groups (APGs) rates for such hospitals' outpatient specialty services.

- (D) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary and subject to the availability of federal financial participation, for all rate periods on and after April first, two thousand fourteen, the operating component of outpatient specialty rates of hospitals subject to this subparagraph shall be determined by the commissioner pursuant to regulations, including emergency regulations, and in consultation with such specialty outpatient facilities, provided however, that for the period beginning October first, two thousand thirteen through September thirtieth, two thousand fourteen, services provided to patients enrolled in medicaid managed care shall be paid by the medicaid managed care plans at no less than the otherwise applicable medicaid fee-for-service rates, as computed in accordance with clause (B) of this subparagraph for the period beginning October first, two thousand thirteen through March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen and as computed in accordance with this clause for the period beginning April first, two thousand fourteen through September thirtieth, two thousand fourteen.
- (E) For facilities subject to the provisions of this subparagraph, the department shall examine the feasibility of reimbursing such facilities for services provided to children eligible for medical assistance on a non-fee-for-service basis. For purposes of this clause, "non-fee-for-service" shall be defined as an alternative payment method to bundle certain services rendered by such facility, including inpatient, outpatient, specialty outpatient and physician services, in amounts determined by the commissioner. The department shall examine:
- (a) what services could be provided pursuant to the non-fee-forservice basis;
- (b) how to ensure, for children enrolled in Medicaid managed care, that their health plans can continue to assist in the coordination of their care, particularly upon discharge from inpatient, outpatient or specialty outpatient services; and
- (c) whether incentives should be incorporated for meeting quality benchmarks or achieving efficiencies in the delivery and coordination of care or whether other means should be considered to achieve these objectives.

The department shall provide a report of its findings and recommendations to the governor and legislature no later than March first, two thousand fifteen.

- (v) Rates established pursuant to this paragraph shall be deemed as excluding reimbursement for physician services for inpatient services and claims for Medicaid fee payments for such physician services for such inpatient care may be submitted separately from the rate in accordance with otherwise applicable law.
- (vi) Capital cost reimbursement for general hospitals otherwise subject to the provisions of this paragraph shall remain subject to the provisions of subdivision eight of this section.
- (vii) The commissioner may promulgate regulations, including emergency regulations, implementing the provisions of this paragraph, and, further, such regulations may provide for an update of the base year costs and statistics used to compute such rates, provided, however, that such base year update shall take effect no earlier than April first, two thousand fifteen, and provided further, however, that the commissioner may make such adjustments to such utilization and to the methodology for computing such rates as is necessary to achieve no aggregate, net growth in overall Medicaid expenditures related to such rates, as compared to such aggregate expenditures from the prior year. In determining the

updated base year to be utilized pursuant to this subparagraph, the commissioner shall take into account the base year determined in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision thirty-five of this section.

- (viii) The operating cost component of rates of payment pursuant to this paragraph for a general hospital or distinct unit of a general hospital without adequate cost experience shall be based on the lower of the facility's or unit's inpatient budgeted operating costs per day, adjusted to actual, or the applicable regional ceiling, if any.
- (ix) The operating cost component of inpatient medicaid rates subject to subparagraphs (i), (ii) and (iii) of this paragraph shall, with regard to alternative level of care (ALC) days of care be subject to computation pursuant to paragraph (h) of this subdivision.
- * (f) where a general hospital having two hundred or less certified acute care beds, based on the total number of inpatient acute care beds for which such general hospital is certified pursuant to the operating certificate issued for such general hospital in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred five of this article in effect on June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety, is classified as a rural hospital for purposes of determining payment for inpatient services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) or under state regulations, such general hospital may at its option have its reimbursable inpatient operating cost component of case based rates of payment per diagnosis-related group based one hundred percent on the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge determined in accordance with subdivision six of this section; provided however, commencing April first, nineteen hundred ninety-six the reimbursable inpatient operating cost component of case based rates of payment per diagnosis-related group for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies shall be reduced by five percent to encourage improved productivity and efficiency. Such election shall not alter the calculation of the group price component calculated pursuant to subparagraph (i) of paragraph (a) of subdivision seven of this section;
 - * NB There are 2 par. (f)'s
- * (f) where a general hospital having two hundred or less certified acute care beds, based on the total number of inpatient acute care beds for which such general hospital is certified pursuant to the operating certificate issued for such general hospital in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred five of this article in effect on June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety, is classified as a rural hospital for purposes of determining payment for inpatient services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) or under state regulations, such general hospital may at its option have its reimbursable inpatient operating cost component of case based rates of payment per diagnosis-related group based one hundred percent on the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge determined in accordance with subdivision six of this section; provided however,
- (i) commencing April first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through July thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six, the reimbursable inpatient operating cost component of case based rates of payment per diagnosis-related group, excluding any operating cost components related to direct and indirect expenses of graduate medical education, for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies shall be reduced by five percent; and
- (ii) commencing August first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven, the reimbursable

inpatient operating cost component of case based rates of payment per diagnosis-related group, excluding any operating cost components related to direct and indirect expenses of graduate medical education, for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies shall be reduced by two and five-tenths percent; and

- (iii) commencing April first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and commencing July first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through March thirty-first, two thousand and April first, two thousand through March thirty-first, two thousand five and for periods commencing April first, two thousand five through March thirty-first, two thousand six and for periods commencing on and after April first, two thousand six through March thirty-first, two thousand seven, and for periods commencing on and after April first, two thousand seven through March thirty-first, two thousand nine, and for periods commencing on and after April first, two thousand nine through March thirty-first, two thousand eleven, the reimbursable inpatient operating cost component of case based rates of payment per diagnosis-related group, excluding any operating cost components related to direct and indirect expenses of graduate medical education, for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies shall be reduced by three and thirty-three hundredths percent to encourage improved productivity and efficiency. Such election shall not alter the calculation of the group price component calculated pursuant to subparagraph (i) of paragraph (a) of subdivision seven of this section;
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (f) where a general hospital having two hundred or less certified acute care beds, based on the total number of inpatient acute care beds for which such general hospital is certified pursuant to the operating certificate issued for such general hospital in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred five of this article in effect on June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety, is classified as a rural hospital for purposes of determining payment for inpatient services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) or under state regulations, such general hospital may at its option have its reimbursable inpatient operating cost component of case based rates of payment per diagnosis-related group based one hundred percent on the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge determined in accordance with subdivision six of this section; provided however,
- (i) commencing April first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through July thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six, the reimbursable inpatient operating cost component of case based rates of payment per diagnosis-related group, excluding any operating cost components related to direct and indirect expenses of graduate medical education, for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies shall be reduced by five percent; and
- (ii) commencing August first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven, the reimbursable inpatient operating cost component of case based rates of payment per diagnosis-related group, excluding any operating cost components related to direct and indirect expenses of graduate medical education, for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies shall be reduced by two and five-tenths percent; and
- (iii) commencing April first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and commencing July first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through March thirty-first, two thousand, the reimbursable inpatient operating cost component of case based rates of payment per diagnosis-related group, excluding any

operating cost components related to direct and indirect expenses of graduate medical education, for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies shall be reduced by three and thirty-three hundredths percent to encourage improved productivity and efficiency. Such election shall not alter the calculation of the group price component calculated pursuant to subparagraph (i) of paragraph (a) of subdivision seven of this section;

- * NB Effective and expires December 31, 2020
- * (f) where a general hospital having two hundred or less certified acute care beds, based on the total number of inpatient acute care beds for which such general hospital is certified pursuant to the operating certificate issued for such general hospital in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred five of this article in effect on June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety, is classified as a rural hospital for purposes of determining payment for inpatient services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) or under state regulations, such general hospital may at its option have its reimbursable inpatient operating cost component of case based rates of payment per diagnosis-related group based one hundred percent on the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge determined in accordance with subdivision six of this section. Such election shall not alter the calculation of the group price component calculated pursuant to subparagraph (i) of paragraph (a) of subdivision seven of this section;
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
 - * NB There are 2 par (f)'s
- (g) in cases where general hospitals or distinct units of general hospitals, other than those specified in paragraphs (e) and (f) of this subdivision, may be excluded from case based payments or receive an adjustment to case based payment rates. An exclusion or adjustment shall be provided only where the council, subject to the approval of the commissioner, determines that the case based rates of payment determined in accordance with this section would not reflect medically appropriate patterns of health resource use for such general hospital services efficiently and economically provided. If an exclusion is provided, then the reimbursement provisions contained in paragraph (e) of this subdivision shall apply. The commissioner shall provide to the council an analysis of the effect of case based payments on rural general hospitals and the council, subject to the above criteria and the approval of the commissioner, may exclude for any of the annual rate periods beginning on or after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight any of these general hospitals from case based payments or provide an adjustment to the case based payments in addition to that authorized in accordance with paragraph (f) of this subdivision;
- (h) where alternate level of care (ALC) days are provided, a factor as determined in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph for the costs of these patients in a general hospital shall not be included in computations relating to the determination of general hospital case based rates of payment pursuant to this section. Alternate level of care days shall be days of care provided by a general hospital to a patient for whom it has been determined that inpatient hospital services are not medically necessary, but that post-hospital extended care services are medically necessary and are being provided by the general hospital. Separate rates of payment shall be established for such patients based on the level of care required and shall reflect: (i) operating costs based on the nineteen hundred eighty-seven regional average operating cost component of rates of payment for hospital based residential health care facilities determined in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred

eight of this article and trended to the rate period, and (ii) additions contained in subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision one of this section. In the event that federal financial participation in payments made for beneficiaries eligible for medical assistance under title XIX of the federal social security act based upon the rates calculated in accordance with this paragraph is not approved by the federal government, the council subject to the approval of the commissioner shall adopt regulations for such payments;

- (i) if diagnosis-related groups are not adjusted or established in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision three of this section for services to acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) patients, then general hospitals shall receive separate payments for these patients based on regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner;
- (j) where general hospitals or distinct units of general hospitals are excluded from or receive an adjustment to case based payments per diagnosis-related group in accordance with paragraph (e), (f) or (g) of this subdivision, reimbursement shall continue to be calculated in accordance with such paragraph until the beginning of the rate period immediately following the date when the general hospital or the distinct unit of the general hospital is no longer excluded from or no longer receives an adjustment to case based payments per diagnosis-related group for inpatient services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), or until appropriate diagnosis-related groups have been developed for the specialized service provided by the general hospital or distinct unit of the general hospital, pursuant to paragraph (a) of subdivision three of this section; and
- * (k) for facilities designated by the federal department of health and human services as an exempt acute care children's hospital, payment effective January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four will be based upon a hospital specific case payment amount inclusive of high cost and high length of stay outlier costs. The nineteen hundred eighty-seven base year cost, trended, volume adjusted and case mix adjusted where applicable to nineteen hundred ninety-two, trended will be utilized to determine the rate of payment effective January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four. Commencing April first, nineteen hundred ninety-six, the operating cost component of rates of payment for patients eligible for payments made by a state governmental agency shall be reduced by five percent to encourage improved productivity and efficiency. The facility will be eligible to receive the financial incentives for the physician specialty weighting incentive towards primary care pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision twenty-five of this section.
 - * NB There are 2 par (k)'s
- * (k) for facilities designated by the federal department of health and human services as an exempt acute care children's hospital, payment effective January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four will be based upon a hospital specific case payment amount inclusive of high cost and high length of stay outlier costs. The nineteen hundred eighty-seven base year cost, trended, volume adjusted and case mix adjusted where applicable to nineteen hundred ninety-two, trended will be utilized to determine the rate of payment effective January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four.
- (i) Commencing April first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through July thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six, the operating cost component of rates of payment, excluding any operating cost components related to direct and indirect expenses of graduate medical education, for patients

eligible for payments made by a state governmental agency shall be reduced by five percent; and

- (ii) commencing August first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven the operating cost component of rates of payment, excluding any operating cost components related to direct and indirect expenses of graduate medical education, for patients eligible for payments made by a state governmental agency shall be reduced by two and five-tenths percent; and
- (iii) commencing April first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and commencing July first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through March thirty-first, two thousand and April first, two thousand through March thirty-first, two thousand five and commencing April first, two thousand five through March thirty-first, two thousand six, and for periods commencing on and after April first, two thousand six through March thirty-first, two thousand seven, and for periods commencing on and after April first, two thousand seven through March thirty-first, two thousand nine, and for periods commencing on and after April first, two thousand nine through March thirty-first, two thousand eleven, the operating cost component of rates of payment, excluding any operating cost components related to direct and indirect expenses of graduate medical education, for patients eligible for payments made by a state governmental agency shall be reduced by three and thirty-three hundredths percent to encourage improved productivity and efficiency. The facility will be eligible to receive the financial incentives for the physician specialty weighting incentive towards primary care pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision twenty-five of this section.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (k) for facilities designated by the federal department of health and human services as an exempt acute care children's hospital, payment effective January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four will be based upon a hospital specific case payment amount inclusive of high cost and high length of stay outlier costs. The nineteen hundred eighty-seven base year cost, trended, volume adjusted and case mix adjusted where applicable to nineteen hundred ninety-two, trended will be utilized to determine the rate of payment effective January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four.
- (i) Commencing April first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through July thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six, the operating cost component of rates of payment, excluding any operating cost components related to direct and indirect expenses of graduate medical education for patients eligible for payments made by a state governmental agency shall be reduced by five percent; and
- (ii) commencing August first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven the operating cost component of rates of payment, excluding any operating cost components related to direct and indirect expenses of graduate medical education, for patients eligible for payments made by a state governmental agency shall be reduced by two and five-tenths percent; and
- (iii) commencing April first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and commencing July first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through March thirty-first, two thousand, the operating cost component of rates of payment, excluding any operating cost components related to direct and indirect expenses of graduate medical education, for patients eligible for payments made by a state governmental agency shall be reduced by three and thirty-three hundredths percent to encourage improved productivity and efficiency. The facility will be eligible to receive the financial incentives for

the physician specialty weighting incentive towards primary care pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision twenty-five of this section.

- * NB Effective and expires December 31, 2020
- * (k) for facilities designated by the federal department of health and human services as an exempt acute care children's hospital, payment effective January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four will be based upon a hospital specific case payment amount inclusive of high cost and high length of stay outlier costs. The nineteen hundred eighty-seven base year cost, trended, volume adjusted and case mix adjusted where applicable to nineteen hundred ninety-two, trended will be utilized to determine the rate of payment effective January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four. The facility will be eligible to receive the financial incentives for the physician specialty weighting incentive towards primary care pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision twenty-five of this section.
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
 - * NB There are 2 par (k)'s
- (1) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section and subject to the availability of federal financial participation, rates of payment by governmental agencies for general hospitals which are certified by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services to provide inpatient detoxification and withdrawal services and, with regard to inpatient services provided to patients discharged on and after December first, two thousand eight and who are determined to be in diagnosis-related groups as defined by the commissioner and published on the New York state department of health website, shall be made on a per diem basis in accordance with the following:
- (i) for the period December first, two thousand eight through March thirty-first, two thousand nine, seventy-five percent of the operating cost component of such rates of payments shall reflect the operating cost component of rates of payment effective for December thirty-first, two thousand seven, as adjusted for inflation pursuant to paragraph (c) of subdivision ten of this section, as otherwise modified by any applicable statutes, and twenty-five percent of such rates shall reflect the use of two thousand six operating costs as reported by each facility to the department prior to two thousand eight and as computed in accordance with the provisions of subparagraph (iv) of this paragraph;
- (ii) for the period April first, two thousand nine through March thirty-first, two thousand ten, thirty-seven and five tenths percent of the operating cost component of such rates of payment shall reflect the operating cost component of rates of payment effective December thirty-first, two thousand seven, as adjusted for inflation pursuant to paragraph (c) of subdivision ten of this section, as otherwise modified by any applicable statutes, and sixty-two and five tenths percent of such rates of payment shall reflect the use of two thousand six operating costs as reported by each facility to the department prior to two thousand eight and as computed in accordance with the provisions of subparagraph (iv) of this paragraph;
- (iii) for periods on and after April first, two thousand ten, one hundred percent of the operating cost component of such rates of payment shall reflect the use of two thousand six operating costs as reported to the department prior to two thousand eight and as computed in accordance with the provisions of subparagraph (iv) of this paragraph.
- (iv) rates of payment computed in accordance with this paragraph and reflecting the use of two thousand six base year operating costs shall be in accord with the following, provided, however that the commissioner

may establish criteria under which reimbursement may be provided at higher percentages and for longer periods.

- (A) For each of the regions within the state as described in clause (E) of this subparagraph the commissioner shall determine the average per diem cost incurred by general hospitals in that region subject to the provisions of this paragraph with regard to inpatients requiring medically managed detoxification services, as defined by applicable regulations promulgated by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services. In determining such costs the commissioner shall utilize two thousand six costs and statistics as reported by such hospitals to the department prior to two thousand eight.
- (B) Per diem payments for inpatients requiring medically managed inpatient detoxification services shall reflect one hundred percent of the per diem amounts computed pursuant to clause (A) of this subparagraph for the applicable region in which the facility is located and as trended forward to adjust for inflation, provided however, that such payments shall be reduced by fifty percent for any such services provided on or after the sixth day of services through the tenth day of services, and further provided that no payments shall be made for any services provided on or after the eleventh day.
- (C) Per diem payments for inpatients requiring medically supervised withdrawal services, as defined by applicable regulations promulgated by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services, shall reflect one hundred percent of the per diem amounts computed pursuant to clause (A) of this subparagraph for the applicable region in which the facility is located for the period January first, two thousand nine through December thirty-first, two thousand nine, and as trended forward to adjust for inflation, and shall reflect seventy-five percent of such per diem amounts for periods on and after January first, two thousand ten, as trended forward to adjust for inflation, provided, however, that such payments shall be reduced by fifty percent for any services provided on or after the sixth day of services through the tenth day of services, and further provided that no payments shall be made for any services provided on and after the eleventh day.
- (D) Per diem payments for inpatients placed in observation beds, as defined by applicable regulations promulgated by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services, shall be at the same level as would be paid pursuant to clause (A) of this paragraph, provided, however, that such payments shall not apply for more than two days of care, after which payments for such inpatients shall reflect their designation as requiring either medically managed detoxification services or medically supervised withdrawal services, and further provided that days of care provided in such observation beds shall, for reimbursement purposes, be fully reflected in the computation of the initial five days of care as set forth in clauses (A) and (B) of this subparagraph.
- (E) For the purposes of this paragraph, the regions of the state shall be as follows:
- (I) New York city, consisting of the counties of Bronx, New York, Kings, Queens and Richmond;
 - (II) Long Island, consisting of the counties of Nassau and Suffolk;
- (III) Northern metropolitan, consisting of the counties of Columbia, Delaware, Dutchess, Orange, Putnam, Rockland, Sullivan, Ulster and Westchester;
- (IV) Northeast, consisting of the counties of Albany, Clinton, Essex, Fulton, Greene, Hamilton, Montgomery, Rensselaer, Saratoga, Schenectady, Schoharie, Warren and Washington;

(V) Utica/Watertown, consisting of the counties of Franklin, Herkimer, Lewis, Oswego, Otsego, St. Lawrence, Jefferson, Chenango, Madison and Oneida;

- (VI) Central, consisting of the counties of Broome, Cayuga, Chemung, Cortland, Onondaga, Schuyler, Seneca, Steuben, Tioga and Tompkins;
- (VII) Rochester, consisting of Monroe, Ontario, Livingston, Wayne and Yates;
- (VIII) Western, consisting of the counties of Allegany, Cattaraugus, Chautauqua, Erie, Genesee, Niagara, Orleans and Wyoming.
- (F) Capital cost reimbursement for general hospitals otherwise subject to the provisions of this paragraph shall remain subject to the provisions of subdivision eight of this section.
- (v) the commissioner may promulgate regulations, including emergency regulations, providing for an update of the base year costs and statistics used to compute rates of payment pursuant to this paragraph, provided, however, that such base year update shall take effect no earlier than April first, two thousand fifteen, and provided further, however, that the commissioner may make such adjustments to such utilization and to the methodology for computing such rates as is necessary to achieve no aggregate, net growth in overall Medicaid expenditures related to such rates, as compared to such aggregate expenditures from the prior year. In determining the updated base year to be utilized pursuant to this subparagraph, the commissioner shall take into account the base year determined in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision thirty-five of this section.
- 5. Reimbursable inpatient operating cost component. (a) The reimbursable inpatient operating cost component of case based rates of payment per diagnosis-related group for general hospital inpatient hospital services shall be the product of the average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge determined in accordance with paragraph (b) of this subdivision, adjusted by a third-party payor of hospital services for uncovered services by such payor, and the weighting factors determined in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision three of this section.
- (b) (i) For the rate year January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight, average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge shall be a composite sum of no less than ninety percent of the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge determined in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision six of this section and a percentage amount not to exceed ten percent of the general hospital's group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge (price) determined in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision seven of this section such that the composite sum equals one hundred percent.
- (ii) For the rate year commencing January first, nineteen hundred eighty-nine, average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge shall be a composite sum of no less than seventy-five percent of the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge determined in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision six of this section and a percentage amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the general hospital's group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge (price) determined in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision seven of this section, such that the composite sum equals one hundred percent.
- (iii) Except as provided in clause (C) of this subparagraph, for annual rate years commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety, average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge

shall be a composite sum of no less than forty-five percent of the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge determined in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision six of this section and a percentage amount not to exceed fifty-five percent of the general hospital's group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge (price) determined in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision seven of this section, such that the composite sum equals one hundred percent.

- ** (A) Except as provided in clause (B) of this subparagraph and subparagraph (iv) of this paragraph, for annual rate years commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety, average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge shall be a composite sum of no less than forty-five percent of the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge determined in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision six of this section and a percentage amount not to exceed fifty-five percent of the general hospital's group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge (price) determined in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision seven of this section, such that the composite sum equals one hundred percent.
 - ** NB There are 2 clause (A)'s
- ** (A) Except as provided in clauses (B) and (C) of this subparagraph and subparagraphs (iv), (v) and (vi) of this paragraph, for annual rate years commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety, average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge shall be a composite sum of no less than forty-five percent of the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge determined in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision six of this section and a percentage amount not to exceed fifty-five percent of the general hospital's group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge (price) determined in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision seven of this section, such that the composite sum equals one hundred percent.
 - ** NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- ** (A) Except as provided in clause (B) of this subparagraph, for annual rate years commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety, average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge shall be a composite sum of no less than forty-five percent of the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge determined in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision six of this section and a percentage amount not to exceed fifty-five percent of the general hospital's group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge (price) determined in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision seven of this section, such that the composite sum equals one hundred percent.
 - ** NB Effective December 31, 2020
 - ** NB There are 2 clause (A)'s
- * (B) For discharges on or after April first, nineteen hundred ninety-five for purposes of reimbursement of inpatient hospital services for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies assigned to one of the twenty most common diagnosis-related groups for all general hospitals, the average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge of a general hospital shall be the lower of (I) the amount determined in accordance with clause (A) of this subparagraph or (II) the average amount determined in accordance with clause (A) of this subparagraph for all general hospitals in the group category to which the hospital is assigned. The twenty most common diagnosis-related groups shall be determined using discharge data for the year two years

prior to the rate year for all general hospitals, excluding beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) and patients assigned to diagnosis related groups for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection, acquired immune deficiency syndrome, alcohol/drug use or alcohol/drug induced organic mental disorders, and exempt unit or exempt hospital patients.

- * NB Expired March 31, 2011
- * (C) (I) For discharges on or after July first, two thousand six through December thirty-first, two thousand six, and subject to the availability of federal financial participation, rates of payment by state governmental agencies to Westchester medical center shall be increased by an aggregate amount of twenty-five million dollars to assist the medical center to maintain critically needed health care services.
- (II) For discharges on or after January first, two thousand seven through December thirty-first, two thousand seven, and subject to the availability of federal financial participation, rates of payment by state governmental agencies to Westchester medical center shall be increased by an aggregate amount of twenty-five million dollars to assist the medical center to maintain critically needed health care services.
- (III) For discharges on or after January first, two thousand eight through December thirty-first, two thousand eight, and subject to the availability of federal financial participation, rates of payment by state governmental agencies to Westchester medical center shall be increased by an aggregate amount of twenty-five million dollars to assist the medical center to maintain critically needed health care services.
 - * NB Expired March 31, 2011
- * (iv) for discharges on or after April first, nineteen hundred ninety-six for purposes of reimbursement of inpatient hospital services for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies, the average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge of a general hospital shall be the sum of:
- (A) the amount determined in accordance with clause (B) of subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph, excluding the value of direct medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (i) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, reflected in the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge and group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge, and excluding the value of forty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, reflected in the general hospital's hospital specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge, and excluding the value of fifty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses reflected in a general hospital's group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge in accordance with subdivision twenty-five of this section as amended;
- (B) minus five percent of the amount determined in accordance with clause (A) of this subparagraph;
- (C) plus the value of direct medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (i) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, reflected in the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge and group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge;

(D) minus five percent of the costs of hospital based physicians reflected in the direct medical education amount determined in accordance with clause (C) of this subparagraph;

- (E) plus the value of forty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, reflected in the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge; and
- (F) plus the value of fifty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses reflected in the general hospital's group category average inpatient operating cost per discharge in accordance with subdivision twenty-five of this section as amended.
 - * NB There are 3 subpar (iv)'s
- * (iv) for discharges on or after April first, nineteen hundred ninety-six for purposes of reimbursement of inpatient hospital services for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies, the average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge of a general hospital shall to encourage improved productivity and efficiency be the sum of:
- (A) the amount determined in accordance with clause (B) of subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph, excluding the value of direct medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (i) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, reflected in the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge and group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge, and excluding the value of forty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, reflected in the general hospital's hospital specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge, and excluding the value of fifty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses reflected in a general hospital's group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge in accordance with subdivision twenty-five of this section as amended;
- (B) minus five percent of the amount determined in accordance with clause (A) of this subparagraph;
- (C) plus the value of direct medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (i) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, reflected in the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge and group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge;
- (D) minus five percent of the costs of hospital based physicians reflected in the direct medical education amount determined in accordance with clause (C) of this subparagraph;
- (E) plus the value of forty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, reflected in the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge; and
- (F) plus the value of fifty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses reflected in the general hospital's group category average inpatient operating cost per discharge in accordance with subdivision twenty-five of this section as amended.
 - * NB There are 3 subpar (iv)'s
- * (iv) for discharges on or after April first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through July thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six for purposes of reimbursement of inpatient hospital services for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies, the average

reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge of a general hospital shall, to encourage improved productivity and efficiency, be the sum of:

- the amount determined in accordance with clause (B) of (A) subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph, excluding the value of direct medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (i) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, reflected in the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge and group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge, and excluding the value of forty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, reflected in the general hospital's hospital specific reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge, and excluding the value of fifty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses reflected in a general hospital's group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge in accordance with subdivision twenty-five of this section as amended;
- (B) minus five percent of the amount determined in accordance with clause (A) of this subparagraph;
- (C) plus the value of direct medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (i) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, reflected in the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge and group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge;
- (D) minus five percent of the costs of hospital based physicians reflected in the direct medical education amount determined in accordance with clause (C) of this subparagraph;
- (E) plus the value of forty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, reflected in the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge; and
- (F) plus the value of fifty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses reflected in the general hospital's group category average inpatient operating cost per discharge in accordance with subdivision twenty-five of this section as amended.
 - * NB Expires December 31, 2020
 - * NB There are 3 subpar(iv)'s
- * (v) for discharges on or after August first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven for purposes of reimbursement of inpatient hospital services for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies, the average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge of a general hospital shall, to encourage improved productivity and efficiency, be the sum of:
- (A) the amount determined in accordance with clause (B) of subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph, excluding the value of direct medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (i) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, reflected in the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge and group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge, and excluding the value of forty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, reflected in the general hospital's hospital specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge, and excluding the value of fifty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses

reflected in a general hospital's group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge in accordance with subdivision twenty-five of this section as amended;

- (B) minus two and five-tenths percent of the amount determined in accordance with clause (A) of this subparagraph;
- (C) plus the value of direct medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (i) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, reflected in the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge and group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge;
- (D) minus two and five-tenths percent of the costs of hospital based physicians reflected in the direct medical education amount determined in accordance with clause (C) of this subparagraph;
- (E) plus the value of forty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, reflected in the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge; and
- (F) plus the value of fifty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses reflected in the general hospital's group category average inpatient operating cost per discharge in accordance with subdivision twenty-five of this section as amended.
 - * NB Expires December 31, 2020
- * (vi) for discharges on or after April first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and for discharges on or after July first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through March thirty-first, two thousand and for discharges on or after April first, two thousand through March thirty-first, two thousand five and for discharges on or after April first, two thousand five through March thirty-first, two thousand six, and for discharges on or after April first, two thousand six through March thirty-first, two thousand seven, and for discharges on or after April first, two thousand seven through March thirty-first, two thousand nine, and for discharges on or after April first, two thousand nine through March thirty-first, two thousand eleven, for purposes of reimbursement of inpatient hospital services for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies, the average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge of a general hospital shall, to encourage improved productivity and efficiency, be the sum of:
- the amount determined in accordance with clause (B) of subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph, excluding the value of direct medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (i) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, reflected in the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge and group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge, and excluding the value of forty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, in the general hospital's hospital-specific reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge, and excluding the value of fifty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses reflected in a general hospital's group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge in accordance with subdivision twenty-five of this section as amended;
- (B) minus three and thirty-three hundredths percent of the amount determined in accordance with clause (A) of this subparagraph;
- (C) plus the value of direct medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (i) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section,

reflected in the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge and group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge;

- (D) minus three and thirty-three hundredths percent of the costs of hospital based physicians reflected in the direct medical education amount determined in accordance with clause (C) of this subparagraph;
- (E) plus the value of forty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, reflected in the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge; and
- (F) plus the value of fifty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses reflected in the general hospital's group category average inpatient operating cost per discharge in accordance with subdivision twenty-five of this section as amended.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (vi) for discharges on or after April first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and for discharges on or after July first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through March thirty-first, two thousand for purposes of reimbursement of inpatient hospital services for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies, the average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge of a general hospital shall, to encourage improved productivity and efficiency, be the sum of:
- the amount determined in accordance with clause (B) of subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph, excluding the value of direct medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (i) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, reflected in the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge and group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge, and excluding the value of forty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, reflected in the general hospital's hospital-specific reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge, and excluding the value of fifty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses reflected in a general hospital's group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge in accordance with subdivision twenty-five of this section as amended;
- (B) minus three and thirty-three hundredths percent of the amount determined in accordance with clause (A) of this subparagraph;
- (C) plus the value of direct medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (i) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, reflected in the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge and group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge;
- (D) minus three and thirty-three hundredths percent of the costs of hospital based physicians reflected in the direct medical education amount determined in accordance with clause (C) of this subparagraph;
- (E) plus the value of forty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, reflected in the general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge; and
- (F) plus the value of fifty-five percent of the indirect medical education expenses reflected in the general hospital's group category average inpatient operating cost per discharge in accordance with subdivision twenty-five of this section as amended.

- * NB Effective and expires December 31, 2020
- * (c) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section, commencing July first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and July first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through March thirty-first, two thousand and April first, two thousand through March thirty-first, two thousand five and for periods on and after April first, two thousand five through March thirty-first, two thousand six, and for periods on and after April first, two thousand six through March thirty-first, two thousand seven, and for periods on and after April first, two thousand seven through March thirty-first, two thousand nine, and for periods on and after April first, two thousand nine through March thirty-first, two thousand eleven, rates of payment for a general hospital for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies shall be further reduced by the commissioner to encourage improved productivity and efficiency by providers by a factor determined as follows:
- (i) an aggregate reduction shall be calculated for each general hospital commencing July first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and July first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through March thirty-first, two thousand and April first, two thousand through March thirty-first, two thousand five and for periods on and after April first, two thousand five through March thirty-first, two thousand six, and for periods on and after April first, two thousand six through March thirty-first, two thousand seven, and for periods on and after April first, two thousand seven through March thirty-first, two thousand nine, and for periods on and after April first, two thousand nine through March thirty-first, two thousand eleven, as the result of (A) eighty-nine million dollars on an annualized basis for each year, multiplied by (B) the ratio of patient days for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies provided in a base year two years prior to the rate year by a general hospital, divided by the total of such patient days summed for all general hospitals; and
- (ii) (A) the result for each general hospital shall be allocated to units within such hospital exempt from case based rates of payment based on the ratio of such patient days provided in the exempt unit to the total of such patient days provided by the general hospital, and (B) the result divided by such patient days provided in the exempt unit, for a per diem unit of service reduction in rates of payment for such exempt unit for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies for such general hospital; and
- (iii) any amount not allocated to exempt units shall be divided by case based discharges (or for exempt hospitals by patient days) in the base year two years prior to the rate year for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies, for a per case (or for exempt hospitals a per diem) unit of service reduction in rates of payment for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies for such general hospital.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (c) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section, commencing July first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and July first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through March thirty-first, two thousand rates of payment for a general hospital for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies shall be further reduced by the commissioner to encourage improved productivity and efficiency by providers by a factor determined as follows:

(i) an aggregate reduction shall be calculated for each general hospital commencing July first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and July first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through March thirty-first, two thousand as the result of (A) eighty-nine million dollars on an annualized basis for each year, multiplied by (B) the ratio of patient days for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies provided in a base year two years prior to the rate year by a general hospital, divided by the total of such patient days summed for all general hospitals; and

- (ii) (A) the result for each general hospital shall be allocated to units within such hospital exempt from case based rates of payment based on the ratio of such patient days provided in the exempt unit to the total of such patient days provided by the general hospital, and (B) the result divided by such patient days provided in the exempt unit, for a per diem unit of service reduction in rates of payment for such exempt unit for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies for such general hospital; and
- (iii) any amount not allocated to exempt units shall be divided by case based discharges (or for exempt hospitals by patient days) in the base year two years prior to the rate year for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies, for a per case (or for exempt hospitals a per diem) unit of service reduction in rates of payment for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies for such general hospital.
 - * NB Effective and expires December 31, 2020
- 6. Operating costs. (a) A general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge shall be determined in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner based on the hospital's reimbursable inpatient operating cost base determined in accordance with paragraph (d) of subdivision one of this section; adjusted in accordance with paragraph (b) of this subdivision to reflect exceptions to case payments; and projected to the applicable rate period by atrend factor determined in accordance with subdivision ten of this section; and increased in accordance with subparagraphs (i), (iii) and (iv) of paragraph (e) of subdivision one of this section to reflect special additional inpatient operating costs; and adjusted in accordance with subparagraphs (i), (ii) and (iv) of paragraph (c) of this subdivision to reflect modifications to case payments; and standardized to reflect nineteen hundred eightyseven hospital case mix. A general hospital's hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge shall be adjusted on a payor category basis to reflect allocation of malpractice insurance costs in accordance with the methodology developed pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (h) of subdivision eleven of this section.
- (b) In accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner, the commissioner shall adjust reimbursable inpatient operating costs and discharges to exclude operating costs and statistics related to specialized hospital services for which an alternative reimbursement methodology is adopted pursuant to paragraph (e) or (g) of subdivision four of this section, a factor for operating costs of patients who required an alternate level of care in accordance with paragraph (h) of subdivision four of this section and the operating costs and statistics of AIDS patients pursuant to paragraph (i) of subdivision four of this section if effective.
- (c) In accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner, the commissioner shall adjust

weighting factors developed pursuant to paragraph (c) of subdivision three of this section and reimbursable inpatient operating costs and statistics on which case payment rates are based to take into account the provisions for additional payments in accordance with paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d) of subdivision four of this section. The rules and regulations are to be designed to identify an estimate of costs and statistics as if the payment methodology effective for the applicable rate period including payment based on the higher of high-cost outliers or long-stay outliers was in effect during the period used to establish such costs and statistics to accomplish the following:

- (i) an estimate of costs for inpatient services to patients transferred to another general hospital receiving case payment rates pursuant to paragraph (a) of subdivision four of this section shall be eliminated from reimbursable inpatient operating costs considering a transfer patient cost conversion factor determined based on nineteen hundred eighty-five data from a representative sample of general hospitals; a case mix neutral acute care cost component of a general hospital's reimbursable inpatient operating cost base per day after application of the trend factor and the addition of special additional inpatient operating costs; transfer patient days incurred by such general hospital in nineteen hundred eighty-seven or the number of such transfer patient days during a recent twelve month period prior thereto established by regulation for which data are available subsequently reconciled by an adjustment to reflect nineteen hundred eighty-seven data; and the specific diagnosis-related groups with which the transfer patients are identified. Such costs shall be eliminated in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner which shall contain the specific methodology to adequately identify the costs related to transfer cases. Transfer cases shall be eliminated in computing discharges of the transferring hospital. The costs and discharges for transfer cases for each general hospital participating in the determination of the weighting factors shall be removed before calculating the weighting factors;
- (ii) an estimate of costs for the outlier portion of inpatient services which would qualify for additional payments as cost outliers in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision four of this section shall be eliminated from reimbursable inpatient operating costs based on a general hospital's high cost percentage outlier factor, applied to an acute care cost component of such general hospital's reimbursable inpatient operating cost base after application of the trend factor and the addition of special additional inpatient operating costs. The high cost percentage outlier factor shall be calculated based on a determination of the percentage of nineteen hundred eighty-seven discharges of patients other than beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) for which the commissioner has complete hospital bill submissions or such discharges during a recent twelve month period prior thereto established by regulation for which hospital bills are available, as follows, (a) for general hospitals that have complete hospital bill submissions for at least ninety percent of their discharges, a high cost percentage outlier factor based on such data, and (b) for general hospitals that have complete hospital bill submissions for at least eighty percent but less than ninety percent of their discharges, a high cost percentage outlier factor based on such data plus an additional one-quarter of one percent, and (c) for general hospitals that have complete bill submissions for less than eighty percent of their discharges, a high cost percentage outlier factor determined based on nineteen hundred eighty-five data from representative sample of general hospitals plus an additional

one-quarter of one percent. The calculation of the high cost percentage outlier factor shall be subsequently reconciled by an adjustment to reflect the percentage of such complete hospital bill submissions for such nineteen hundred eighty-seven discharges as submitted to the commissioner prior to August first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight.

The minimum percentage threshold applicable pursuant to clause (a) of the first paragraph of this subparagraph may be increased to "at least ninety-five percent" and the percentage ceiling applicable pursuant to clause (b) of the first paragraph of this subparagraph increased to "less than ninety-five percent" pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner based upon a study and a report by the commissioner of a sample of incomplete discharge records which showed that there was a significant difference in the value of high cost outlier cases potentially reflected in incomplete records from the value of high cost outlier cases reflected in records for which the commissioner has complete hospital bill submissions.

