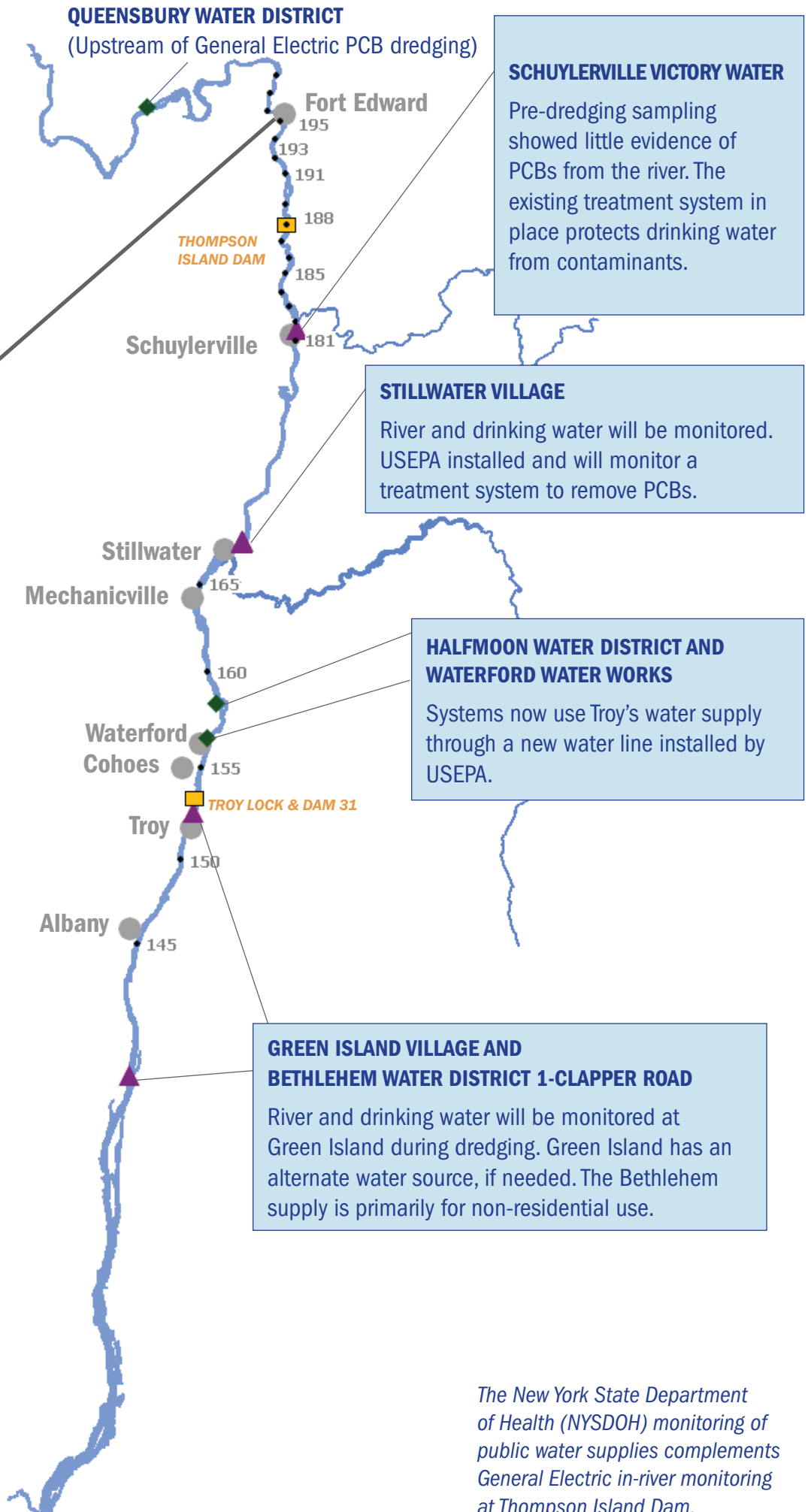
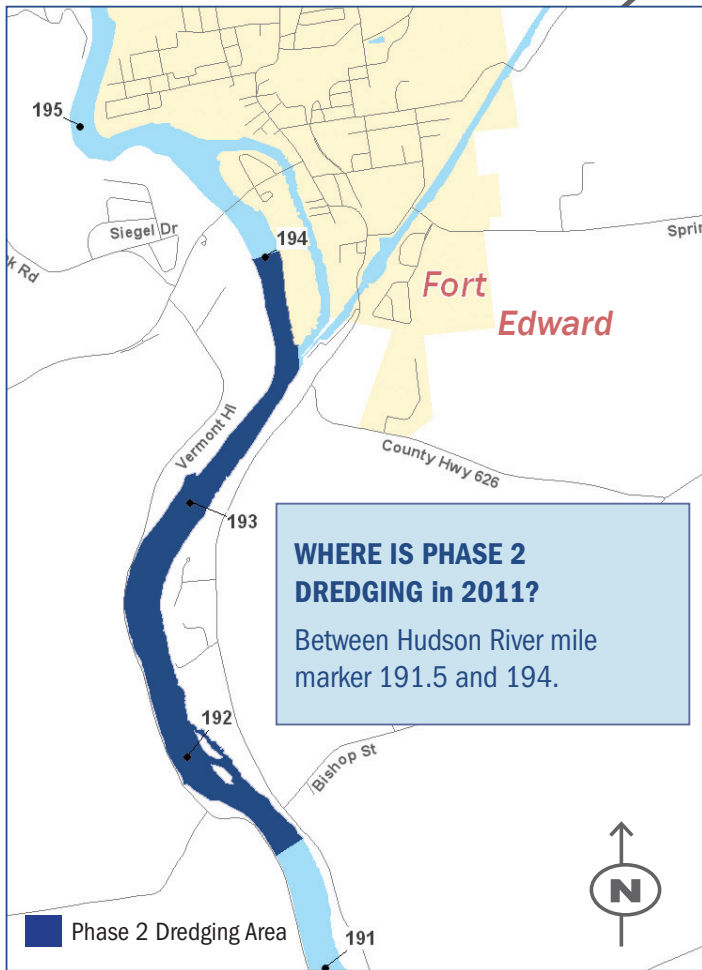


Protecting Drinking Water Supplies During General Electric PCB Dredging

The New York State Department of Health is working with the US Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) to take actions to protect public drinking water during dredging. Drinking water supplies are being monitored. Halfmoon and Waterford water supplies are using an alternate water source. Stillwater is using a USEPA-installed and operated PCB treatment system. Other water supply systems will take action if necessary. If drinking water standards are not met in river water, the cause will be investigated, and, if needed, activities will be modified.



LOWER RIVER – FROM RHINEBECK TO CASTLE POINT (INCLUDING POUGHKEEPSIE)

It is unlikely that the lower river will see higher contaminant levels because of distance from dredging and dilution as water travels down the river. Monitoring data from Phase I showed this to be true. Water will be monitored at Rhinebeck, Port Ewen and Poughkeepsie supplies. If a problem is found in the upper river, changes will occur that protect the lower river.

The New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) monitoring of public water supplies complements General Electric in-river monitoring at Thompson Island Dam, Schuylerville, Stillwater, Waterford, Albany, and Poughkeepsie. General Electric provides these results to the US Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) and NYSDOH (see 1. under More Information, back page).

KEY

- Cities
- Mile markers
- ◆ Public water river intakes
- ▲ Public water supply wells
- Waterbody



1" = 8 miles