Ending the Epidemic Task Force Recommendation Form



COMPLETE

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Q1: OPTIONAL: This recommendation was submitted by (please provide your first and last name, affiliation, and email address)

First Name Michael

Last Name Tikili

Affiliation Health GAP

Email Address Michael@healthgap.org

Q2: Title of your recommendation accessing services to positive youth

Q3: Please provide a description of your proposed recommendation

In order to end AIDS in NYS more attention must be focused on the homeless LGBT population, many of whom are HIV+ or highly at risk due to drug usage or survial sex work. Currently HASA policy only gives housing and other crucial services to homeless positive people who are below a 200 CD4 count or have other opportunistic infections. This needs to be changed now!! Waiting for someone to become ill before receiving services is actually more expensive, as you will have to treat more ailments as a result of allowing their health to deterioate. Also, allowing homeless youth individuals to not get housing, because they aren't sick enough can spread the disease further, as they are still an active member of society and have the potential to infect others.

I also recommend more resources be put into marketing campaign's on PreP, particularly in communities of color, where infection rates are much higher for LGBT individuals.

I also recommend the NYSDOH pressure the judicial system to remove all laws that use condoms as evidence for prostitution. A tool that prevents pregnancy and transmission of infectious disease, should never be used against someone. Furthermore, these condoms as evidence laws, affect more LGBT individuals of color; whom we know are already at a higher risk than other groups.

Q4: For which goal outlined in the Governor's plan to end the epidemic in New York State does this recommendation apply? (Select all that apply)

Identifying persons with HIV who remain undiagnosed and linking them to health care

Facilitating access to Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP) for high-risk persons to keep them HIV negative

Q5: This recommendation should be considered by the following Ending the Epidemic Task Force Committee (Select all that apply) Prevention Committee: Develop recommendations for ensuring the effective implementation of biomedical advances in the prevention of HIV, (such as the use of Truvada as pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP)); for ensuring access for those most in need to keep them negative; and for expansion of syringe exchange, expanded partner services, and streamlined HIV testing by further implementing the universal offer of HIV testing in primary care, among others. The Committee will focus on continuing innovative and comprehensive prevention and harm reduction services targeted at key high risk populations, as well as grantfunded services that engage in both secondary and primary prevention.

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Housing and Supportive Services Committee:
Develop recommendations that strengthen
proven interventions enabling optimal
engagement and linkage and retention in care for
those most in need. This Committee will
recommend interventions that effectively address
complex and intersecting health and social
conditions and reduce health disparities,
particularly among New York's low-income and
most vulnerable and marginalized residents.
These interventions will diminish barriers to care
and enhance access to care and treatment
leaving no subpopulation behind.

Q6: Does this recommendation require a change to an existing policy or program, or the creation of a new policy or program?

Change to existing program

Q7: Would implementation of this recommendation be permitted under current laws or would a statutory change be required?

Statutory change required

Q8: Is this recommendation something that could feasibly be implemented in the short-term (within the next year) or long-term (within the next three to six years)?

Within the next year

Q9: What are the perceived benefits of implementing this recommendation?

If all positive homeless youth receive services, they become healthier fast, and therefore don't spread the virus once undetectable and safe in a home.

If LGBT youth of color are not afriad of carrying condoms because of getting arrested, this prevention tool will be embraced more by this at risk group.

A lot of people still don't know PreP exist. The people who are most at risk need to know about this the most. I want to see DOH posters in communities of color.

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Q10: Are there any concerns with implementing this recommendation that should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question
Q11: What is the estimated cost of implementing this recommendation and how was this estimate calculated?	Respondent skipped this question
Q12: What is the estimated return on investment (ROI) for this recommendation and how was the ROI calculated?	Respondent skipped this question
calculated:	
Q13: Who are the key individuals/stakeholders who we	ould benefit from this recommendation?
Q13: Who are the key individuals/stakeholders who w	ucation and exposure of Prep as a preventative tool.
Q13: Who are the key individuals/stakeholders who we People who are negative and at risk stand to benefit of educe People who are living with HIV and homeless stand the op	ucation and exposure of Prep as a preventative tool.