The maximum amount to be eliminated on a statewide basis shall be three percent of the total of nineteen hundred eighty-eight acute care cost components of general hospital reimbursable inpatient operating costs reimbursed on the case payment system. In the event that the total amount as calculated exceeds three percent, the calculated amount will be reduced to three percent by the application of a percentage computed by dividing expected outlier costs based on the three percent by actual outlier costs, which shall also be the percentage of outlier costs to be reimbursed in the payment year. The costs for the outlier portion of cost outliers for general hospitals participating in the determination of the weighting factors shall be removed from each diagnosis-related group before determining the weighting factors;

* (iii) an estimate of inpatient costs which are related to a hospital stay in excess of the long stay threshold for long stay patients as defined in paragraph (c) of subdivision four of this section shall be eliminated from reimbursable inpatient operating costs in determining category average inpatient reimbursable operating considering a long stay patient cost conversion factor, which shall be established at sixty percent provided, however, such long stay patient cost conversion factor may be revised for an annual rate period or periods beginning on or after January first, nineteen hundred eightynine in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner; a case mix neutral acute care cost component of a general hospital's reimbursable inpatient operating cost base per day after application of the trend factor and the addition of special additional inpatient operating costs; long stay patient days incurred by such general hospital in nineteen hundred eighty-seven or the number of such long stay patient days during a recent twelve month period prior thereto established by regulation for which data are available subsequently reconciled by an adjustment to reflect nineteen hundred eighty-seven data; and the specific diagnosis-related groups with which the long stay patients are identified. The long stay outlier thresholds shall be determined by adding a sufficient number of standard deviations to the mean length of stay for each diagnosis-related group such that it is estimated for rates of payment during the period January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety based upon nineteen hundred eighty-five data from a representative sample of general hospitals and for rates of payment during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three based upon nineteen hundred eighty-nine data from a representative sample of

general hospitals and for rates of payment during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and periods on and after January first, two thousand based upon nineteen hundred ninety-two data from a representative sample of general hospitals that the costs associated with the portion of hospital stays in excess of the long stay outlier thresholds do not exceed three percent of the total of the acute care cost components of reimbursable inpatient operating costs related to the determination of case based rates of payment. The costs associated with the outlier portion of long stay outliers for each general hospital participating in the determination of the weighting factors shall be removed from each diagnosis-related group before calculating the weighting factors;

- * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (iii) an estimate of inpatient costs which are related to a hospital stay in excess of the long stay threshold for long stay patients as defined in paragraph (c) of subdivision four of this section shall be eliminated from reimbursable inpatient operating costs in determining category average inpatient reimbursable operating group considering a long stay patient cost conversion factor, which shall be established at sixty percent provided, however, such long stay patient cost conversion factor may be revised for an annual rate period or periods beginning on or after January first, nineteen hundred eightynine in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner; a case mix neutral acute care cost component of a general hospital's reimbursable inpatient operating cost base per day after application of the trend factor and the addition of special additional inpatient operating costs; long stay patient days incurred by such general hospital in nineteen hundred eighty-seven or the number of such long stay patient days during a recent twelve month period prior thereto established by regulation for which data are available subsequently reconciled by an adjustment to reflect nineteen hundred eighty-seven data; and the specific diagnosis-related groups with which the long stay patients are identified. The long stay outlier thresholds shall be determined by adding a sufficient number of standard deviations to the mean length of stay for each diagnosis-related group such that it is estimated for rates of payment during the period January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety based upon nineteen hundred eighty-five data from a representative sample of general hospitals and for rates of payment during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three based upon nineteen hundred eighty-nine data from a representative sample of general hospitals and for rates of payment during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine based upon nineteen hundred ninety-two data from a representative sample of general hospitals that the costs associated with the portion of hospital stays in excess of the long stay outlier thresholds do not exceed three percent of the total of the acute care cost components of reimbursable inpatient operating costs related to the determination of case based rates of payment. The costs associated with the outlier portion of long stay outliers for each general hospital participating in the determination of the weighting factors shall be removed from each diagnosis-related group before calculating the weighting factors;
 - * NB Effective and expires December 31, 2020
- * (iii) an estimate of inpatient costs which are related to a hospital stay in excess of the long stay threshold for long stay patients as

defined in paragraph (c) of subdivision four of this section shall be eliminated from reimbursable inpatient operating costs in determining group category average inpatient reimbursable operating considering a long stay patient cost conversion factor, which shall be established at sixty percent provided, however, such long stay patient cost conversion factor may be revised for an annual rate period or periods beginning on or after January first, nineteen hundred eightynine in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner; a case mix neutral acute care cost component of a general hospital's reimbursable inpatient operating cost base per day after application of the trend factor and the addition of special additional inpatient operating costs; long stay patient days incurred by such general hospital in nineteen hundred eighty-seven or the number of such long stay patient days during a recent twelve month period prior thereto established by regulation for which data are available subsequently reconciled by an adjustment to reflect nineteen hundred eighty-seven data; and the specific diagnosis-related groups with which the long stay patients are identified. The long stay outlier thresholds shall be determined by adding a sufficient number of standard deviations to the mean length of stay for each diagnosis-related group such that it is estimated for rates of payment during the period January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety based upon nineteen hundred eighty-five data from a representative sample of general hospitals and for rates of payment during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three based upon nineteen hundred eighty-nine data from a representative sample of general hospitals and for rates of payment during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six based upon nineteen hundred ninety-two data from a representative sample of general hospitals that the costs associated with the portion of hospital stays in excess of the long stay outlier thresholds do not exceed three percent of the total of the acute care cost components of reimbursable inpatient operating costs related to the determination of case based rates of payment. The costs associated with the outlier portion of long stay outliers for each general hospital participating in the determination of the weighting factors shall be removed from each diagnosis-related group before calculating the weighting factors;

* NB Effective December 31, 2020

(iv) an estimate of inpatient costs which are related to short stay patients as defined in paragraph (d) of subdivision four of this section shall be eliminated from reimbursable inpatient operating costs considering a short stay patient cost conversion factor determined based on nineteen hundred eighty-five data from a representative sample of general hospitals; a case mix neutral acute care cost component of a general hospital's reimbursable inpatient operating cost base per day after application of the trend factor and the addition of special additional inpatient operating costs; short stay patient days incurred by such general hospital in nineteen hundred eighty-seven or the number of such short stay patient days during a recent twelve month period prior thereto established by regulation for which data are available subsequently reconciled by an adjustment to reflect nineteen hundred eighty-seven data; and the specific diagnosis-related groups with which the short stay patients are identified. Such costs shall be eliminated in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner which shall contain the specific methodology to adequately identify the costs related to short stay

patients. Short stay cases shall be eliminated in computing discharges of a general hospital. The costs and discharges for short stay cases for each general hospital participating in the determination of the weighting factors shall be removed before calculating the weighting factors.

- 7. Operating cost group component. (a) A general hospital's group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge (price) shall be a composite factor determined in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner based on a group price component determined in accordance with subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, a hospital-specific price component determined in accordance with subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, and an adjustment in accordance with subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph.
- (i) The group price component shall be based on the costs and statistics of general hospitals in the group category established pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subdivision to which the hospital is assigned by the commissioner to compute a group based average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge for the group category. General hospital costs and statistics shall be determined consistent with the methodology to determine hospital-specific average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge pursuant to subdivision six of this section; adjusted to reflect additional cost increases in accordance with subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (e) of subdivision one of this section; and adjusted to exclude the components of hospitalspecific inpatient reimbursable operating costs related to education, physician, ambulance services and organ acquisition costs determined in accordance with paragraph (c) of this subdivision and malpractice insurance costs, and the components of special additional inpatient costs determined and allocated in accordance subparagraphs (i), (iii) and (iv) of paragraph (e) of subdivision one of this section associated with cost increases in such costs; and adjusted to exclude the components of special additional inpatient operating costs determined and allocated in accordance with clauses (B), (D), (H), and (I) of subparagraph (iii) and clauses (A), (E) and (F) of subparagraph (iv) of paragraph (e) of subdivision one of this section; and adjusted to reflect additional modifications to case payments in accordance with subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (c) of subdivision six of this section. The group based average inpatient reimbursable operating costs computed for a general hospital shall be adjusted to the hospital-specific indirect medical education percentage of such hospital determined in accordance with subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (c) of this subdivision.

Hospital costs shall be standardized for comparison purposes considering differences in wage and wage-related costs levels and such other economic factors, such as a power equalization factor, as may be determined in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner.

(ii) A hospital-specific price component shall be determined for each general hospital based on such hospital's hospital-specific education, physician, ambulance services and organ acquisition costs determined in accordance with subparagraphs (i), (iii) and (iv) of paragraph (c) of this subdivision and malpractice insurance costs, and the components of special additional inpatient operating costs determined and allocated in accordance with subparagraphs (i), (iii) and (iv) of paragraph (e) of subdivision one of this section associated with cost increases in such costs, and special additional inpatient operating costs determined and allocated in accordance with clauses (B), (D), (H) and (I) of subparagraph (iii) and clauses (A), (E) and (F) of subparagraph(iv) of

paragraph (e) of subdivision one of this section, as excluded pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, per discharge, standardized to reflect nineteen hundred eighty-seven hospital case mix.

- (iii) A general hospital's group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge shall be adjusted on a payor category basis to reflect allocation of malpractice insurance costs in accordance with the methodology developed pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (h) of subdivision eleven of this section.
- (b) General hospital group categories shall be established in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner for purposes of computing group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge considering, but not limited to, factors such as hospital size, hospital medical education activity, teaching status and geographic divisions of the state.
- (c) Education, physician, ambulance services and organ acquisition costs shall include:
- (i) direct medical education expenses, defined as the reimbursable costs of residents, fellows, and supervising physicians, combined with the costs of hospital based physicians;
- (ii) indirect medical education expenses, defined as an estimate of the costs, other than direct costs, of educational activities in teaching hospitals attributable to factors including but not limited to increased overhead, more severely ill patients and the tendency of residents to provide more tests than experienced licensed physicians. For the rate period beginning January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight and ending December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight, an estimate of indirect medical education costs shall be determined in accordance with the methodology applicable for purposes of determining an estimate of indirect medical education costs for reimbursement for inpatient hospital service pursuant to title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) in effect on the first day of July in the year preceding the rate period. The council may adopt rules and regulations, subject to the approval of the commissioner, to revise the methodology for the determination of an estimate of indirect medical education costs to reflect revisions to the methodology applicable for purposes of determining reimbursement for inpatient hospital service pursuant to title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) effective subsequent to the first day of July in the year preceding the rate period. For annual rate periods beginning on or after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-nine an estimate of indirect medical education costs shall be determined in accordance with rules and adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner;
- (iii) the reimbursable costs of schools of nursing, allied professional programs and ambulance services; and
- (iv) the reimbursable costs of organ acquisition services not reimbursed pursuant to the methodology applicable for purposes of reimbursement pursuant to title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare).
- (d) The commissioner shall establish, in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner, the methodology to determine the hospital's group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge (price) and the percentage amounts, pursuant to subparagraphs (i), (ii) and (iii) of paragraph (b) of subdivision five of this section, of the group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge to be used to determine the inpatient reimbursable operating cost component of case

based rates for annual rate periods beginning on or after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight.

8. Capital related inpatient expenses. (a) Capital related inpatient expenses including but not limited to straight line depreciation on buildings and non-movable equipment, accelerated depreciation on major movable equipment if requested by the hospital, rentals and interest on capital debt (or for hospitals financed pursuant to article twentyeight-B of this chapter, such expenses, including amortization in lieu of depreciation, as determined pursuant to the reimbursement regulations promulgated pursuant to such article and article twenty-eight of this chapter), shall be included in rates of payment determined pursuant to this section based on a budget for capital related inpatient expenses and subsequently reconciled to actual expenses and statistics through appropriate audit procedures. General hospitals shall submit to the commissioner, at least one hundred twenty days prior to the commencement of each year, a schedule of capital related inpatient expenses for the forthcoming year. Any capital expenditure which requires or required approval pursuant to this article must have received such approval for any capital related expense generated by such capital expenditure to be included in rates of payment. The basis for determining capital related inpatient expenses shall be the lesser of actual cost or the final amount specifically approved for the construction of the capital asset. The submitted budget may include the capital related inpatient expenses for all existing capital assets as well as estimates of capital related inpatient expenses for capital assets to be acquired or placed in use prior to the commencement of the rate year or during the rate year provided all required approvals have been obtained.

The council shall adopt, with the approval of the commissioner, regulations to:

- (i) identify by type the eligible capital related inpatient expenses;
- (ii) safeguard the future financial viability of voluntary, non-profit general hospitals by requiring funding of inpatient depreciation on building and fixed and movable equipment;
- (iii) provide authorization to adjust inpatient rates by advancing payment of depreciation as needed, in instances of capital debt related financial distress of voluntary, non-profit general hospitals; and
 - (iv) provide a methodology for the reimbursement treatment of sales.
- (b) Capital related inpatient expenses shall be included in case based payments based on the hospital's average capital related inpatient expenses per discharge. Adjustments shall be made to capital related costs and statistics to reflect capital related inpatient expenses reimbursed on a per diem basis in accordance with paragraphs (a), (d), (e), (g) and (i) of subdivision four of this section.
- (c) In order to reconcile capital related inpatient expenses included in rates of payment based on a budget to actual expenses and statistics for the rate period for a general hospital, rates of payment for a general hospital shall be adjusted to reflect the dollar value of the difference between capital related inpatient expenses included in the computation of rates of payment for a prior rate period based on a budget and actual capital related inpatient expenses for such prior rate period, each as determined in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subdivision, adjusted to reflect increases or decreases in volume of service in such prior rate period compared to statistics applied in determining the capital related inpatient expenses component of rates of payment based on a budget for such prior rate period. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of subparagraph (i) of paragraph (e) of subdivision nine of this section, capital related inpatient expenses of

a general hospital included in the computation of rates of payment based on a budget shall not be included in the computation of a volume adjustment made in accordance with such subparagraph. Adjustments to rates of payment for a general hospital made pursuant to this paragraph shall be made in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision eleven of this section. Such adjustments shall not be carried forward except for such volume adjustment as may be authorized in accordance with subparagraph (i) of paragraph (e) of subdivision nine of this section for such general hospital.

- * (e) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this subdivision, commencing April first, nineteen hundred ninety-five, when a factor for reconciliation of budgeted capital related inpatient expenses to actual capital related inpatient expenses for a prior year is included in the capital related inpatient expenses component of rates of payment, such capital related inpatient expenses component of rates of payment shall be reduced by the commissioner by the difference between the reconciled capital related inpatient expenses included in rates of payment determined in accordance with paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this subdivision for such prior year and capital related inpatient expenses for such prior year calculated based on the hospital's average capital related inpatient expenses computed on a per diem basis.
 - * NB Effective through March 31, 2021
- * (f) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section, commencing April first, nineteen hundred ninety-five for purposes of determining the capital related inpatient expenses component of rates of payment for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies for a rate year, the submitted budget for capital related inpatient expenses of a general hospital applicable to the rate year shall be decreased by the commissioner to reflect the percentage amount by which the budget for the base year two years prior to the rate year for capital related inpatient expenses of the hospital exceeded actual expenses.
 - * NB Effective through March 31, 2021
- * (g) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this article, commencing April first, nineteen hundred ninety-five for rates of payment for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies, the capital related inpatient expenses component determined in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subdivision and the capital cost per visit components determined in accordance with subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of paragraph (g) of subdivision two of section twenty-eight hundred seven of this article shall be adjusted by the commissioner to exclude such expenses related to:
 - (i) forty-four percent of the costs of major movable equipment; and
 - (ii) staff housing.
 - * NB Effective through March 31, 2021
- 9. Adjustments. For annual rate periods beginning on or after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight:
- (a) The commissioner shall on his own initiative, or on the basis of a request from a general hospital, adjust an established rate to reflect:
- (i) the reduction of costs related to the elimination of a general hospital inpatient service in instances where the costs of such service were included in the rate established; and
 - (ii) the correction of errors or omissions of data or in computation.
- (b) General hospitals may request and the commissioner shall consider an adjustment to an established rate to reflect increased expenses in excess of costs reported by the general hospital in the nineteen hundred eighty-five cost report, after application of the trend factor, or reconsideration of disallowed expenses based on:

(i) justification of all or a portion of expenses not included in the rate resulting from the cost analysis process contained in subparagraph (i) of paragraph (a) of this subdivision;

- (ii) additional operational expenses related to approved construction or service changes;
- (iii) the addition of costs related to a state requirement for additional services to be provided or additional costs to be incurred in meeting state and federal requirements;
- (iv) additional operational expenses to permit a more efficient and economical method of delivering a service;
- (v) increased costs determined to be needed to recruit or maintain an appropriate level of personnel providing professional services to patients; and
 - (vi) increased costs for compensation of employees.
- (c) In determining the reasonableness or justification of an adjustment to an established rate related to subparagraph (vi) of paragraph (b) of this subdivision, the commissioner shall consider:
- (i) the fiscal capability of the general hospital to finance such increases from its own resources;
- (ii) the past history of the general hospital with respect to compensation increases and allowed compensation trend factors; and
 - (iii) the economy in the area in which the general hospital is located.
- (d) General hospitals may request and the commissioner shall consider a change in assignment among the group categories established pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision seven of this section to which the hospital is assigned for purposes of computing group category average reimbursable inpatient operating cost per discharge.
- (e) (i) Volume adjustments which would result in revisions in case payment rates shall not be made to reflect increases or decreases in discharges for other than beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) in rate years beginning on or after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight, except in those specific instances where a decrease in volume as measured by discharges, including discharges of patients for whom reimbursement is provided on a per diem basis in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision eleven of this section, is equal to or greater than one percent of discharges in nineteen hundred eighty-seven for those general hospitals having two hundred or less certified acute care beds and classified as a rural hospital for purposes of determining payment for inpatient services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) or under state regulations, based on the total number of inpatient acute care beds for which such general hospital is certified pursuant to the operating certificate issued for such general hospital in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred five of this article in effect on June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety, or equal to or greater than ten percent of discharges in nineteen hundred eighty-seven for all other general hospitals, and the failure to make such adjustment seriously impacts on the financial stability of a needed hospital, and except in those specific instances where an increase in volume as measured by discharges is equal to or greater than ten percent of discharges in nineteen hundred eighty-seven. Provided, however, that an adjustment for volume increases shall not apply to those general hospitals having two hundred or less certified acute care beds and classified as a rural hospital for purposes of determining payment for inpatient services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) or under state regulations, based on the total number of inpatient acute care beds for which such general

hospital is certified pursuant to the operating certificate issued for such general hospital in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred five of this article in effect on June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety. For general hospitals and distinct units of general hospitals not reimbursed on a case based payment per discharge basis, volume adjustments may be made during the above indicated rate years in accordance with regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner.

- (ii) The commissioner shall adjust the rates for those general hospitals and units of general hospitals excluded from case payment in accordance with paragraph (e) or (g) of subdivision four of this section for case mix changes for other than beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare).
- (f) General hospitals that did not qualify for a volume adjustment for the nineteen hundred eighty-six and nineteen hundred eighty-seven rate periods for rates of payment determined in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-a of this article may request and the commissioner shall consider an adjustment to an established case based rate of payment for nineteen hundred eighty-eight based on increases in volume as measured by discharges, based on a comparison between nineteen hundred eighty-five and nineteen hundred eighty-seven discharges, excluding in such comparison discharges of patients beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) and discharges related to transfer cases (transferring hospital) and short stay cases as defined in this section, provided such general hospital meets performance criteria established in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner. Such criteria shall include but need not be limited to: maintenance of like patient occupancy rates for the rate periods nineteen hundred eighty-five, nineteen hundred eighty-six and nineteen hundred eighty-seven; a reduction in patient length of stay for other than beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) based on a comparison with nineteen hundred eighty-five data; and an expanded use of ambulatory surgery by the general hospital based on a comparison with nineteen hundred eighty-five data. Such adjustment shall consider, but need not be limited to, the variable costs related to volume changes in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner.
- (g) All appeals shall be submitted to the commissioner, who may submit a copy of the appeal to interested parties for the purpose of providing an opportunity for comment within a specified time period.
- (h) The commissioner shall act upon all properly documented appeals for adjustments concerning base year costs by November first of the calendar year for which the rate is effective provided that all information necessary to determine whether an adjustment is justified is submitted by the facility prior to May first of such year. In the event such an appeal is filed by May first, but information necessary to determine whether an adjustment is justified is submitted after such date, the commissioner shall act on the appeal within six months after receiving the necessary information.
- * 10. Trend factors. (a) The commissioner, in accordance with the methodology developed for rate periods through March thirty-first, two thousand, for rates of payment for state governmental agencies and through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six for rates of payment for all other payors pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subdivision, shall establish trend factors to project for the effects of inflation. The factors shall be applied to the appropriate portion of reimbursable costs. The methodology for developing the trend factor

shall include the appropriate external price indicators and shall also include the data from major collective bargaining agreements as reported quarterly by the federal department of labor, bureau of labor statistics, for non-supervisory employees.

- (b) The methodology shall be developed for rate periods through March thirty-first, two thousand, for rates of payment for state governmental agencies and through December thirty-first, nineteen hundredninety-six for rates of payment for all other payors by four independent consultants with expertise in health economics or reimbursement methodologies for health-related services appointed by the commissioner. For nineteen hundred ninety-six, through March thirty-first, two thousand, the commissioner shall apply the nineteen hundred ninety-five trend factor methodology. The commissioner shall monitor the actual price movements of the external price indicators used in the methodology for one interim adjustment to the trend factors to reflect such price movements. At the same time adjustments are made to the trend factors in accordance with this paragraph, adjustments shall be made to all inpatient rates of payment affected by the adjusted trend factors.
- (c) (1) For rate periods on and after April first, two thousand, the commissioner shall establish trend factors for rates of payment for state governmental agencies to project for the effects of inflation except that such trend factors shall not be applied to services for which rates of payment are established by the commissioners of the department of mental hygiene. The factors shall be applied to the appropriate portion of reimbursable costs.
- (2) In developing trend factors for such rates of payment, the commissioner shall use the most recent Congressional Budget Office estimate of the rate year's U.S. Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers published in the Congressional Budget Office Economic and Budget Outlook after June first of the rate year prior to the year for which rates are being developed.
- (3) After the final U.S. Consumer Price Index (CPI) for all urban consumers is published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, for a particular rate year, the commissioner shall reconcile such final CPI to the projection used in subparagraph two of this paragraph and any difference will be included in the prospective trend factor for the current year.
- (4) At the time adjustments are made to the trend factors in accordance with this paragraph, adjustments shall be made to all inpatient rates of payment affected by the trend factor adjustment.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * 10. Trend factors. (a) The commissioner, in accordance with the methodology developed pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subdivision, shall establish trend factors to project for the effects of inflation. The factors shall be applied to the appropriate portion of reimbursable costs. The methodology for developing the trend factor shall include the appropriate external price indicators and shall also include the data from major collective bargaining agreements as reported quarterly by the federal department of labor, bureau of labor statistics, for non-supervisory employees.
- (b) The methodology shall be developed by four independent consultants with expertise in health economics or reimbursement methodologies for health-related services appointed by the commissioner. On or about September first of each year, the consultants shall provide to the commissioner and the council a report in writing detailing the methodology to be used to determine the trend factors for the subsequent

twelve month period commencing January first. The commissioner shall monitor the actual price movements during this twelve month period of the external price indicators used in the methodology, shall report the results of the monitoring to the consultants and shall implement the recommendations of the consultants for one prospective interim annual adjustment to the trend factors to reflect such price movements and to be effective on January first, one year after the initial trend factor was established and one prospective final annual adjustment to the trend factors to reflect such price movements and to be effective on January first, two years after the initial trend factor was established. At the same time adjustments are made to the trend factors in accordance with this paragraph, adjustments shall be made to all inpatient rates of payment affected by the adjusted trend factors.

- * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- 11. Special provisions. (a) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this chapter or any other law to the contrary, payment for inpatient hospital services provided on or after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight to a patient admitted to a general hospital prior to January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight otherwise eligible for payment on a case based payment per discharge basis for a diagnosis-related group shall be at the rate of payment for such general hospital for such patient in effect for December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-seven provided, however, that the operating cost components of such rates of payment for inpatient hospital services provided on or after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight shall be projected to the rate period by the trend factor determined in accordance with subdivision ten of this section and reconciled on a cumulative basis on or about March thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight and December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight for payment of adjusted rates of payment based on such trend factor adjustment. The component of such rates of payment based on the allowances provided in accordance with paragraphs (e) and (f) of subdivision eight of section twenty-eight hundred sevena of this article shall be returned to the applicable regional pool created in accordance with subdivision fifteen of such section and distributed in accordance with subdivision sixteen of such section based on needs for the financing of losses resulting from bad debts and the costs of charity care as determined for purposes of nineteen hundred eighty-seven distributions.
- (b) The council shall adopt rules and regulations subject to the approval of the commissioner regarding payor payment responsibilities when a patient has coverage with more than one payor for general hospital inpatient services and during a hospital stay exhausts benefits available from the primary payor, or receives services not reimbursed by the primary payor, so that the hospital shall be reimbursed by a secondary payor for services not reimbursed by the primary payor that are included as a benefit of the secondary payor. A primary payor for purposes of this paragraph shall include benefits available pursuant to title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare).
- * (c)(i) Adjustments to rates made pursuant to this section for rate periods commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven may be made prospectively or retrospectively on the next following January or July unless otherwise specifically authorized.
- (ii) The commissioner may further adjust rates retrospectively for payments by state governmental agencies upon a finding that the failure to do so seriously impacts on a general hospital's financial stability.
- (iii) Regardless of whether rates are adjusted prospectively or retrospectively the authorized dollar value of the adjustment shall be

the same, calculated by including the retroactive impact of such adjustment if such adjustment is made prospectively. A prospective adjustment to reflect the retroactive impact of an adjustment shall be included in the determination of rates of payment for a prospective rate period based on the methodology applied in accordance with this section for calculation of rates of payment for such prospective rate period. The allowance reflected in payments to a general hospital or a pool related to a prospective adjustment which reflects the retroactive impact of an adjustment shall be computed based on the allowance percentage in effect during the prospective period such adjustment is in effect. No recalculation of the basis for distribution of funds from bad debt and charity care regional pools determined in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section shall be made for a prospective adjustment which reflects the retroactive impact of an adjustment.

- * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (c)(i) Adjustments to rates made pursuant to this section shall be made prospectively on the next following January or July unless otherwise specifically authorized provided, however, that adjustments to rates of payment to reflect nineteen hundred eighty-seven data and statistics may be made retrospectively and such retrospective adjustments shall, to the extent practicable, be cumulated for one comprehensive adjustment.
- (ii) The commissioner may further adjust rates retrospectively upon a finding that the failure to do so seriously impacts on a general hospital's financial stability.
- (iii) Regardless of whether rates are adjusted prospectively or retrospectively the authorized dollar value of the adjustment shall be the same, calculated by including the retroactive impact of such adjustment if such adjustment is made prospectively. A prospective adjustment to reflect the retroactive impact of an adjustment shall be included in the determination of rates of payment for a prospective rate period based on the methodology applied in accordance with this section for calculation of rates of payment for such prospective rate period, provided, however, that no recalculation of bad debt and charity care allowance percentages determined in accordance with subdivision fourteen of this section shall be made for a prospective adjustment which reflects the retroactive impact of an adjustment. The bad debt and charity care allowance of a general hospital related to a prospective adjustment which reflects the retroactive impact of an adjustment shall be computed based on the bad debt and charity care allowance percentage of such hospital in effect during the prospective period such adjustment is in effect. No recalculation of the basis for distribution of funds from bad debt and charity care regional pools determined in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section shall be made for a prospective adjustment which reflects the retroactive impact of an adjustment.
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- (d) Working capital. General hospitals may include as a financing or working capital charge an addition of two percent of any valid claim not paid within thirty days of submission or determination of payor liability, whichever is later, and one percent per month thereafter. Financing or working capital charges shall not be applied to hospital billings to third party payors participating in an advance payment system. Any payor not participating in an advance payment system or offering admission billing shall allow interim billing for a patient whose stay exceeds thirty days.
- (e) (i) Except for payments made pursuant to the workers' compensation law, the volunteer firefighters' benefit law, or the volunteer ambulance

workers' benefit law, a two percent discount from general hospital payments shall be available to all payors whose payments are calculated in accordance with paragraphs (b) and (c) of subdivision one of this section making payment in full to a general hospital for covered hospital services within ten calendar days of receipt from the hospital by the appropriate payor of a bill for such services.

- (ii) A three percentage point reduction in the differential of five percent for general hospital payments shall be available to all payors whose payments are calculated in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision one or paragraph (e) of subdivision four of this section which are making payments pursuant to the workers' compensation law, the volunteer firefighters' benefit law, or the volunteer ambulance workers' benefit law when such payments are made in full to a general hospital for covered hospital services within ninety calendar days of receipt from the hospital by the appropriate payor of a bill for such services, and an additional two percentage point reduction shall be available for such payors if such payment is made within forty-five calendar days of receipt of such a bill.
- (f) (i) * In order to allow for real increases in general hospital case mix while limiting the effect of potential case mix changes that are the result of changes in coding practices rather than real changes in case mix, the commissioner shall annually for rate periods through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six, in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner, adjust individual general hospitals' case payment rates determined in accordance with paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision one of this section to account for increases in the statewide average case mix, based on increases in statewide average assignment to diagnosisrelated groups for all patients other than beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), that exceed the allowable statewide increase determined in accordance with this subparagraph. The commissioner further shall adjust individual general hospitals' case payment rates determined in accordance with this section for state governmental agencies for the periods January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through March thirty-first, two thousand and on and after April first, two thousand, in accordance with clause (G) of this subparagraph and to account for increases in statewide average case mix, based on increases in statewide average assignment to diagnosis-related groups based on data only for patients that are eligible for medical assistance pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law, including such patients enrolled in health maintenance organizations, that exceed the allowable statewide increase determined in accordance with clause (B-1) of this subparagraph.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * In order to allow for real increases in general hospital case mix while limiting the effect of potential case mix changes that are the result of changes in coding practices rather than real changes in case mix, the commissioner shall annually for rate periods through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six, in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner, adjust individual general hospitals' case payment rates determined in accordance with paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision one of this section to account for increases in the statewide average case mix, based on increases in statewide average assignment to diagnosis-related groups for all patients other than beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), that exceed the allowable statewide increase determined in accordance with this subparagraph. The commissioner further shall adjust individual general hospitals' case

payment rates determined in accordance with this section for state governmental agencies for the periods January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through March thirty-first, two thousand in accordance with clause (G) of this subparagraph and to account for increases in statewide average case mix, based on increases in statewide average assignment to diagnosis-related groups based on data only for patients that are eligible for medical assistance pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law, including such patients enrolled in health maintenance organizations, that exceed the allowable statewide increase determined in accordance with clause (B-1) of this subparagraph.

- * NB Effective and expires December 31, 2020
- * In order to allow for real increases in general hospital case mix while limiting the effect of potential case mix changes that are the result of changes in coding practices rather than real changes in case mix, the commissioner shall annually, in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner, adjust individual general hospitals' case payment rates determined in accordance with paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision one of this section to account for increases in the statewide average case mix, based on increases in statewide average assignment to diagnosis-related groups for all patients other than beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), that exceed the allowable statewide increase determined in accordance with this subparagraph.
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- (A) The increase in the statewide average case mix in a rate year during the period January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three from the nineteen hundred eighty-seven statewide average case mix shall not exceed two percent in nineteen hundred eighty-eight compared to nineteen hundred eighty-seven, three percent in nineteen hundred eighty-nine compared to nineteen hundred eighty-seven, four percent in nineteen hundred ninety compared to nineteen hundred eighty-seven, five percent in nineteen hundred ninety-one compared to nineteen hundred eighty-seven, and, notwithstanding any inconsistent rule or regulation, for rates of payment for state governmental agencies six percent in nineteen hundred ninety-two compared to nineteen hundred eighty-seven and seven percent in nineteen hundred ninety-three compared to nineteen hundred eightyseven, and for rates of payment for payors other than state governmental agencies six and seven-tenths percent in nineteen hundred ninety-two compared to nineteen hundred eighty-seven and seven percent in nineteen hundred ninety-three compared to nineteen hundred eighty-seven.
- * (B) The increase in the statewide average case mix in a rate year during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six from the nineteen hundred ninety-two statewide average case mix, plus adjustments, shall not exceed: for rates of payment for state governmental agencies two percent in the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-four, notwithstanding any inconsistent rule or regulation, six and two-tenths percent in the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-four, three percent in the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five, two percent in the period April first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five, and three percent in the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through December thirty-first,

nineteen hundred ninety-six; and for rates of payment for payors other than state governmental agencies two percent in nineteen hundred ninety-four, three percent in nineteen hundred ninety-five, and four percent in the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six. Adjustments to the nineteen hundred ninety-two statewide average case mix shall mean an adjustment for any increase in nineteen hundred ninety-two statewide average case mix compared to nineteen hundred eighty-seven statewide average case mix in excess of six percent of nineteen hundred eightyseven statewide average case mix and a further adjustment to reflect that measurement of case mix increase from the nineteen hundred ninetytwo statewide average case mix rather than the nineteen hundred eightyseven statewide average case mix reflects the increase in statewide average case mix from nineteen hundred eighty-seven to nineteen hundred ninety-two in order to maintain the effective maximum rate of allowable statewide average case mix increases at a percentage per year of the nineteen hundred eighty-seven statewide average case mix. Nineteen hundred ninety-two case mix shall be determined based on nineteen hundred ninety-two data received by the department by April thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-three.

- * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- st (B) The increase in the statewide average case mix in a rate year during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six from the nineteen hundred ninety-two statewide average case mix, plus adjustments, shall not exceed: for rates of payment for state governmental agencies two percent in the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-four, and, notwithstanding any inconsistent rule or regulation, six and two-tenths percent in the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-four, three percent in the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five, and two percent in the period April first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five, and three percent in the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six; and for rates of payment for payors other than state governmental agencies two percent in nineteen hundred ninety-four, three percent in nineteen hundred ninety-five, and four percent in the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six. Adjustments to the nineteen hundred ninety-two statewide average case mix shall mean an adjustment for any increase in nineteen hundred ninety-two statewide average case mix compared to nineteen hundred eighty-seven statewide average case mix in excess of six percent of nineteen hundred eighty-seven statewide average case mix and a further adjustment to reflect that measurement of case mix increase from the nineteen hundred ninety-two statewide average case mix rather than the nineteen hundred eighty-seven statewide average case mix reflects the increase in statewide average case mix from nineteen hundred eighty-seven to nineteen hundred ninety-two in order to maintain the effective maximum rate of allowable statewide average case mix increases at a percentage per year of the nineteen hundred eighty-seven statewide average case mix. Nineteen hundred ninety-two case mix shall be determined based on nineteen hundred ninety-two data received by the department by April thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-three.
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- (B-1) The increase in the statewide average case mix in the periods January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through March thirty-first,

two thousand and on and after April first, two thousand through March thirty-first, two thousand six and on and after April first, two thousand six through March thirty-first, two thousand seven, and on and after April first, two thousand seven through March thirty-first, two thousand nine, and on and after April first, two thousand nine through March thirty-first, two thousand eleven, from the statewide average case mix for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six shall not exceed one percent for nineteen hundred ninety-seven, two percent for nineteen hundred ninety-eight, three percent for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through September thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, four percent for the period October first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, and four percent for two thousand plus an additional one percent per year thereafter, based on comparison of data only for patients that are eligible for medical assistance pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law, including such patients enrolled in health maintenance organizations.

- (C) Rate year case mix shall be determined based on rate year data received by the department by April thirtieth next following the end of the rate year. Case mix may be determined based on general hospital data received or amended after such due dates provided, however, that a general hospital that does not submit the appropriate data in a timely manner shall be subject to the provisions of section twelve-d of this chapter.
- * (D) If in any rate period on an annualized basis the cumulative case mix increase exceeds the allowable statewide increase, rates of payment to general hospitals shall be adjusted in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner which shall contain the specific methodology to allocate the reduction among general hospitals, in order to reduce the effect of the statewide increase on rates of payment to reflect the allowable increase. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this paragraph, rate adjustments for purposes of this paragraph shall be made on a six month rate period basis for the period July first, nineteen hundred ninetyfour through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-four. The retroactive impact of adjustments to rates of payment for payors other than state governmental agencies based on the amendments to this paragraph effective July first, nineteen hundred ninety-four shall be reflected in a prospective adjustment to rates of payment for such payors for the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-four.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (D) If in any rate year the cumulative case mix increase exceeds the allowable statewide increase, rates of payment to general hospitals shall be adjusted in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner which shall contain the specific methodology to allocate the reduction among generalhospitals, in order to reduce the effect of the statewide increase on rates of payment to reflect the allowable increase. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this paragraph, rate adjustments for purposes of this paragraph shall be made on a six month rate period basis for the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-four. The retroactive impact of adjustments to rates of payment for payors other than state governmental agencies based on the amendments to this paragraph effective July first, nineteen hundred ninety-four shall be reflected in a prospective adjustment to rates of payment for such payors for the period July

first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-four.

- * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- (E) Such methodology shall take into account past trends of individual general hospitals' case mix changes, and, within the aggregate allowable statewide increase in case mix, permit general hospitals to appeal to the commissioner their proposed allocation of a reduction in rates of payment related to increases in statewide average case mix based on such factors as changes in hospital service delivery and referral patterns.
- (F) Case mix changes due to acquired immune deficiency syndrome, tuberculosis, epidemics or other catastrophes resulting in extraordinary hospital utilization shall not be subject to this limitation.
- * (G) Adjustments determined in accordance with clause (B) of this subparagraph for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six on a final basis, and in accordance with subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph on an interim basis, shall be applied to rates of payment for state governmental agencies during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through March thirty-first, two thousand and periods on and after April first, two thousand.
 - * NB Expires December 31, 2020
- * (G) Adjustments determined in accordance with clause (B) of this subparagraph for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six on a final basis, and in accordance with subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph on an interim basis, shall be applied to rates of payment for state governmental agencies during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through March thirty-first, two thousand.
 - * NB Effective and repealed December 31, 2020
- * (ii) (A) The commissioner shall, in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner, for purposes of payments on an interim basis periodically compute an adjustment to individual general hospitals' case payment rates for prior periods for the payor categories specified in paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision one of this section to account for increases in the statewide average case mix, based on increases in statewide average assignment to diagnosis-related groups for all patients other than beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), that exceed the allowable statewide increase. The increase in the statewide average case mix in a rate year during the period January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninetythree from the nineteen hundred eighty-seven statewide average case mix and in a rate year during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six from the adjusted nineteen hundred ninety-two statewide average case mix shall not exceed the allowable statewide increase as determined in accordance with subparagraph (i) of this paragraph. Adjustments may be made on a quarterly basis consistent with this annual limitation. If in any quarter of the rate year the cumulative case mix increase for the rate year exceeds the allowable statewide increase, payment rates to general hospitals shall be adjusted in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner which shall contain the specific methodology to allocate the reduction among general hospitals provided, however, that any funds to be recovered from hospitals based on such adjustments for prior periods shall be recovered by prospective adjustment of rates of payment in accordance with paragraph (c) of this subdivision, in order to reduce the effect of the

statewide increase on rates of payment to reflect the allowable increase, taking into consideration the effect of any adjustment applicable in the rate period made in accordance with subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph. Case mix changes due to acquired immune deficiency syndrome, tuberculosis, epidemics or other catastrophes resulting in extraordinary hospital utilization shall not be subject to this limitation, pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner.

- (B) The commissioner further shall for purposes of payments on an interim basis periodically compute an adjustment to individual general hospitals' case payment rates for prior periods for payments made by state governmental agencies to account for increases in the statewide average case mix, based on increases in statewide average assignment to diagnosis-related groups for patients that are eligible for medical assistance pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies or by health maintenance organizations, that exceed the allowable statewide increase as determined in accordance with clause (B-1) of subparagraph (i) of this paragraph.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- The commissioner shall, in accordance with rules regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner, for purposes of payments on an interim basis periodically compute an adjustment to individual general hospitals' case payment rates for prior periods for the payor categories specified in paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision one of this section to account for increases in the statewide average case mix, based on increases in statewide average assignment to diagnosis-related groups for all patients other than beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), that exceed the allowable statewide increase. The increase in the statewide average case mix in a rate year during the period January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninetythree from the nineteen hundred eighty-seven statewide average case mix and in a rate year during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six from the adjusted nineteen hundred ninety-two statewide average case mix shall not exceed the allowable statewide increase as determined in accordance with subparagraph (i) of this paragraph. Adjustments may be made on a quarterly basis consistent with this annual limitation. If in any quarter of the rate year the cumulative case mix increase for the rate year exceeds the allowable statewide increase, payment rates to general hospitals shall be adjusted in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner which shall contain the specific methodology to allocate the reduction among general hospitals provided, however, that any funds to be recovered from hospitals based on such adjustments for prior periods shall be recovered by prospective adjustment of rates of payment in accordance with paragraph (c) of this subdivision, in order to reduce the effect of the statewide increase on rates of payment to reflect the allowable increase, taking into consideration the effect of any adjustment applicable in the rate period made in accordance with subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph. Case mix changes due to acquired immune deficiency syndrome, tuberculosis, epidemics or other catastrophes resulting in extraordinary hospital utilization shall not be subject to this limitation, pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner.
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020

(iii) The commissioner shall, in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner, periodically prospectively adjust for purposes of payments on an interim basis individual general hospitals' case payment rates for the payor categories specified in paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision one of this section to account for increases in statewide average assignment to diagnosis-related groups which exceed the allowable statewide increase as determined in accordance with subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph.

- (iv) Rates of payment of a general hospital shall be adjusted in accordance with paragraph (c) of this subdivision to reflect the difference between an individual general hospital's case payment rates adjusted in accordance with subparagraph (i) of this paragraph for a rate period and such rates determined in accordance with paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision one of this section, taking into consideration any adjustment to case payment rates applicable for such rate period made in accordance with subparagraphs (ii) and (iii) and for the periods beginning on or after July first, nineteen hundred ninety, subparagraph (v) of this paragraph.
- (v) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, for the periods beginning on or after July first, nineteen hundred ninety and subsequent annual rate periods beginning January first the commissioner shall reduce, in accordance with the methodology adopted for purposes of adjustments pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, for purposes of payments on an interim basis individual general hospitals' case payment rates applicable to state governmental agencies for a prospective period to reflect an estimate of the cumulative increase in statewide average assignment to diagnosis-related groups for prior periods including prior quarters of the rate period which exceeds the allowable statewide increase specified in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph for the prospective period. Such adjustment if effected for less than an annual prospective rate period shall reflect an annualized adjustment.
- (vi) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, adjustments to rates of payment pursuant to this paragraph based on nineteen hundred ninety-three data that reflects an increase in statewide average case mix compared to nineteen hundred eighty-seven that exceeds the increase based on nineteen hundred ninety-two data in statewide average case mix compared to nineteen hundred eighty-seven shall not be implemented until April first, nineteen hundred ninety-five and shall be made prospectively for rates of payment issued effective April first, nineteen hundred ninety-five including the impact of such adjustment for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through March thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-five.
- (g) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, all costs and statistics that are related to inpatient services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) shall not be included in the establishment of any payment rates computed in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- (i) Unless provided otherwise in specific provisions included in this section, the exclusion of costs which are related to routine inpatient services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) and covered by title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) shall be based on the nineteen hundred eighty-five inpatient days actually paid on behalf of beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) plus any days for such beneficiaries not paid on the basis of a decision by a review agent that the days were unnecessary. Ancillary costs related to inpatient services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the

federal social security act (medicare) and covered by title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) shall be excluded on the basis of the nineteen hundred eighty-five cost center ratio of hospital ancillary inpatient service charges related to such beneficiaries to total hospital cost center inpatient ancillary services charges applied to cost center costs. Inpatient malpractice insurance costs which are attributable to title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) shall be excluded based on the methodology employed by title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) to identify such costs.

- (ii) Costs and statistics related to inpatient services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) and covered by a secondary payor shall be excluded in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner in the determination of case payment rates computed in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- (h)(i) Any malpractice insurance costs which are the result of general hospitals having to purchase or provide excess malpractice insurance coverage for physicians in accordance with section nineteen of chapter two hundred ninety-four of the laws of nineteen hundred eighty-five or section eighteen of chapter two hundred sixty-six of the laws of nineteen hundred eighty-six as amended shall not be included in calculating malpractice insurance costs for purposes of paragraph (e) of subdivision one of this section.
- (ii) The component of general hospital reimbursable inpatient operating costs based on the general hospital's inpatient malpractice insurance costs plus the component of special additional inpatient operating costs determined in accordance with subparagraphs (i) and (iii) of paragraph (e) of subdivision one of this section specifically related to inpatient malpractice insurance costs used to determine payment rates for annual rate periods beginning on or after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight shall be allocated among the payors in accordance with regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner.
- (i) For patients discharged during the period April first, nineteen hundred ninety-two through March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three insured under a commercial insurer licensed to do business in this state and authorized to write accident and health insurance and whose policy provides inpatient hospital coverage on an expense incurred basis, the payment rate shall be increased in addition to the payment rate conversion factor of thirteen percent by a supplementary payment rate conversion factor of eleven percent for a total conversion factor of twenty-four percent. This paragraph shall not apply to payments pursuant to the workers' compensation law, the volunteer firefighters' benefit law, the volunteer ambulance workers' benefit law, the comprehensive motor vehicle insurance reparations act, the terms of any personal injury liability insurance policy, marine and inland marine insurance policy or marine protections and indemnity insurance policy.
- (j) No operating cost ceilings or disallowances other than those applicable for purposes of the determination of a general hospital's reimbursable inpatient operating cost base in accordance with paragraph (d) of subdivision one of this section shall be applied to general hospitals, except for any cost ceilings or disallowances applied for purposes of subdivision twenty-four of this section and cost disallowances for general hospitals with rates based on budgeted costs.
- (k) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section, case based rates of payment per discharge may, in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner,

reflect incorporation of severity of illness considerations in the methodology to determine such rates of payment.

- (1) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section, nothing in this section shall preclude a modification to case based rates of payment per discharge in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner to reflect readmission of an individual or unnecessary multiple admissions of an individual to a general hospital or general hospitals.
- (m) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section, a general hospital that exceeded maximum charge limitations as determined by the commissioner in the rate periods nineteen hundred eighty-four through nineteen hundred eighty-seven may be authorized in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner to reduce payments determined pursuant to this section in order to effect a reduction equivalent to such amount by which such general hospital exceeded maximum charge limitations.
- (n) (i) For a patient discharged from a general hospital on or after August first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight and covered by a payor included in the payor categories specified in paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision one of this section that provides for a percentage coinsurance responsibility by or on behalf of such patient for covered hospital services: (A) the dollar value of such percentage coinsurance responsibility by or on behalf of such patient shall be determined by multiplying such coinsurance percentage by the hospital's charges for such patient, determined in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision one of this section or paragraph (e) of subdivision four of this section for a general hospital or distinct unit of a general hospital not reimbursed on case based payments, for the services covered by the payor, considering any applicable deductibles, and (B) the payment due to a general hospital for reimbursement of inpatient hospital services by such payor shall be determined by multiplying the payment rate determined in accordance with this section for such patient for covered hospital services by the coinsurance percentage for which such payor is responsible, considering any applicable deductibles.
- (ii) A patient covered by a payor included in the payor categories specified in paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision one of this section shall be deemed liable for the payment rate for inpatient hospital services for such patient for covered services determined in accordance with this section based on the rate of payment for such payor, provided, however, that for a patient discharged from a general hospital on or after August first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight a percentage coinsurance responsibility by or on behalf of such patient shall be deemed satisfied by payment of the dollar value of such percentage coinsurance responsibility determined in accordance with clause (A) of subparagraph (i) of this paragraph.
- (o) No general hospital shall refuse to provide hospital services to a person presented or proposed to be presented for admission to such general hospital by a representative of a correctional facility or a local correctional facility as defined respectively in subdivisions four, fifteen and sixteen of section two of the correction law based solely on the grounds such person is an inmate of such correctional facility or local correctional facility. No general hospital may demand or request any charge for hospital services provided to such person in addition to the charges or rates authorized in accordance with this article, except for charges for identifiable additional hospital costs associated with or reasonable additional charges associated with security arrangements for such person.

(p)(i) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, a general hospital that provides an inpatient component of hospice care for persons eligible for payments to a hospice by a government agency made in accordance with subdivisions two and three of section four thousand twelve of this chapter shall be reimbursed for such inpatient services by or on behalf of the hospice at a rate of payment no greater than the applicable rate of payment determined in accordance with subdivisions two and three of section four thousand twelve of this chapter for such hospice and no general hospital may charge for such inpatient services rendered an amount in excess of such applicable rate of payment.

- (ii) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, a general hospital that provides in accordance with contractual arrangements between a hospice and such general hospital an inpatient component of hospice care for persons who are not eligible for payments to the hospice by a government agency made in accordance with subdivisions two and three of section four thousand twelve of this chapter or as beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) shall be reimbursed for such inpatient services by or on behalf of the hospice in accordance with such contractual arrangements.
- (q) A third-party payor specified in paragraph (a), (b) or (c) of subdivision one of this section, with the exception of governmental agencies, shall provide the general hospital with a remittance advice at the time payment or adjustment to such payment is made. Such remittance advice shall include the patient's name, date of service, admission or financial control number if available and diagnosis-related group classification number if applicable and if different than that billed by the hospital. Such remittance advice shall also include (i) the amount or percentage payable under the policy or certificate after deductibles, co-payments and any other reduction of the amount billed including deductions for prompt payment; and (ii) a specific explanation of any denial, reduction, or other reason including any other third-party payor coverage, for not providing full reimbursement of the amount claimed.
- * (r) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section, for purposes of establishing rates of payment by state governmental agencies for general hospital inpatient services provided for discharges on or after April first, nineteen hundred ninety-five, the reimbursable base year inpatient administrative and general costs of a general hospital, which shall include but not be limited to reported administrative and general, data processing, non-patient telephone, purchasing, admitting, and credit and collection costs, excluding a provider reimbursed on an initial budget basis, shall not exceed the statewide average of total reimbursable base year inpatient administrative and general costs. For the purposes of this paragraph, reimbursable base year administrative and general costs shall mean those base year administrative and general costs remaining after application of all other efficiency standards, including, but not limited to, peer group cost ceilings or guidelines. The limitation on reimbursement for provider administrative and general expenses provided by this paragraph shall be expressed as a percentage reduction of the operating cost component of the rate promulgated by the commissioner for each general hospital.
 - * NB Expired March 31, 2011
- * (s) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provisions of this section, for the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through March thirtyfirst, nineteen hundred ninety-seven, the commissioner shall increase rates of payment for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies by an amount not to exceed forty-five million dollars in the aggregate to be allocated among those voluntary nonprofit and private proprietary general hospitals which qualified for

rate adjustments pursuant to this paragraph as in effect for the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six proportionally based on each such general hospital's proportional share of the total funds allocated pursuant to this paragraph as in effect for the period of July first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six.

- * NB Expires December 31, 2020
- (s-1) To the extent funds are available pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (s-2) of this subdivision and otherwise notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law to the contrary, for the rate periods September first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through March thirtyfirst, nineteen hundred ninety-eight, and April first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight through March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, the commissioner shall increase rates of payment for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies by an amount not to exceed forty-eight million dollars in the aggregate for each such rate allocated among those voluntary non-profit and private proprietary general hospitals which qualified for rate adjustments pursuant to paragraph (s) of this subdivision as in effect for the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six proportionally based on each such general hospital's proportional share of total funds allocated pursuant to paragraph (s) of this subdivision as in effect for the period of July first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six. The rate adjustments calculated in accordance with this paragraph shall be subject to retrospective reconciliation to ensure that each hospital receives in the aggregate its proportionate share of the full allocation, to the extent allowable under federal law, provided however that the department shall not be required to reconcile payments made pursuant to paragraph (s) of this subdivision applicable to periods prior to September first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven.
- (s-2) (i) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law to the contrary, the following funds heretofore or hereinafter accumulated shall be transferred by the commissioner and credited to the credit of the state general fund medical assistance local assistance account in an aggregate amount equal to the non-federal share of the costs of the rate adjustments authorized pursuant to paragraph (s-1) of this subdivision:
- (A) from pool reserves from statewide and regional pools established pursuant to sections twenty-eight hundred seven-a, twenty-eight hundred seven-c, and twenty-eight hundred eight-c of this article;
- (B) from unobligated monies available pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision nineteen of section twenty-eight hundred seven-c of this article;
- (C) from interest income derived from pools established pursuant to sections twenty-eight hundred seven-k, twenty-eight hundred seven-l and twenty-eight hundred seven-s of this article.
- (ii) To the extent that funds available pursuant to the provisions of subparagraph (i) of this paragraph are insufficient to meet the non-federal share of the costs of the rate adjustments authorized pursuant to paragraph (s-1) of this subdivision, the following funds hereto or hereinafter accumulated may be transferred by the commissioner to the state general fund medical assistance local assistance account for the purposes set forth in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph:
- (A) from unobligated monies available pursuant to paragraphs (g) and(j) of subdivision 1 of section twenty-eight hundred seven-l of this article;

(B) from unobligated monies available pursuant to clause (D) of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section twenty-eight hundred seven-l of this article.

- (iii) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law to the contrary, the commissioner shall transfer up to an additional two million dollars from the funding sources identified in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph to the state general fund. To the extent monies available from the funding sources identified in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph total less than two million dollars, the commissioner shall transfer monies from funding sources identified in subparagraph
- (ii) of this paragraph to the state general fund so that the total amount transferred pursuant to this provision equals two million dollars.
- (s-3) To the extent funds are available pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (s-4) of this subdivision and otherwise notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law to the contrary, for the rate period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through March thirty-first, two thousand, the commissioner shall increase rates of payment for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies by an amount not to exceed thirty-six million dollars in the aggregate. Such amount shall be allocated among those voluntary non-profit and private proprietary general hospitals which continue to provide inpatient services as of July first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine under a previous or new name and which qualified for rate adjustments pursuant to paragraph (s) of this subdivision as in effect for the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six proportionally based on each such general hospital's proportional share of total funds allocated pursuant to paragraph (s) of this subdivision as in effect for the period of July first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six, provided however, that amounts allocable to previously but no longer qualified hospitals shall be proportionally reallocated to the remaining qualified hospitals. The rate adjustments calculated in accordance with this paragraph shall be subject to retrospective reconciliation to ensure that each hospital receives in the aggregate its proportionate share of the full allocation, to the extent allowable under federal law, provided however that the department shall not be required to reconcile payments made pursuant to paragraph (s) of this subdivision applicable to periods prior to September first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven.
- (s-4) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law to the contrary, funds available pursuant to section 32-c of part F of the chapter of the laws of nineteen hundred ninety-nine which adds this paragraph shall be transferred by the commissioner and credited to the credit of the state general fund medical assistance local assistance account in an aggregate amount equal to the non-federal share of the costs of the rate adjustments authorized pursuant to paragraph (s-3) of this subdivision.
- * (s-5) To the extent funds are available pursuant to paragraph (s) of subdivision one of section twenty-eight hundred seven-v of this article and otherwise notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, for rate periods April first, two thousand through March thirty-first, two thousand three, the commissioner shall increase rates of payment for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies by an amount not to exceed forty-eight million dollars annually in the aggregate. Such amount shall be allocated among those voluntary non-profit and private proprietary general hospitals which continue to provide inpatient services as of July first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine under a previous or new name and which qualified for rate

adjustments pursuant to paragraph (s) of this subdivision as in effect for the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six proportionally based on each such general hospital's proportional share of total funds allocated pursuant to paragraph (s) of this subdivision as in effect for the period of July first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six, provided however, that amounts allocable previously but no longer qualified hospitals shall be proportionally reallocated to the remaining qualified hospitals. The rate adjustments calculated in accordance with this paragraph shall be subject to retrospective reconciliation to ensure that each hospital receives in the aggregate its proportionate share of the full allocation, to the extent allowable under federal law, provided however that the department shall not be required to reconcile payments made pursuant to paragraph (s) of this subdivision applicable to periods prior to September first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven.

* NB Expires December 31, 2020

(s-6) To the extent funds are available otherwise notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law to the contrary, for rate periods April first, two thousand three through March thirty-first, two thousand five, the commissioner shall increase rates of payment for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies by an amount not to exceed forty-eight million dollars annually in the aggregate. Such amount shall be allocated among those voluntary non-profit and private proprietary general hospitals which continue to provide inpatient services as of July first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine under a previous or new name and which qualified for rate adjustments pursuant to paragraph (s) of this subdivision as in effect for the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six proportionally based on each such general hospital's proportional share of total funds allocated pursuant to paragraph (s) of this subdivision as in effect for the period of July first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six, provided however, that amounts allocable to previously but no longer qualified hospitals shall be proportionally reallocated to the remaining qualified hospitals. The rate adjustments calculated in accordance with this paragraph shall be subject to retrospective reconciliation to ensure that each hospital receives in the aggregate its proportionate share of the full allocation, to the extent allowable under federal law, provided however that the department shall not be required to reconcile payments made pursuant to paragraph (s) of this subdivision applicable to periods prior to September first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven. These payments may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments to eligible hospitals.

(s-7) To the extent funds are available otherwise notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law to the contrary, for rate periods April first, two thousand five through March thirty-first, two thousand seven, the commissioner shall increase rates of payment for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies by an amount not to exceed forty-eight million dollars annually in the aggregate. Such amount shall be allocated among those voluntary non-profit and private proprietary general hospitals which continue to provide inpatient services as of April first, two thousand five under a previous or new name and which qualified for rate adjustments pursuant to paragraph (s) of this subdivision as in effect for the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six proportionally based on each such general hospital's proportional share of total funds allocated pursuant to paragraph (s) of this subdivision

as in effect for the period of July first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six, provided however, that amounts allocable to previously but no longer qualified hospitals shall be proportionally reallocated to the remaining qualified hospitals. The rate adjustments calculated in accordance with this paragraph shall be subject to retrospective reconciliation to ensure that each hospital receives in the aggregate its proportionate share of the full allocation, to the extent allowable under federal law, provided however that the department shall not be required to reconcile payments made pursuant to paragraph (s) of this subdivision applicable to periods prior to September first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven.

(s-8) To the extent funds are available and otherwise notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law to the contrary, for rate periods on and after April first, two thousand seven through November thirtieth, two thousand nine, the commissioner shall increase rates of payment for patients eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies by an amount not to exceed sixty million dollars annually in the aggregate. Such amount shall be allocated among those voluntary non-profit general hospitals which continue to provide inpatient services as of April first, two thousand seven through March thirty-first, two thousand eight and which have medicaid inpatient discharges percentages equal to or greater than thirty-five percent. This percentage shall be computed based upon data reported to the department in each hospital's two thousand four institutional cost report, as submitted to the department on or before January first, two thousand seven. The rate adjustments calculated in accordance with this paragraph shall be allocated proportionally based on each eligible hospital's total reported medicaid inpatient discharges in two thousand four, to the total reported medicaid inpatient discharges for all such eligible hospitals in two thousand four, provided, however, that such rate adjustments shall be subject to reconciliation to ensure that each hospital receives in the aggregate its proportionate share of the full allocation to the extent allowable under federal law. Such payments may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments to eligible hospitals, provided, however, that subject to the availability of federal financial participation and solely for the period April first, two thousand seven through March thirty-first, two thousand eight, six million dollars in the aggregate of this sixty million dollars shall be allocated to voluntary non-profit hospitals which continue to provide inpatient services as of April first, two thousand seven through March thirty-first, two thousand eight and which have Medicaid inpatient discharge percentages of less than thirty-five percent and which had previously qualified for distributions pursuant to paragraph (s-7) of this subdivision. The rate adjustment calculated in accordance with this paragraph shall be allocated proportionally based on the amount of money the hospital had received in two thousand six.

12. Provisions for article forty-three insurance law corporations and article forty-four of this chapter organizations. Except as provided in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision, general hospital charges for inpatient and outpatient services to subscribers or beneficiaries of contracts entered into pursuant to the provisions of article forty-three of the insurance law or to members of a comprehensive health services plan operating pursuant to the provisions of article forty-four of this chapter for patient services rendered shall not exceed the rates of payment approved by the commissioner for payments by such article forty-three insurance law corporations or article forty-four organizations. No general hospital may demand or request any charge for

such covered services in addition to the charges or rates authorized by this article.

- (a) Any general hospital which terminated its contract with an article nine-c insurance law corporation or a comprehensive health services plan after October first, nineteen hundred seventy-six and prior to May first, nineteen hundred seventy-eight, may not charge subscribers beneficiaries of contracts entered into pursuant to the provisions of article forty-three of the insurance law, or members of a comprehensive health services plan operating pursuant to the provisions of article forty-four of this chapter, amounts in excess of the payments established by such hospital for patient services in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (c) of subdivision one of this section, or in the event the article forty-three insurance law corporation or comprehensive health services plan operating pursuant to the provisions of article forty-four of this chapter provides for reimbursement on an expense incurred basis and makes payment directly to such hospital for patient services for its subscribers or beneficiaries, such article forty-three insurance law corporation or comprehensive health services plan shall be an additional category of payor of inpatient hospital services whose rates of payment are determined in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision one of this section based on an imputed rate of payment determined in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision one of this section for an article forty-three insurance law corporation, adjusted for uncovered services, and increased by thirteen percent.
- (b) Any general hospital which had notified in writing an article nine-c corporation or a comprehensive health services plan prior to June first, nineteen hundred seventy-eight of its intention to terminate its contract with such corporation or plan in accordance with the terms of such contract, except a general hospital subject to the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subdivision may not charge a subscriber or beneficiary of a contract entered into pursuant to the provisions of article forty-three of the insurance law, or a member of a comprehensive health services plan operating pursuant to the provisions of article forty-four of this chapter, after the effective date of termination of such contract, amounts in excess of the payments established by such hospital for patient services in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (c) of subdivision one of this section, or in the event the article forty-three insurance law corporation or comprehensive health services plan operating pursuant to the provisions of article forty-four of this chapter provides for reimbursement on an expense incurred basis and makes payment directly to such hospital for patient services for its subscribers or beneficiaries, such article forty-three insurance law corporation or comprehensive health services plan shall be an additional category of payor of inpatient hospital services whose rates of payment are determined in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision one of this section based on an imputed rate of payment determined in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision one of this section for an article forty-three insurance law corporation, adjusted for uncovered services, and increased by thirteen percent.
- (c) No general hospital shall refuse to provide patient services to such subscribers or beneficiaries solely on the grounds of such subscription or membership.
- (d) The provisions of this subdivision shall also apply to payments to general hospitals by a corporation organized and operating in accordance with article forty-three of the insurance law for inpatient and outpatient services on behalf of subscribers of a foreign corporation which performs similar functions in another state or which belongs to a

national association comprised of similar corporations to which the article forty-three corporation also belongs; provided, however, the foreign corporation or the laws of the state in which the foreign corporation is organized extends to article forty-three corporations organized and operating in this state a reciprocal right to have the foreign corporation make payments to hospitals in that other state on behalf of subscribers of the article forty-three corporations at the same rate of payment as that foreign corporation pays for its own subscribers.

- * (e) The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to patients discharged on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven.
 - * NB Expires December 31, 2020
- 13. Restitution authorization. In enforcing the provisions of subdivisions one and twelve of this section, the commissioner may, in addition to the penalties and injunctions set forth in section twelve of this chapter, order that any general hospital provide restitution for any overpayments made by any party. Any hospital may request a formal hearing pursuant to the provisions of section twelve-a of this chapter in the event the hospital objects to any order of the commissioner hereunder. The commissioner may direct that such a hearing be held without any request by a hospital.
- 14. Bad debt and charity care allowance. * (a) With the exception of rates of payment for services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), all rates and general hospital charges, including rates of payment for state governmental agencies provided all federal approvals necessary by federal law and regulation for federal financial participation in payments made for beneficiaries eligible for medical assistance under title XIX of the federal social security act based upon the allowance provided herein as a component of such payments are granted, established for rate periods commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight and prior to January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven in accordance with this section shall include the allowance specified in paragraph (c) of this subdivision. The allowance shall be computed on the basis of the operating and capital related components of such rates after trending of the operating portion. For the purposes of this subdivision and subdivision seventeen of this section, major public general hospitals are defined as all state operated general hospitals, all general hospitals operated by the New York city health and hospitals corporation as established by chapter one thousand sixteen of the laws of nineteen hundred sixty-nine as amended and all other public general hospitals having annual inpatient operating costs in excess of twenty-five million dollars.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (a) With the exception of rates of payment for services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), all rates and general hospital charges, including rates of payment for state governmental agencies provided all federal approvals necessary by federal law and regulation for federal financial participation in payments made for beneficiaries eligible for medical assistance under title XIX of the federal social security act based upon the allowance provided herein as a component of such payments are granted, established for rate periods commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight in accordance with this section shall include the allowance specified in paragraph (c) of this subdivision. The allowance shall be computed on the basis of the operating and capital related components of such rates after trending of the operating portion. For the purposes of this subdivision and

subdivision seventeen of this section, major public general hospitals are defined as all state operated general hospitals, all general hospitals operated by the New York city health and hospitals corporation as established by chapter one thousand sixteen of the laws of nineteen hundred sixty-nine as amended and all other public general hospitals having annual inpatient operating costs in excess of twenty-five million dollars.

- * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- (b) The allowance shall be a percentage to reflect the needs for the financing of losses resulting from bad debts and the costs of charity care of general hospitals within article forty-three insurance law regions, or such other regions as adopted pursuant to subdivision sixteen of this section, and within a statewide determination of financial resources to be committed for this purpose.

Need shall be defined as inpatient losses from bad debts reduced to cost and the inpatient costs of charity care increased by any deficit of such hospital from providing ambulatory services, excluding any portion of such deficit resulting from governmental payments below average visit costs, and revenues and expenses related to the provision of referred ambulatory services. Funds received by major public general hospitals pursuant to article forty-one of the mental hygiene law shall be considered to have been provided for inpatient hospital deficits only. The council shall adopt rules and regulations, subject to the approval of the commissioner, to establish uniform reporting and accounting principles designed to enable hospitals to fairly and accurately determine and report losses from bad debts and the costs of charity care.

(c) The regional amounts to be included in rates approved for the rate year commencing January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight shall be equal to the sum of the following two components divided by the total reimbursable inpatient costs for the general hospitals located in the region, excluding inpatient costs related to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), and after application of the trend factor. The first component shall be the result of the ratio between the total nominal payment amount in dollars as determined in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph that would be allocated to voluntary non-profit, private proprietary and public general hospitals other than major public general hospitals in the region based on a targeted need formula applied in accordance with subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this paragraph and the statewide sum of such nominal payment amounts to voluntary non-profit, private proprietary and public general hospitals other than major public general hospitals applied to the total statewide resources committed for this purpose to regional pools in the rate year, excluding the total statewide amount allocated in the rate year for this purpose to major public general hospitals in accordance with subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph. The second component shall be the dollar amount allocated to major public general hospitals in the region in accordance with subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph. The regional amount to be included in the rates approved for the rate years commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-nine shall be computed in the same manner except that the base year for the targeted need as specified in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph shall be the calendar year which is two years prior to the rate year. For each annual rate period commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight, the statewide amount to be available in regional pools for this purpose shall equal five and forty-eight hundredths percent of the total hospital reimbursable inpatient costs, excluding inpatient costs related to services provided to beneficiaries of title

XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), computed without consideration of inpatient uncollectible amounts, and after application of the trend factor.

- (i) Targeted need shall be defined as the relationship of need to net patient service revenue expressed as a percentage. Net patient service revenue shall be defined as net patient revenue attributable to inpatient and outpatient services excluding referred ambulatory services. For the rate year beginning January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight and ending December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight the scale specified in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph shall be utilized to calculate individual hospital's nominal payment amounts on the basis of the percentage relationship between their nineteen hundred eighty-six need and nineteen hundred eighty-six net patient service revenues. The nominal payment amount shall be defined as the sum of the dollars attributable to the application of an incrementally increasing proportion of reimbursement for percentage increases in targeted need according to the scale specified in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph. The sum of the nominal payment amounts for all hospitals in a region shall be the region's total nominal payment amount.
- (ii) The scale utilized for development of each hospital's nominal payment amount shall be as follows:

Targeted Need	Percentage	Percentage of Reimbursement Attributable to that Portion of Targeted Need
. a. Becea meea	_	
0	-1%	35%
1+	-2%	50%
_	-01	0/
2+	-3%	65%
3+	-4%	85%
4+	-5%	90%
5%+		95%

- (iii) The dollar amount allocated to major public general hospitals in a region in the rate years nineteen hundred eighty-eight, nineteen hundred eighty-nine and in that portion of the nineteen hundred ninety rate year beginning on January first and ending on June thirtieth shall be one hundred two percent and in that portion of the nineteen hundred ninety rate year beginning on July first and ending on December thirty-first, and in subsequent rate years shall be one hundred ten percent of the result of the application of the ratio of the major public general hospitals' inpatient reimbursable costs within the region to total statewide general hospital inpatient reimbursable costs, as computed on the basis of nineteen hundred eighty-five financial and statistical reports and excluding costs related to services to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), to the statewide resources committed for this purpose to regional pools, computed without consideration of inpatient uncollectible amounts.
- (iv) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section, commencing April first, nineteen hundred ninety-five the allowance pursuant to this subdivision shall be a uniform regional allowance percentage of five and forty-eight hundredths percent for all regions.
- (d) In the event the regional percentage bad debt and charity care allowances for general hospitals for a rate period commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four determined in accordance with paragraph (c) of this subdivision to be submitted to bad debt and charity care regional pools established pursuant to subdivision

sixteen of this section and deposited in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section do not qualify for waiver pursuant to federal law and regulation related to such regional allowance variations, in order for such allowances to be qualified as a broad-based health care related tax for purposes of the revenues received by the state from such allowances not reducing the amount expended by the state as medical assistance for purposes of federal financial participation, but the regional percentage allowances for the nineteen hundred ninety-three rate year do so qualify, then the regional percentage allowances for the regions for the nineteen hundred ninety-three rate year determined in accordance with paragraph (c) of this subdivision shall be further continued for such period for such regions.

14-a. Supplementary bad debt and charity care adjustment. (a) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section, rates of payment for inpatient hospital services for persons eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies for the period April first, nineteen hundred eighty-nine to December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-nine and for each annual period commencing January first during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety to December thirtyfirst, nineteen hundred ninety-three applicable to patients eligible for federal financial participation under title XIX of the federal social security act in medical assistance provided pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law determined in accordance with this section for a major public general hospital, as defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision fourteen of this section, shall include supplementary bad debt and charity care adjustment determined in accordance with paragraph (b) of this subdivision provided the state governmental agency or the county government in which such general hospital is located, or the city of New York for a general hospital operated by the New York city health and hospitals corporation, files in such time and manner as may be specified by the commissioner an election for such adjustment for such hospital for each period provided that such election is subject to the approval of the state director of the budget and provided all federal approvals necessary by federal law and regulation for federal financial participation in payments made for beneficiaries eligible for medical assistance under title XIX of the federal social security act based upon the adjustment provided herein as a component of such payments are granted.

(b)(i) A supplementary bad debt and charity care adjustment for the period April first, nineteen hundred eighty-nine to December thirtyfirst, nineteen hundred eighty-nine and for each annual period commencing January first during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety to December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three for an eligible major public general hospital shall be determined for each period in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner based upon the amount calculated by subtracting the amount projected to be distributed to such major public general hospital pursuant to paragraph (a) of subdivision seventeen of this section for such period from an amount calculated as the product of the projected bad debt and charity care nominal payment amount coverage ratio for such period for voluntary non-profit, proprietary and public general hospitals other than major public general hospitals multiplied by the base year bad debt and charity care imputed nominal payment amount for such major public general hospital determined in accordance with the methodology provided in paragraph (c) of subdivision fourteen of this section for calculation of a nominal payment amount for voluntary non-profit, private proprietary and public general hospitals other than major public general hospitals. The

coverage ratio shall be computed as the ratio between the sum of the dollar value of the amount committed to the regional pools in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision fourteen of this section and paragraph (a) of subdivision nineteen of this section for the rate period that would be allocated to voluntary non-profit, private proprietary and public general hospitals other than major public general hospitals in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision seventeen of this section and the base year nominal payment amount for such hospitals.

- (ii) A supplementary bad debt and charity care adjustment provided in accordance with subparagraph (i) of this paragraph shall be adjusted to reflect actual distributions pursuant to paragraph (a) and (b) of subdivision seventeen of this section.
- * (c) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this subdivision, a supplementary bad debt and charity care adjustment shall be determined and provided for each of the nineteen hundred ninety-four, nineteen hundred ninety-five and nineteen hundred ninety-six rate periods, provided that the election pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision is continued for such period, for a major public general hospital equal to the higher of such adjustment for the nineteen hundred ninety-one rate period or for the nineteen hundred ninety-three rate period. The adjustment may be made to rates of payment or as aggregate payments to an eligible hospital.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (c) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this subdivision, a supplementary bad debt and charity care adjustment shall be determined and provided for each of the nineteen hundred ninety-four, nineteen hundred ninety-five and for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six rate periods, provided that the election pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision is continued for such period, for a major public general hospital equal to the higher of such adjustment for the nineteen hundred ninety-one rate period or for the nineteen hundred ninety-three rate period. The adjustment may be made to rates of payment or as aggregate payments to an eligible hospital.
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- * (d) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, the provisions of paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this subdivision shall not apply to payments for patients discharged on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven.
 - * NB Expires December 31, 2020
- 14-b. General health care services allowance. (a) With the exception of rates of payment for services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), all rates and general hospital charges established for rate periods commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one in accordance with this section shall include a percentage allowance of the general hospital's reimbursable inpatient costs, excluding inpatient costs related to services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), computed without consideration of inpatient uncollectible amounts, and after application of the trend factor, as follows:
- (i) for the nineteen hundred ninety-one, nineteen hundred ninety-two and nineteen hundred ninety-three rate periods, an allowance of twenty-three hundredths of one percent;
- (ii) for the nineteen hundred ninety-four rate period, an allowance of six hundred fourteen thousandths of one percent;

(iii) for the January first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-five rate period, an allowance of six hundred thirty-seven thousandths of one percent

- (iv) for the July first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five rate period, an allowance of one and forty-two hundredths percent; and
- * (v) for the January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six rate period, an allowance of one and nine hundredths percent.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (v) for the January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six rate period, an allowance of one and nine hundredths percent.
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- (b) For rate periods beginning on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one but prior to January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four, funds will be accumulated and made available in regional pools created by the commissioner for regional distributions in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-bb of this chapter through the submission by or on behalf of general hospitals of the allowance included in rates and charges in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subdivision. Such regions shall be those established pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision sixteen of this section. The regional pools may be administered in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (c) of subdivision sixteen of this section applicable to bad debt and charity care regional pools shall be due and arrearages shall be treated in accordance with the provisions of subdivision twenty of this section applicable to bad debt and charity care regional pools.
- (c) If on September thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-four, any funds accumulated over the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three are unused or uncommitted for the allocations provided for in this subdivision, such unused or uncommitted funds shall be reallocated for use in accordance with the provisions of subdivision seventeen of this section.
- (d) For the rate periods commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four, funds will be accumulated in a statewide pool created by the commissioner through the submission by or on behalf of general hospitals of the allowance included in rates and charges in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subdivision, for distributions in accordance with subdivision nineteen-a of this section.
- (e) The commissioner is authorized to contract with a pool administrator designated in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision sixteen of this section or, if not available, such other administrators as the commissioner shall designate, to receive funds for the pools created pursuant to this subdivision and to distribute funds in accordance with this subdivision and subdivision nineteen-a of this section. If a pool administrator is designated, the commissioner shall conduct or cause to be conducted an annual audit of the receipt and distribution of pool funds. The reasonable costs and expenses of a pool administrator as approved by the commissioner, not to exceed for personnel services on an annual basis two hundred thousand dollars, shall be paid from the pooled funds.
- (f) (i) Payments to the pools by or on behalf of general hospitals of funds due based on the allowances provided in accordance with this subdivision shall be due in accordance with the provisions of subdivision twenty of this section in the same manner as applicable to bad debt and charity care regional pools. Arrearages in payments due may

be collected and interest and penalties due shall be determined and may be collected by the commissioner in accordance with the provisions of subdivision twenty of this section in the same manner as applicable to bad debt and charity care regional pools.

- (ii) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section, as shall be necessary to obtain federal financial participation in medical assistance expenditures in accordance with title XIX of the federal social security act, the allowances included in rates of payment pursuant to this subdivision on behalf of patients eligible for medical assistance pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law shall be withheld from medical assistance payments to general hospitals and paid to pools on behalf of the general hospitals where a general hospital elects such withholding in such time and manner as specified by the commissioner, and in the event a general hospital does not elect such withholding, payments by such general hospital to a pool based on an allowance received for medical assistance patients shall be due within five days of receipt of such funds. Funds withheld by a payor and paid to a pool on behalf of a general hospital shall be considered received by such general hospital and paid to the pool by such general hospital for all purposes.
- The allowances provided pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall be effective and implemented for purposes of determining rates of payment for state governmental agencies contingent on receipt of all federal approvals necessary by federal law or regulations for federal financial participation in payments made for beneficiaries eligible for medical assistance under title XIX of the federal social security act based upon such allowances as a component of such payments. If such federal approvals are not granted for such allowances or components thereof, rates of payment for state governmental agencies shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of this section without consideration of such allowances or such components plus an adjustment not subject to federal financial participation equal to one-half of the difference between such rates of payment determined without consideration of such allowances or components and a rate of payment determined based on such allowances or components. The pools established pursuant to this subdivision shall refund to the state governmental agency from pool reserves, current funds or future receipts any overpayment received based on a retroactive reduction pursuant to this paragraph in the allowances.
- (h) The allowances provided pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision or components thereof shall be of no force and effect and shall be deemed to have been null and void as of January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four in the event the secretary of the department of health and human services determines that such allowances or such components thereof are an impermissible health care related tax for purposes of the federal medicaid voluntary contribution and provider-specific tax amendments of nineteen hundred ninety-one for purposes of such funds reducing the amount deemed expended by the state as medical assistance for purposes of federal financial participation.
- 14-c. Bad debt and charity care allowance for financially distressed hospitals. * (a) With the exception of rates of payment for services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), all rates and general hospital charges established for rate periods commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one but prior to January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four in accordance with this section shall include an allowance of two hundred thirty-five thousandths of one percent; and for the rate periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four throughDecember

thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six an allowance of three hundred twenty-five thousandths of one percent of the general hospital's reimbursable inpatient costs, excluding inpatient costs related to services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), computed without consideration of inpatient uncollectible amounts, and after application of the trend factor.

- * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (a) With the exception of rates of payment for services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), all rates and general hospital charges established for rate periods commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one but prior to January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four in accordance with this section shall include an allowance of two hundred thirty-five thousandths of one percent; and for the rate periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six an allowance of three hundred twenty-five thousandths of one percent of the general hospital's reimbursable inpatient costs, excluding inpatient costs related to services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), computed without consideration of inpatient uncollectible amounts, and after application of the trend factor.
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- (b) A statewide pool shall be created through the submissions by or on behalf of general hospitals of the allowance included in rates and charges in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subdivision. Funds accumulated in the statewide pool, including income from invested funds, shall be deposited by the commissioner and credited to a special revenue-other fund to be established by the comptroller. To the extent of funds appropriated therefor, funds shall be made available for distributions by or on behalf of the state, as payments under the state medical assistance program provided pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law, from the statewide pool in the same manner as distributions made in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision nineteen of this section. The statewide pools may be administered in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (c) of subdivision sixteen of this section applicable to bad debt and charity care regional pools. Payments by or on behalf of general hospitals to statewide pools shall be due and arrearages, interest and penalties shall be treated in accordance with the provisions of subdivision twenty of this section applicable to bad debt and charity care regional pools.
- (c) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of commissioner may allocate and distribute funds accumulated in the statewide pool created pursuant to this subdivision and funds accumulated in the statewide pool created by the assessments authorized in accordance with subdivision eighteen of thissection and available distribution in accordance with paragraphs (c) and (d) of subdivision nineteen of this section for contracts for independent management audits of financially distressed hospitals, provided, however, that the total amount for audits pursuant to this paragraph shall not exceed two million five hundred thousand dollars over the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five. Copies of management audit reports of financially distressed hospitals shall be provided by the commissioner to the chairs of the senate and assembly health committees.
- 14-d. Supplementary low income patient adjustment. * (a) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section, payment for inpatient hospital services for persons eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies for rate periods during the period January

first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six applicable to patients eligible for federal financial participation under title XIX of the federal social security act in medical assistance provided pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law determined in accordance with this section shall include for eligible general hospitals a supplementary low income patient adjustment determined in accordance with paragraph (b) of this subdivision, provided all federal approvals necessary by federal law and regulation for federal financial participation in payments made for beneficiaries eligible for medical assistance under title XIX of the federal social security act based upon the adjustment provided herein as a component of such payments are granted. The adjustment may be made to rates of payment or as aggregate payments to an eligible hospital.

- * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (a) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section, payment for inpatient hospital services for persons eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies for rate periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six applicable to patients eligible for federal financial participation under title XIX of the federal social security act in medical assistance provided pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law determined in accordance with this section shall include for eligible general hospitals a supplementary low income patient adjustment determined in accordance with paragraph (b) of this subdivision, provided all federal approvals necessary by federal law and regulation for federal financial participation in payments made for beneficiaries eligible for medical assistance under title XIX of the federal social security act based upon the adjustment provided herein as a component of such payments are granted. The adjustment may be made to rates of payment or as aggregate payments to an eligible hospital.
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- * (b) A supplementary low income patient adjustment for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through December thirtyfirst, nineteen hundred ninety-three shall be determined, subject to the provisions of subparagraph (iv) of this paragraph, and for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirtyfirst, nineteen hundred ninety-six shall be determined for each eligible hospital according to the scale specified in subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph based upon the amount calculated by multiplying the applicable supplemental percentage coverage of need amount for the hospital by the hospital's need as defined in paragraph (b) of subdivision fourteen of this section; provided, however, that for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six if the sum of the adjustments pursuant to clause (C) of subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph would exceed thirty-six million dollars for a rate year on an annualized basis the supplemental percentage coverage of need scale pursuant to clause
- (C) of subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph shall be reduced on a pro rata basis so that the sum of such adjustments provided for the rate year on an annualized basis shall not exceed thirty-six million dollars.
- (i) The low income patient percentage of a general hospital shall be defined as the ratio of the sum of inpatient discharges of patients eligible for medical assistance pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law plus inpatient discharges of self-pay patients plus inpatient discharges of charity care patients divided by total inpatient discharges expressed as a percentage. For the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through December

thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three, the percentages shall be calculated based on base year nineteen hundred eighty-nine, received by the department no later than November first, nineteen hundred ninety, data from the statewide planning and research cooperative system consistent with data submitted in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred five-a of this article. For the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six, the percentages shall be calculated based on base year nineteen hundred ninety-one, received by the department no later than November first, nineteen hundred ninety-three, data from the statewide planning and research cooperative system consistent with data submitted in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred five-a of this article. In order to be eligible for an adjustment pursuant to this subdivision, a hospital must maintain its collection efforts to obtain payment in full from self-pay patients.

- (ii) For the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three, hospital need shall be calculated based on base year nineteen hundred eighty-nine data. For the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six, hospital need shall be calculated based on base year nineteen hundred ninety-one data.
- (iii)(A) The scale utilized for development of a hospital's supplementary low income patient adjustment shall be as follows for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-one:

Low Income	Supplemental Percentage
Patient Percentage	Coverage of Need
50+ 55%	5%
55+ 60%	10%
60+ 65%	15%
65+ 70%	22.5%
70+ 75%	30%
75+ 80%	37 . 5%
80+	45%

(B) The scale utilized for development of a hospital's supplementary low income adjustment shall be as follows for the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-one for a public general hospital through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six and for a voluntary non-profit or a private proprietary general hospital through September thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-two:

Low Income	Supplemental Percentage
Patient Percentage	Coverage of Need
35+ 55%	20%
55+ 60%	25%
60+ 65%	30%
65+ 70%	37 . 5%
70+	45%

(C) The scale utilized for development of a voluntary non-profit or private proprietary general hospital's supplementary lowincome patient adjustment shall be as follows for the period October first, nineteen hundred ninety-two through March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three and for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six:

U	,	,	,
Low 1	Income	Supple	mental Percentage
Patient F	Percentage	Cove	rage of Need
35+	50%		10%
50+	55%		20%
55+	60%		25%

60+ 65% 30% 65+ 70% 37.5% 70+ 45%

- (D) The scale utilized for development of a voluntary non-profit or private proprietary general hospital's supplementary lowincome patient adjustment for the period May fifteenth, nineteen hundred ninety-three through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three shall be at one hundred twenty percent of the supplemental percentage coverage of need scale specified in clause (C) of this subparagraph.
- (iv) A supplementary low income patient adjustment determined according to the scale specified in subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph shall be limited for rate periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three such that the amount of such adjustment for an eligible hospital, plus the amount committed to the regional pools in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision fourteen of this section and paragraph (a) of subdivision nineteen of this section for the rate period that would be allocated to such hospital, plus, if applicable, any distribution for the rate period pursuant to paragraph (d) of subdivision nineteen of this section for such hospital, and plus for a major public general hospital the amount of any supplementary bad debt and charity care adjustment provided pursuant to subdivision fourteen-a of this section for the rate period shall not exceed ninety percent of need.
- (v) The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to a general hospital eligible for distributions made pursuant to paragraph (c) of subdivision nineteen of this section.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (b) A supplementary low income patient adjustment for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through December thirtyfirst, nineteen hundred ninety-three shall be determined, subject to the provisions of subparagraph (iv) of this paragraph, and for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six shall be determined for each eligible hospital according to the scale specified in subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph based upon the amount calculated by multiplying the applicable supplemental percentage coverage of need amount for the hospital by the hospital's need as defined in paragraph (b) of subdivision fourteen of this section; provided, however, that for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six if the sum of the adjustments pursuant to clause (C) of subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph would exceed thirty-six million dollars for a rate year on an annualized basis the supplemental percentage coverage of need scale pursuant to clause
- (C) of subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph shall be reduced on a pro rate basis so that the sum of such adjustments provided for the rate year on an annualized basis shall not exceed thirty-six million dollars.
- (i) The low income patient percentage of a general hospital shall be defined as the ratio of the sum of inpatient discharges of patients eligible for medical assistance pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law plus inpatient discharges of self-pay patients plus inpatient discharges of charity care patients divided by total inpatient discharges expressed as a percentage. For the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three, the percentages shall be calculated based on base year nineteen hundred eighty-nine, received by the department no later than November first, nineteen hundred ninety, data from the statewide planning and research cooperative system

consistent with data submitted in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred five-a of this article. For the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six, the percentages shall be calculated based on base year nineteen hundred ninety-one, received by the department no later than November first, nineteen hundred ninety-three, data from the statewide planning and research cooperative system consistent with data submitted in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred five-a of this article. In order to be eligible for an adjustment pursuant to this subdivision, a hospital must maintain its collection efforts to obtain payment in full from self-pay patients.

- (ii) For the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three, hospital need shall be calculated based on base year nineteen hundred eighty-nine data. For the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six, hospital need shall be calculated based on base year nineteen hundred ninety-one data.
- (iii)(A) The scale utilized for development of a hospital's supplementary low income patient adjustment shall be as follows for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-one:

Low Income	Supplemental Percentage
Patient Percentage	Coverage of Need
50+ 55%	5%
55+ 60%	10%
60+ 65%	15%
65+ 70%	22.5%
70+ 75%	30%
75+ 80%	37.5%
80+	45%

(B) The scale utilized for development of a hospital's supplementary low income adjustment shall be as follows for the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-one for a public general hospital through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six and for a voluntary non-profit or a private proprietary general hospital through September thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-two:

Low Income	Supplemental Percentage
Patient Percentage	Coverage of Need
35+ 55%	20%
55+ 60%	25%
60+ 65%	30%
65+ 70%	37 . 5%
70+	45%

(C) The scale utilized for development of a voluntary non-profit or private proprietary general hospital's supplementary lowincome patient adjustment shall be as follows for the period October first, nineteen hundred ninety-two through March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three and for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six:

Supplemental Percentage
Coverage of Need
10%
20%
25%
30%
37 . 5%
45%

(D) The scale utilized for development of a voluntary non-profit or private proprietary general hospital's supplementary low income patient adjustment for the period May fifteenth, nineteen hundred ninety-three through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three shall be at one hundred twenty percent of the supplemental percentage coverage of need scale specified in clause (C) of this subparagraph.

- (iv) A supplementary low income patient adjustment determined according to the scale specified in subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph shall be limited for rate periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three such that the amount of such adjustment for an eligible hospital, plus the amount committed to the regional pools in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision fourteen of this section and paragraph (a) of subdivision nineteen of this section for the rate period that would be allocated to such hospital, plus, if applicable, any distribution for the rate period pursuant to paragraph (d) of subdivision nineteen of this section for such hospital, and plus for a major public general hospital the amount of any supplementary bad debt and charity care adjustment provided pursuant to subdivision fourteen-a of this section for the rate period shall not exceed ninety percent of need.
- (v) The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to a general hospital eligible for distributions made pursuant to paragraph (c) of subdivision nineteen of this section.
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- (c) A supplementary low income patient adjustment provided in accordance with this subdivision for rate periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three shall be adjusted to reflect actual distributions pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision seventeen of this section and paragraph (d) of subdivision nineteen of this section and adjustments provided pursuant to subdivision fourteen-a of this section.
- (d) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, a voluntary non-profit or proprietary general hospital where the low income patient percentage, as determined in accordance with provisions of this subdivision, is between thirty-five and sixty-five percent shall be charged an assessment which for the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-one shall equal five percent of the general hospital's bad debt and charity care need as determined in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision fourteen of this section and for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-two through September thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninetytwo shall equal seven and one-half percent of the general hospital's bad debt and charity care need as determined in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision fourteen of this section. Such assessment shall be paid to the commissioner or his designee prior to October first, nineteen hundred ninety-two in accordance with a schedule established by the commissioner. The assessments may be administered in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (c) of subdivision sixteen of this section applicable to bad debt and charity care regional pools. Payments of the assessments shall be due and arrearages shall be treated in accordance with the provisions of subdivision twenty of this section applicable to bad debt and charity care regional pools. Funds accumulated shall be deposited by the commissioner and credited to the department of social services medical assistance program general fund - local assistance account appropriation.

* (e) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision shall not apply to payments for patients discharged on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven.

- * NB Expires December 31, 2020
- hospital * 14-f. Public general indigent care adjustment. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section and subject to the availability of federal financial participation, payment for inpatient hospital services for persons eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and periods on and after January first, two thousand applicable to patients eligible for federal financial participation under title XIX of the federal social security act in medical assistance provided pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law determined in accordance with this section shall include for eligible public general hospitals a public general hospital indigent care adjustment equal to the aggregate amount of the adjustments provided for such public general hospital for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six pursuant to subdivisions fourteen-a and fourteen-d of this section on an annualized basis, provided, however, that for periods on and after January first, two thousand thirteen an annual amount of four hundred twelve million dollars shall be allocated to eligible major public hospitals based on each hospital's proportionate share of medicaid and uninsured losses to total medicaid and uninsured losses for all eligible major public hospitals, net of any disproportionate share hospital payments received pursuant to sections twenty-eight hundred seven-k and twenty-eight hundred seven-w of this article. The adjustment may be made to rates of payment or as aggregate payments to an eligible hospital.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- general hospital indigent Public care Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section, payment for inpatient hospital services for persons eligible for payments made by state governmental agencies for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine applicable to patients eligible for federal financial participation under title XIX of the federal social security act in medical assistance provided pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law determined in accordance with this section shall include for eligible public general hospitals a public general hospital indigent care adjustment equal to the aggregate amount of the adjustments provided for such public general hospital for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six pursuant to subdivisions fourteen-a and fourteen-d of this section on an annualized basis, provided all federal approvals necessary by federal law and regulation for federal financial participation in payments made for beneficiaries eligible for medical assistance under title XIX of the federal social security act based upon the adjustment provided herein as a component of such payments are granted. The adjustment may be made to rates of payment or as aggregate payments to an eligible hospital.
 - * NB Effective and repealed December 31, 2020
- 15. Special provisions for payments by governmental agencies. In the event that federal financial participation in payments made for beneficiaries eligible for medical assistance under title XIX of the federal social security act based upon the allowance specified in

paragraph (c) of subdivision fourteen of this section as a component of such payments is not approved by the federal government, rates of payment by governmental agencies for the operating cost component of general hospital inpatient services shall be increased for each hospital by the same percentage allowance as each hospital's federal fiscal year nineteen hundred eighty-seven disproportionate share payment adjustment factor for revenues received from services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) as determined in accordance with the provisions of section eighteen hundred eighty-sixd of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare). Increased amounts received by general hospitals in accordance with the provision of this subdivision shall be offset against distributions to such hospitals that were made or would be made pursuant to the provisions contained in subdivisions seventeen and nineteen of this section. In the event that distributions had been made to such hospitals pursuant to such subdivisions, the hospital shall, on a proportional basis, return to the pool from which the distributions were made an amount equal to the increased amounts received under this subdivision to the extent that such increased amounts do not exceed distributions made. Funds in the statewide pool created in accordance with subdivision sixteen of this section, which would have been distributed in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision nineteen of this section if the provisions of this subdivision were not in effect, less any amounts not distributed as the result of the offset provisions of this subdivision shall be distributed to regional pools to the extent that such funds are available and necessary to maintain regional pool distributions, with consideration of the offset provisions in this subdivision, at the levels that would be available pursuant to the provisions of subdivision fourteen of this section if the provisions of this subdivision did not apply.

- 16. Bad debt and charity care regional pools and bad debt and charity care and capital statewide pool, general. (a) Funds will be made available in bad debt and charity care regional pools created by the commissioner for distributions in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section through the submissions by or on behalf of general hospitals of the allowance included in rates and charges in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision fourteen of this section and through the transfer of funds available from the bad debt and charity care and capital statewide pool in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision nineteen of this section. Funds will be made available for distributions in accordance with subdivision nineteen of this section from a bad debt and charity care and capital statewide pool created by the commissioner through the submissions by general hospitals of the amount of the assessments authorized in accordance with subdivision eighteen of this section.
- (b) The regions are established as the article forty-three insurance plan regions, with the exception that the southern sixteen counties shall be divided into three regions for the purposes of subdivisions fourteen and seventeen of this section with separate regions consisting of Richmond, Manhattan, Bronx, Queens and Kings counties; Nassau and Suffolk counties; and Delaware, Columbia, Ulster, Sullivan, Orange, Dutchess, Putnam, Rockland and Westchester counties. Such regions shall be the same regions established and in effect January first, nineteen hundred eighty-five. The council with the approval of the commissioner may combine regions, with the exception of the above specified regions for the southern sixteen counties, upon application of the article forty-three insurance law plans involved and a demonstration that significant inequities would not occur.

(c) For periods prior to January first, two thousand five, the commissioner and the commissioner of social services are authorized to contract with the article forty-three insurance law plans, or if not available such other administrators as the commissioner and the commissioner of social services shall designate, to receive funds for the bad debt and charity care regional pools and/or the bad debt and charity care and capital statewide pool and distribute funds from such pools. In the event contracts with the article forty-three insurance law commissioners' designees are effectuated, commissioner and the commissioner of social services shall jointly conduct or cause to be conducted annual audits of the receipt and distribution of the pooled funds. The reasonable costs and expenses of a pool administrator as approved by the commissioner and the commissioner of social services, not to exceed for personnel services on an annual basis four hundred thousand dollars for all pools, shall be paid from the pooled funds. Such pool administrator or pool administrators shall be acting on behalf of the state medical assistance program provided pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law in the distribution to hospitals pursuant to subdivisions fourteen-c, seventeen and paragraphs (c) and (d) of subdivision nineteen of this section of pooled funds.

- (d) In order for a general hospital to participate in the distribution of funds from the pools, the general hospital must implement collection policies and procedures approved by the commissioner.
- (e) In order for a general hospital to be eligible for distribution of funds from the pools, such general hospital if it provides obstetrical care and services must agree to participate in a program approved by the department for the provision of prenatal care to persons eligible for medical assistance or medically indigent persons if requested by such a program. Nothing stated herein shall require a hospital to grant admitting privileges to a physician solely because such person is part of an approved program. The participation of hospitals in an approved program shall include, but not be limited to:
- (i) arrangements with designated prenatal care providers for prebooking pregnant women for approximate delivery time, and provision of staff and facilities for the delivery and necessary postpartum care for women and infants involved in such programs;
- (ii) a system for medical record transfer from a prenatal care provider to hospital staff participating in delivery and for the transfer of information regarding hospital delivery and care back to the prenatal care provider for postpartum follow-up; and
- (iii) an agreement with designated prenatal care providers to accept the care of high risk patients on a referral basis and/or to provide special tests and procedures which are not ordinarily available to prenatal care clinics if such hospital is capable of caring for high risk patients and/or providing special tests and procedures.
- (f) The council may adopt regulations subject to the approval of the commissioner to allow advanced distributions from these pools to a general hospital qualifying for distributions in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision nineteen of this section, based on a demonstration by the hospital that there is an inability to finance current obligations and obtain needed working capital.
- * (g) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law to the contrary, from interest heretofore earned or hereinafter earned on funds in bad debt and charity care regional pools and the bad debt and charity care and capital statewide pool established pursuant to this section, such amounts as shall be necessary, within amounts appropriated, shall be reallocated to, and the state comptroller is hereby authorized and

directed to receive for deposit to, the credit of the department of health's special revenue fund - other, hospital based grants program account, for purposes of services and expenses related to general hospital based grant programs for the period April first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six and for the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven.

- * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (g) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law to the contrary, from interest heretofore earned or hereinafter earned on funds in bad debt and charity care regional pools and the bad debt and charity care and capital statewide pool established pursuant to this section, such amounts as shall be necessary, within amounts appropriated, shall be reallocated to, and the state comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to receive for deposit to, the credit of the department of health's special revenue fund other, hospital based grants program account, for purposes of services and expenses related to general hospital based grant programs for the period April first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six.
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- 16-a. Pool administration, general. (a) If a general hospital fails to timely file a report with the department of funds due to a regional pool or a statewide pool established pursuant to this section, the commissioner may estimate the amount due from such hospital based on available financial and statistical data and may collect in accordance with subdivision twenty of this section any amount due based on such estimate as a deficiency in payments to such regional pool or statewide pool with interest and penalties. The commissioner shall provide a general hospital with notice of any estimate of the amount due pursuant to this paragraph at least three days prior to collection of a deficiency by the commissioner. Such notice shall contain the financial basis for the commissioner's estimate.
- * (b) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of section one hundred twelve or one hundred seventy-four of the state finance law or any other law, at the discretion of the commissioner and the commissioner of social services without a competitive bid or request for proposal process, regional pool and statewide pool administration contracts in effect for rate year nineteen hundred ninety-three may be extended for administration of regional pools and statewide pools established for rate years nineteen hundred ninety-four and nineteen hundred ninety-five and nineteen hundred ninety-six to provide an uninterrupted continuation of services and may be amended as may be necessary.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (b) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of section one hundred twelve or one hundred seventy-four of the state finance law or any other law, at the discretion of the commissioner and the commissioner of social services without a competitive bid or request for proposal process, regional pool and statewide pool administration contracts in effect for rate year nineteen hundred ninety-three may be extended for administration of regional pools and statewide pools established for rate years nineteen hundred ninety-four and nineteen hundred ninety-five and for the rate period January first, nineteen hundred ninety six through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six to provide an uninterrupted continuation of services and may be amended as may be necessary.
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020

17. Bad debt and charity care regional pool distributions. Funds accumulated in bad debt and charity care regional pools, including income from invested funds, from the allowance specified in paragraph (c) of subdivision fourteen of this section and funds accumulated in bad debt and charity care regional pools, including income from invested funds, from the transfer of funds available from the bad debt and charity care and capital statewide pool in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision nineteen of this section shall be deposited by the commissioner and credited to a special revenue-other fund to be established by the comptroller. To the extent of funds appropriated therefor, funds shall be made available for distribution by or on behalf of the state, as payments under the state medical assistance program provided pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law, from bad debt and charity care regional pools in accordance with the following methodology and sequence:

- (a) For the nineteen hundred eighty-eight, nineteen hundred eightynine and for that portion of the nineteen hundred ninety rate year beginning on January first and ending on June thirtieth, each eligible major public general hospital shall receive a portion of its bad debt and charity care need equal to one hundred two percent of the result of the application of its percentage of statewide inpatient reimbursable costs excluding costs related to services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), developed on the basis of nineteen hundred eighty-five financial and statistical reports, to the total of all regional pools. For that portion of the nineteen hundred ninety rate year beginning on July first and ending on December thirty-first and in the annual rate years beginning on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one, each eligible major public general hospital shall receive a portion of its bad debt and charity care need equal to one hundred ten percent of the result of the application of its percentage of statewide inpatient reimbursable costs excluding costs related to services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), developed on the basis of nineteen hundred eighty-five financial and statistical reports, to the total of all regional pools.
- (b) (i) Funds remaining in the regional pools after distribution in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall be distributed to voluntary non-profit, private proprietary and public general hospitals, other than major public general hospitals, on the basis of each hospital's targeted need share. For the rate year beginning January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight, an individual hospital's targeted need share shall be defined as the relationship between each hospital's nineteen hundred eighty-six nominal payment amount as defined in subparagraph (i) of paragraph (c) of subdivision fourteen of this section to the nineteen hundred eighty-six nominal payment amounts for all hospitals in the region other than major public general hospitals. For annual rate years beginning on or after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-nine, the base need shall be the calendar year which is two years prior to the rate year. The amount of funds to be distributed in accordance with this paragraph and paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall be limited to the amount of funds accumulated in the pools.
- (ii) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section, commencing April first, nineteen hundred ninety-five funds remaining in the regional pools after distribution in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall be aggregated on a statewide basis and treated as a common pool for statewide distributions and distributed to voluntary non-profit, private proprietary and public general hospitals, other than major public general hospitals, on the basis of each

hospital's targeted need share defined as the relationship between each hospital's base year nominal payment amount as defined in subparagraph (i) of paragraph (c) of subdivision fourteen of this section to the base year nominal payment amounts for all hospitals statewide other than major public general hospitals.

- (d) The department may provide for interim payments to general hospitals of funds available for distribution from regional pools pursuant to this subdivision, subject to reasonable retainage for adjustments, subsequently reconciled to amounts due determined in accordance with this subdivision.
- (e) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section, in the event funds available pursuant to paragraph (b-1) of subdivision nineteen of this section for programs to provide health care coverage for uninsured or underinsured children are inadequate to provide coverage to all eligible children for whom application for coverage is made in a rate period, such additional amounts not to exceed twenty-five million dollars for nineteen hundred ninety-four as shall be necessary to provide such coverage shall be reserved by the commissioner from the amount to be available in bad debt and charity care regional pools for such rate period for additional distributions to such programs. Ten million dollars of the amount reserved for nineteen hundred ninety-four shall not result in a decrease to disproportionate share payments to hospitals.
 - 18. Bad debt and charity care and capital statewide pool funding.
- * The commissioner shall create a bad debt and charity care and capital statewide pool which shall be funded by a transfer of funds, which is hereby authorized, for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five, the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six and the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six equal to seven million five hundred thousand dollars for the nineteen hundred ninety-five period, three million seven hundred fifty thousand dollars for the January first, nineteen hundred ninetysix through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six period and three million seven hundred fifty thousand dollars for the July first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six period to be submitted to a statewide pool, as designated by the commissioner, from the medical malpractice insurance association pursuant to section five thousand five hundred sixteen-c of the insurance law and through an assessment which shall be charged to general hospitals. In the event that the transfers of funds authorized by section five thousand five hundred sixteen-c of the insurance law do not occur by January first, nineteen hundred ninety-five, January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six and August first, nineteen hundred ninety-six respectively, the commissioner for each period for which such transfer from the medical malpractice insurance association has not occurred shall transfer seven million five hundred thousand dollars for the nineteen hundred ninety-five period, three million seven hundred fifty thousand dollars for the January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six period and three million seven hundred fifty thousand dollars for the July first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six period from regional or statewide pool reserves for pools established pursuant to this section and section twenty-eight hundred eight-c or twenty-eight hundred seven-a of this article to the bad debt and charity care and capitol statewide pool established pursuant to this subdivision. Such assessment shall be

submitted to a statewide pool as designated by the commissioner and distributed on a monthly basis in accordance with subdivision twenty of this section. The assessment shall be:

- * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * The commissioner shall create a bad debt and charity care and capital statewide pool which shall be funded by a transfer of funds, which is hereby authorized, for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five and the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six equal to seven million five hundred thousand dollars for the nineteen hundred ninety-five period and three million seven hundred fifty thousand dollars for the January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six period to be submitted to a statewide pool, as designated by the commissioner, from the medical malpractice insurance association pursuant to section five thousand five hundred sixteen-c of the insurance law and through an assessment which shall be charged to general hospitals. In the event that the transfers of funds authorized by section five thousand five hundred sixteen-c of the insurance law do not occur by January first, nineteen hundred ninety-five and January first nineteen hundred ninety-six respectively, the commissioner for each period for which such transfer from the medical malpractice insurance association has not occurred shall transfer seven million five hundred thousand dollars for the nineteen hundred ninety-five period and three million seven hundred fifty thousand dollars for the January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six period from regional or statewide pool reserves for pools established pursuant to this section and section twenty-eight hundred eight-c or twenty-eight hundred seven-a of this article to the bad debt and charity care and capital statewide pool established pursuant to this subdivision. Such assessment shall be submitted to a statewide pool as designated by the commissioner and distributed on a monthly basis in accordance with subdivision twenty of this section. The assessment shall be:
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- * (a) one and seventy-five thousandths percent of each general hospital's gross revenue received for inpatient hospital services provided during the period January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight; one and five hundredths percent of each general hospital's gross revenue received for inpatient hospital services provided during the period January first, nineteen hundred eighty-nine through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-nine; and one percent of each general hospital's gross revenue received for inpatient hospital services provided during annual periods beginning on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and on or after January first, two thousand,
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (a) one and seventy-five thousandths percent of each general hospital's gross revenue received for inpatient hospital services provided during the period January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight; one and five hundredths percent of each general hospital's gross revenue received for inpatient hospital services provided during the period January first, nineteen hundred eighty-nine through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-nine; and one percent of each general hospital's gross revenue received for inpatient hospital services provided during annual periods beginning on or after January

first, nineteen hundred ninety through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine,

- * NB Effective and expires December 31, 2020
- * (a) one and seventy-five thousandths percent of each general hospital's gross revenue received for inpatient hospital services provided during the period January first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight; one and five hundredths percent of each general hospital's gross revenue received for inpatient hospital services provided during the period January first, nineteen hundred eighty-nine through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-nine; and one percent of each general hospital's gross revenue received for inpatient hospital services provided during annual rate periods beginning on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety,
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- * (b) provided, however, subject to the provisions of paragraph (e) of this subdivision there shall be no assessment against those voluntary non-profit and private proprietary general hospitals which qualify for distributions made in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision nineteen of this section, or for the annual assessment period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven which qualified for distributions made in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision nineteen of this section as of December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five, and
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (b) provided, however, subject to the provisions of paragraph (e) of this subdivision there shall be no assessment against those voluntary non-profit and private proprietary general hospitals which qualify for distributions made in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision nineteen of this section, and
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- * (c) provided further, however, subject to the provisions of paragraph (e) of this subdivision the assessment against those voluntary non-profit and private proprietary general hospitals which qualified for distributions made in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision nineteen of this section as of December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five shall for the annual assessment period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight be abated in the amount of three-quarters of one percent of gross revenue received and for the annual assessment period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine be abated in the amount of one-quarter of one percent of gross revenue received.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (c) provided further, however, subject to the provisions of paragraph (e) of this subdivision the assessment against those voluntary non-profit and private proprietary general hospitals which qualified for distributions made in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision sixteen of section twenty-eight hundred seven-a of this article during the nineteen hundred eighty-seven rate period or qualified for distributions made in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision nineteen of this section during a rate period or rate periods but which do not continue to qualify for distributions made in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision nineteen of this section during a rate period or rate periods shall for the initial rate period in which such general hospital does not continue to qualify for distributions made in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision nineteen of this section be abated in the amount of two-thirds of one percent of gross revenue

received and for the next succeeding annual rate period be abated in the amount of one-third of one percent of gross revenue received.

- * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- * (d) Gross revenue received shall mean all moneys received for or on account of inpatient hospital service, provided, however, that subject to the provisions of paragraph (e) of this subdivision gross revenue received shall not include distributions from bad debt and charity care regional pools, health care services pools, bad debt and charity care for financially distressed hospitals statewide pools and bad debt and charity care and capital statewide pools created in accordance with this section or distributions from funds allocated in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-1, twenty-eight hundred seven-k, twenty-eight hundred seven-v or twenty-eight hundred seven-w of this article and shall not include the components of rates of payment or charges related to the allowances provided in accordance with subdivisions fourteen, fourteen-b and fourteen-c of this section, the adjustment provided in accordance with subdivision fourteen-a of this section, the adjustment provided in accordance with subdivision fourteen-d of this section, the adjustment for health maintenance organization reimbursement rates provided in accordance with former subdivision two-a of this section, payments made pursuant to paragraph (i) of subdivision thirty-five of this section or, if effective, the adjustment provided in accordance with subdivision fifteen of this section, the adjustment provided in accordance with section eighteen of chapter two hundred sixty-six of the laws of nineteen hundred eighty-six as amended, revenue received from physician practice or faculty practice plan discrete billings for private practicing physician services, revenue from affiliation agreements or contracts with public hospitals for the delivery of health care services at such public hospitals, revenue received disproportionate share hospital payments in accordance with title nineteen of the federal social security act, or revenue from government deficit financing, provided, however, that funds received as medical assistance payments which include state share amounts authorized pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-v of this article that are not disproportionate share hospital payments shall be included within the meaning of gross revenue for purposes of this subdivision.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (d) Gross revenue received shall mean all moneys received for or on account of inpatient hospital service, provided, however, that subject to the provisions of paragraph (e) of this subdivision gross revenue received shall not include distributions from bad debt and charity care regional pools, health care services pools, bad debt and charity care for financially distressed hospitals statewide pools and bad debt and charity care and capital statewide pools created in accordance with this section and shall not include the components of rates of payment or charges related to the allowances provided in accordance with subdivisions fourteen, fourteen-b and fourteen-c of this section, the adjustment provided in accordance with subdivision fourteen-a of this section, the adjustment provided in accordance with subdivision fourteen-d of this section, the adjustment for health maintenance organization reimbursement rates provided in accordance with subdivision two-a of this section, or, if effective, the adjustment provided in accordance with subdivision fifteen of this section or the adjustment provided in accordance with section eighteen of chapter two hundred sixty-six of the laws of nineteen hundred eighty-six as amended.
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- (e) Each exclusion of hospitals or sources of gross revenue received from the assessments effective on or after October first, nineteen

hundred ninety-two established pursuant to this subdivision shall be contingent upon either: (i) qualification of the assessments for waiver pursuant to federal law and regulation; or, (ii) consistent with federal law and regulation, not requiring a waiver by the secretary of the department of health and human services related to such exclusion; in order for the assessments under this section to be qualified as a broadbased health care related tax for purposes of the revenues received by the state pursuant to the assessments not reducing the amount expended by the state as medical assistance for purposes of federal financial participation. The commissioner shall collect the assessments relying on such exclusions, pending any contrary action by the secretary of the department of health and human services. In the event the secretary of the department of health and human services determines that the assessments do not so qualify based on any such exclusion, then the exclusion shall be deemed to have been null and void as of October first, nineteen hundred ninety-two and the commissioner shall collect any retroactive amount due as a result, without interest or penalty provided the hospital pays the retroactive amount due within ninety days of notice from the commissioner to the hospital that the exclusion is null and void. Interest and penalties shall be measured from the due date of ninety days following notice from the commissioner to the hospital.

- (f) Payments of assessments and allowances required to be submitted by general hospitals pursuant to this subdivision and subdivisions fourteen and fourteen-b of this section and paragraph (a) of subdivision two of section twenty-eight hundred seven-d of this article shall be subject to audit by the commissioner for a period of six years following the close of the calendar year in which such payments are due, after which such payments shall be deemed final and not subject to further adjustment or reconciliation, including through offset adjustments or reconciliations made by general hospitals with regard to subsequent payments, provided, however, that nothing herein shall be construed as precluding the commissioner from pursuing collection of any such assessments and allowances which are identified as delinquent within such six year period, or which are identified as delinquent as a result of an audit commenced within such six year audit period, or from conducting an audit of any adjustment or reconciliation made by a general hospital within such six year period, or from conducting an audit of payments made prior to such six year period which are found to be commingled with payments which are otherwise subject to timely audit pursuant to this section. General hospitals which, in the course of such an audit, fail to produce data or documentation requested in furtherance of such an audit, within thirty days of such request may be assessed a civil penalty of up to ten thousand dollars for each such failure, provided, however, that such civil penalty shall not be imposed if the hospital demonstrates good cause for such failure. The imposition of such civil penalties shall be subject to the provisions of section twelve-a of this chapter.
- (g) If a general hospital fails to produce data or documentation requested in furtherance of an audit for a month to which an assessment applies, the commissioner may estimate, based on available financial and statistical data as determined by the commissioner, the amount due for such month. If the impact of exemptions permitted pursuant to paragraph (d) of this subdivision cannot be determined from such available financial and statistical data the estimated amount due may be calculated on the basis of the general hospital's aggregate gross inpatient revenue amount, as determined from such available financial and statistical data for the year subject to audit. Estimated amounts due pursuant to this paragraph shall be paid by a general hospital

within sixty days or within such other time period as agreed to by the commissioner and the facility. Thereafter the commissioner shall take all necessary steps to collect amounts owed pursuant to this paragraph, including by offsetting, or by directing the state comptroller to offset, such amounts due from any other payments made by state governmental agencies to the general hospital pursuant to this article. Interest and penalties shall be applied to such amounts due in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (c) of subdivision twenty of this section.

- (h) The commissioner shall take all necessary steps to collect delinquent amounts owed pursuant to this subdivision, including by recoupment or offsetting, or by directing the state comptroller to offset, such amounts due from any other payments made by state governmental agencies to the general hospital pursuant to this article. Interest and penalties shall be applied to such amounts due in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (c) of subdivision twenty of this section. Delinquent amounts which have been referred for recoupment or offset pursuant to this paragraph, or which have been referred to the office of the attorney general for collection, shall be deemed final and not subject to further revision or reconciliation by the commissioner based on any additional reports or other information submitted by the hospital, provided, however, that such delinquencies shall not be referred for such recoupment or for such collection based on estimated amounts unless the hospital has received written notification of such delinquencies and has been given no less than thirty days in which to submit delinquent reports.
- (i) The commissioner may enter into agreements with general hospitals subject to this subdivision, in regard to which audit findings or prior settlements have been made pursuant to this subdivision, extending and applying such audit findings or prior settlements or a portion thereof, in settlement and satisfaction of potential audit liabilities for subsequent un-audited periods. The commissioner may reduce or waive payment of interest and penalties otherwise applicable to such subsequent un-audited periods when such amounts due as a result of such agreement, other than reduced or waived penalties and interest, are paid in full to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee within sixty days of execution of such agreement by all parties to the agreement. Any payments made pursuant to agreements entered into in accordance with this paragraph shall be deemed to be in full satisfaction of any liability arising under this subdivision, as referenced in such agreements and for the time periods covered by such agreements, provided, however, that the commissioner may audit future retroactive adjustments to payments made for such periods based on reports filed by hospitals subsequent to such agreements.
- 19. Bad debt and charity care and capital statewide pool distribution.

 * Funds accumulated in the statewide pool created by the assessment authorized in accordance with subdivision eighteen of this section for periods through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six, including income from invested funds, shall be distributed or retained in accordance with the following sequence:
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * Funds accumulated in the statewide pool created by the assessment authorized in accordance with subdivision eighteen of this section, including income from invested funds, shall be distributed or retained in accordance with the following sequence:
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- (a) Funds shall be distributed by the commissioner to bad debt and charity care regional pools established pursuant to subdivision sixteen

of this section to provide additional funds for distribution from such bad debt and charity care regional pools in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section equal to the amount computed as the difference between the amount that would be available in such regional pools based on a statewide determination of financial resources to be committed to regional pools in each year in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision fourteen of this section based upon a percentage factor equal to five and ninety-three hundredths percent and the amount to be available in such regional pools based on a statewide determination of financial resources to be committed to regional pools in each year in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision fourteen of this section based upon a percentage factor equal to five and forty-eight hundredths percent.

- * (b) An amount not to exceed seventeen million dollars on an annualized basis from the assessment through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six may annually be placed in a statewide account in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner for the purpose of securing financing of capital improvement projects for general hospitals qualifying for distributions made in accordance with paragraph (c) of this subdivision. Any reserved funds available on September first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven and not obligated, in accordance with section twelve of chapter nine hundred thirty-four of the laws of nineteen hundred eightyfive as amended, for the purpose of securing financing of capital improvement projects for general hospitals and any reserved funds that thereafter become available may be transferred by the commissioner, in consultation with the director of the budget and the dormitory authority, to the health facility restructuring pool established pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred fifteen of this article or to the general hospital indigent care pool established pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (b) An amount not to exceed seventeen million dollars may annually be placed in a statewide account in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner for the purpose of securing financing of capital improvement projects for general hospitals qualifying for distributions made in accordance with paragraph (c) of this subdivision.
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- * (b-1) An amount equal to: twenty million dollars annually for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three; thirty million dollars for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-four; thirty-seven million five hundred thousand dollars for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five; eighteen million seven hundred fifty thousand dollars for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six; and eighteen million seven hundred fifty thousand dollars for the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six shall annually be reserved and accumulated from year to year by the commissioner for distributions to programs to provide health care coverage for uninsured or underinsured children. Such accumulated funds shall not be used for any other purpose other than those authorized in section twenty-five hundred ten and twenty-five hundred eleven of this chapter. If on March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight, any funds accumulated during the period January first, nineteen hundred

ninety-one through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven are unused or uncommitted for such distributions, such unused or uncommitted funds shall be immediately transferred by the commissioner to the health care initiatives pool established by the commissioner to provide additional funds for distribution to programs to provide health care coverage for uninsured or underinsured children pursuant to sections twenty-five hundred ten and twenty-five hundred eleven of this chapter. For cash flow purposes, the commissioner may borrow from regional or statewide pool reserves for pools established pursuant to this section such funds as shall be necessary not to exceed the amount authorized to be reserved annually to meet premium requirements pursuant to sections twenty-five hundred ten and twenty-five hundred eleven of this chapter for a rate year and shall refund such moneys when pool funds become available pursuant to this paragraph for such rate year.

* NB Effective until December 31, 2020

- * (b-1) An amount equal to: twenty million dollars annually for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three; thirty million dollars for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-four; thirty-seven million five hundred thousand dollars for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five; and eighteen million seven hundred fifty thousand dollars for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six shall annually be reserved and accumulated from year to year by the commissioner for distributions to programs to provide health care coverage for uninsured or underinsured children. Such accumulated funds shall not be used for any other purpose other than those authorized in section twenty-five hundred ten and twenty-five hundred eleven of this chapter. If on September thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-seven, any funds accumulated during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six are unused or uncommitted for such distributions, such unused or uncommitted funds shall be immediately transferred by the commissioner to bad debt and charity care regional pools established pursuant to subdivision sixteen of this section to provide additional funds for distribution from such bad debt and charity care regional pools in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section. For cash flow purposes, the commissioner may borrow from regional or statewide pool reserves for pools established pursuant to this section such funds as shall be necessary not to exceed the amount authorized to be reserved annually to meet premium requirements pursuant to sections twenty-five hundred ten and twenty-five hundred eleven of this chapter for a rate year and shall refund such moneys when pool funds become available pursuant to this paragraph for such rate year.
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- (b-2) Funds available for distribution in accordance with paragraphs (c) and (d) of this subdivision shall be deposited by the commissioner and credited to a special revenue-other fund to be established by the comptroller. To the extent of funds appropriated therefor, funds shall be made available for distributions by or on behalf of the state, as payments under the state medical assistance program provided pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law from the bad debt and charity care and capital statewide pool pursuant to paragraphs (c) and (d) of this subdivision.
- (c) Funds shall be made available on a statewide basis for distribution by the commissioner in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner to

assist voluntary non-profit and private proprietary general hospitals experiencing severe fiscal hardship because of insufficient resources to finance losses resulting from bad debts and the costs of charity care. Amounts to be distributed for bad debt and charity care purposes shall be determined after consideration of amounts to be distributed from regional pools in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section and shall result in up to one hundred percent as defined in paragraph (b) of subdivision fourteen of this section being financed for these general hospitals.

- (d) Funds shall be made available on a statewide basis for distribution by the commissioner in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner to assist voluntary non-profit and private proprietary general hospitals which qualified for distributions made in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision sixteen of section twenty-eight hundred seven-a of this article during the nineteen hundred eighty-seven rate period or qualified for distributions made in accordance with paragraph (c) of this subdivision during a rate period or rate periods but which do not continue to qualify for distributions made in accordance with paragraph
- (c) of this subdivision during a rate period or rate periods. Amounts to be distributed to a general hospital pursuant to this paragraph for the initial rate period in which such general hospital does not continue to qualify for distributions made in accordance with paragraph (c) of this subdivision shall be two-thirds of the amount such general hospital would have received in accordance with paragraph (c) of this subdivision for such initial rate period if the hospital had continued to be eligible for such distribution and for the next succeeding annual rate period one-third of the amount such general hospital would have received in accordance with paragraph (c) of this subdivision for such succeeding rate period.
- (e) There shall be set aside within a transition account in the statewide pool, from accumulated funds, from the total allocation to the bad debt and charity care and capital statewide pool of the assessment of one and seventy-five thousandths percent of gross revenue received in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision eighteen of this section for the rate period commencing January first, nineteen hundred eightyeight and the assessment of one and five hundredths percent of gross revenue received in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision eighteen of this section for the rate period commencing January first, nineteen hundred eighty-nine an amount equal to seventy-five thousandths of one percent of gross revenue received and five hundredths of one percent of gross revenue received respectively to be distributed to voluntary non-profit, private proprietary and public general hospitals receiving less bad debt and charity care funds under the provisions of this section than if the provisions of section twenty-eight hundred seven-a of this article had applied using the same base year need as calculated in accordance with subdivision fourteen of this section. Rules for such distribution shall be those adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner.
- (f) Any balance in the statewide pool shall be distributed in accordance with the following:
- (i) Fifty percent of the balance shall be reserved and accumulated from year to year by the commissioner for distributions to regional pilot projects to provide health care coverage under insurance or equivalent mechanisms for uninsured or underinsured individuals and families and to provide health care coverage for catastrophic expenses provided legislation is enacted before July fifteenth, nineteenhundred eighty-eight authorizing such regional pilot projects and including an

authorization for such regional pilot projects, notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, to negotiate special payment rate methodologies with general hospitals for inpatient hospital services.

- (ii) * The remaining balance shall be reserved and accumulated from year to year by the commissioner for priority distributions in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner: (A) to assist general hospitals in offsetting losses from bad debt and the costs of charity care in providing existing or expanded priority health services to the medically indigent or medically underserved in urban and rural areas including, but not limited to, services for pregnant women, services for children under the age of six, and services related to acquired immune deficiency syndrome; (B) for quality assurance demonstration projects; (C) for severity of illness measurement demonstration projects; (D) for cost analyses evaluations of health care provider services; (E) for quality improvement program grants and contracts pursuant to subdivision fifteen of section two hundred six of this chapter and department of health administrative costs related thereto; and (F) for initiatives to improve public health and to expand the availability of health care services.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * The remaining balance shall be reserved and accumulated from year to year by the commissioner for priority distributions in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the council and approved by the commissioner: (A) to assist general hospitals in offsetting losses from bad debt and the costs of charity care in providing existing or expanded priority health services to the medically indigent or medically underserved in urban and rural areas including, but not limited to, services for pregnant women, services for children under the age of six, and services related to acquired immune deficiency syndrome; (B) for quality assurance demonstration projects; (C) for severity of illness measurement demonstration projects; (D) for cost analyses and evaluations of health care provider services; and (E) for quality improvement program grants and contracts pursuant to subdivision fifteen of section two hundred six of this chapter and department of health administrative costs related thereto.
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, a sum not to exceed three million five hundred thousand dollars from funds available for distribution pursuant to this subparagraph may be allocated and distributed to regional pilot projects to provide health care coverage under insurance or equivalent mechanisms for uninsured or underinsured individuals and families pursuant to chapter seven hundred three of the laws of nineteen hundred eighty-eight.

Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of section one hundred twelve or one hundred seventy-four of the state finance law or any other law, funds available for distribution pursuant to this subparagraph may be allocated and distributed without a competitive bid or request for proposal process.

- (iii) Any unused funds from the allocations provided for in paragraph (b) and paragraph (e) of this subdivision and subparagraph (i) of this paragraph and any funds contingently allocated to regional pilot projects pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph if authorizing legislation is not enacted as required by such subparagraph shall be reallocated for use in accordance with the provisions of subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph.
- (iv) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section, the commissioner shall enter into agreements with one or more persons,

not-for-profit corporations, or other organizations, other than a state employee, official or agency, for the purposes of an independent evaluation of the implementation and effectiveness of primary care initiatives, including preferred primary care provider designations, applicable to general hospitals, diagnostic and treatment centers and participating practitioners and may allocate and distribute funds otherwise available for distribution in accordance with subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph for the costs of such evaluation. The evaluation shall assess factors including but not limited to:

- (A) the overall effect of such primary care initiatives on access to and utilization of health care services;
- (B) the extent to which such initiatives have fostered cooperative working relationships between various providers of health care services;
- (C) the impact of such initiatives on the cost of health care services.

An initial evaluation pursuant to this subparagraph shall be submitted to the governor and the legislature on or before April first, nineteen hundred ninety-two and a further evaluation shall be submitted by April first, nineteen hundred ninety-three.

- * 19-a. Health care services allowance statewide pool distribution. Funds accumulated in the statewide pool created by the allowance authorized in accordance with subparagraphs (ii) and (iii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision fourteen-b of this section, including income from invested funds, shall be distributed or retained in accordance with the following:
- (a) Funds shall be transferred to primary health care services regional pools created by the commissioner, and shall be available, including income from invested funds, for distributions in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-bb of this article. Such funds shall be transferred to each regional pool so that the regional pool receives, for the rate periods January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-four fifty-one and five-tenths percent, January first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five forty-nine and six-tenths percent, and January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six forty-nine and six-tenths percent of the total funds to be accumulated in the statewide pool from the allowance submitted by or on behalf of hospitals in that region. Such regions shall be those established for purposes of section two thousand nine hundred four-b of this chapter.
- (b) A fixed percentage of the total funds accumulated in the statewide pool, including income from invested funds, shall be available for primary care education and training. For the rate periods January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-four, such percentage shall be twenty-two and one-tenth percent, and January first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five, such percentage shall be twenty and four-tenths percent, and January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six such percentage shall be twenty and four-tenths percent. Funds shall be available for distributions as follows:
- (i) up to four million dollars annually plus income thereon from invested funds shall be set aside and reserved from accumulated funds and may be accumulated for the following year for distribution by the commissioner for primary care undergraduate medical education in accordance with section nine hundred two of this chapter;
- (ii) up to four million dollars annually plus income thereon from invested funds shall be set aside and reserved from accumulated funds

and may be accumulated for the following year for distribution by the commissioner for the primary care physician loan repayment program in accordance with section nine hundred three of this chapter;

- (iii) up to two million dollars annually plus income thereon from invested funds shall be set aside and reserved from accumulated funds and may be accumulated for the following year for distribution by the commissioner for the primary care practitioner scholarship program in accordance with section nine hundred four of this chapter;
- (iv) up to two million dollars annually plus income thereon from invested funds shall be set aside and reserved from accumulated funds and may be accumulated for the following year for distribution by the commissioner for the primary care practitioner education program in accordance with section nine hundred five of this chapter;
- (v) the balance remaining annually plus income thereon from invested funds shall be set aside and reserved from accumulated funds and may be accumulated from year to year for distributions by the commissioner for health care development in accordance with section nine hundred six of this chapter; and
- (vi) provided, however, that the commissioner in the absence of qualified recipients within a category may reallocate any funds remaining or unallocated within such a category for distribution by the commissioner for the primary care practitioner scholarship program in accordance with section nine hundred four of this chapter and the primary care practitioner education program in accordance with section nine hundred five of this chapter.
- (c) A fixed percentage of the total funds accumulated in the statewide pool, including income from invested funds, shall be deposited by the commissioner into the miscellaneous special revenue fund - 339, health care planning account, which is established for services and expenses for health planning, for purposes of: (i) per capita support of health systems agencies, provided no health systems agency shall receive less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars annually from the per capita allocation, and provided further that a health systems agency receiving the minimum level of funding provided pursuant to a per capita formula shall also be entitled to receive matching support; (ii) matching support for other contributions received by health systems agencies from qualified sources as determined by the commissioner; (iii) five hundred thousand dollars for global budgeting demonstrations grants authorized pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred fourteen of this article; and (iv) five hundred thousand dollars for health networks grants authorized pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred fourteen of this article. For the rate period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-four such percentage shall be eight and eight-tenths percent, and for the rate period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six such percentage shall be eight and twotenths percent.
- (c-1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any unspent funds available for programs and services pursuant to subparagraphs (iii) and (iv) of paragraph (c) of this subdivision as of April first, nineteen hundred ninety-five and any additional funds available for programs and services pursuant to subparagraphs (iii) and (iv) of paragraph (c) of this subdivision for the period April first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five shall be transferred by the commissioner and deposited and credited to the medical assistance program general fund local assistance account.

(c-2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, funds accumulated for programs and services pursuant to subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of paragraph (c) of this subdivision for nineteen hundred ninety-five shall be transferred by the commissioner and deposited and credited to the general fund - local assistance account.

- (d) A fixed percentage of the total funds accumulated in the statewide pool, including income from invested funds, shall be deposited by the commissioner and credited to the emergency medical services training account established for purposes of section ninety-seven-q of the state finance law for services and expenses related to emergency medical services training and administration. For the rate period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-four, such percentage shall be seventeen and six-tenths percent, for the rate period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five, such percentage shall be twenty-one and eight-tenths percent, and for the rate period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six, such percentage shall be twenty-one and eight-tenths percent.
- (f) Distributions from the pools created in accordance with this subdivision and subdivision fourteen-b of this section, and the components of rates of payment or charges related to the allowances provided in accordance with subdivision fourteen-b of this section shall not be included in gross revenue received for purposes of the assessments pursuant to subdivision eighteen of this section, subject to the provisions of paragraph (e) of subdivision eighteen of this section, and shall not be included in gross receipts received for purposes of the assessments pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-d of this article, subject to the provisions of subdivision twelve of section twenty-eight hundred seven-d of this article.
- (g) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provisions of law, the commissioner may borrow from regional or statewide pool reserves for pools established pursuant to sections twenty-eight hundred eight-c, twenty-eight hundred seven-a or this section of this article such funds as shall be necessary, not to exceed the amounts projected to be available pursuant to paragraph (d) of subdivision fourteen-b of this section, annually for distributions in accordance with paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d) and (h) of this subdivision for a rate year and shall refund such moneys when pool funds become available pursuant to paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d) and (h) of this subdivision for such rate year.
- (h) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this subdivision, prior to allocation of funds in accordance with paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of this subdivision from the allowance for the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five and from the allowance for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six, thirty-nine million five hundred thousand dollars from the nineteen hundred ninety-five pool and forty-four million five hundred thousand dollars from the nineteen hundred ninety-six pool respectively shall be reserved by the commissioner from the amount accumulated in the statewide pool, proportionally based on the total amount of funds projected to be accumulated in the pool for the year, for additional distributions in accordance with paragraph (b-1) of subdivision nineteen of this section to programs to provide health care coverage for uninsured or underinsured children, and the balance of funds accumulated in the statewide pool shall be

proportionally allocated in accordance with paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of this subdivision.

- * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * 19-a. Health care services allowance statewide pool distribution. Funds accumulated in the statewide pool created by the allowance authorized in accordance with subparagraphs (ii) and (iii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision fourteen-b of this section, including income from invested funds, shall be distributed or retained in accordance with the following:
- (a) Funds shall be transferred to primary health care services regional pools created by the commissioner, and shall be available, including income from invested funds, for distributions in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-bb of this article. Such funds shall be transferred to each regional pool so that the regional pool receives, for the rate periods January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-four fifty-one and five-tenths percent, January first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteenhundred ninety-five forty-nine and six-tenths percent, and January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six forty-nine and six tenths percent of the total funds to be accumulated in the statewide pool from the allowance submitted by or on behalf of hospitals in that region. Such regions shall be those established for purposes of section two thousand nine hundred four-b of this chapter.
- (b) A fixed percentage of the total funds accumulated in the statewide pool, including income from invested funds, shall be available for primary care education and training. For the rate periods January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-four, such percentage shall be twenty-two and one-tenth percent, January first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five, such percentage shall be twenty and four-tenths percent, and January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six, such percentage shall be twenty and four-tenths percent. Funds shall be available for distributions as follows:
- (i) up to four million dollars annually plus income thereon from invested funds shall be set aside and reserved from accumulated funds and may be accumulated for the following year for distribution by the commissioner for primary care undergraduate medical education in accordance with section nine hundred two of this chapter;
- (ii) up to four million dollars annually plus income thereon from invested funds shall be set aside and reserved from accumulated funds and may be accumulated for the following year for distribution by the commissioner for the primary care physician loan repayment program in accordance with section nine hundred three of this chapter;
- (iii) up to two million dollars annually plus income thereon from invested funds shall be set aside and reserved from accumulated funds and may be accumulated for the following year for distribution by the commissioner for the primary care practitioner scholarship program in accordance with section nine hundred four of this chapter;
- (iv) up to two million dollars annually plus income thereon from invested funds shall be set aside and reserved from accumulated funds and may be accumulated for the following year for distribution by the commissioner for the primary care practitioner education program in accordance with section nine hundred five of this chapter;
- (v) the balance remaining annually plus income thereon from invested funds shall be set aside and reserved from accumulated funds and may be accumulated from year to year for distributions by the commissioner for

health care development in accordance with section nine hundred six of this chapter; and

- (vi) provided, however, that the commissioner in the absence of qualified recipients within a category may reallocate any funds remaining or unallocated within such a category for distribution by the commissioner for the primary care practitioner scholarship program in accordance with section nine hundred four of this chapter and the primary care practitioner education program in accordance with section nine hundred five of this chapter.
- (c) A fixed percentage of the total funds accumulated in the statewide pool including income from invested funds, shall be deposited by the commissioner into the miscellaneous special revenue fund - 339, health care planning account, which is established for services and expenses for health planning, for purposes of: (i) per capita support of health systems agencies, provided no health systems agency shall receive less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars annually from the per capita allocation, and provided further that a health systems agency receiving the minimum level of funding provided pursuant to a per capita formula shall also be entitled to receive matching support; (ii) matching support for other contributions received by health systems agencies from qualified sources as determined by the commissioner; (iii) five hundred thousand dollars for global budgeting demonstrations grants authorized pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred fourteen of this article; and (iv) five hundred thousand dollars for health networks grants authorized pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred fourteen of this article. For the rate period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-four such percentage shall be eight and eight-tenths percent, and for the rate period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six such percentage shall be eight and two-tenths percent.
- (c-1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any unspent funds available for programs and services pursuant to subparagraphs (iii) and (iv) of paragraph (c) of this subdivision as of April first, nineteen hundred ninety-five and any additional funds available for programs and services pursuant to subparagraphs (iii) and (iv) of paragraph (c) of this subdivision for the period April first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five shall be transferred by the commissioner and deposited and credited to the medical assistance program general fund local assistance account.
- (c-2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, funds accumulated for programs and services pursuant to subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of paragraph (c) of this subdivision for nineteen hundred ninety-five shall be transferred by the commissioner and deposited and credited to the general fund local assistance account.
- (d) A fixed percentage of the total funds accumulated in the statewide pool, including income from invested funds, shall be deposited by the commissioner and credited to the emergency medical services training account established for purposes of section ninety-seven-q of the state finance law for services and expenses related to emergency medical services training and administration. For the rate period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-four, such percentage shall be seventeen and six-tenths percent, for the rate period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five, such percentage shall be twenty-one and eight-tenths percent, and for the rate period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through June

thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six, such percentage shall be twenty-one and eight-tenths percent.

- (e) If on September thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-seven, any funds accumulated over the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six in the regional pools established pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision are unused or uncommitted for the allocations provided for, such unused or uncommitted funds shall be reallocated for use in accordance with the provisions of subdivision seventeen of this section.
- (f) Distributions from the pools created in accordance with this subdivision and subdivision fourteen-b of this section, and the components of rates of payment or charges related to the allowances provided in accordance with subdivision fourteen-b of this section shall not be included in gross revenue received for purposes of the assessments pursuant to subdivision eighteen of this section, subject to the provisions of paragraph (e) of subdivision eighteen of this section, and shall not be included in gross receipts received for purposes of the assessments pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-d of this article, subject to the provisions of subdivision twelve of section twenty-eight hundred seven-d of this article.
- (g) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provisions of law, the commissioner may borrow from regional or statewide pool reserves for pools established pursuant to sections twenty-eight hundred eight-c, twenty-eight hundred seven-a or this section of this article such funds as shall be necessary, not to exceed the amounts projected to be available pursuant to paragraph (d) of subdivision fourteen-b of this section, annually for distributions in accordance with paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d) and (h) of this subdivision for a rate year and shall refund such moneys when pool funds become available pursuant to paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d) and (h) of this subdivision for such rate year.
- (h) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this subdivision, prior to allocation of funds in accordance with paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of this subdivision from the allowance for the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five and from the allowance for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six, thirty-nine million five hundred thousand dollars from the nineteen hundred ninety-five pool and twenty-two million two hundred fifty thousand dollars from the nineteen hundred ninety-six pool respectively shall be reserved by the commissioner from the amount accumulated in the statewide pool, proportionally based on the total amount of funds projected to be accumulated in the pool for the year, for additional distributions in accordance with paragraph (b-1) of subdivision nineteen of this section to programs to provide health care coverage for uninsured or underinsured children, and the balance of funds accumulated in the statewide pool shall be proportionally allocated in accordance with paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of this subdivision.
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- * 19-b. Funds accumulated in the statewide pool created by the assessment authorized in accordance with subdivision eighteen of this section for a period during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and periods on and after January first, two thousand, including income from invested funds, shall be transferred by the commissioner and consolidated with funds accumulated from the allowance pursuant to subdivision two of section twenty-eight hundred seven-j of this article

for such period and allocated in accordance with subdivision nine of section twenty-eight hundred seven-j of this article.

- * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * 19-b. Funds accumulated in the statewide pool created by the assessment authorized in accordance with subdivision eighteen of this section for a period during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, including income from invested funds, shall be transferred by the commissioner and consolidated with funds accumulated from the allowance pursuant to subdivision two of section twenty-eight hundred seven-j of this article for such period and allocated in accordance with subdivision nine of section twenty-eight hundred seven-j of this article.
 - * NB Effective and repealed December 31, 2020
- 20. Payments to pools. (a) Payments by or on behalf of general hospitals to bad debt and charity care regional pools of funds due based on the allowance included in rates and charges in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision fourteen of this section and to regional pools created pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision fourteen-b and to a statewide pool created pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision fourteen-c of this section shall be made on a time schedule established by the council, subject to the approval of the commissioner, by regulation; provided, however, that estimated payments of amounts due for patients discharged in a calendar month commencing on or after October first, nineteen hundred ninety-one must be made within sixty days of the end of each month unless payments of actual amounts due for such calendar months have been made within such sixty day time period. Upon receipt of notification from the commissioner, the comptroller, or a fiscal intermediary designated by the director of the budget, or the commissioner of social services, or a corporation organized and operating in accordance with article forty-three of the insurance law or an organization operating in accordance with article forty-four of this chapter shall withhold from the amount of any payment to be made by the state or such article forty-three corporation or article forty-four organization to a general hospital the amount of any arrearage resulting from such general hospital's failure to make a timely payment to the pools of funds due based on the allowances included in rates and charges in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision fourteen, paragraph(a) of subdivision fourteen-b and paragraph (a) of subdivision fourteen-c of this section. Upon withholding such amount, the comptroller, or a designated fiscal intermediary, or the commissioner of social services, or a corporation organized and operating in accordance with article forty-three of the insurance law or an organization operating in accordance with article forty-four of this chapter shall pay the commissioner, or his designee, such amount withheld for deposit into the applicable pool. Any general hospital in arrears resulting from failure to make a timely payment to a pool shall not be eligible for a distribution from a bad debt and charity care regional pool in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section until such arrearage is satisfied.
- (b) (i) Payments by or on behalf of general hospitals to the bad debt and charity care and capital statewide pool of funds due from the assessments pursuant to subdivision eighteen of this section shall be made on a time schedule established by the council, subject to the approval of the commissioner, by regulation; provided, however, that estimated payments of amounts due for patients discharged in a calendar month commencing on or after October first, nineteen hundred ninety-one must be made within sixty days of the end of each month unless payments

of actual amounts due for such calendar months have been made within such sixty day time period. Upon receipt of notification from the commissioner, the comptroller, or a fiscal intermediary designated by the director of the budget, or a corporation organized and operating in accordance with article forty-three of the insurance law or an organization operating in accordance with article forty-four of this chapter shall withhold from the amount of any payment to be made by the state or such article forty-three corporation or article forty-four organization to a general hospital the amount of any arrearage resulting from such general hospital's failure to make a timely payment to the bad debt and charity care and capital statewide pool of funds due from the assessments. Upon withholding such amount, the comptroller, or a designated fiscal intermediary, or a corporation organized and operating in accordance with article forty-three of the insurance law or an organization operating in accordance with article forty-four of this chapter shall pay the commissioner, or his designee, such amount withheld for deposit into the applicable pool. Any general hospital in arrears resulting from failure to make a timely payment to the bad debt and charity care and capital statewide pool shall not be eligible for a distribution from the bad debt and charity care regional pools in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section or the bad debt and charity care and capital statewide pool in accordance with subdivision nineteen of this section until such arrearage is satisfied.

- (ii) For periods on and after January first, two thousand five, reports submitted by general hospitals to implement the assessment set forth in subdivision eighteen of this section shall be submitted electronically in a form as may be required by the commissioner; provided, however, general hospitals are not prohibited from submitting reports electronically on a voluntary basis prior to such date, and provided further, however, that all such electronic submissions submitted on and after July first, two thousand twelve shall be verified with an electronic signature as prescribed by the commissioner.
- (c) (i) Interest shall be due and payable to the commissioner by a general hospital or by a payor paying directly to a pool on the difference between the amount paid to a pool and the amount due to such pool by the hospital or payor from the day of the month the payment was due until the date of payment. The rate of interest shall be twelve percent per annum or at the rate of interest set by the commissioner of taxation and finance with respect to underpayments of tax pursuant to subsection (e) of section one thousand ninety-six of the tax law minus four percentage points. Interest under this paragraph shall not be paid if the amount thereof is less than one dollar. Interest may be collected by the commissioner in the same manner as an arrearage pursuant to this subdivision.
- (ii) If a payment by a general hospital or by a payor paying directly to a pool is less than seventy percent of the amount due to such pool by the hospital or payor, a penalty shall be due and payable to the commissioner by the hospital or payor of five percent of the difference between the amount paid to the pool and the amount due to such pool when the failure to pay is for a duration of not more than one month after the due date of the payment with an additional five percent for each additional month or fraction thereof during which such failure continues, not exceeding twenty-five percent in the aggregate. A penalty may be collected by the commissioner in the same manner as an arrearage pursuant to this subdivision.
- 21. Maximum distributions. (a) No general hospital may receive in total from the distributions made in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision fourteen-c, paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision seventeen

and paragraphs (c), (d) and (e) of subdivision nineteen of this section an amount which exceeds its need for financing losses related to bad debts and the costs of charity care as defined in paragraph (b) of subdivision fourteen of this section.

- * (b)(i) No public general hospital may receive in total from disproportionate share payment distributions made in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section and adjustments in accordance with subdivisions fourteen-a and fourteen-d of this section for the period April first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-four or for annual rate periods beginning on January first on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six, or made in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article and adjustments in accordance with subdivision fourteen-f of this section for annual periods beginning on January first on and after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and on and after January first, two thousand an amount which exceeds the costs incurred during such period of furnishing inpatient and ambulatory hospital services, net of medical assistance payments pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law, other than disproportionate share payments pursuant to subdivision twenty-six of this section or subdivision thirteen of section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article, and payments by uninsured patients, by the hospital to individuals who either are eligible for medical assistance pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law or have no health insurance or other source of third party coverage; provided, however, that the commissioner shall make such increase to such maximum or to the manner in which the limitation on disproportionate share payments is applied as shall increase the maximum limit for a period or part of a period as authorized by federal law or regulation or the secretary of the department of health and human services for purposes of federal financial participation pursuant to title XIX of the federal social security act. For purposes of this paragraph, payments to a general hospital for services provided to indigent patients made by the state or a unit of local government within the state shall not be considered to be a source of third party
- (ii) Reductions pursuant to this paragraph shall be made in the following sequence:
- (A) for periods through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six, adjustments in accordance with subdivision fourteen-d of this section; adjustments in accordance with subdivision fourteen-a of this section; and distributions in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section, and
- (B) for periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and on and after January first, two thousand, adjustments in accordance with subdivision fourteen-f of this section; and distributions in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article.
- (iii) (A) In the event a reduction pursuant to subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this paragraph is effective for distributions in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section for a general hospital, such general hospital shall receive a supplementary distribution not as a disproportionate share payment and not subject to federal financial participation from funds available pursuant to subdivision seventeen of this section for periods through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six equal to one-half of such reduction.

- (B) In the event a reduction pursuant to subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this paragraph is effective for distributions in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article for a general hospital, such general hospital shall receive a supplementary distribution not as a disproportionate share payment and not subject to federal financial participation from funds available pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article for periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and on and after January first, two thousand equal to one-half of such reduction.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (b)(i) No public general hospital may receive in total from disproportionate share payment distributions made in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section and adjustments in accordance with subdivisions fourteen-a and fourteen-d of this section for the period April first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-four or for annual rate periods beginning on January first on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six, or made in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article and adjustments in accordance with subdivision fourteen-f of this section for annual periods beginning on January first on and after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine an amount which exceeds the costs incurred during such period of furnishing inpatient and ambulatory hospital services, net of medical assistance payments pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law, other than disproportionate share payments pursuant to subdivision twenty-six of this section or subdivision thirteen of section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article, and payments by uninsured patients, by the hospital to individuals who either are eligible for medical assistance pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law or have no health insurance or other source of third party coverage; provided, however, that the commissioner shall make such increase to such maximum or to the manner in which the limitation on disproportionate share payments is applied as shall increase the maximum limit for a period or part of a period as authorized by federal law or regulation or the secretary of the department of health and human services for purposes of federal financial participation pursuant to title XIX of the federal social security act. For purposes of this paragraph, payments to a general hospital for services provided to indigent patients made by the state or a unit of local government within the state shall not be considered to be a source of third party payment.
- (ii) Reductions pursuant to this paragraph shall be made in the following sequence:
- (A) for periods through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six, adjustments in accordance with subdivision fourteen-d of this section; adjustments in accordance with subdivision fourteen-a of this section; and distributions in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section, and
- (B) for periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, adjustments in accordance with subdivision fourteen-f of this section; and distributions in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article.
- (iii) (A) In the event a reduction pursuant to subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this paragraph is effective for distributions in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section for a general hospital, such

general hospital shall receive a supplementary distribution not as a disproportionate share payment and not subject to federal financial participation from funds available pursuant to subdivision seventeen of this section for periods through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six.

- (B) In the event a reduction pursuant to subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this paragraph is effective for distributions in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article for a general hospital, such general hospital shall receive a supplementary distribution not as a disproportionate share payment and not subject to federal financial participation from funds available pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article for periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine equal to one-half of such reduction.
 - * NB Effective and expires December 31, 2020
- * (b) (i) No public general hospital may receive in total from disproportionate share payment distributions made in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section and adjustments in accordance with subdivisions fourteen-a and fourteen-d of this section for the period April first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-four or for annual rate period beginning on January first on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-five an amount which exceeds the costs incurred during such period of furnishing inpatient and ambulatory hospital services, net of medical assistance payments pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law, other than disproportionate share payments pursuant to subdivision twenty-six of this section, and payments by uninsured patients, by the hospital to individuals who either are eligible for medical assistance pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law or have no health insurance or other source of third party coverage; provided, however, that the commissioner shall make such increase to such maximum or to the manner in which the limitation on disproportionate share payments is applied as shall increase the maximum limit for a period or part of a period as authorized by federal law or regulation or the secretary of the department of health and human services for purposes of federal financial participation pursuant to title XIX of the federal social security act. For purposes of this paragraph, payments to a general hospital for services provided to indigent patients made by the state or a unit of local government within the state shall not be considered to be a source of third party payment.
- (ii) Reductions pursuant to this paragraph shall be made in the following sequence: adjustments in accordance with subdivision fourteend of this section; adjustments in accordance with subdivision fourteend of this section; and distributions in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section.
- (iii) In the event a reduction pursuant to subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this paragraph is effective for distributions in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section for a general hospital, such general hospital shall receive a supplementary distribution not as a disproportionate share payment and not subject to federal financial participation from funds available pursuant to subdivision seventeen of this section equal to one-half of such reduction.
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- * (c)(i) No general hospital other than a public general hospital may receive in total from disproportionate share payment distributions made in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision fourteen-c, subdivision seventeen and paragraphs (c) and (d) of subdivision nineteen of this section and adjustments in accordance with subdivision fourteen-d of

this section for the period April first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five or for the annual rate period beginning on January first, nineteen hundred ninetysix through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six, or made in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article for annual periods beginning on January first on and after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and on and after January first, two thousand an amount which exceeds the costs incurred during such period of furnishing inpatient and ambulatory hospital services, net of medical assistance payments pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law, other than disproportionate share payments pursuant to subdivision twenty-six of this section or subdivision thirteen of section twentyeight hundred seven-k of this article, and payments by uninsured patients, by the hospital to individuals who either are eligible for medical assistance pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law or have no health insurance or other source of third party coverage; provided, however, that the commissioner shall make such modifications to the manner in which the limitation on disproportionate share payments is applied to such hospitals as shall increase the maximum limit for a period or part of a period as authorized by federal law or regulation or the secretary of the department of health and human services for purposes of federal financial participation pursuant to title XIX of the federal social security act. For purposes of this paragraph, payments to a general hospital for services provided to indigent patients made by the state or a unit of local government within the state shall not be considered to be a source of third party payment.

- (ii)(A) Reductions pursuant to this paragraph for periods through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six shall be made in the following sequence for general hospitals other than financially distressed hospitals: adjustments in accordance with subdivision fourteen-d of this section; and distributions in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section.
- (B) Reductions pursuant to this paragraph for periods through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six shall be made in the following sequence for general hospitals designated as financially distressed hospitals: distributions in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision fourteen-c of this section; distributions in accordance with paragraphs (c) and (d) of subdivision nineteen of this section; and distributions in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section.
- (C) Reductions pursuant to this paragraph for periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and on and after January first, two thousand, shall be made from distributions in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article.
- (iii) (A) In the event a reduction pursuant to subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this paragraph is effective for distributions in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision fourteen-c of this section, paragraph (c) or (d) of subdivision nineteen of this section, subdivision fourteen-d of this section or subdivision seventeen of this section for a general hospital, such general hospital shall receive a supplementary distribution not as a disproportionate share payment and not subject to federal financial participation from funds available pursuant to such subdivisions equal to one-half of such reduction for periods through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six.
- (B) In the event a reduction pursuant to subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this paragraph is effective for distributions in accordance with section

twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article for a general hospital, such general hospital shall receive a supplementary distribution not as a disproportionate share payment and not subject to federal financial participation from funds available pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article for periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and on and after January first, two thousand equal to one-half of such reduction.

- * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (c)(i) No general hospital other than a public general hospital may receive in total from disproportionate share payment distributions made in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision fourteen-c, subdivision seventeen and paragraphs (c) and (d) of subdivision nineteen of this section and adjustments in accordance with subdivision fourteen-d of this section for the period April first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five or for the annual rate period beginning on January first, nineteen hundred ninetysix through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six, or made in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-kof this article for annual periods beginning on January first on and after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine an amount which exceeds the costs incurred during such period of furnishing inpatient and ambulatory hospital services, net of medical assistance payments pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law, other than disproportionate share payments pursuant to subdivision twenty-six of this section or subdivision thirteen of section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article, and payments by uninsured patients, by the hospital to individuals who either are eligible for medical assistance pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law or have no health insurance or other source of third party coverage; provided, however, that the commissioner shall make such modifications to the manner in which the limitation on disproportionate share payments is applied to such hospitals as shall increase the maximum limit for a period or part of a period as authorized by federal law or regulation or the secretary of the department of health and human services for purposes of federal financial participation pursuant to title XIX of the federal social security act. For purposes of this paragraph, payments to a general hospital for services provided to indigent patients made by the state or a unit of local government within the state shall not be considered to be a source of third party payment.
- (ii)(A) Reductions pursuant to this paragraph for periods through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six shall be made in the following sequence for general hospitals other than financially distressed hospitals: adjustments in accordance with subdivision fourteen-d of this section; and distributions in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section.
- (B) Reductions pursuant to this paragraph for periods through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six shall be made in the following sequence for general hospitals designated as financially distressed hospitals: distributions in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision fourteen-c of this section; distributions in accordance with paragraphs (c) and (d) of subdivision nineteen of this section; and distributions in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section.
- (C) Reductions pursuant to this paragraph for periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, shall be made from

distributions in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article.

- (iii) (A) In the event a reduction pursuant to subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this paragraph is effective for distributions in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision fourteen-c of this section, paragraph (c) or (d) of subdivision nineteen of this section, subdivision fourteen-d of this section or subdivision seventeen of this section for a general hospital, such general hospital shall receive a supplementary distribution not as a disproportionate share payment and not subject to federal financial participation from funds available pursuant to such subdivisions equal to one-half of such reduction for periods through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six.
- (B) In the event a reduction pursuant to subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this paragraph is effective for distributions in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article for a general hospital, such general hospital shall receive a supplementary distribution not as a disproportionate share payment and not subject to federal financial participation from funds available pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article for periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine equal to one-half of such reduction.
 - * NB Effective and expires December 31, 2020
- * (c) (i) No general hospital other than a public general hospital may receive in total from disproportionate share payment distributions made in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision fourteen-c, subdivision seventeen and paragraphs (c) and (d) of subdivision nineteen of this section and adjustments in accordance with subdivision fourteen-d of for the period April first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five or for the rate period beginning on January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six an amount which exceeds the costs incurred during such period of furnishing inpatient and ambulatory hospital services, net of medical assistance payments pursuant totitle eleven of article five of the social services law, other than disproportionate share payments pursuant to subdivision twenty-six of this section, and payments by uninsured patients, by the hospital to individuals who either are eligible for medical assistance pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law or have no health insurance or other source of third party coverage; provided, however, that the commissioner shall make such modifications to the manner in which the limitation on disproportionate share payments is applied to such hospitals as shall increase the maximum limit for a period or part of a period as authorized by federal law or regulation or the secretary of the department of health and human services for purposes of federal financial participation pursuant to title XIX of the federal social security act. For purposes of this paragraph, payments to a general hospital for services provided to indigent patients made by the state or a unit of local government within the state shall not be considered to be a source of third party payment.
- (ii)(A) Reductions pursuant to this paragraph shall be made in the following sequence for general hospitals other than financially distressed hospitals: adjustments in accordance with subdivision fourteen-d of this section; and distributions in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section.
- (B) Reductions pursuant to this paragraph shall be made in the following sequence for general hospitals designated as financially distressed hospitals: distributions in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision fourteen-c of this section; distributions in accordance with

paragraphs (c) and (d) of subdivision nineteen of this section; and distributions in accordance with subdivision seventeen of this section.

- (iii) In the event a reduction pursuant to subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this paragraph is effective for distributions in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision fourteen-c of this section, paragraph (c) or (d) of subdivision nineteen of this section, subdivision fourteen-d of this section or subdivision seventeen of this section for a general hospital, such general hospital shall receive a supplementary distribution not as a disproportionate share payment and not subject to federal financial participation from funds available pursuant to such subdivisions equal to one-half of such reduction.
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- * (d)(i) Commencing April first, nineteen hundred ninety-four, no general hospital may be eligible to receive disproportionate share payments determined in accordance with subdivision twenty-six of this section through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six or in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article for periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and on and after January first, two thousand unless the hospital has an inpatient utilization rate for patients eligible for payments pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law eligible for federal financial participation pursuant to title nineteen of the federal social security act of not less than one percent.
- (ii) In the event a general hospital is disqualified pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph from receiving disproportionate share payments for a period, such general hospital shall receive distributions not as disproportionate share payments and not subject to federal financial participation from funds available pursuant to subdivision seventeen of this section for periods through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six, and pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article for periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and on and after January first, two thousand equal to one-half of the distributions for which such general hospital would have been qualified pursuant to subdivision seventeen of this section for periods through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six, and pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article for periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and on and after January first, two thousand without consideration of subparagraph (i) of this paragraph.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (d)(i) Commencing April first, nineteen hundred ninety-four, no general hospital may be eligible to receive disproportionate share payments determined in accordance with subdivision twenty-six of this section through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six or in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article for periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine unless the hospital has an inpatient utilization rate for patients eligible for payments pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law eligible for federal financial participation pursuant to title nineteen of the federal social security act of not less than one percent.
- (ii) In the event a general hospital is disqualified pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph from receiving disproportionate share payments for a period, such general hospital shall receive distributions

not as disproportionate share payments and not subject to federal financial participation from funds available pursuant to subdivision seventeen of this section for periods through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six, and pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article for periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine equal to one-half of the distributions for which such general hospital would have been qualified pursuant to subdivision seventeen of this section for periods through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six, and pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article for periods during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine without consideration of subparagraph (i) of this paragraph.

- * NB Effective and expires December 31, 2020
- * (d)(i) Commencing April first, nineteen hundred ninety-four, no general hospital may be eligible to receive disproportionate share payments determined in accordance with subdivision twenty-six of this section unless the hospital has an inpatient utilization rate for patients eligible for payments pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law eligible for federal financial participation pursuant to title nineteen of the federal social security act of not less than one percent.
- (ii) In the event a general hospital is disqualified pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph from receiving disproportionate share payments for a period, such general hospital shall receive distributions not as disproportionate share payments and not subject to federal financial participation from funds available pursuant to subdivision seventeen of this section equal to one-half of the distributions for which such general hospital would have been qualified pursuant to subdivision seventeen of this section without consideration of subparagraph (i) of this paragraph.
 - * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- * (e) For purposes of calculations pursuant to paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subdivision of maximum disproportionate share payment distributions for a year or part thereof, costs incurred of furnishing hospital services net of medical assistance payments, other than disproportionate share payments, and payments by uninsured patients shall be determined initially based on base year data and statistics for the base year two years immediately preceding the year projected to the year by the trend factor determined in accordance with subdivision ten of this section and shall be subsequently revised to reflect actual period data and statistics. For purposes of calculations pursuant to paragraph (d) of this subdivision of eligibility to receive disproportionate share payments for a year or part thereof, the hospital inpatient utilization rate shall be determined based on base year statistics in accordance with a methodology established by the commissioner, and costs incurred of furnishing hospital services shall be determined in accordance with a methodology established by the commissioner consistent with requirements of the secretary of the department of health and human services for purposes of federal financial participation pursuant to title XIX of the federal social security act in disproportionate share payments.
 - * NB Effective until December 31, 2020
- * (e) For purposes of calculations pursuant to paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subdivision of maximum disproportionate share payment distributions for a rate year or part thereof, costs incurred of furnishing hospital services net of medical assistance payments, other

than disproportionate share payments, and payments by uninsured patients shall be determined initially based on base year data and statistics for the base year two years immediately preceding the rate year projected to the rate year by the trend factor determined in accordance with subdivision ten of this section and shall be subsequently revised to reflect actual rate period data and statistics. For purposes of calculations pursuant to paragraph (d) of this subdivision of eligibility to receive disproportionate share payments for a rate year or part thereof, the hospital inpatient utilization rate shall be determined based on base year statistics in accordance with a methodology established by the commissioner, and costs incurred of furnishing hospital services shall be determined in accordance with a methodology established by the commissioner consistent with requirements of the secretary of the department of health and human services for purposes of federal financial participation pursuant to title XIX of the federal social security act in disproportionate share payments.

- * NB Effective December 31, 2020
- (e-1) For periods on and after January first, two thousand eleven, for purposes of calculations pursuant to paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subdivision of maximum disproportionate share payment distributions for a rate year or part thereof, costs incurred of furnishing hospital services net of medical assistance payments, other than disproportionate share payments, and payments by uninsured patients shall for the two thousand eleven calendar year, shall be determined initially based on each hospital's submission of a fully completed two thousand eight disproportionate share hospital data collection tool, which is required to be submitted to the department by March thirty-first, two thousand eleven, and shall be subsequently revised to reflect each hospital's submission of a fully completed two thousand nine disproportionate share hospital data collection tool, which is required to be submitted to the department by October first, two thousand eleven.

For calendar years on and after two thousand twelve, such initial determinations shall reflect submission of data as required by the commissioner on a specified date. All such initial determinations shall subsequently be revised to reflect actual rate period data and statistics. Indigent care payments will be withheld in instances when a hospital has not submitted required information by the due dates prescribed in this paragraph, provided, however, that such payments shall be made upon submission of such required data. For purposes of calculations pursuant to paragraph (d) of this subdivision eligibility to receive disproportionate share payments for a rate year or part thereof, the hospital inpatient utilization rate shall be determined based on the base year statistics in accordance with the methodology established by the commissioner, and costs incurred of furnishing hospital services shall be determined in accordance with a methodology established by the commissioner consistent with requirements of the secretary of the department of health and human services for purposes of federal financial participation pursuant to the title XIX of the federal social security act in disproportionate share payments.

- (f) The commissioner may recover any amounts paid in excess of maximum permissible distributions and adjustments determined pursuant to this subdivision by retroactive adjustment and recoupment from payments made for beneficiaries eligible for payments pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law.
- (g) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this subdivision, the provision of subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (b), subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (c) or subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (d) of this subdivision shall be of no force and effect and shall be deemed to have

been null and void as of January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four in the event the secretary of the department of health and human services determines that distributions based on such provisions would render a health care related tax on general hospitals an impermissible health care related tax for purposes of the federal medicaid voluntary contribution and provider specific tax amendments of nineteen hundred ninety-one for purposes of such health care related tax receipts reducing the amount deemed expended by the state as medical assistance for purposes of federal financial participation.

- 22. Undistributed funds. Any funds, including income from invested funds, remaining in the bad debt and charity care and capital statewide pool after distributions in accordance with paragraphs (a), (b), (b-1), (c), (d), (e) and (f) of subdivision nineteen of this section shall be distributed proportionately to voluntary non-profit, private proprietary and public general hospitals, excluding major public general hospitals, on the basis of hospital specific assessments submitted to the pool.
- 23. Reimbursement rates. The assessments pursuant to subdivision eighteen of this section shall not be an allowable cost in the determination of general hospital inpatient reimbursement rates in accordance with this section and section twenty-eight hundred seven of this article.
- 24. Federal financial participation. The council may adopt rules and regulations, subject to the approval of the commissioner, to adjust rates of payment by governmental agencies for general hospital inpatient services determined in accordance with this section as necessary to meet federal requirements for securing federal financial participation pursuant to title XIX of the federal social security act in the event the state cannot provide assurances satisfactory to the secretary of health and human services related to a comparison of rates of payment in the aggregate to maximum aggregate payments determined in accordance with federal law and regulation which are substantially the same as such assurances as in effect on October twenty-sixth, nineteen hundred eighty-seven for securing such federal financial participation. Notwithstanding any other law, the state reserves the right to recoup any payments by governmental agencies for general hospital inpatient services authorized by this section for which federal financial participation has been denied in connection with that determination by the department of health and human services.
- 25. Medical education expenses. (a) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section, to encourage the training of more primary care physicians, for annual rate periods beginning on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-two, indirect medical education expenses, as defined in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section, of a general hospital included in the determination of the operating cost component of general hospital rates of payment for a rate period in accordance with subdivisions six and seven of this section or in accordance with paragraph (e), (g) or (i) of subdivision four of this section for general hospitals or distinct units of general hospitals not reimbursed on the basis of case based payments per discharge shall be adjusted to reflect the following modifications:
- (i) the calculation of interns and residents to bed ratios for purposes of determining indirect reimbursement shall include residents in non-hospital ambulatory settings. The sum in total for all general hospitals of the indirect medical education expenses shall equal the sum in total for each general hospital determined as if the provisions of this section were applied without consideration of residents in non-hospital ambulatory settings; and

(ii) for annual rate periods beginning on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-two, residencies shall be weighted to provide higher weights for primary care and emergency medicine physicians. Primary care residents specialties shall include family medicine, general pediatrics, primary care internal medicine and primary care obstetrics and gynecology. In determining whether a residency is in primary care, the commissioner shall consult with the New York state council on graduate medical education and the state hospital review and planning council. Reimbursable indirect expenses of medical education of a general hospital for a rate period shall be weighted based on projected medical education statistics for such general hospital for such rate period, and subsequently reconciled through appropriate audit procedures to actual statistics by a prospective adjustment to rates of payment. The weighting factors shall be determined based on nineteen hundred ninety data and statistics and shall include residents identified in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph not previously included in such calculations such that the sum in total for all general hospitals of the results of the weighting factors multiplied by the indirect medical education expenses for each general hospital shall equal, approximately, the sum in total for all general hospitals of the indirect medical education expenses for each general hospital determined as provisions of this section were applied without consideration of the weighting factors or residents in non-hospital ambulatory determined pursuant to this subdivision. Residency positions in any specialty shall be weighted to equal no less than nine-tenths of what such position would have equaled if reimbursement were to have been calculated without regard to the weighting factors. If a general hospital is reimbursed by this provision in excess of the amount such hospital would have been reimbursed without regard to the weighting factors, such general hospital shall apply such additional funds to encourage the training of primary care physicians. The provisions of this subparagraph shall not apply to those four specialty eye and ear, special surgery and orthopedic and joint disease hospitals, specified by the commissioner, whose primary mission is to engage in research, training, and clinical care in the above-named areas.

- (b) Hospitals shall furnish to the department such reports and information as may be required by the commissioner to assess the cost, quality and health system needs for medical education provided.
- (c) For purposes of determining how such weighting factors have resulted in the increased training of physicians in primary care specialties, the council on graduate medical education shall prepare a report on or before March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five. Such report shall include, but shall not be limited to: an evaluation of the effectiveness such weighting factors have had on the number of residents matched in primary care specialties; the degree to which such weighting factors have impacted general hospitals to redirect their residency programs toward training primary care physicians; and the impact such weighting factors have had on graduate medical education within general hospitals. Such report shall also include recommendations to the governor and the legislature on the continuation, expiration or modification of such weighting factors.
- (d) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section and subject to the availability of federal financial participation:
- (i) For periods on and after April first, two thousand four, the commissioner shall adjust inpatient medical assistance rates of payment established pursuant to this section, including discrete rates of payment calculated pursuant to paragraph a-three of subdivision one of this section, for non-public general hospitals, and for periods on and

after April first, two thousand seven, for public and non-public general hospitals, in accordance with subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, for purposes of reimbursing graduate medical education costs based on the following methodology:

- (ii) Rate adjustments for each general hospital shall be based on the difference between the graduate medical education component, direct and indirect, of the two thousand three medical assistance inpatient rates of payment, including exempt unit per diem rates, and an estimate of what the graduate medical education component, direct and indirect, of such medical assistance inpatient rates of payment, including exempt unit per diem rates would be, stated at two thousand three levels and calculated as follows:
- (A) Each general hospital's total direct medical education costs as reported in the two thousand one institutional cost report submitted as of December thirty-first, two thousand three, and
- (B) An estimate of the total indirect medical education costs for two thousand one calculated in accordance with the methodology applicable for purposes of determining an estimate of indirect medical education costs pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (c) of subdivision seven of this section. The indirect medical education costs shall equal the product of two thousand one hospital specific inpatient operating costs, including exempt unit costs, and the indirect teaching cost percentage determined by the following formula:
 - $1-(1/(1+1.89(((1+r)^{1.405})-1)))$

where r equals the ratio of residents and fellows to beds for two thousand one adjusted to reflect the projected two thousand three resident counts.

- (C) Each hospital's rate adjustment shall be limited to seventy-five percent of the graduate medical education component included in its two thousand three medical assistance inpatient rates of payment, including exempt unit rates. For periods on and after April first, two thousand seven, the seventy-five percent limit shall not apply to rate decreases calculated pursuant to this paragraph.
- (D) For the period April first, two thousand four through March thirty-first, two thousand seven, no hospital shall receive a rate adjustment pursuant to this paragraph if such rate adjustment would be a negative amount. For periods on and after April first, two thousand seven, no public general hospital shall receive a rate increase calculated pursuant to this paragraph.
- (iii) If the aggregate amount of rate adjustments calculated pursuant to this paragraph exceeds the upper payment limit calculated pursuant to federal regulations, such rate adjustments shall be reduced proportionally by the amount in excess of the federal upper payment limit. Such reduction, if applicable, shall be calculated on an annual basis.
- (iv) Such rate adjustment shall be included as an add-on to medical assistance inpatient rates of payment, excluding exempt unit rates, but including inpatient rates of payment established in accordance with paragraph a-three of subdivision one of this section. Such rate add-on shall be based on medical assistance data reported in each hospital's annual cost report submitted for the period two years prior to the rate year and filed with the department by November first of the year prior to the rate year. Such amounts shall not be reconciled to reflect changes in medical assistance utilization between the year two years prior to the rate year and the rate year.
- (e) From amounts available pursuant to paragraph (oo) of subdivision one of section twenty-eight hundred seven-v of this article, allocations shall be made to non-public general hospitals receiving a rate

adjustment pursuant to paragraph (d) of this subdivision when the rate adjustment pursuant to paragraph (d) of this subdivision results in the general hospital exceeding its applicable disproportionate share payment limit in the year in which the adjustment is made and the amount of the associated reduction in the hospital's disproportionate share payments would result in the hospital receiving less than its total distribution amount in that year. A hospital's "total distribution amount" shall be the amount that the hospital would have received pursuant to paragraphs (c) and (d) of subdivision three of section twenty-eight hundred seven-m of this article prior to the effective date of this paragraph. A hospital's eligible loss for purposes of this paragraph shall be the amount of the loss in such total distribution amount. Each eligible hospital's allocation of available funds pursuant to this paragraph within a year shall be determined based on its proportionate share of the aggregate eligible losses for all such hospitals, limited by the amount of the rate adjustment pursuant to paragraph (d) of this subdivision.

- 26. Disproportionate share payments. Distributions to general hospitals from bad debt and charity care regional pools pursuant to subdivision seventeen of this section, distributions to general hospitals from the bad debt and charity care and capital statewide pool pursuant to paragraphs (c) and (d) of subdivision nineteen of this section, distributions to general hospitals from the bad debt and charity care for financially distressed hospitals statewide pool pursuant to subdivision fourteen-c of this section and the adjustment provided in accordance with subdivision fourteen-a of this section and the adjustment provided in accordance with subdivision fourteen-d of this section shall be considered disproportionate share payments for inpatient hospital services to general hospitals disproportionate number of low income patients with special needs for purposes of providing assurances to the secretary of health and human services as necessary to meet federal requirements for securing federal financial participation pursuant to title XIX of the federal social security act.
- 27. Reports. (a) The commissioner of health shall submit a report to the legislature and the council on health care financing on or before February first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight detailing the objective, impact, design and computation for an inpatient pricing component. In terms of the design and computation for a pricing system such report shall include but not be limited to: a description and methodology for developing peer groups, identification of costs included in the calculation of a group average and any adjustments made to such costs, the methodology developed to reflect outliers, any teaching or disproportionate share adjustments made, the calculation of wage and power equalization factors, and identification of any adjustments made to the service intensity weights or diagnosis-related group categories. The commissioner shall explore methodologies for the inclusion of severity of illness considerations in determining group average costs and rates and shall include all details of his analysis in the report required under this subparagraph. If it is determined that a severity of illness adjustment cannot be developed for incorporation in the computations, the report filed shall include the specific reasons for this conclusion. With regard to a fiscal impact analysis such report shall include but not be limited to the impact on major types of general hospitals including rural, urban, teaching, non-teaching, plus a regional analysis; and should indicate any characteristics which can be observed regarding general hospitals which would be significantly impacted by the introduction of a pricing component. The commissioner

shall expeditiously make available for inspection by interested parties pertinent data used in the development of the inpatient pricing component consistent with appropriate department procedures for the release and protection of confidential data.

- (b) The commissioner shall submit a report to the governor and the legislature on or before February first, nineteen hundred ninety-five regarding the objective, impact, design and implementation of the case based payment system for inpatient hospital services based on diagnosisrelated groups created pursuant to this section including, in particular, an analysis of the group price component of case based rates of payment and the appropriateness and effectiveness of the provisions relating to financing of uncompensated care. The reports shall include but not be limited to a fiscal impact analysis of the impact of the case based payment system on major types of general hospitals including rural, urban, teaching and non-teaching, plus a regional analysis. Such reports shall evaluate the impact of the case based payment system on general hospital inpatient medical and clinical care and the quality of hospital The reports shall also include recommendations continuation or modification of the case based payment system for inpatient hospital services provided on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six.
- (c) The commissioner shall report to the governor and the legislature on or before December first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight with a plan relating to the structure and financing of graduate medical education. Such plan shall include an evaluation of and recommendations for graduate medical education with respect to health services delivery and educational goals including but not limited to the following: appropriate supply and distribution of primary care providers by geographic area; adequate supply and distribution of medical specialists according to projected population needs; educational opportunities representative of current and future practice settings; the impact of such plan on health care delivery in currently underserved and rural areas; and reimbursement changes to effectuate the recommendations included in the plan. Such plan shall be developed with substantial participation by the department of education, the medical schools, residency training programs, health systems agencies, health care institutions, and physicians.
 - ** NB Inadvertently omitted from 731/93 amendment
 - * 28. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section:
- (a) the commissioner may adjust, on a per unit of service basis, general hospital inpatient services rates of payment established pursuant to this section as in effect on and before December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six prospectively as an additional factor to be paid, including the impact of payment differentials as were in effect pursuant to this section, in addition to, or as a reduction to, any hospital charges or negotiated rate (the adjustment may not be negotiated by the payor); including, but not limited to, capital related inpatient expenses reconciliation adjustments pursuant to subdivision eight of this section, rate adjustments for corrections, appeals and volume changes pursuant to subdivision nine of this section, rate adjustments to reflect trend factor adjustments pursuant to subdivision ten of this section, maximum case mix change adjustments pursuant to paragraph (f) of subdivision eleven of this section, and adjustments based on audits;
- (b) the allowances percentages established pursuant to this article in effect for a rate period shall be applied to hospital charges or negotiated rates plus the prospectively adjusted payment of rates of

payment of a general hospital in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subdivision;

- (c) no recalculation of the basis for distribution of funds from regional or statewide pools established pursuant to this section shall be made based on the impact of a prospective adjustment to rates of payment authorized pursuant to this subdivision; and
- (d) prospective rate adjustments authorized pursuant to this subdivision for a general hospital based on appeals approved after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight shall be included in rates of payment as a one hundred percent facility specific adjustment and shall not affect the calculation of the group category average inpatient reimbursable operating cost per discharge for such retrospective period for any other general hospital.
 - * NB Expires December 31, 2020
- * 29. Coinsurance and deductibles. (a) If a general hospital and a third-party payor agree to a negotiated payment methodology for a period on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven that is based on a discount from hospital charges, such discount shall apply to the calculation of the charge basis for deductible and coinsurance amounts for such period owed for any patient covered by such third-party payor as the primary payor.
- (b) If a general hospital and a third-party payor agree to a negotiated payment methodology for a period on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven that is not based on a discount from hospital charges, excluding capitation arrangements, the maximum amount to be charged for deductible and coinsurance amounts for such period for any patient covered by such third-party payor as the primary payor shall not exceed the amount calculated by applying the deductible and coinsurance amounts to the amount due on the basis of such negotiated payment arrangement.
 - * NB Expires December 31, 2020
- 30. General hospital recruitment and retention of health care workers. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section and subject to the availability of federal financial participation:
- (a) (i) The commissioner shall adjust inpatient medical assistance rates of payment established pursuant to this section for non-public general hospitals in accordance with subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph for purposes of recruitment and retention of health care workers in the following aggregate amounts for the following periods:
- (A) ninety-three million two hundred thousand dollars on an annualized basis for the period April first, two thousand two through December thirty-first, two thousand two; one hundred eighty-seven million eight hundred thousand dollars on an annualized basis for the period January first, two thousand three through December thirty-first, two thousand three; two hundred sixty-two million one hundred thousand dollars on an annualized basis for the period January first, two thousand four through December thirty-first, two thousand six; one hundred thirty-one million one hundred thousand dollars for the period January first, two thousand seven through June thirtieth, two thousand seven, and two hundred fortythree million five hundred thousand dollars for the period July first, two thousand seven through March thirty-first, two thousand eight, two hundred forty-three million five hundred thousand dollars for the period April first, two thousand eight through March thirty-first, two thousand nine; one hundred sixty-three million one hundred forty-five thousand dollars for the period April first, two thousand nine through November thirtieth, two thousand nine.
- (ii) Such increases shall be allocated proportionally based on each non-public general hospital's reported total gross salary and fringe

benefit costs as reported on exhibit 11 of the 1999 institutional cost report submitted as of November first, two thousand one to the total of such reported costs for all non-public general hospitals, provided, however, that for periods on and after July first, two thousand seven, fifty percent of such increases shall be allocated proportionally, based on each non-public hospital's reported total gross salary and fringe benefit costs, as reported on exhibit 11 of the nineteen hundred ninetynine institutional cost report as submitted to the department prior to November first, two thousand one, to the total of such reported costs for all non-public general hospitals, and fifty percent of such increases shall be allocated proportionally, based on each such hospital's total reported medicaid inpatient discharges, as reported in the two thousand four institutional cost report as submitted to the department prior to November first, two thousand six, to the total of such reported medicaid inpatient discharges for all non-public general hospitals, as weighted proportionally to reflect the relative medicaid case mix of each such hospital. These amounts shall be included as a reimbursable cost add-on to medical assistance inpatient rates of payment established pursuant to this section for non-public general hospitals based on medical assistance utilization data in each hospital's annual cost report submitted two years prior to the rate year. Such amounts shall be reconciled to reflect changes in medical assistance utilization between the year two years prior to the rate year and the rate year based on data reported in each hospital's cost report for the respective rate year. These amounts shall be included as a reimbursable cost add-on to medical assistance inpatient rates of payment established pursuant to this section for non-public general hospitals based on medical assistance utilization data in each facility's annual cost report submitted two years prior to the rate year. For rate adjustments effective May first, two thousand five and thereafter such amounts shall be reconciled to reflect changes in medical assistance utilization between the year two years prior to the rate year and the rate year based upon data reported in each hospital's institutional cost report for the respective rate vear.

- (b) (i) Notwithstanding sections one hundred twelve and one hundred sixty-three of the state finance law and any other inconsistent provision of law, the commissioner shall make grants to public general hospitals without a competitive bid or request for proposal process for purposes of recruitment and retention of health care workers in the following aggregate amounts for the following periods:
- (A) eighteen million five hundred thousand dollars on an annualized basis for the period April first, two thousand two through December thirty-first, two thousand two; thirty-seven million four hundred thousand dollars on an annualized basis for the period January first, two thousand three through December thirty-first, two thousand three; fifty-two million two hundred thousand dollars on an annualized basis for the period January first, two thousand four through December thirty-first, two thousand six; twenty-six million onehundred thousand dollars for the period January first, two thousand seven through June thirtieth, two thousand seven, forty-nine million dollars for the period July first, two thousand seven through March thirty-first, two thousand eight, and forty-nine million dollars for the period April first, two thousand eight through March thirty-first, two thousand nine.
- (ii) Such grants shall be allocated proportionally based on each public general hospital's reported total gross salary and fringe benefit costs as reported on exhibit 11 of the 1999 institutional cost report submitted as of November first, two thousand one to the total of such reported costs for all public general hospitals.

(c) From amounts available pursuant to paragraph (gg) of subdivision one of section twenty-eight hundred seven-v of this article, allocations shall be made to non-public general hospitals whose allocated labor adjustments pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (e) of this subdivision and adjustment pursuant to subdivision thirty-two of this section results in the general hospital exceeding its applicable disproportionate share payment limit. Each such hospital's allocation of available funds pursuant to this paragraph within a year shall be determined based on its proportionate share of the aggregate reduction of federal disproportionate share funding for all such hospitals for the year resulting from the allocated labor adjustments pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (e) of this subdivision and from the adjustment pursuant to subdivision thirty-two of this section.

- (d) General hospitals which have their rates adjusted or receive grants pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision, respectively, shall use such funds for the purpose of recruitment and retention of non-supervisory workers at health care facilities or any worker with direct patient care responsibility and are prohibited from using such funds for any other purpose. Funds under this subdivision are not intended to supplant support provided by a local government. Each such general hospital shall submit, at a time and in a manner to be determined by the commissioner, a written certification attesting that such funds will be used solely for the purpose of recruitment and retention of non-supervisory workers at health care facilities or any worker with direct patient care responsibility. The commissioner is authorized to audit each general hospital to ensure compliance with the written certification required by this paragraph and shall recoup any funds determined to have been used for purposes other than recruitment and retention of non-supervisory workers at health care facilities or any worker with direct patient care responsibility. Such recoupment shall be in addition to applicable penalties under sections twelve and twelve-b of this chapter.
- (e)(i) The commissioner shall adjust inpatient medical assistance rates of payment established pursuant to this section for general hospitals in accordance with subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph and shall establish discrete rates of payment for such hospitals in accordance with subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph, for purposes of additional support of recruitment and retention of health care workers in the following aggregate amounts for the following periods:
- (A) one hundred twenty-one million dollars for the period May first, two thousand five through December thirty-first, two thousand five and one hundred twenty-one million dollars for the period January first, two thousand six through December thirty-first, two thousandsix.
- (ii) Such increases shall be allocated proportionally based on each general hospital's reported gross salary and fringe benefit costs as reported on exhibit 11 of the 1999 institutional cost report submitted as of November first, two thousand one to the total of such reported costs for all general hospitals. These amounts shall be included as a reimbursable cost add-on to medical assistance inpatient rates of payment established pursuant to this section for general hospitals based on medical assistance utilization data in each facility's annual cost report submitted two years prior to the rate year. Such amounts shall be reconciled to reflect changes in medical assistance utilization between the year two years prior to the rate year and the rate year based upon data reported in each hospital's institutional cost report for the respective rate year.
- (iii) The commissioner shall establish, subject to the approval of the director of the budget, discrete rates of payment for general hospitals

for payments under the medical assistance program pursuant to titles eleven and eleven-D of article five of the social services law for persons eligible for medical assistance and family health plus who are enrolled in health maintenance organizations based on the calculation set forth in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph for such general hospitals. If discrete rates of payment under this subparagraph are not established, the commissioner shall adjust the calculation established pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph to account for medical assistance utilization described under this subparagraph for such non-public general hospital.

- (iv) Payment of the non-federal share of the medical assistance payments made pursuant to this paragraph shall be the responsibility of the state and shall not include a local share. Payments made pursuant to this paragraph or pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments to eligible general hospitals.
- (f) In the event that a hospital entitled to an adjustment pursuant to paragraph (a) or (e) of this subdivision closes or otherwise experiences a change in status that eliminates its ability to continue to receive such adjustments, the commissioner shall allocate the amount determined under subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a) and subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (e) of this subdivision for such hospital to hospitals in the immediate region of the closing hospital based upon the remaining hospitals' reported gross salary and fringe benefit costs as reported on exhibit eleven of the two thousand four institutional cost report submitted as of November first, two thousand five to the total of such reported costs for all general hospitals in the region, provided, however, that for periods on and after July first, two thousand seven, such allocations shall be based on such remaining hospitals' reported medicaid inpatient discharges, as reported in the two thousand four institutional cost report submitted to the department prior to November first, two thousand six, to the total of such reported medicaid inpatient discharges for all such remaining hospitals. The commissioner shall define the immediate region as the county or counties within which workers displaced from the closing hospital are likely to seek re-employment.
- 31. Supplemental general hospital recruitment and retention adjustment. (a) Notwithstanding any law, rule or regulation to the contrary, the commissioner shall, within amounts appropriated, and contingent on the availability of federal financial participation, make Medicaid rate adjustments for non-public general hospitals to address extraordinary costs associated with recruitment and retention of non-supervisory workers at health care facilities or any worker with direct patient care responsibility at such general hospitals. Eligible hospitals shall be selected by the commissioner pursuant to a competitive process. Requests for proposals for eligible projects shall be issued by the commissioner.
 - (b) Such eligible projects may include:
- (i) an increase in non-supervisory staff, either facility wide or targeted at a particular area of care or shift;
- (ii) increased training and education of non-supervisory staff, including allowing non-supervisory staff to increase their level of licensure relevant to general hospital care;
 - (iii) efforts to decrease staff turn-over; and
- (iv) other efforts related to the recruitment and retention of nonsupervisory staff or any worker with direct patient care responsibility that will affect the quality of care at such facility.

(c) The commissioner shall consider, in selecting eligible projects, the likelihood that such project will provide needed resources to meet legal commitments for increased labor costs, the financial need of the facility, the existence of a shortage of qualified hospital workers in the geographic area in which the facility is located, the existence of high employee turn-over at the facility and such other matters as the commissioner deems appropriate.

- (d) In implementing rate adjustments authorized under this subdivision, the commissioner shall establish, subject to the approval of the director of the budget, discrete rates of payment for non-public general hospitals for payments under the medical assistance program pursuant to titles eleven and eleven-D of article five of the social services law for persons eligible for medical assistance and family health plus who are enrolled in health maintenance organizations.
- (e) Adjustments to Medicaid rates of payment made pursuant to this section shall not be subject to subsequent adjustment or reconciliation.
- (f) Adjustments to Medicaid rates of payment made pursuant to this section shall not, in aggregate, exceed fifteen million dollars for the period beginning April first, two thousand two and ending December thirty-first, two thousand two and, on an annualized basis, for each annual period thereafter beginning January first, two thousand three and ending December thirty-first, two thousand six, and shall not, in aggregate, exceed seven million five hundred thousand dollars for the period January first, two thousand seven through June thirtieth, two thousand seven.
- 32. Rural hospital supplemental rate adjustment. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section:
- (a) The commissioner shall adjust inpatient medical assistance rates of payment established pursuant to this section for rural hospitals as defined in paragraph (c) of subdivision one of section twenty-eight hundred seven-w of this article in accordance with paragraph (b) of this subdivision for purposes of supporting critically needed health care services in rural areas in the following aggregate amounts for the following periods:

seven million dollars for the period May first, two thousand five through December thirty-first, two thousand five, seven million dollars for the period January first, two thousand six through December thirty-first, two thousand six, seven million dollars for the period April first, two thousand seven through December thirty-first, two thousand seven, seven million dollars for calendar year two thousand eight, and six million four hundred seventeen thousand dollars for the period January first, two thousand nine through Novemberthirtieth, two thousand nine.

- (b) Such increases shall be allocated proportionately based on each such rural hospital's total reported medicaid inpatient discharges as reported in the two thousand two institutional cost report to the total of such discharges for all rural hospitals. These amounts shall be included as a reimbursable cost add-on to medical assistance inpatient rates of payment established pursuant to this section for rural hospitals based on medical assistance utilization data in each facility's annual cost report submitted two years prior to the rate year. Such amounts shall be reconciled to reflect changes in medical assistance utilization between the year two years prior to the rate year and the rate year based upon data reported in each hospital's institutional cost report for the respective rate year.
- (c) Payment of the non-federal share of the medical assistance payments made pursuant to this subdivision shall be the responsibility of the state and shall not include a local share. Payments made pursuant

to this subdivision may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments to eligible general hospitals.

- 33. Notwithstanding any provision of law which is inconsistent with or contrary to the structure established by this subdivision and subdivision two-a of section twenty-eight hundred seven of this article in order to transition from nineteen hundred eighty-one base year costs to two thousand five base year costs by no later than December thirty-first, two thousand twelve, and subject to the availability of federal financial participation, medicaid per diem and per discharge rates of payment for general hospital inpatient services for discharges and days occurring on and after December first, two thousand eight, shall be computed in accordance with the following:
- (a)(i) for the period December first, two thousand eight through March thirty-first, two thousand nine, such rates shall be subject to a uniform transition adjustment which shall be based on each general hospital's proportional share of projected medicaid reimbursable inpatient operating costs and result in an aggregate reduction in such rates equal to fifty-one million five hundred thousand dollars, as determined by the commissioner, provided, however, that such transition adjustment shall not apply to rates computed pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision four of this section; and
- (ii) for the period April first, two thousand nine through March thirty-first, two thousand ten, such rates shall be revised pursuant to a chapter of the laws of two thousand nine and as reflecting the findings and recommendations of the commissioner as issued pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (b) of this subdivision, provided, however, that such revisions shall reflect an aggregate reduction in such rates of no less than one hundred fifty-four million five hundred thousand dollars, provided further, however, that, notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, as determined by the commissioner, to the extent that a chapter of the laws of two thousand nine is not enacted resulting in such an aggregate annual reduction of no less than one hundred fifty-four million five hundred thousand dollars in such rates, the commissioner shall implement a uniform reduction of such rates in accordance with the methodology described in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph to the extent necessary, as determined by the commissioner, to achieve such an aggregate reduction in such rates for the state fiscal year beginning April first, two thousand nine and each state fiscal year thereafter; and
- (iii) for the periods April first, two thousand ten through March thirty-first, two thousand twelve, rates shall reflect prior year rate reductions and such additional reductions as are required to establish rates based on two thousand five reported allowable Medicaid costs pursuant to a chapter of the laws of two thousand ten.
- (b) In consultation with the chairs of the senate and assembly health committees, the commissioner shall, by no later than July first, two thousand eight, establish a technical advisory committee for the purposes of examining data and evaluating rate-setting methodological issues, including the impact on hospitals of different methodologies in preparation for the phased transition to the utilization of reported allowable two thousand five operating costs for the purpose of setting inpatient rates of payment for periods on and after April first, two thousand nine, which phased transition shall be authorized in accordance with a chapter of the laws of two thousand nine. The technical advisory committee shall consist of three representatives of hospital associations, two representatives of the health care industry and three representatives of community providers and consumers as determined by the commissioner. By no later than August first, two thousand eight, the

commissioner shall make available to the technical advisory committee updated data and documentation relevant to the projected phased transition to utilization of reported allowable two thousand five operating costs for rate-setting purposes. The issues to be examined by the technical advisory committee shall include, but not be limited to, hospital re-basing, workforce recruitment and retention funding, medical education funding, peer group pricing, equalization factors, case mix and such other related elements of the general hospital inpatient reimbursement system as deemed appropriate by the commissioner. The technical advisory committee shall also examine the scope and volume of hospital out-patient services. By no later than November first, two thousand eight the commissioner shall issue a report setting forth findings and recommendations, including divergent views of members of the technical advisory committee members concerning the matters examined by the technical advisory committee and the projected phased transition to utilization of two thousand five base year reported allowable operating costs for inpatient rates of payments on and after April first, two thousand nine.

- (c) Paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall be effective the later of: (i) December first, two thousand eight; (ii) after the commissioner receives final approval of federal financial participation in payments made for beneficiaries eligible for medical assistance under title XIX of the federal social security act for the rate methodology established pursuant to subdivision two-a of section twenty-eight hundred seven of this article; or (iii) after the commissioner determines that the department of health has the capability, for payments made pursuant to subdivision two-a of section twenty-eight hundred seven of this article, to electronically receive and process claims and transmit payments with remittance statements. Prior to the commissioner making such a determination, the department shall provide training sessions on the rate methodology and billing requirements for services pursuant to subdivision two-a of section twenty-eight hundred seven of this article and opportunity for hospitals to perform end-to-end testing on claims submission, processing and payment.
- 34. Enhanced safety net hospital program. (a) For the purposes of this subdivision, "enhanced safety net hospital" shall mean a hospital which:
- (i) in any of the previous three calendar years, has met the following criteria:
- (A) not less than fifty percent of the patients it treats receive medicaid or are medically uninsured;
- (B) not less than forty percent of its inpatient discharges are covered by medicaid;
- (C) twenty-five percent or less of its discharged patients are commercially insured;
- (D) not less than three percent of the patients it provides services to are attributed to the care of uninsured patients; and
- (E) provides care to uninsured patients in its emergency room, hospital based clinics and community based clinics, including the provision of important community services, such as dental care and prenatal care;
- (ii) is a public hospital operated by a county, municipality, public benefit corporation or the state university of New York;
 - (iii) is federally designated as a critical access hospital; or
 - (iv) is federally designated as a sole community hospital.
- (b) Within amounts appropriated, the commissioner shall adjust medical assistance rates to enhanced safety net hospitals for the purposes of supporting critically needed health care services and to ensure the continued maintenance and operation of such hospitals.

(c) Payments made pursuant to this subdivision may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments to eligible general hospitals.

- 35. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section, or any other contrary provision of law and subject to the availability of federal financial participation, rates of payment by governmental agencies for general hospital inpatient services with regard to discharges occurring on and after December first, two thousand nine shall be in accordance with the following:
- (a) For periods on and after December first, two thousand nine the operating cost component of such rates of payments shall reflect the use of two thousand five operating costs as reported by each facility to the department prior to July first, two thousand nine and as otherwise computed in accordance with the provisions of this subdivision;
- (b) The commissioner shall promulgate regulations, and may promulgate emergency regulations, establishing methodologies for the computation of general hospital inpatient rates and such regulations shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- (i) The computation of a case-mix neutral statewide base price, applicable to each rate period, but excluding adjustments for graduate medical education costs, high cost outlier costs, costs related to patient transfers, and other non-comparable costs as determined by the commissioner, such statewide base prices may be periodically adjusted to reflect changes in provider coding patterns and case-mix and such other factors as may be determined by the commissioner;
- (ii) Only those two thousand five base year costs which relate to the cost of services provided to Medicaid inpatients, as determined by the applicable ratio of costs to charges methodology, shall be utilized for rate-setting purposes, provided, however, that the commissioner may utilize updated Medicaid inpatient related base year costs and statistics as necessary to adjust inpatient rates in accordance with clause (C) of subparagraph (x) of this paragraph;
- (iii) Such rates shall reflect the application of hospital specific wage equalization factors reflecting differences in wage rates;
- (iv) Such rates shall reflect the utilization of the all patient refined (APR) case mix methodology, utilizing diagnostic related groups with assigned weights that incorporate differing levels of severity of patient condition and the associated risk of mortality, and as may be periodically updated by the commissioner;
- (v) such regulations shall incorporate quality related measures, including, but not limited to, potentially preventable re-admissions (PPRs) and provide for rate adjustments or payment disallowances related to PPRs and other potentially preventable negative outcomes (PPNOs), which shall be calculated in accordance with methodologies as determined by the commissioner, provided, however, that such methodologies shall be based on a comparison of the actual and risk adjusted expected number of PPRs and other PPNOs in a given hospital and with benchmarks established by the commissioner and provided further that such rate adjustments or payment disallowances shall result in an aggregate reduction in Medicaid payments of no less than thirty-five million dollars for the period July first, two thousand ten through March thirty-first, two thousand eleven and no less than fifty-one million dollars for annual periods beginning April first, two thousand eleven through March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen, provided further that such aggregate reductions shall be offset by Medicaid payment reductions occurring as a result of decreased PPRs during the period July first, two thousand ten through March thirty-first, two thousand eleven and the period April first, two thousand eleven through March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen and as a result of decreased PPNOs during the period April first, two thousand

eleven through March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen; and provided further that for the period July first, two thousand ten through March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen, such rate adjustments or payment disallowances shall not apply to behavioral health PPRs; or to readmissions that occur on or after fifteen days following an initial admission. By no later than July first, two thousand eleven the commissioner shall enter into consultations with representatives of the health care facilities subject to this section regarding potential prospective revisions to applicable methodologies and benchmarks set forth in regulations issued pursuant to this subparagraph;

- (vi) Such regulations shall address adjustments based on the costs of high cost outlier patients;
- (vii) Such rates shall continue to reflect trend factor adjustments as otherwise provided in paragraph (c) of subdivision ten of this section;
- (viii) Such rates shall not include any adjustments pursuant to subdivision nine of this section;
- (ix) Rates for non-public, not for profit general hospitals which have not, as of the effective date of this subdivision, published an ancillary charges schedule as provided in paragraph (j) of subdivision one of section twenty-eight hundred three of this article shall have their inlier payments increased by an amount equal to the average of cost outlier payments for comparable hospitals or by a methodology that uses a statewide or regional ratio of cost to charges applied to statewide or regional comparable charges for those cases determined by the commissioner;
- (x) Such regulations shall provide for administrative rate appeals, but only with regard to: (A) the correction of computational errors or omissions of data, including with regard to the hospital specific computations pertaining to graduate medical education, wage equalization factor adjustments, (B) capital cost reimbursement, and, (C) changes to the base year statistics and costs used to determine the direct and indirect graduate medical education components of the rates as a result of new teaching programs at new teaching hospitals and/or as a result of residents displaced and transferred as a result of teaching hospital closures;
- (xi) Rates for teaching general hospitals shall include reimbursement for direct and indirect graduate medical education as defined and calculated pursuant to such regulations. In addition, such regulations shall specify the reports and information required by the commissioner to assess the cost, quality and health system needs for medical education provided;
- (xii) Such regulations may incorporate quality related measures pertaining to the inappropriate use of certain medical procedures, including, but not limited to, cesarean deliveries, coronary artery bypass grafts and percutaneous coronary interventions;
- (xiii) Such regulations may impose a fee on general hospital sufficient to cover the costs of auditing the institutional cost reports submitted by general hospitals, which shall be deposited in the Health Care Reform Act (HCRA) resources account.
- (c) The base period reported costs and statistics used for rate-setting for operating cost components, including the weights assigned to diagnostic related groups, shall be updated no less frequently than every four years and the new base period shall be no more than four years prior to the first applicable rate period that utilizes such new base period provided, however, that the first updated base period shall begin on or after April first, two thousand fourteen, but no later than July first, two thousand fourteen.

(d) Capital cost reimbursement for general hospitals otherwise subject to the provisions of this subdivision shall remain subject to the provisions of subdivision eight of this section.

- (e) The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to those general hospitals or distinct units of general hospitals whose inpatient reimbursement does not, as of November thirtieth, two thousand nine, reflect case based payment per diagnosis-related group or whose inpatient reimbursement is, for periods on and after July first, two thousand nine, governed by the provisions of paragraphs (e-1) or (e-2) of subdivision four of this section.
- (f) Notwithstanding section one hundred twelve or one hundred sixty-three of the state finance law or any other law, rule or regulation to the contrary, the commissioner may contract with a vendor for consideration to develop the specifications for the diagnosis-related groups methodology as provided for in regulations promulgated pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subdivision if the commissioner certifies to the comptroller that such contract is in the best interest of the health of the people of the state. Notwithstanding that such specifications shall be available pursuant to article six of the public officers law, such contract may provide that the specifications for such adjusted or additional diagnosis-related groups provided by the vendor shall be subject to copyright protection pursuant to federal copyright law.
- (g) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this subdivision or any other contrary provision of law, the commissioner may, for rate periods on and after December first, two thousand nine and subject to the availability of federal financial participation, make additional adjustments to the inpatient rates of payment of eligible general hospitals, to facilitate improvements in hospital operations and finances, in accordance with the following:
- (i) General hospitals eligible for distributions pursuant to this paragraph shall be those non public hospitals with Medicaid discharges equal to or greater than seventeen and one-half percent for two thousand seven.
- (ii) Funds distributed pursuant to this paragraph shall be allocated to eligible hospitals pursuant to a formula such that, to the extent of funds available, no hospital's reduction in Medicaid inpatient revenue as a result of the application of the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision exceeds a percentage reduction as determined by the commissioner.
- (iii) Funding pursuant to this paragraph shall be available for the following periods and in the following amounts:
- (A) for the period December first, two thousand nine through March thirty-first, two thousand ten, up to thirty-three million five hundred thousand dollars;
- (B) for the period April first, two thousand ten through March thirty-first, two thousand eleven, up to seventy-five million dollars, provided, however, that, notwithstanding subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, no facility shall receive an amount pursuant to this clause that is less than such facility received pursuant to clause (A) of this subparagraph;
- (C) for the period April first, two thousand eleven through March thirty-first, two thousand twelve, up to fifty million dollars;
- (D) for the period April first, two thousand twelve through March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen, up to twenty-five million dollars.
- (iv) Payments made pursuant to this paragraph shall be added to rates of payments and not be subject to retroactive adjustment or reconciliation.

(v) Each hospital receiving funds pursuant to this paragraph shall, as a condition for eligibility for such funds, adopt a resolution of the board of directors of each such hospital setting forth its current financial condition and a plan for reforming and improving such financial condition, including ongoing board oversight, and shall, after two years, issue a report as adopted by each such board of directors setting forth what progress has been achieved regarding such improvement, provided, however, if such report is not issued and adopted by each such board of directors, or if such report fails to set forth adequate progress, as determined by the commissioner, the commissioner may deem such facility ineligible for further distributions pursuant to this paragraph and may redistribute such further distributions to other eligible facilities in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph. The commissioner shall be provided with copies of all such resolutions and reports.

- (h) Inpatient rate adjustments made pursuant to paragraphs (a) through (f) of this subdivision after application of adjustments authorized pursuant to subdivision thirty-three of this section shall result in a net statewide decrease in aggregate Medicaid payments of no less than seventy-five million dollars for the period December first, two thousand nine through March thirty-first, two thousand ten, and no less than two hundred twenty-five million dollars for the period April first, two thousand ten through March thirty-first, two thousand eleven and each state fiscal year thereafter, provided, however, that such reductions shall be in addition to the reductions required pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision thirty-three of this section.
- (i) (i) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this subdivision or any other contrary provision of law and subject to the availability of federal financial participation, for the period July first, two thousand ten through March thirty-first, two thousand eleven, and each state fiscal year period thereafter, the commissioner shall make additional inpatient hospital payments up to the aggregate upper payment limit for inpatient hospital services after all other medical assistance payments, but not to exceed two hundred thirty-five million five hundred thousand dollars for the period July first, two thousand ten through March thirty-first, two thousand eleven, three hundred fourteen million dollars for each state fiscal year beginning April first, two thousand eleven, through March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen, and no less than three hundred thirty-nine million dollars for each state fiscal year thereafter, to general hospitals, other than major public general hospitals, providing emergency room services and including safety net hospitals, which shall, for the purpose of this paragraph, be defined as having either: a Medicaid share of total inpatient hospital discharges of at least thirty-five percent, including both fee-for-service and managed care discharges for acute and exempt services; or a Medicaid share of total discharges of at least thirty percent, including both fee-for-service and managed care discharges for acute and exempt services, and also providing obstetrical services. Eligibility to receive such additional payments shall be based on data from the period two years prior to the rate year, as reported on the institutional cost report submitted to the department as of October first of the prior rate year. Such payments shall be made as medical assistance payments for fee-for-service inpatient hospital services pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law for patients eligible for federal financial participation under title XIX of the federal social security act and in accordance with the following:
- (A) Thirty percent of such payments shall be allocated to safety net hospitals based on each eligible hospital's proportionate share of all

eligible safety net hospitals' Medicaid discharges for inpatient hospital services, including both Medicaid fee-for-service and managed care discharges for acute and exempt services, based on data from the period two years prior to the rate year, as reported on the institutional cost report submitted to the department as of October first of the prior rate year;

- (B) Seventy percent of such payments shall be allocated to eligible general hospitals based on each such hospital's proportionate share of all eligible hospitals' Medicaid discharges for inpatient hospital services, including both Medicaid fee-for-service and managed care discharges for acute and exempt services, based on data from the period two years prior to the rate year, as reported on the institutional cost report submitted to the department as of October first of the prior rate year;
- (C) No eligible general hospital's annual payment amount pursuant to this paragraph shall exceed the lower of the sum of the annual amounts due that hospital pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-k and section twenty-eight hundred seven-w of this article; or the hospital's facility specific projected disproportionate share hospital payment ceiling established pursuant to federal law, provided, however, that payment amounts to eligible hospitals pursuant to clauses (A) and (B) of this subparagraph in excess of the lower of such sum or payment ceiling shall be reallocated to eligible hospitals that do not have excess payment amounts. Such reallocations shall be proportional to each such hospital's aggregate payment amount pursuant to clauses (A) and (B) of this subparagraph to the total of all payment amounts for such eligible hospitals;
- (D) Subject to the availability of federal financial participation, the payment methodology set forth in this subparagraph may be further revised by the commissioner on an annual basis pursuant to regulations issued pursuant to this subdivision for periods on and after April first, two thousand eleven; and
- (E) Subject to the availability of federal financial participation and in conformance with all applicable federal statutes and regulations, such payments shall be made as upper payment limit payments and, further, such payments shall be made as aggregate monthly payments to eligible general hospitals.
- (ii) In the event that the commissioner determines that federal financial participation will not be available for aggregate payments made in accordance with clause (E) of subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, payments pursuant to this paragraph shall be included as rate add-ons to medical assistance inpatient rates of payment established pursuant to this subdivision based on data from the period two years prior to the rate year, as reported on the institutional cost report submitted to the department as of October first of the prior rate year, provided, however, that if such payments are made as rate add-ons, the commissioner shall establish a procedure to reconcile payment amounts to reflect changes in medical assistance utilization from the period two years prior to the rate year and the actual rate year based on data as reported on each hospital's annual institutional cost report for the respective rate year, as submitted to the department as of October first of the year following the rate year.
- (iii) Notwithstanding any other law, rule or regulation to the contrary, projections of each general hospital's disproportionate share limitations as computed by the commissioner pursuant to applicable regulations shall be adjusted to reflect any additional revenue received or anticipated to be received by each such general hospital pursuant to this paragraph.

(j) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, with regard to inpatient and outpatient Medicaid rates of payment for general hospital services, the commissioner may make such adjustments to such rates and to the methodology for computing such rates as is necessary to achieve no aggregate, net increase or decrease in overall Medicaid expenditures related to the implementation of the International Classification of Diseases Version 10 (ICD-10) coding system on or about October first, two thousand fourteen, as compared to such aggregate expenditures from the twelve-month period immediately prior to such implementation.

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Public Health

* § 2807-j. Patient services payments. 1. Payments to designated providers of services, as defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision one-a of this section, by all payors, including the state governmental agencies, corporations organized and operating in accordance with article forty-three of the insurance law, organizations operating in accordance with the provisions of article forty-four of this chapter, local governmental agencies, self-insured funds, commercial insurers, payors pursuant to the comprehensive motor vehicle insurance reparations act, the workers' compensation law, the volunteerfirefighters' benefit law and the volunteer ambulance workers' benefit law, and any other rate, charge, or negotiated payment payor, for patient services provided to persons who are not eligible for payments as beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) shall include a surcharge for an allowance on net patient service revenues in the percentage amount and for the periods specified in subdivision two of this section. Any such allowance shall be submitted by or on behalf of designated providers of services to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee in accordance with subdivision five of this

1-a. Definitions. (a) "Designated providers of services", for purposes of this section, shall mean providers of services in the following classes:

- (i) general hospitals:
- (ii) diagnostic and treatment centers that provide:
- (A) a comprehensive range of primary health care services; or
- (B) ambulatory surgical services; and
- (iii) for periods prior to October first, two thousand, subject to the provisions of paragraph (d) of subdivision three of this section, free-standing clinical laboratories issued a permit pursuant to title five of article five of this chapter.
- (b) "Third-party coverage", for purposes of this section, shall include, but not be limited to: payments by a governmental agency, insurer, health maintenance organization, self-insured fund, or other third-party entity making payments on behalf of a patient; whether made directly to a designated provider of services or indirectly as indemnity or similar payments made to the patient (or patient's representative such as parent or family member) for services provided by a designated provider of services, or through the use of payments made payable to both the designated provider of services and the patient or patient's representative, or similar devices.
- (c) "Third-party payors", for purposes of this section, shall include, but not be limited to: governmental agencies; corporations organized and operating in accordance with article forty-three of the insurance law; organizations operating in accordance with the provisions of article forty-four of this chapter; providers of coverage pursuant to the comprehensive motor vehicle insurance reparations act, the workers' compensation law, the volunteer firefighters' benefit law, and the volunteer ambulance workers' benefit law; self-insured funds and administrators acting on behalf of self-insured funds; and commercial insurers licensed to do business in this state and authorized to write accident and health insurance and whose policy provides coverage on an expense incurred basis.
- 2. (a) The total percentage allowance for any period during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and on and after January first, two thousand, for a designated provider of services applicable to a payor shall be determined in accordance with this subdivision and applied to net patient service revenues.

(b) The total percentage allowance for each payor, other than governmental agencies, or health maintenance organizations for services provided to subscribers eligible for medical assistance pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law, or approved organizations for services provided to subscribers eligible for the family health plus program pursuant to title eleven-D of article five of the social services law, and other than payments for a patient that has no third-party coverage in whole or in part for services provided by a designated provider of services, shall be:

- (i) the sum of (A) eight and eighteen-hundredths percent, provided, however, that for services provided on and after July first, two thousand three, the percentage shall be eight and eighty-five hundredths percent, and further provided that for services provided on and after January first, two thousand six, the percentage shall be eight and ninety-five hundredths percent, and further provided that for services provided on and after April first, two thousand nine, the percentage shall be nine and sixty-three hundredths percent, plus (B) twenty-four percent, provided, however, that for services provided on and after July first, two thousand three, the percentage shall be twenty-five and ninety-seven hundredths percent, and further provided that for services provided on and after January first, two thousand six, the percentage shall be twenty-six and twenty-six hundredths percent, and further provided that for services provided on and after April first, two thousand nine, the percentage shall be twenty-eight and twenty-seven hundredths percent, and plus (C) for a specified third-party payor as defined in subdivision one-a of section twenty-eight hundred seven-s of this article the percentage allowance applicable for a general hospital for inpatient hospital services pursuant to subdivision two of section twenty-eight hundred seven-s of this article;
- (ii) unless (A) an election in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision five of this section to pay the allowance directly to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee is in effect for a third-party payor, and in addition (B) for a specified third-party payor an election to pay the assessment in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-t of this article is in effect.
- (c) If an election in accordance with subdivision five of this section is in effect for a third-party payor and in addition in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-t of this article for a specified third-party payor, the total percentage allowance factor shall be reduced to eight and eighteen-hundredths percent, provided, however, that for services provided on and after July first, two thousand three the total percentage allowance factor shall be reduced to eight and eighty-five hundredths percent, and further provided that for services provided on and after January first, two thousand six, the total percentage allowance factor shall be reduced to eight and ninety-five hundredths percent, and further provided that for services provided on and after April first, two thousand nine, the total percentage allowance factor shall be reduced to nine and sixty-three hundredths percent.
- (d) The total percentage allowance for payments by governmental agencies, as determined in accordance with paragraphs (a) and (a-1) of subdivision one of section twenty-eight hundred seven-c of this article as in effect on December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six, or health maintenance organizations for services provided to subscribers eligible for medical assistance pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law, or approved organizations for services provided to subscribers eligible for the family health plus program pursuant to title eleven-D of article five of the social services law, shall be five and ninety-eight-hundredths percent, provided, however,

that for services provided on and after July first, two thousand three the total percentage allowance shall be six and forty-seven hundredths percent, and further provided that for services provided on and after January first, two thousand six, the total percentage allowance shall be six and fifty-four hundredths percent, and further provided that for services provided on and after April first, two thousand nine, the total percentage allowance shall be seven and four hundredths percent.

- (e) The total percentage allowance for payments for services provided by designated providers of services for which there is no third-party coverage in whole or in part shall be eight and eighteen-hundredths percent, provided, however, that for services provided on and after July first, two thousand three the total percentage allowance shall be eight and eighty-five hundredths percent, and further provided that for services provided on and after January first, two thousand six, the total percentage allowance shall be eight and ninety-five hundredths percent, and further provided that for services provided on and after April first, two thousand nine, the total percentage allowance shall be nine and sixty-three hundredths percent. This paragraph shall not apply to patient deductibles and coinsurance amounts.
- (f) The total percentage allowance for patient deductibles and coinsurance amounts shall be the same percentage allowance applicable to payments by the primary third-party payor covering the patient in each case determined in accordance with paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this subdivision.
- (g) The total percentage allowance for secondary third-party payors under coordination of benefits principles shall be the same percentage allowance applicable to payments by the primary third-party payor in the case determined in accordance with paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this subdivision.
- 3. Net patient service revenues, for purposes of this section, shall mean:
- (a) for general hospitals all moneys received for or on account of inpatient hospital services, outpatient services (including referred ambulatory services), emergency services, ambulatory surgical services, and other hospital or health-related services, including capitation payments allocable to inpatient hospital services, outpatient services (including referred ambulatory services), emergency services, ambulatory surgical services and other hospital or health-related services excluding services listed below, less refunds, for discharges occurring or for visits made or services performed on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven, or contracted service obligations for periods on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven excluding the following subject to the provisions of subdivision eleven of this section:
- (i) revenue received for services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare);
- (ii) revenue received by a general hospital for residential health care facility services, adult day care services, hospice services, and home care services;
- (iii) revenue received from the allowances pursuant to this section and section twenty-eight hundred seven-s of this article;
- (iv) revenue received from bad debt and charity care and indigent care rate adjustments and pool distributions pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-c of this article, general hospital indigent care pool distributions pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article, health care services pool distributions pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-c of this article, health care initiatives pool distributions pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-l of

this article, professional education pool distributions pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-m of this article, tobacco control and insurance initiatives pool distributions pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-v of this article, and high need indigent care adjustment pool distributions pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-w of this article, provided, however, that funds received as medical assistance payments which include state share amounts authorized pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-v of this article that are not disproportionate share hospital payments shall be included within the meaning of net patient service revenue for the purposes of this section;

- (v) revenue received from physician practice or faculty practice plan discrete billings for physician services;
- (vi) revenue received by a general hospital from a public hospital pursuant to an affiliation agreement contract for the delivery of health care services to such public hospital;
 - (vii) revenue received from governmental deficit financing;
- (viii) subject to the provisions of paragraph (d) of this subdivision, revenue received for or on account of referred ambulatory clinical laboratory visits made or services performed on and after October first, two thousand.
- (b) for diagnostic and treatment centers providing services designated in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision one-a of this section all moneys received, including capitation payments allocable to diagnostic and treatment center services otherwise covered by the assessment, less refunds, for or on account of visits made or services performed on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven or contracted service obligations for periods on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven:
 - (i) for the following services:
- (A) for diagnostic and treatment centers providing a comprehensive range of primary health care services, for all services;
- (B) for diagnostic and treatment centers providing ambulatory surgical services, for all ambulatory surgical services;
- (ii) excluding the following subject to the provisions of subdivision eleven of this section:
- (A) revenue received for services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare);
 - (B) revenue received from the allowances pursuant to this section;
- (C) revenue received from bad debt and charity care rate adjustments pursuant to paragraph (f) of subdivision two of section twenty-eight hundred seven of this article, health care services pool distributions pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-c of this article, health care initiatives pool distributions pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-l of this article, professional education pool distributions pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-m of this article, tobacco control and insurance initiatives pool distributions pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-v of this article, and high need indigent care adjustment pool distributions pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-w of this article;
- (D) revenue received from physician practice or faculty practice plan discrete billings for physician services;
- (E) for a diagnostic and treatment center operated by a health maintenance organization operating in accordance with the provisions of article forty-four of this chapter or article forty-three of the insurance law, revenue received for or on account of services provided to subscribers of such health maintenance organization;
 - (F) revenue received from governmental deficit financing; and

(G) subject to the provisions of paragraph (d) of this subdivision, revenue received for or on account of referred clinical laboratory visits made or services performed on and after October first, two thousand.

- (c) for free-standing clinical laboratories, all moneys received, including capitation payments, less refunds, for or on account of visits made or services performed on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven and prior to October first, two thousand, subject to the provisions of paragraph (d) of this subdivision, or contracted service obligations for periods on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven and prior to October first, two thousand, subject to the provisions of paragraph (d) of this subdivision, for clinical laboratory services, excluding, subject to the provisions of subdivision eleven of this section:
- (i) revenue received for services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare);
 - (ii) revenue received from the allowances pursuant to this section;
- (iii) for a clinical laboratory operated by a health maintenance organization operating in accordance with the provisions of article forty-four of this chapter or article forty-three of the insurance law, revenue received for or on account of services provided to subscribers of such health maintenance organization; and
 - (iv) revenue received from governmental deficit financing.
- (d) Provided, however, that if either the provisions of clause (G) of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (b) of this subdivision or subparagraph (viii) of paragraph (a) of this subdivision which exclude certain revenues from the definition of net patient service revenues for the purpose of imposing surcharges pursuant to this section, result in a determination of an impermissible provider tax by the secretary of the U.S. department of health and human services under the provisions of section 1903(w) of the federal social security act, then clause (G) of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (b) of this subdivision, subparagraph (viii) of paragraph (a) of this subdivision, and sections forty-eight and forty-nine of chapter one of the laws of nineteen hundred ninetynine are rendered null and void as of October first, two thousand. The commissioner will collect any retroactive amounts due as a result of surcharges imposed on such services on and after October first, two thousand, without interest or penalty.
- 4. (a) For periods prior to January first, two thousand five, the commissioner is authorized to contract with the article forty-three insurance law plans, or such other contractors as the commissioner shall designate, to receive and distribute funds from the allowances established pursuant to this section, and funds from the assessments established pursuant to subdivision eighteen of section twenty-eight hundred seven-c of this article. In the event contracts with the article forty-three insurance law plans or other commissioner's designees are effectuated, the commissioner shall conduct annual audits of the receipt and distribution of the funds. The reasonable costs and expenses of an administrator as approved by the commissioner, not to exceed for personnel services on an annual basis two million two hundred thousand dollars for collection and distribution of allowances and assessments established pursuant to this section and subdivision eighteen of section twenty-eight hundred seven-c of this article, shall be paid from the allowance and assessment funds.
- (b) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of section one hundred twelve or one hundred sixty-three of the state finance law or any other law, at the discretion of the commissioner without a competitive bid or request for proposal process, contracts in effect for administration of

bad debt and charity care pools for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-c of this article may be extended to provide for administration pursuant to this section and distributions of allowance and assessment funds pursuant to this article and may be amended as may be necessary.

- (c) The commissioner shall contract with an independent certified public accountant to conduct an annual independent audit, in conformance with generally accepted auditing standards, of the receipts, disbursements, revenues, expenditures and cash flows of funds, for each calendar year beginning with nineteen hundred eighty-three, through the most recent calendar year. As used in this section, "funds" shall mean:
- (i) Funds accumulated and pooled pursuant to this section, paragraph (a) of subdivision eighteen of section twenty-eight hundred seven-c of this article, and sections twenty-eight hundred seven-s and twenty-eight hundred seven-t of this article; and
- (ii) Funds accumulated and pooled pursuant to chapters five hundred thirty-six, five hundred thirty-seven and five hundred thirty-eight of the laws of nineteen hundred eighty-two, chapters eight hundred seven and nine hundred six of the laws of nineteen hundred eighty-five, chapters two and six hundred five of the laws of nineteen hundred eighty-eight, chapters nine hundred twenty-two and nine hundred twenty-three of the laws of nineteen hundred ninety, chapter seven hundred thirty-one of the laws of nineteen hundred ninety-three and chapter eighty-one of the laws of nineteen hundred ninety-five.

Such annual independent audit shall be submitted to the director of the budget, the temporary president of the senate and the speaker of the assembly no later than April fifteenth of each year.

- 5. (a) Any third-party payor for services provided by a designated provider of services may make an election to make payments on an aggregated basis of funds due from the allowance determined pursuant to subdivision two of this section directly to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee on behalf of designated providers of services.
- (i) The election pursuant to this paragraph to be effective must be in writing, filed with the commissioner or the commissioner's designee on such forms and in such manner as the commissioner shall require. An election must apply to all classes of designated providers of service and to all providers within each class. An election by a payor shall take effect for nineteen hundred ninety-seven, on the next following January first, April first, July first, or October first, and for each calendar year thereafter on the next following January first, not less than thirty days after the election is filed. Beginning December first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven, an election pursuant to this paragraph must be made no later than December first of the year prior to the assessment year. However, any payor licensed pursuant to the insurance law or certified pursuant to article forty-four of this chapter between December first of the year prior to the assessment year and December thirty-first of the assessment year may make an election subsequent to such licensure, and during said time period, to take effect on the next following January first, April first, July first or October first not less than thirty days after such election is filed. Payors other than those licensed pursuant to the insurance law or certified pursuant to this chapter which have not provided third-party coverage prior to December first of the year prior to the assessment year may make an election at any time from December first of the year prior to said assessment year to December thirty-first of the assessment year, to take effect on the next following January first, April first, July first or October first not less than thirty days after the election is filed.

Beginning June first, two thousand three an election by any payor or organization shall begin on the first day of the month following the date it was received by the commissioner.

- (ii) An election shall remain in effect unless revoked in writing by a specified third-party payor, which revocation shall be effective on the first day of the next month, provided that such payor has provided notice of its intention to so revoke at least twenty days prior to the beginning of such month.
 - (iii) A payor filing an election pursuant to this paragraph must agree:
- (A) to provide reports in accordance with the provisions of paragraph(b) of subdivision seven of this section;
- (B) to provide such certification of data and access to allowance expenditure data for audit verification purposes as the commissioner shall require for purposes of this section; and
- (C) to the jurisdiction of the state to maintain an action in the courts of the state of New York to enforce any provision of this section related to payment of the allowances.
- (D) for periods on and after January first, two thousand nine, to provide the commissioner or the commissioner's designee the payor's federal tax identification number and agree to the use of such identification number in connection with identifying the payor's election status to designated providers of services, including the posting of such identification numbers on secure websites maintained by the commissioner or the commissioner's designee in furtherance of the purposes of this section. The commissioner shall include for periods on and after January first, two thousand nine on such secure websites, the date such payor was first posted.
- (iv) If a payor is acting in an administrative services capacity on behalf of an organization, such as a self-insured fund, the consent of the organization to the election and the conditions pursuant to subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph must be submitted with the election. Such consent may be set forth in writing in the agreement between the payor and the organization and a photocopy of that portion of the agreement submitted by the payor, together with a photocopy of the signatures of the organization and the payor on the agreement, shall be accepted in lieu of a separate election form from the organization. On and after January first, two thousand four, the commissioner shall have discretion to accept payments made on a timely basis if the reports and information reports are routinely submitted, notwithstanding the fact that the full and complete election form by or on behalf of an organization was not filed on a timely basis. In the event the commissioner accepts payments pursuant to this section where an election form is missing or incomplete but the payments and information reports were routinely submitted as if the election forms had been filed, the election form from the payor and organization shall be deemed to have been filed (and the organization and the payor shall be as legally bound by the terms of the election form as if it had signed and filed the election) and neither the payor nor the organization shall subsequently refuse to abide by the terms of the election form for any year in which payments were submitted and accepted pursuant to this section.
- (v) If a payor, including a payor operating in accordance with the insurance law or article forty-four of this chapter, making an election pursuant to this paragraph is acting in an administrative services capacity on behalf of an organization or organizations, such payor must specify whether such election applies to payments on behalf of all such organizations and establish, in accordance with guidelines established by the superintendent of financial services, a system through which

designated providers of services and the commissioner can identify the status of a patient as a patient for whom the election does not apply.

- (b) The commissioner may deny a payor the opportunity to remit directly to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee based on repeated late payments, failure to remit correct amounts, or failure to provide adequate verification of the accuracy of payments. The percentage allowance for any such payor shall be the percentage determined in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision two of this section.
- (c) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall make available to all designated providers of services a list of the payors which have elected pursuant to this paragraph to remit payments directly.
- 5-a. (a) Payments by or on behalf of designated providers of services to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee of funds due from the allowances pursuant to subdivision two of this section or pursuant to payment obligations incurred pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-s of this article or section twenty-eight hundred seven-t of this article shall be made on a monthly basis, provided, however, that for reporting periods relating to payments for services provided or dates of inpatient discharge or contracted service obligations occurring on or after January first, two thousand one, the commissioner may permit certain third-party payors which have at least one full year of pool payment experience to submit such payments on an annual basis, based on an annual demonstration by a payor through its prior year's pool payment experience that total pool obligations under this section and sections twenty-eight hundred seven-s and twenty-eight hundred seven-t of this article are not expected to exceed ten thousand dollars for annual periods prior to January first, two thousand four, and twenty-five thousand dollars for annual periods on and after January first, two thousand four. Payments due by designated providers of services on account of payors in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision two of this section shall be two percentage points less than the percentage specified in such paragraph. The designated provider of services shall compensation for such provider's administrative for responsibilities the amount that represents the difference. Payments due by designated providers of services on account of all other payors shall be calculated on the basis of the percentage allowance applicable to such payor pursuant to paragraphs (d), (e), (f) and (g) of subdivision two of this section. Payments shall be due on or before the thirtieth day following the end of a calendar month to which an allowance applies.
- (b) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section, as shall be necessary to obtain federal financial participation in medical assistance expenditures in accordance with title XIX of the federal social security act, the allowances included in rates of payment pursuant to this section on behalf of patients eligible for medical assistance pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law shall be withheld from medical assistance payments to designated providers of services and paid to pools on behalf of the designated provider of services where a designated provider of services elects such withholding in such time and manner as specified by the commissioner, and in the event a designated provider of services does not elect such withholding, payments by such designated provider of services to a pool based on an allowance received for medical assistance patients shall be due within five days of receipt of such funds. Funds withheld by a payor and paid to a pool on behalf of a designated provider of services shall be considered received by such designated

provider of services and paid to the pool by such designated provider of services for all purposes.

- 6. (a) If a payment made by a designated provider of services for a month to which an allowance applies is less than seventy percent of the amount due or which the commissioner estimates is due, based on available financial and statistical data, the commissioner may collect the deficiency pursuant to paragraph (c) of this subdivision.
- (b) If a payment made by a designated provider of services for a month to which an allowance applies is less than ninety percent of the amount due or which the commissioner estimates is due, based on available financial and statistical data, and at least two previous payments within the preceding six months were less than ninety percent of the amount due, based on similar evidence, the commissioner may collect the deficiency pursuant to paragraph (c) of this subdivision.
- (c) Upon receipt of notification from the commissioner of a designated provider of services' deficiency under this section, the comptroller or a fiscal intermediary designated by the director of the budget, or the commissioner of the office of temporary and disability assistance, or a corporation organized and operating in accordance with article fortythree of the insurance law, or an organization operating in accordance with article forty-four of this chapter shall withhold from the amount of any payment to be made by the state or by such article forty-three corporation or article forty-four organization to the designated provider of services the amount of the deficiency determined under paragraph (a), (b) or (e) of this subdivision or paragraph (d) of subdivision eight-a of this section. Upon withholding such amount, the comptroller or a designated fiscal intermediary, or the commissioner of the office of temporary and disability assistance, or corporation organized and operating in accordance with article forty-three of the insurance law or organization operating in accordance with article forty-four of this chapter shall pay the commissioner, or commissioner's designee, such amount withheld on behalf of designated provider of services. Such amount shall represent, in whole or in part, the amounts due from the designated provider of services.
- (d) The commissioner shall provide a designated provider of services with notice of any estimate of an amount due for an allowance pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b) of this subdivision or paragraph (d) of subdivision eight-a of this section at least three days prior to collection of such amount by the commissioner. Such notice shall contain the financial basis for the commissioner's estimate.
- (e) In the event a designated provider of services objects to an estimate by the commissioner pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b) of this subdivision or paragraph (d) of subdivision eight-a of this section of the amount due for an allowance, the designated provider of services, within sixty days of notice of an amount due, may request a public hearing. If a hearing is requested, the commissioner shall provide the designated provider of services an opportunity to be heard and to present evidence bearing on the amount due for an allowance within thirty days after collection of an amount due or receipt of a request for a hearing, whichever is later. An administrative hearing is not a prerequisite to seeking judicial relief.
- (f) The commissioner may direct that a hearing be held without any request by a designated provider of services.
- (g) In the event a hearing pursuant to paragraph (e) of this subdivision is not requested and the delinquent amounts in question have been referred for recoupment or offset pursuant to paragraph (c) of this subdivision, or have been referred to the office of the attorney general for collection, the amount of such delinquencies shall be deemed final

and not subject to further revision or reconciliation by the commissioner based on any additional reports or other information submitted by the designated provider of services, provided, however, that such delinquencies shall not be referred for such recoupment or for such collection based on estimated amounts unless the hospital has received written notification of such delinquencies and has been given no less than thirty days in which to submit delinquent reports.

- 7. (a) (i) Every designated provider of services shall submit reports of net patient service revenues received for or on account of patient services for each month which shall be in such form as may be prescribed by the commissioner to accurately disclose information required to implement this section. For periods on and after January first, two thousand five, reports by designated providers of services shall be submitted electronically in a form as may be required by the commissioner; provided, however, any designated provider of services is not prohibited from submitting reports electronically on a voluntary basis prior to such date, and provided further, however, that all such electronic submissions submitted on and after July first, two thousand twelve shall be verified with an electronic signature as prescribed by the commissioner.
- (ii) For periods on and after January first, two thousand nine, every designated provider of services shall provide the commissioner or commissioner's designee with its federal tax identification number and such identification number shall be used in connection with identifying such providers for purposes pursuant to this section, including the posting of such identification numbers on secure websites maintained by the commissioner or the commissioner's designee in furtherance of the purposes of this section. The commissioner shall include for periods on and after January first, two thousand nine on such secure websites, the date such designated provider of services was first posted. In addition, the commissioner shall, as a part of a final resolution of an audit conducted pursuant to subdivision eight-a of this section, waive payment of interest and penalties otherwise applicable pursuant to subdivision eight of this section, when the audit findings conclusively indicate that the liability for such interest and penalties are the result of a delay in the listing of a new designated provider of services on the secure website maintained by the department.
- (b) (i) Every third-party payor making an election in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision five of this section shall submit reports of patient service expenditures for services provided by designated providers of services for each month which shall be in such form as may be prescribed by the commissioner to accurately disclose information required to implement this section, provided, however, that for reporting periods relating to payments for services provided or dates of inpatient discharge or contracted service obligations occurring on or after January first, two thousand one, the commissioner may permit certain third-party payors which have at least one full year of pool payment experience to submit such reports on an annual basis, based on an annual demonstration by a payor through its prior year's pool payment experience that total pool obligations under this section and sections twenty-eight hundred seven-s and twenty-eight hundred seven-t of this article are not expected to exceed ten thousand dollars for annual periods prior to January first, two thousand four, and twenty-five thousand dollars for annual periods on and after January first, two thousand four.
- (ii) For periods on and after July first, two thousand four, reports submitted on a monthly basis by third-party payors in accordance with subparagraph (i) of this paragraph and reports submitted on a monthly or

annual basis by payors acting in an administrative services capacity on behalf of electing third-party payors in accordance with subparagraph (i) of this paragraph shall be made electronically in a form as may be required by the commissioner; provided, however, any third-partypayor, except payors acting in an administrative services capacity on behalf of electing third-party payors, which, on or after January first, two thousand four, elects to make payments directly to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee pursuant to subdivision five of this section, shall be subject to this subparagraph only after one fullyear of pool payment experience which results in reports being submitted on a monthly basis, and provided further, however, that all such electronic submissions submitted on and after July first, two thousand twelve shall be verified with an electronic signature as prescribed by the commissioner. This subparagraph shall not be interpreted to prohibit any third-party payor from submitting reports electronically on a voluntary basis.

- (c) If a designated provider of services or a third-party payor fails to file reports required pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b) of this subdivision and which are due on and after January first, two thousand, within sixty days of the date such reports are due and after notification of such reporting delinquency, the commissioner may assess a civil penalty of up to ten thousand dollars for each such failure, provided, however, that such civil penalty shall not be imposed if the payor or provider demonstrates good cause for the failure to timely file such reports. Such penalties shall be subject to the provisions of section twelve-a of this chapter.
- 8. (a) If a payment made pursuant to this section or to section twenty-eight hundred seven-s or twenty-eight hundred seven-t of this article for a month to which an allowance applies is less than ninety percent of the amount due or which the commissioner estimates, based on available financial and statistical data, is due for such month, interest shall be due and payable to the commissioner by a designated provider of services, or by a third-party payor, other than a state governmental agency, that has elected to pay an allowance directly, on the difference between the amount paid and the amount due or estimated to be due from the day of the month the payment was due until the date of payment. The rate of interest shall be twelve percent per annum or, if greater, at the rate of interest set by the commissioner of taxation and finance with respect to underpayments of tax pursuant to subsection
- (e) of section one thousand ninety-six of the tax law minus four percentage points. Interest under this paragraph shall not be paid if the amount thereof is less than one dollar. Interest due from a designated provider of services, if not paid by the due date of the following month's payment, may be collected by the commissioner pursuant to paragraph (c) of subdivision six of this section in the same manner as an allowance pursuant to subdivision two of this section.
- (b) If a payment made for a month to which an allowance applies is less than seventy percent of the amount due or which the commissioner estimates, based on available financial and statistical data, is due for such month, a penalty shall be due and payable to the commissioner by a designated provider of services, or by a third-party payor, other than a state governmental agency, that has elected to pay an allowance directly, of five percent of the difference between the amount paid and the amount due or estimated to be due for such month when the failure to pay is for a duration of not more than one month after the due date of the payment with an additional five percent for each additional month or fraction thereof during which such failure continues, not exceeding twenty-five percent in the aggregate. A penalty due from a designated

provider of services may be collected by the commissioner pursuant to paragraph (c) of subdivision six of this section in the same manner as an allowance pursuant to subdivision two of this section.

- (c) Overpayment by or on behalf of a designated provider of services of a payment shall be applied to any other payment due from the designated provider of services pursuant to this section, or, if no payment is due, at the election of the designated provider of services shall be applied to future payments or refunded to the designated provider of services. Interest shall be paid on overpayments from the date of overpayment to the date of crediting or refund at the rate determined in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subdivision only if the overpayment was made at the direction of the commissioner. Interest under this paragraph shall not be paid if the amount thereof is less than one dollar.
- 8-a. (a) Payments and reports submitted or required to be submitted to the commissioner or to the commissioner's designee pursuant to this section and section twenty-eight hundred seven-s of this article by designated providers of services and by third-party payors which have elected to make payments directly to the commissioner or to the commissioner's designee in accordance with subdivision five-a of this section, shall be subject to audit by the commissioner for a period of six years following the close of the calendar year in which such payments and reports are due, after which such payments shall be deemed final and not subject to further adjustment or reconciliation, including through offset adjustments or reconciliations made by designated providers of services or by third-party payors with regard to subsequent payments, provided, however, that nothing herein shall be construed as precluding the commissioner from pursuing collection of any such payments which are identified as delinquent within such six year period, or which are identified as delinquent as a result of an audit commenced within such six year period, or from conducting an audit of any adjustment or reconciliation made by a designated provider of services or by a third party payor which has elected to make such payments directly to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee, or from conducting an audit of payments made prior to such six year period which are found to be commingled with payments which are otherwise subject to timely audit pursuant to this section.
- (b) Designated providers of services or third-party payors which, in the course of an audit pursuant to this section or section twenty-eight hundred seven-s of this article, fail to produce data or documentation requested in furtherance of such an audit, within thirty days of such request, may be assessed a civil penalty of up to ten thousand dollars for each such failure, provided, however, that such civil penalty shall not be imposed if the audited entity demonstrates good cause for such failure. The imposition of civil penalties pursuant to this section shall be subject to the provisions of section twelve-a of this chapter.
- (c) Records required to be retained for audit verification purposes by designated providers of services and third-party payors in accordance with this section and section twenty-eight hundred seven-s of this article shall include, but not be limited to, on a monthly basis, the source records generated by supporting information systems, detailed claims information, detailed patient revenue information, capitation arrangements, financial accounting records, relevant correspondence and such other records as may be required to prove compliance with, and to support the reports submitted in accordance with, this section and section twenty-eight hundred seven-s of this article.
- (d) If a designated provider of services or a third party payor fails to produce data or documentation requested in furtherance of an audit

pursuant to this section or pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-s of this article, for a month to which an allowance applies, the commissioner may estimate, based on available financial and statistical data as determined by the commissioner, the amount due for such month. If the impact of the patient services revenue exemptions specified pursuant to this section, or pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-s of this article, cannot be determined from such available financial and statistical data, the amount due may be calculated on the basis of the aggregate total of patient services revenue derived from such data for the year subject to audit. The commissioner shall take all necessary steps to collect amounts due as determined pursuant to this paragraph, including directing the state comptroller to offset such amounts due from any payments made by the state pursuant to this article to a designated provider of services or a third party payor. Interest and penalties shall be applied to such amounts due in accordance with the provisions of subdivision eight of this section.

- (e) The commissioner may, as part of a final resolution of an audit conducted pursuant to this subdivision, waive payment of interest and penalties otherwise applicable pursuant to subdivision eight of this section when amounts due as a result of such audit, other than such waived penalties and interest, are paid in full to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee within sixty days of the issuance of a final audit report that is mutually agreed to by the commissioner and auditee, provided, however, that if such final audit report is not so mutually agreed upon, then neither the commissioner nor the auditee shall have any obligations pursuant to this paragraph.
- (f) The commissioner may enter into agreements with designated providers of services, and with third-party payors, in regard to which audit findings or prior settlements have been made pursuant to this section or section twenty-eight hundred seven-s of this article, extending and applying such audit findings or prior settlements, or a portion thereof, in settlement and satisfaction of potential audit liabilities for subsequent un-audited periods. The commissioner may reduce or waive payment of interest and penalties otherwise applicable to such subsequent unaudited periods when such amounts due as a result of such agreement, other than reduced or waived penalties and interest, are paid in full to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee within sixty days of execution of such agreement by all parties to the agreement. Any payments made pursuant to agreements entered into in accordance with this paragraph shall be deemed to be in full satisfaction of any liability arising under this section and section twenty-eight hundred seven-s of this article, as referenced in such agreements and for the time periods covered by such agreements, provided, however, that the commissioner may audit future retroactive adjustments to payments made for such periods based on reports filed by providers and payors subsequent to such agreements.
- 9. Funds accumulated, including income from invested funds, from the allowances specified in this section, and the assessments pursuant to subdivision eighteen of section twenty-eight hundred seven-c of this article, and the assessments pursuant to paragraph (c) of subdivision nine of section twenty-eight hundred seven-d of this article, plus such funds as may be allocated in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-s of this article, including interest and penalties, shall be deposited by the commissioner or the commissioner's designee as follows:
- (a) funds shall be deposited and credited to a special revenue-other fund to be established by the comptroller or to the health care reform act (HCRA) resources fund established pursuant to section ninety-two-dd

of the state finance law, whichever is applicable. To the extent of funds appropriated therefore, the commissioner shall make payments to general hospitals related to bad debt and charity care pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-k of this article. Funds shall be deposited in the following amounts:

- (i) fifty-seven and thirty-three-hundredths percent of the funds accumulated for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven,
- (ii) fifty-seven and one-hundredths percent of the funds accumulated for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight,
- (iii) fifty-five and thirty-two-hundredths percent of the funds accumulated for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, and
- (iv) seven hundred sixty-five million dollars annually of the funds accumulated for the periods January first, two thousand through December thirty-first, two thousand nineteen, and
- (v) one hundred ninety-one million two hundred fifty thousand dollars of the funds accumulated for the period January first, two thousand twenty through March thirty-first, two thousand twenty.
- (b) funds shall be accumulated in a health care initiatives pool established by the commissioner, for distribution in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-l of this article, in the following amounts:
- (i) forty-two and sixty-seven-hundredths percent of the funds accumulated for the period January first, nineteen hundredninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven,
- (ii) forty-two and ninety-nine-hundredths percent of the funds accumulated for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight,
- (iii) forty-four and sixty-eight-hundredths percent of the funds accumulated for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, and
- (iv) the remaining balance of the funds accumulated for each period on and after January first, two thousand.
- 10. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law or regulation to the contrary, the allowances applicable to payments by state governmental agencies pursuant to subdivision two of this section shall be reflected in the determination of reimbursement rates pursuant to sections twenty-eight hundred seven and twenty-eight hundred seven-c of this article and fees for clinical laboratory services under the medical assistance program.
- 11. Each exclusion from the allowances effective on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven established pursuant to this section shall be contingent upon either: (a) qualification of the allowances for waiver pursuant to federal law and regulation; or (b) consistent with federal law and regulation, not requiring a waiver by the secretary of the department of health and human services related to such exclusion; in order for the allowances under this section to be qualified as a broad-based health care related tax for purposes of the revenues received by the state pursuant to the allowances not reducing the amount expended by the state as medical assistance for purposes of federal financial participation. The commissioner shall collect the allowances relying on such exclusions, pending any contrary action by the secretary of the department of health and human services. In the event the secretary of the department of health and human services determines that the allowances do not so qualify based on any such exclusion, then the exclusion shall be deemed to have been null and void

as of January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven, and the commissioner shall collect any retroactive amount due as a result, without interest or penalty provided the designated provider of services or third-party payor that has elected to pay directly pays the retroactive amount due within ninety days of notice from the commissioner to the designated provider of services or third-party payor that has elected to pay directly that an exclusion is null and void. Interest and penalties shall be measured from the due date of ninety days following notice from the commissioner or the commissioner's designee to the designated provider of services or third-party payor that has elected to pay directly.

12. Revenue from the allowances pursuant to this section shall not be included in gross revenue received for purposes of the assessments pursuant to subdivision eighteen of section twenty-eight hundred seven-c of this article, subject to the provisions of paragraph (e) of subdivision eighteen of section twenty-eight hundred seven-c of this article, and shall not be included in gross revenue received for purposes of the assessments pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-d of this article, subject to the provisions of subdivision twelve of section twenty-eight hundred seven-d of this article.

* NB Expires December 31, 2020

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Public Health

- * § 2807-s. Professional education pool funding. 1. (a) Payments to general hospitals by all specified third-party payors, as defined in paragraph (b) of subdivision one-a of this section, making payments on a rate, charge, negotiated payment, or other basis for inpatient hospital services provided to persons who are not eligible for payments as beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) or eligible for medical assistance pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law (including enrollees in medicaid managed care programs) or eligible for the family health plus program pursuant to title eleven-D of article five of the social services law, and related payments of patient deductible and coinsurance amounts and of secondary third-party payors, shall include a surcharge for a regional allowance on inpatient hospital net patient service revenues in the percentage amount and for the periods specified in subdivision two of this section. Any such allowance shall be submitted by general hospitals to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee in accordance with subdivision five of this section.
- (b) The allowance established pursuant to this section shall not be applicable to specified third-party payors filing an election and making payments to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred-seven-t of this article and pursuant to paragraph (a) of subdivision five of section twenty-eight hundred seven-j of this article, nor to related payments of patient deductible and coinsurance amounts and of secondary third-party payors.
- 1-a. Definitions. (a) "Third-party coverage", for purposes of this section and section twenty-eight hundred seven-t of this article, shall include payments by a specified third-party payor making payments on behalf of a patient; whether made directly to a general hospital or indirectly as indemnity or similar payments made to the patient (or patient's representative such as parent or family member) for inpatient hospital services provided by a general hospital, or through the use of payments made payable to both the general hospital and the patient or patient's representative, or similar devices.
- (b) "Specified third-party payors", for purposes of this section and sections twenty-eight hundred seven-j and twenty-eight hundred seven-t of this article, shall include corporations organized and operating in accordance with article forty-three of the insurance law, organizations operating in accordance with the provisions of article forty-four of this chapter, self-insured funds and administrators acting on behalf of self-insured funds, and commercial insurers authorized to write accident and health insurance and whose policy provides coverage on an expense incurred basis. Specified third-party payors, for purposes of this section, shall not include governmental agencies or providers of coverage pursuant to the comprehensive motor vehicle insurance reparations act, the workers' compensation law, the volunteer firefighters' benefit law, or the volunteer ambulance workers' benefit law.
- (c) "Regions", for purposes of this section and section twenty-eight hundred seven-t of this article shall mean the regions as defined in paragraph (b) of subdivision sixteen of section twenty-eight hundred seven-c of this article as in effect on June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six.
- 2. (a) The regional percentage allowance for any period during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine for all general hospitals in the region applicable to a specified third-party payor, and applicable to related patient coinsurance and deductible amounts and to secondary third-party payors under coordination of benefits principles, shall be

the following, and shall be applied to inpatient hospital net patient service revenues:

- (b) the result expressed as a percentage of:
- (i) for each region, the amount allocated to the region in accordance with subdivision six of this section, divided by
- (ii) the total estimated nineteen hundred ninety-six general hospital inpatient revenue of all general hospitals in the region, excluding (A) an estimate of revenue from services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), (B) an estimate of revenue from services provided to patients eligible for payments by governmental agencies, patients eligible for payments pursuant to the comprehensive motor vehicle insurance reparations act, the workers' compensation law, the volunteer firefighters' benefit law, and the volunteer ambulance workers' benefit law, and self-pay patients, (C) from general hospitals providing graduate medical education in the aggregate an amount equal to the amount specified in subparagraph (i) of this subdivision, other than the components of such amount allocable to payors specified in clause (B) of this subparagraph, and (D) an estimate of revenue reductions related to negotiated reimbursement in nineteen hundred ninety-seven with specified third-party payors which shall be a uniform statewide percentage estimated reduction.
- (c) (i) The regional percentage allowance for the periods January first, two thousand through June thirtieth, two thousand three, for all general hospitals in the region applicable to specified third-party payors, and applicable to related patient coinsurance and deductible amounts, shall be the same regional percentage allowance calculated pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subdivision for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine.
- (ii) The regional percentage allowance for the periods July first, two thousand three through December thirty-first, two thousand five, for all general hospitals in the region applicable to specified third-party payors, and applicable to related patient coinsurance and deductible amounts, shall be the same regional percentage allowance calculated pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subdivision for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine multiplied by one hundred eight and nineteen hundredths percent.
- (iii) The regional percentage allowance for the periods January first, two thousand six through June thirtieth, two thousand seven, for all general hospitals in the region applicable to specified third-party payors, and applicable to related patient coinsurance and deductible amounts, shall be the same regional percentage allowance calculated pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph for the period January first, two thousand five through December thirty-first, two thousand five multiplied by one hundred one and thirteen hundredths percent.
- (iv) The regional percentage allowance for periods on and after July first, two thousand seven, for all general hospitals in the region applicable to specified third-party payors, and applicable to related patient coinsurance and deductible amounts, shall be the same regional percentage allowance calculated pursuant to subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph for the period January first, two thousand six through June thirtieth, two thousand seven.
- 3. Inpatient hospital net patient service revenues, for purposes of this section, shall mean for general hospitals all moneys received for or on account of inpatient hospital services provided to persons with third-party coverage from a specified third-party payor, including capitation payments allocable to inpatient hospital services, less

refunds, for patients discharged or contracted hospital inpatient service obligations for periods on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven excluding the following subject to the provisions of subdivision eight of this section:

- (a) revenue received from the allowances pursuant to section twentyeight hundred seven-j of this article and this section; and
- (b) revenue received from physician practice or faculty practice plan discrete billings for private practicing physician services.
- 4. (a) For periods prior to January first, two thousand five, the commissioner is authorized to contract with the article forty-three insurance law plans, or such other contractors as the commissioner shall designate, to receive and distribute funds from the allowances established pursuant to this section and funds from the assessments established pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-t of this article. In the event contracts with the article forty-three insurance law plans or other commissioner's designees are effectuated, the commissioner shall conduct annual audits of the receipt and distribution of the funds. The reasonable costs and expenses of an administrator as approved by the commissioner, not to exceed for personnel services on an annual basis eight hundred fifty thousand dollars for collection and distribution of allowances established pursuant to this section and assessments established pursuant to this section and assessments established pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-t of this article shall be paid from the allowance and assessment funds.
- (b) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of section one hundred twelve or one hundred sixty-three of the state finance law or any other law, at the discretion of the commissioner without a competitive bid or request for proposal process, contracts in effect for administration of bad debt and charity care pools for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-six through June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-c of this article may be extended to provide for administration pursuant to this section, and section twenty-eight hundred seven-t of this article and may be amended as may be necessary.
- 5. Funds due by a general hospital to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee from the allowance pursuant to this section shall be due and shall be collected under the terms and conditions provided for payment and collection of allowances pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-j of this article.
- 6. The amount allocated to each region for purposes of calculating the regional allowance percentage pursuant to this section for each year during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and the regional assessments pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-t of this article for each year during the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and for each year on and after January first, two thousand, shall be the sum of the factors computed in paragraphs (b), (d) and (f) of this subdivision, if such factors are applicable to a given year, as follows:
- (a) (i) A gross annual statewide amount for nineteen hundred ninety-seven shall be five hundred eighty-nine million dollars.
- (ii) A gross annual statewide amount for nineteen hundred ninety-eight shall be five hundred eighty-nine million dollars.
- (iii) A gross annual statewide amount for nineteen hundred ninety-nine shall be five hundred eighty-nine million dollars.
- (iv) A gross annual statewide amount for two thousand shall be five hundred eighty-nine million dollars.

(v) A gross annual statewide amount for two thousand one shall be five hundred sixty-nine million dollars.

- (vi) A gross annual statewide amount for two thousand two shall be five hundred eighty-nine million dollars.
- (vii) A gross annual statewide amount for two thousand three shall be five hundred eighty-nine million dollars.
- (viii) A gross annual statewide amount for two thousand four and two thousand five shall be six hundred twenty-four million dollars.
- (ix) A gross annual statewide amount for two thousand six shall be six hundred seventy-four million dollars.
- (x) A gross statewide amount for the period January first, two thousand seven through March thirty-first, two thousand seven shall be one hundred sixty-eight million five hundred thousand dollars, and for the period April first, two thousand seven through December thirty-first, two thousand seven shall be five hundred sixty-one million seven hundred fifty thousand dollars.
- (xi) A gross statewide amount for the period January first, two thousand eight through March thirty-first, two thousand eight, shall be one hundred eighty-seven million two hundred fifty thousand dollars.
- (xii) A gross statewide amount for the period April first, two thousand eight through December thirty-first, two thousand eight, shall be five hundred sixty-one million seven hundred fifty thousand dollars.
- (xiii) A gross statewide amount for the period October first, two thousand eight through March thirty-first, two thousand nine, shall be one hundred seventy-four million two hundred thousand dollars. Such amount shall be separately reported and paid in six monthly installments by the tenth day of each month from October two thousand eight to March two thousand nine. Such reports and payments must initially be based on each payers' monthly enrollment count for the preceding month and shall be reconciled on a month to month basis to reflect the actual monthly enrollment counts for the applicable month.
- (xiv) A gross annual statewide amount for the period January first, two thousand nine through December thirty-first, two thousand fourteen, shall be nine hundred forty-four million dollars.
- (xv) A gross annual statewide amount for the period January first, two thousand fifteen through December thirty-first, two thousand twenty, shall be one billion forty-five million dollars.
- (b) The amount specified in paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall be allocated among the regions based on each region's proportional share of the sum of the estimated revenue of all general hospitals in the region, excluding revenue related to services provided to beneficiaries of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), related to one hundred percent of the direct medical education expenses and fifty-nine and five-tenths percent of indirect medical education expenses reflected in general hospital inpatient revenue compared to the sum of such amounts for all regions, based on estimated nineteen hundred ninety-six data and statistics, excluding an estimate of revenue from services provided to patients eligible for payments by governmental agencies, patients eligible for payments pursuant to the comprehensive motor vehicle insurance reparations act, the workers' compensation law, the volunteer firefighters' benefit law, and the volunteer ambulance workers' benefit law, and self-pay patients.
- (c) (i) A further gross annual statewide amount for nineteen hundred ninety-seven shall be sixty-four million dollars.
- (ii) A further gross annual statewide amount for nineteen hundred ninety-eight shall be sixty-four million dollars.
- (iii) A further gross annual statewide amount for nineteen hundred ninety-nine shall be eighty-nine million dollars.

(iv) A further gross annual statewide amount for two thousand, two thousand one, two thousand two, two thousand three, two thousand four, two thousand five, two thousand six, two thousand seven, two thousand eight, two thousand nine, two thousand ten, two thousand eleven, two thousand twelve and two thousand thirteen shall be eighty-nine million dollars.

- (v) A further gross annual statewide amount for the period January first, two thousand fourteen through December thirty-first, two thousand fourteen, shall be eighty-nine million dollars.
- (d) For each year, the amount specified in paragraph (c) of this subdivision shall be allocated among the regions based on the same regional percentage allocations as determined in accordance with paragraph (b) of this subdivision.
- (e) A further gross annual statewide amount shall be twelve million dollars for each period prior to January first, two thousand fifteen.
- (f) For each year, the amount specified in paragraph (e) of this subdivision shall be allocated among the regions based on each region's allocated share of the AIDS drug assistance program expenditures for the latest annual period for which such data are available.
- 7. Funds accumulated, including income from invested funds, from the allowances specified in this section and the assessments pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-t of this article, including interest and penalties, shall be deposited by the commissioner or the commissioner's designee as follows:
- (a) funds shall be accumulated in regional professional education pools established by the commissioner or the healthcare reform act (HCRA) resources fund established pursuant to section ninety-two-dd of the state finance law, whichever is applicable, for distribution in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-m of this article, in the following amounts:
- (i) ninety-two and forty-five-hundredths percent of the funds accumulated less seventy-six million dollars for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven,
- (ii) ninety-two and forty-five-hundredths percent of the funds accumulated less seventy-six million dollars for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight,
- (iii) ninety-two and forty-five-hundredths percent of the funds accumulated less one hundred one million dollars for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine,
- (iv) four hundred ninety-four million dollars on an annual basis for the periods January first, two thousand through December thirty-first, two thousand three,
- (v) four hundred sixty-three million dollars for the period January first, two thousand four through December thirty-first, two thousand four
- (vi) four hundred eighty-eight million dollars for the period January first, two thousand five through December thirty-first, two thousand five,
- (vii) four hundred ninety-four million dollars for the period January first, two thousand six through December thirty-first, two thousand six,
- (viii) four hundred seventy million dollars for the period January first, two thousand seven through December thirty-first, two thousand seven,

(ix) four hundred forty-six million six hundred thousand dollars for the period January first, two thousand eight through December thirtyfirst, two thousand eight,

- (x) forty-seven million two hundred ten thousand dollars on an annual basis for the periods January first, two thousand nine through December thirty-first, two thousand ten;
- (xi) eleven million eight hundred thousand dollars for the period January first, two thousand eleven through March thirty-first, two thousand eleven;
- (xii) twenty-three million eight hundred thirty-six thousand dollars for the period April first, two thousand eleven through March thirtyfirst, two thousand twelve;
- (xiii) twenty-three million eight hundred thirty-six thousand dollars each state fiscal year for the period April first, two thousand twelve through March thirty-first, two thousand twenty;
- (xiv) provided, however, for periods prior to January first, two thousand nine, amounts set forth in this paragraph may be reduced by the commissioner in an amount to be approved by the director of the budget to reflect the amount received from the federal government under the state's 1115 waiver which is directed under its terms and conditions to the graduate medical education program established pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-m of this article;
- (xv) provided further, however, for periods prior to July first, two thousand nine, amounts set forth in this paragraph shall be reduced by an amount equal to the total actual distribution reductions for all facilities pursuant to paragraph (e) of subdivision three of section twenty-eight hundred seven-m of this article; and
- (xvi) provided further, however, for periods prior to July first, two thousand nine, amounts set forth in this paragraph shall be reduced by an amount equal to the actual distribution reductions for all facilities pursuant to paragraph (s) of subdivision one of section twenty-eight hundred seven-m of this article.
- (b) funds shall be added to the funds collected by the commissioner for distribution in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-j of this article, in the following amounts:
- (i) seven and fifty-five-hundredths percent of the funds accumulated less seventy-six million dollars for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven,
- (ii) seven and fifty-five-hundredths percent of the funds accumulated less seventy-six million dollars for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight,
- (iii) seven and fifty-five-hundredths percent of the funds accumulated less one hundred one million dollars for the period January first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine,
- (iv) the remaining balance of the funds accumulated for each period on and after January first, two thousand; and
- (c) further funds shall be added to the funds collected by the commissioner for distribution in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-j of this article:
- (i) for the nineteen hundred ninety-seven period, seventy-six million dollars;
- (ii) for the nineteen hundred ninety-eight period, seventy-six million dollars; and
- (iii) for the nineteen hundred ninety-nine period, one hundred one million dollars.

8. Each exclusion from the allowances effective on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven established pursuant to this section shall be contingent upon either: (a) qualification of the allowances for waiver pursuant to federal law and regulation; or (b) consistent with federal law and regulation, not requiring a waiver by the secretary of the department of health and human services related to such exclusion; in order for the allowances under this section to be qualified as a broad-based health care related tax for purposes of the revenues received by the state pursuant to the allowances not reducing the amount expended by the state as medical assistance for purposes of federal financial participation. The commissioner shall collect the allowances relying on such exclusions, pending any contrary action by the secretary of the department of health and human services. In the event the secretary of the department of health and human services determines that the allowances do not so qualify based on any such exclusion, then the exclusion shall be deemed to have been null and void as of January first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven, and the commissioner shall collect any retroactive amount due as a result, without interest or penalty provided the general hospital pays the retroactive amount due within ninety days of notice from the commissioner to the general hospital that an exclusion is null and void. Interest and penalties shall be measured from the due date of ninety days following notice from the commissioner or the commissioner's designee to the general hospital.

9. Revenue from the allowances pursuant to this section shall not be included in gross revenue received for purposes of the assessments pursuant to subdivision eighteen of section twenty-eight hundred seven-c of this article, subject to the provisions of paragraph (e) of subdivision eighteen of section twenty-eight hundred seven-c of this article, and shall not be included in gross revenue received for purposes of the assessments pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-d of this article, subject to the provisions of subdivision twelve of section twenty-eight hundred seven-d of this article.

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Public Health

- *§ 2807-t. Assessments on covered lives. 1. Definitions. (a) "Individual" means a person for whom the specified third-party payor has agreed to provide reimbursement for inpatient hospital services in the period other than:
- (i) any person who is eligible for payments as a beneficiary of title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare);
- (ii) any person for whom the specified third-party payor has agreed to provide reimbursement for inpatient hospital services contingent upon such person's relationship to an "individual" as a spouse, child, stepchild, adopted child, family member, or dependent, as defined by the specified third-party payor, or as contingent upon any other similar relationship to an "individual" as such relationship is defined by the specified third-party payor;
- (iii) any person for whom the specified third-party payor has agreed to provide coverage for hospital confinement on other than an expense incurred basis;
- (iv) any person for whom the specified third-party payor has agreed to provide reimbursement for inpatient hospital services pursuant to the workers' compensation law, the volunteer firefighters' benefit law, or the volunteer ambulance workers' benefit law;
- (v) any person for whom the specified third-party payor has agreed to provide reimbursement for inpatient hospital services pursuant to the comprehensive motor vehicle insurance reparations act;
- (vi) any person (hereinafter referred to as the "primary insured") otherwise meeting the definition of an "individual" as set forth under this section if the specified third-party payor has agreed to provide reimbursement for such person as part of a "family unit"; and
- (vii) effective on and after April first, two thousand five, any person covered under a student policy issued pursuant to article forty-three of the insurance law, or a blanket student accident, blanket student health, or blanket student accident and health insurance policy.
- (b) "Family unit" means any person for whom the specified third-party payor has agreed to provide reimbursement for inpatient hospital services in the period, together with one or more additional persons for whom the specified third-party payor has agreed to provide reimbursement for inpatient hospital services in the period contingent upon such person's relationship to said person as a spouse, child, stepchild, adopted child, family member, or dependent, as defined by the specified third-party payor, or as contingent upon any other similar relationship, as such relationship is defined by the specified third-party payor. Excluded from the definition is any family unit where the specified third-party payor has agreed to provide: coverage for hospital confinement on other than an expense incurred basis; reimbursement for inpatient hospital services pursuant to the worker's compensation law, the volunteer firefighters' benefit law, or the volunteer ambulance workers' benefit law; and reimbursement for inpatient hospital services pursuant to the comprehensive motor vehicle insurance reparations act. If a family unit of two persons includes one person who is eligible for payments as a beneficiary of title XVIII of the social security act (medicare), that family unit shall be deemed an individual for purposes of this section. If a family unit of three or more persons includes one person who is not eligible for medicare and the remaining two or more persons are eligible for medicare, that family unit shall be deemed an individual for purposes of this section. A family unit of two or more persons, all of whom are eligible for medicare, shall not be considered a family unit or an individual for purposes of this section.

(c) "Specified third-party payor", for purposes of this section, shall have the same meaning as set forth in section twenty-eight hundred seven-s of this article.

- (d) "Region", for purposes of this section, shall have the same meaning as set forth in section twenty-eight hundred seven-s of this article.
- 2. Determination of annual regional payment amount. The sum total to be generated each year for each region shall be referred to as the annual regional payment amount, as determined in accordance with subdivision six of section twenty-eight hundred seven-s of this article.
- 3. Election. Any specified third-party payor may make an election to make payments for the assessments required by this section, on behalf of the liable persons or entities pursuant to subdivision eight of this section, directly to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee. The election pursuant to this subdivision must be in writing, filed with the commissioner or the commissioner's designee on such forms and in such manner as the commissioner shall require. An election by a specified third-party payor shall take effect for nineteen hundred ninety-seven on the next following January first, April first, July first, or October first not less than thirty days after the election is filed. Beginning December first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven, an election pursuant to this section must be made no later than December first of the year prior to the assessment year. However, any specified third-party payor licensed pursuant to the insurance law or certified pursuant to article forty-four of this chapter between December first of the year prior to the assessment year and December thirty-first of the assessment year may make an election subsequent to such licensure or certification and during said time period, to take effect on the next following January first, April first, July first or October first not less than thirty days after such election is filed. Specified third-party payors other than those licensed pursuant to the insurance law or certified pursuant to this chapter which have not provided coverage prior to December first of the year prior to the assessment year may make an election at any time from December first of the year prior to said assessment year to December thirty-first of said assessment year, to take effect on the next following January first, April first, July first or October first not less than thirty days after the election is filed. An election shall remain in effect unless revoked in writing by a specified third-party payor, which revocation shall be effective on the first day of the next calendar year quarter, provided that such payor has provided notice of its intention to so revoke at least thirty days prior to the beginning of such calendar quarter.
- (a) A specified third-party payor filing an election pursuant to this subdivision must agree: to provide the data and information required by subdivision four of this section; to provide such certification of data and access to individual and family unit data for audit verification purposes as the commissioner shall require for purposes of this section; and to the jurisdiction of the state to maintain an action in the courts of the state of New York to enforce any provision of this section related to payment of the assessments.
- (b) If a specified third-party payor is acting in an administrative services capacity on behalf of an organization, such as a self-insured fund, the consent of the organization to the election and the conditions pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision must be submitted with the election. Such consent may be set forth in writing in the agreement between the specified third-party payor and the organization.
- (c) If a specified third-party payor, including a payor operating in accordance with the insurance law or article forty-four of this chapter,

making an election pursuant to this subdivision is acting in an administrative services capacity on behalf of an organization or organizations, such specified third-party payor must specify (i) whether such election applies to payments on behalf of all such organizations, and (ii) identify any organizations for which such specified third-party payor is acting to which the election does not apply and establish, in accordance with guidelines established by the superintendent of financial services, a system through which general hospitals and the commissioner can identify the status of a patient as a patient for whom the election does not apply.

- (d) The commissioner may deny a specified third-party payor the opportunity to make an election pursuant to this subdivision based on repeated late payments, failure to remit correct amounts, or failure to provide adequate verification of the accuracy of payments.
- (e) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall make available to all general hospitals a list of the specified third-party payors which have elected pursuant to this subdivision to remit payments pursuant to this section.
- 4. Assessments shall be calculated as follows: (a) Every specified third-party payor that has made an election pursuant to this section shall report to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee the number of individuals for a period as determined by the commissioner during the calendar year prior to the assessment year residing within each region ("individual member months"). Every such specified third-party payor shall also report to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee the number of family units for a period as determined by the commissioner during the calendar year prior to the assessment year residing within each region ("family member months"). For purposes of this section, the family unit is considered to reside in the region in which the primary insured resides.
- (b) The superintendent of financial services shall advise the commissioner of the average number of persons covered under family insurance contracts providing health care coverage approved by the superintendent for the year two years prior to the assessment year.
- (c) The commissioner shall calculate the total number of "individual member months" for each region for all specified third-party payors to determine "aggregate individual member months" for each region.
- (d) The commissioner shall calculate the total number of "family member months" for each region for all specified third-party payors to determine "aggregate family member months" for each region. The commissioner shall multiply the average number of persons covered under family insurance contracts, as reported to the commissioner by the superintendent of financial services, by the "aggregate family member months" to determine "adjusted aggregate family member months" for each region. The commissioner shall add the number of "adjusted aggregate family member months" for each region to the total number of "aggregate individual member months" for each region. This amount shall be known as "total covered member months" for each region.
- (e) The annual regional payment amount for nineteen hundred ninety-seven, nineteen hundred ninety-eight, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, two thousand and each year thereafter, respectively for each region determined pursuant to subdivision two of this section shall be divided by an estimate derived from population based data sources of the total covered member months determined consistent with the provisions of paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of this subdivision in that region to establish the individual annual assessment for nineteen hundred ninety-seven, nineteen hundred ninety-eight, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, two thousand and each year thereafter, respectively. The

individual annual assessment shall be multiplied by the average family size reported to the commissioner by the superintendent of financial services to establish the family unit annual assessment in that region for nineteen hundred ninety-seven, nineteen hundred ninety-eight, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, two thousand and each year thereafter, respectively.

- (f) Effective January first, two thousand nine, a specified third-party payor that has made an election pursuant to this section may report to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee the number of individuals and family units enrolled as of the last day of each month in fulfillment of the monthly reporting requirement set forth in paragraph (a) of this subdivision. A specified third-party payor choosing to report monthly enrollment counts on this basis shall indicate its choice at the beginning of a calendar year in a form and manner specified by the commissioner and such reporting method shall remain in effect the entire calendar year.
- 5. Monthly payments. (a) Within thirty days after the end of each month, a specified third-party payor which made an election pursuant to this section shall remit to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee one-twelfth of the individual annual assessment for each of the individuals residing in this state which were included on the membership rolls of that specified third-party payor during all or any portion of the prior month. Within thirty days after the end of each month, a specified third-party payor which made an election pursuant to this section shall also remit to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee one-twelfth of the family unit annual assessment for each family unit for which the primary insured resided in this state which were included on the membership rolls of that specified third-party payor during all or any portion of the prior month. Provided, however, for assessment obligations arising out of individual and family assessments established pursuant to this section on or after January first, two thousand, the commissioner may permit certain specified third-party payors which have at least one full year of pool payment experience to submit such payments on an annual basis, based on an annual demonstration by a payor through its prior year's pool payment experience that total pool obligations under this section and sections twenty-eight hundred seven-j and twenty-eight hundred seven-s of this article are not expected to exceed ten thousand dollars in the current pool year. If a specified third-party payor fails to make such payments within sixty days of notification of a delinquency, the commissioner may assess a civil penalty of up to ten thousand dollars for each failure, provided, however, that such civil penalty shall not be imposed if the payor demonstrates good cause for such failure to timely make such payments, and further provided that the amount of such penalty shall not exceed the amount of the delinquent liability.
- (b) The specified third party-payor shall be entitled to rely on the residence location information provided to the payor by an employer, group or other party providing enrollment information to the specified third-party payor, provided the specified third-party payor has no reason to doubt the accuracy of the information.
- (c) Specified third-party payors shall not be responsible for remitting the monthly assessment for any individual or for any family unit for any month in which it is subsequently determined that the specified third-party payor had no liability to provide coverage for inpatient hospital services for such individual or family unit.
- 6. Prospective adjustments. (a) The commissioner shall annually reconcile the sum of the actual payments made to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee for each region pursuant to section twenty-eight

hundred seven-s of this article and pursuant to this section for the prior year with the regional allocation of the gross annual statewide amount specified in subdivision six of section twenty-eight hundred seven-s of this article for such prior year. The difference between the actual amount raised for a region and the regional allocation of the specified gross annual amount for such prior year shall be applied as a prospective adjustment to the regional allocation of the specified gross annual payment amount for such region for the year next following the calculation of the reconciliation. The authorized dollar value of the adjustments shall be the same as if calculated retrospectively.

- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of subdivision, for covered lives assessment rate periods on and after January first, two thousand fifteen through December thirty-first, two thousand twenty, for amounts collected in the aggregate in excess of one billion forty-five million dollars on an annual basis, prospective adjustments shall be suspended if the annual reconciliation calculation from the prior year would otherwise result in a decrease to the regional allocation of the specified gross annual payment amount for that region, provided, however, that such suspension shall be lifted upon a determination by the commissioner, in consultation with the director of the budget, that sixty-five million dollars in aggregate collections on an annual basis over and above one billion forty-five million dollars on an annual basis have been reserved and set aside for deposit in the HCRA resources fund. Any amounts collected in the aggregate at or below one billion forty-five million dollars on an annual basis, shall be subject to regional adjustments reconciling any decreases or increases to the regional allocation in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision.
- 7. (a) In the case two or more specified third-party payors covering a single contract holder where both specified third-party payors cover separate components of the inpatient care benefits otherwise subject to the assessment, the assessment shall be apportioned between the insurers.
- (b) With regard to assessment obligations arising out of individual and family assessments established pursuant to this section, where a single contract holder has separate components of the inpatient care benefits otherwise subject to the assessment covered by two or more entities, the assessment may be apportioned between the entities, provided that:
- (i) Apportionment agreements or arrangements may only be entered into between or among specified third-party payers which have elected to make direct payments to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee pursuant to this subdivision; and
- (ii) The aggregate of apportioned covered lives assessment payments must result in the payment of one hundred percent of the applicable covered lives assessment; and
- (iii) Apportionment agreements between or among apportioning payers and any modifications, amendments or termination of such agreements must be in writing and signed by all such payers, provided, however, that where one apportioning payor agrees to pay one hundred percent of the applicable covered lives assessment, no written agreement shall be required, provided there is other written evidence of the arrangement and any modifications, amendments and/or terminations thereof, emanating from the apportioning payor paying one hundred percent of the applicable covered lives assessment to the other apportioning payor or payors or to the particular group to which the arrangement relates, and further provided that such written evidence contains the name of the particular group to which the arrangement relates; and

(iv) Copies of apportionment agreements, and any modifications, amendments and/or terminations thereof, and written evidence of arrangements by which one apportioning payor agrees to pay one hundred percent of the applicable covered lives assessment, and any modifications, amendments and/or terminations thereof, must be maintained in the files of each apportioning payor while the apportionment is in effect and for a period of not less than six years after termination thereof and shall be made available to the department upon request for audit verification purposes.

- 8. Liability for assessments. (a) The assessments determined in accordance with this section shall, for individuals who have paid premiums directly to an insurer or to a health maintenance organization certified pursuant to article forty-four of this chapter or article forty-three of the insurance law for health care coverage which includes coverage of inpatient hospital services, be the liability of said individuals. The assessments determined in accordance with this section shall, for groups and entities who have paid premiums to an insurer or to a health maintenance organization certified pursuant to article forty-four of this chapter or article forty-three of the insurance law for health care coverage which includes coverage of inpatient hospital services, be the liability of said groups and entities. The assessments determined in accordance with this section shall, for individuals, groups and entities who have contributed to a self-insured fund for health care coverage which includes coverage of inpatient hospital services, be the liability of said individuals, groups or entities.
- (b) Specified third-party payors shall make payments to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee of the full amount of the assessments determined in accordance with this section. Specified third-party payors may recover amounts due or paid to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee from the parties liable in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subdivision.
 - 9. A specified third-party payor must either:
- (a) jointly elect to pay the assessment pursuant to this section and the allowance pursuant to paragraph (c) of subdivision two and subdivision five of section twenty-eight hundred seven-j of this article; or
- (b) pay the surcharge for an allowance determined in accordance with paragraph (b) of subdivision two of section twenty-eight hundred seven-j of this article, including the allowance determined in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred seven-s of this article.
- (a) Payments and reports submitted or required to be submitted to the commissioner or to the commissioner's designee pursuant to this section by specified third-party payors shall be subject to audit by the commissioner for a period of six years following the close of the calendar year in which such payments and reports are due, after which such payments shall be deemed final and not subject to further adjustment reconciliation, including through offset adjustments reconciliations made by such specified third-party payors with regard to subsequent payments, provided, however, that nothing herein shall be construed as precluding the commissioner from pursuing collection of any such payments which are identified as delinquent within such six year period, or which are identified as delinquent as a result of an audit commenced within such six year period, or from conducting an audit of any adjustments and reconciliation made by a specified third party payor within such six year period, or from conducting an audit of payments made prior to such six year period which are found to be commingled with payments which are otherwise subject to timely audit pursuant to this section.

(b) Specified third-party payors which, in the course of an audit pursuant to this section fail to produce data or documentation requested in furtherance of such an audit, within thirty days of such request, may be assessed a civil penalty of up to ten thousand dollars for each such failure, provided, however, that such civil penalty shall not be imposed if such specified third-party payor demonstrates good cause for such failure. The imposition of civil penalties pursuant to this section shall be subject to the provisions of section twelve-a of this chapter.

- (c) Records required to be retained for audit verification purposes by specified third-party payors in accordance with this section shall include, but not be limited to, on a monthly basis, the source records generated by supporting information systems, financial accounting records, relevant correspondence and the addresses and dates of coverage for all individuals and family units, as defined by paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision one of this section, and such other records as may be required to prove compliance with, and to support reports submitted in accordance with, this section.
- (d) If a specified third-party payor fails to produce data or documentation requested in furtherance of an audit pursuant to this section for a month to which an assessment applies, the commissioner may estimate, based on available financial and statistical data as determined by the commissioner, the amount due for such month. If the impact of the enrollment exemptions permitted pursuant to this section cannot be determined from such available financial and statistical data, the estimated amount due may be calculated on the basis of aggregate data derived from such available data for the year subject to audit. The commissioner shall take all necessary steps to collect amounts due as determined pursuant to this paragraph, including directing the state comptroller to offset such amounts due from any payments made by the state to the third party payor pursuant to this article. Interest and penalties shall be applied to such amounts due in accordance with the provisions of subdivision eight of section twenty-eight hundredseven-j of this article.
- (e) The commissioner may, as part of a final resolution of an audit conducted pursuant to this subdivision, waive payment of interest and penalties otherwise applicable pursuant to subdivision eight of section twenty-eight hundred seven-j of this article, when amounts due as a result of such audit, other than such waived penalties and interest, are paid in full to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee within sixty days of the issuance of a final audit report that is mutually agreed to by the commissioner and auditee, provided, however, that if such final audit report is not so mutually agreed upon, then neither the commissioner nor the auditee shall have any obligations pursuant to this paragraph.
- (f) The commissioner may enter into agreements with specified third-party payors in regard to which audit findings or prior settlements have been made pursuant to this section, extending and applying such audit findings or prior settlements, or a portion thereof, in settlement and satisfaction of potential audit liabilities for subsequent un-audited periods. The commissioner may reduce or waive payment of interest and penalties otherwise applicable to such subsequent unaudited periods when such amounts due as a result of such agreement, other than reduced or waived interest and penalties, are paid in full to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee within sixty days of execution of such agreement by all parties to the agreement. Any payments made pursuant to agreements entered into in accordance with this paragraph shall be deemed to be in full satisfaction of any liability arising under this section, as referenced in such agreements

and for the time periods covered by such agreements, provided, however, that the commissioner may audit future retroactive adjustments to payments made for such periods based on reports filed by payors subsequent to such agreements.

* NB Expires December 31, 2020

State Financial Plan Multi-Year Projections





Attachment J HCRA Financial Plan

HCRA was established in 1996 to help fund a portion of State health care activities. Extensions and modifications to HCRA have financed new health care programs, such as CHP. HCRA has also provided additional funding for the health care industry, including investments in worker recruitment and retention, and the Doctors Across New York program. HCRA authorization is extended through FY 2020, pursuant to legislation included in the FY 2018 Enacted Budget.

HCRA receipts include surcharges and assessments on hospital revenues, a "covered lives" assessment paid by insurance carriers, and a portion of cigarette tax revenues. In total, HCRA resources are used to fund roughly 25 percent of the State share of Medicaid, as well as CHP, EPIC, Physician Excess Medical Malpractice Insurance, and Indigent Care payments to hospitals serving a disproportionate share of individuals without health insurance.

HCRA FINANCIAL PLAN (millions of dollars)

OPENING BALANCE	FY 2019 Results	FY 2020 Enacted	FY 2021 Projected	FY 2022 Projected	FY 2023 Projected
Surcharges	3,624	3,647	3,785	3,859	3,936
Covered Lives Assessment	1,018	1,110	1,045	1,045	1,045
Cigarette Tax Revenue	780	731	685	651	620
Hospital Assessments	438	424	424	424	424
Excise Tax on Vapor Products	0	10	39	39	39
NYC Cigarette Tax Transfer	28	32	32	32	32
EPIC Receipts/ ICR Audit Fees	72	43	43	43	43
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS AND TRANSFERS		5,997	6,053	6,093	6,139
Medicaid Assistance Account	3.985	3.881	3.800	3.750	3.801
Medicaid Costs	3,788	3,684	3,603	3,553	3,604
Workforce Recruitment & Retention	197	197	197	197	197
Ho sp ital Indi gent Care	777	892	892	892	892
HCRA Program Account	379	379	392	392	392
Child Health Plus	409	428	624	733	747
Elderly Pharmaceutical Insurance Coverage	137	128	130	129	129
Qualified Health Plan Administration'	44	53	51	50	49
SHIN-NY/APCD	40	40	0	0	0
All Other	204	196	164	147	129
ANNUAL OPERATING SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	(15)	0	0	0	C
CLOSING BALANCE	0	0	0	0	0



State Financial Plan Multi-Year Projections



Total HCRA receipts are forecast to grow modestly over the multi-year period. Growth surcharge collections expanded coverage through the ACA, and a new 20 percent excise tax on vapor products. Projected increases in surcharges are partly offset by declines in estimated covered lives assessments and cigarette tax collections, attributable to declining taxable consumption.

Total HCRA disbursements are sized to equal projected receipts. The Financial Plan reflects continued FY 2020 HCRA funding for a number of programs and initiatives. Specifically, the continuation of the Statewide Health Information Network for New York (SHIN-NY)/AII-Payer Claims Databases (APCD) infrastructure development initiative, estimated at \$40 million annually, which improves the informational and data capabilities associated with claiming records;

\$892 million for Hospital Indigent Care, which assists providers in paying for uncompensated services provided; and continuation of the EPIC program, which assists income-eligible seniors with their out-of-pocket Medicare Part D drug plan costs. Over the multi-year Financial Plan period, the most substantial area of spending growth is within the CHP program, based on the expiration of the enhanced Federal resources provided through the ACA and strong year-over-year enrollment growth, estimated outyear spending growth is \$196 million in FY 2021, \$109 million in FY 2022 and \$14 million in FY 2023.

HCRA is expected to remain in balance over the projection period. Under the current HCRA appropriation structure, spending reductions will occur if resources are insufficient to meet spending levels. Any such spending reductions could affect General Fund Medicaid funding or HCRA programs. Conversely, any unanticipated balances or excess resources in HCRA are expected to fund Medicaid costs that would otherwise be paid from the General Fund.